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(54) **NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES
USEFUL FOR DIAGNOSING
COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

Disclosed herein are methods for diagnosing or treating preg-
nancy related hypertensive disorders that include the use of a
polypeptide or a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide selected
from the following: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8,
inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical
protein, leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted pro-
tein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibi-
tory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein,
alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor bind-
ing protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet
derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform
2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein,
galectin-3, alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin pre-
cursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant
precursor, azurocidin, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyl-
transferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine
kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein
kinase regulatory subunit 2, beta glucosidase, lanosterol syn-
thase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase,
estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemok-
ine (CX3C motif) receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1,
hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyramidi-
nase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11.

29 Claims, 84 Drawing Sheets

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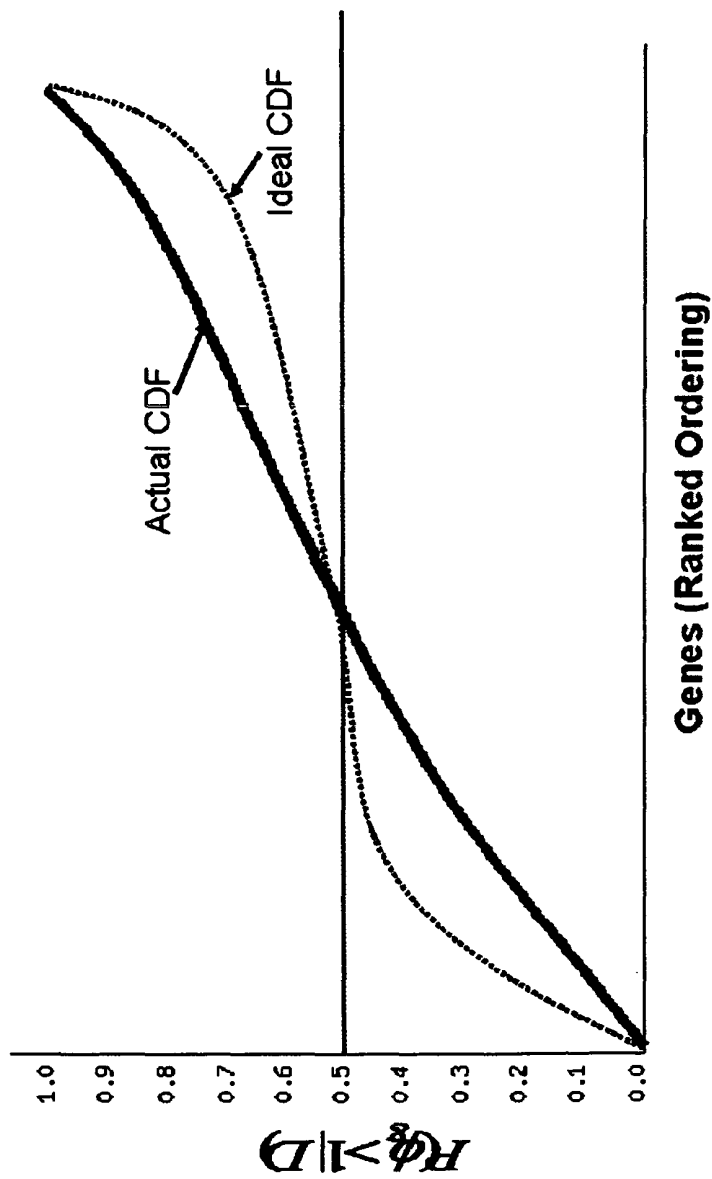


Figure 1

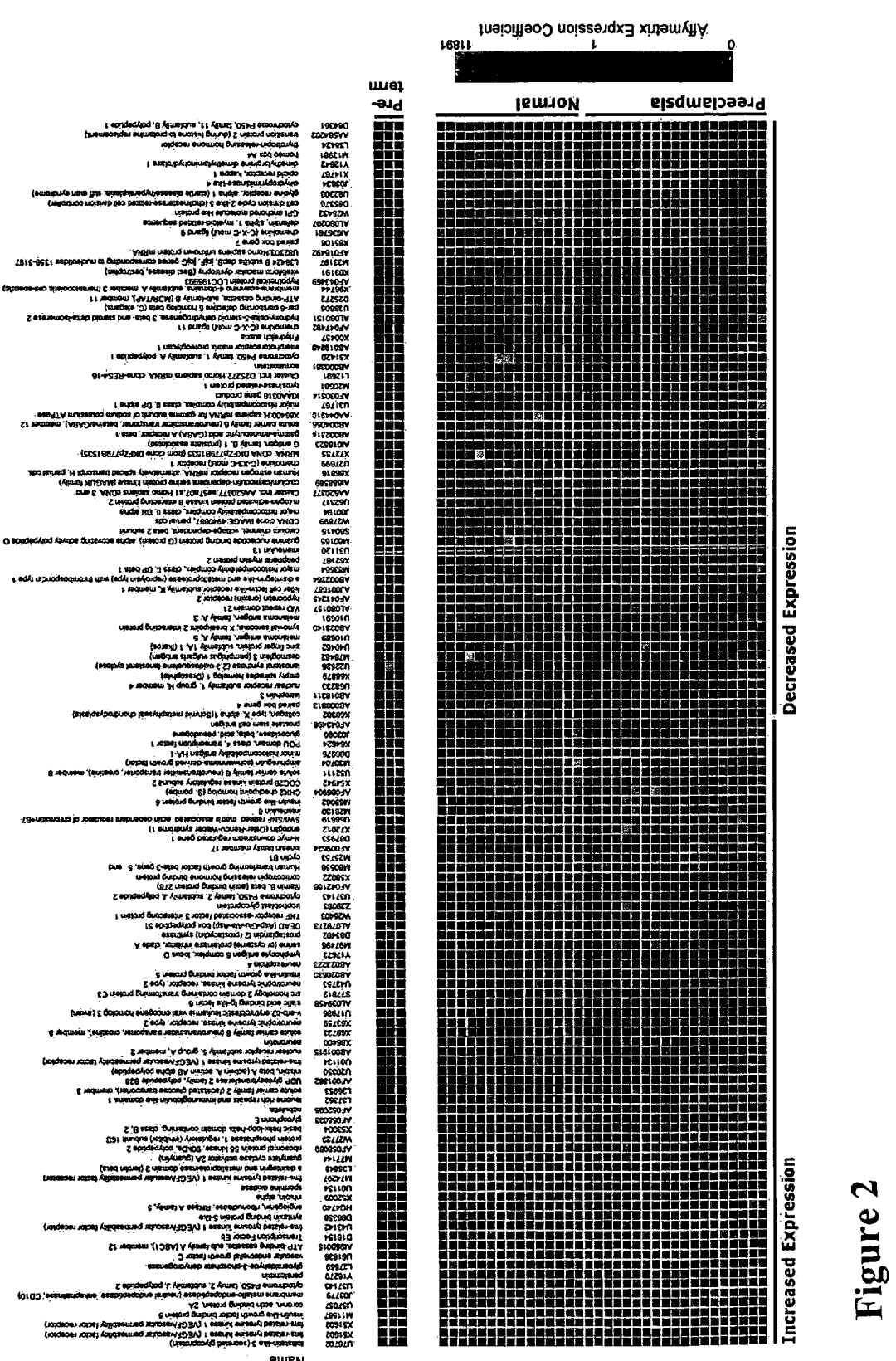
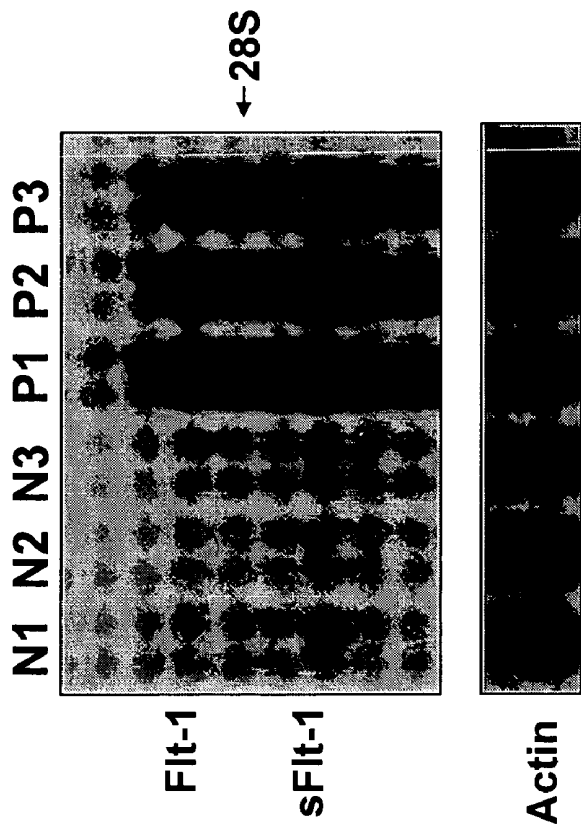
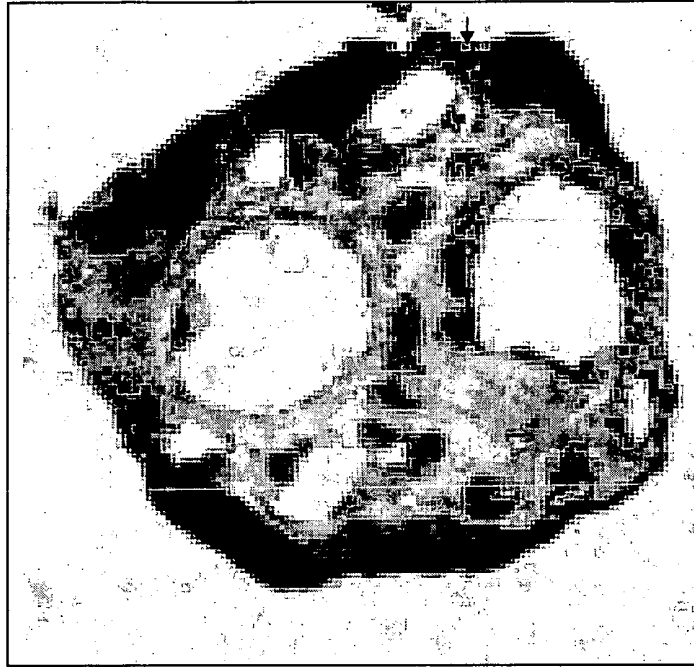


Figure 2

Figure 4



Preeclamptic placenta



Normal placenta

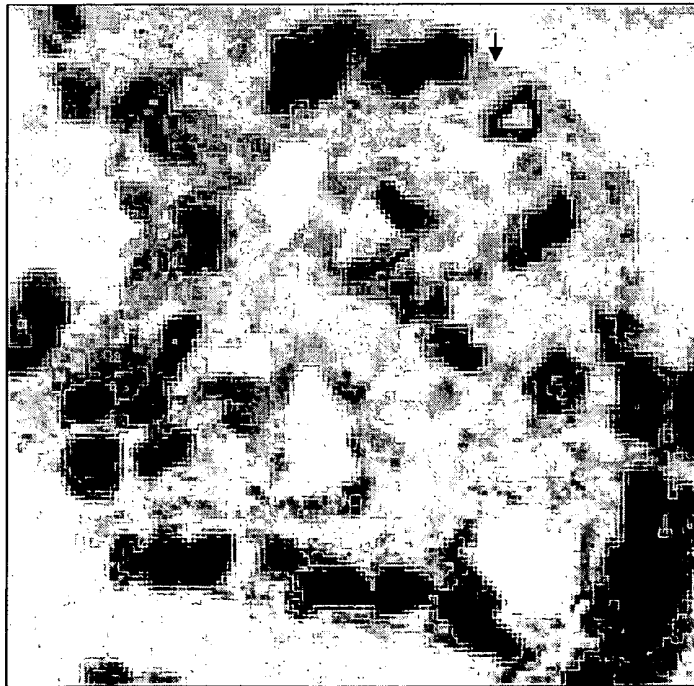


Figure 5

Figure 6A

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Figure 6B

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Figure 7A

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Figure 7B

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Figure 7B (Continued)

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Figure 8A

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Figure 8B

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Figure 9A

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VDELMTVLYPEYWKMYYKQLRKGGWQHNREQANLNSRTEETIKFAAAHYNTEILKSIDNEWRT
QCMPREVCIDVGKEFGVATNTFFKPPCVSVYRCGGCCNSEGLQCMNTSTSYLSKTLFEITVPLS
QGPKPVTISFANHTSCRCMSKLDVYRQVHSIIRSLPATLPQCQAANKTCPTNYMWNHICRCL
AQEDFMFSSDAGDDSTDGFHDICGPNKELDEETCQCVCRAGLRPASCGPHKELDRNSCQCVC
KNKLFPSQCGANREFDENTCQCVCCKRTCPRNQPLNPGKCACECTESPQKCLLKGGKFHHQTC
SCYRRPCTNRQKACEPGFSYSEEVCRVPSYWKRQMS

Figure 9B

cggggggtg tctgggtcc cccgccccg ctcaccaaa agctacaccg acgaggaccg cggcggcgtc ctcctcgcc ctcgctcac
ctcggggct cgaatgagg ggagctcggg tctcgggtt cctgtgaggc tttacctga caccgcccgc cttccccgg cactggctgg
gagggcgccc tgc aaagtg ggaacggga gccccggacc cgtccccgc gcctccggct cgcccagggg gggctgcccg
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gcaaaatag ttaaaataa aatgaaaatt gtatt

Figure 10A

MVMGLGVLLLVFVLGLGLTPPTLAQDNSRYTHFLTQHYDAKPQGRDDRYCESIMRRRGLTSPCK
DINTFIHGNKRSIKAICENKNGNPHRENLRISKSSFQVTTCKLHGGSPWPPCQYRATAGFRNWW
ACENGLPVHLDQSIFRRP

Figure 10B

tgttgcatt aagttcatag attataatt gtaatggaat caacaccaa tgcaaattag aaagagagcc cactttgctc acccagtcac
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Figure 10B (Continued)

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cagactcagt ggttagctc ctgtaacta atttctgtg acaggtactt ggatattta tttagaaagt ggttgccaat aaattagta taagtcgcca
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Figure 11A

MWVLFLLSGLGGLRMDSNFDSLVPQITVPEKIRSIIEGIESQASYKIVIEGKPYTVNLMQKNFLPH
NFRVYSYSGTGIMKPLDQDFQNFCHYQGYIEGYPKSVVMVSTCTGLRGVLQFENVSYGIEPLES
SVGFEHVYQVKHKKADVSLYNEKDIESRDLSFKLQSAEPQQDFAKYIEMHVIVEKQLYNHMGSD
TTVVAQKVFQLIGLTNAIFVSFNITILSSLELWIDENKIATTGEANELLHTFLRWKTSYLVLRPHDVA
FLLVYREKSNYVGATFQGKMCDANYAGGVVLPRTISLES LAVILAQLLSLSMGITYDDINKCQCS
GAVCIMNPEAIHFSGVKIFSNCSEDFAHFISKQKSQCLHNQPRLDPPFFKQQA VCGNAKLEAGEE
CDCGTEQDCALIGETCCDIATCRFKAGSNCAEGPCCENCLFMSKERMCRPSFEEDLPEYCNG
SSASCPENHYVQTGHPCGLNQWICIDGVCMSGDKQCTDTFGKEVEFGPSECYSHLNSKTDVSG
NCGISDSGYTQCEADNLQCGKCLICKYVGKFLQIPRATIIYANISGHL CIAVEFASDHADSQKMWIK
DGTSCGSNKVCRNQRCVSSSYLGYDCTTDKCNDRGVCNNKKHCHCSASYLPPDCSVQSDLWP
GGSIDSGNFPPVAIPARLPERRYIENIYHSKPMRWPFFLFIPFFIIFCVLIAIMVKVNFQRKKWRTE
YSSDEQPESESEPKG

Figure 11B

catctcgcac ttccaactgc cctgliaacca ccaactgccc ttattccggc tgggaccag gactcaagc catgtgggc ttgttctgc
tcagcgggct cggcgggctg cggatggaca gtaatttga tagttacct gtgcaaatta cagttccgga gaaaaacgg tcaataataa
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Figure 13A

MSPHLTALLGLVLCLAQTIHTQEGALPRPSISAEPGTVISPGSHVTFMCRGPVGVQTFRLEREDR
AKYKDSYNVFRLLGPSESEARFHIDSVSEGNAGLYRCLYYKPPGWSEHSDFLELLVKGTVPGTEA
SGFDAP

Figure 13B

ccacgcgtcc ggggaccggg gccatgtctc cacacctcac tgctctctg ggcttagtgc tctgcctggc ccagaccatc cacacgcagg
agggggccct tcccagacct tccatctcgg ctgagccagg cactgtgatc tccccgggga gccatgtgac ttcattgtc cggggcccgg
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aggccagatt ccacattgac tcagtaagtg aaggaaatgc cgggcittat cgctgcctct altalaagcc ccctggatgg tctgagcaca
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cgtctgtga actcaatgg ggagaaataa ttagaatgag caatagaaat gcacagatgc ctatacatc atatacaaat aaaaagatac
gattcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagggc

Figure 14A

MPLLWLRGFLASCWIIVRSSPTPGSEGHS AAPDCPSCALAALPKDVPNSQP EMVEAVKKHILN
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TARKTLHFEISKEGSDLSVVERAEVWLFKVPKANRTRTKVTIRLFQQQKHPQGSLDTGEEAEEV
GLKGERSELLLSEKVVDARKSTWHVFPVSSSIQRLLDQ GKSSLDVRIACEQCQESGASLVLLGKK
KKKEEEGEGKKKGGGEGGAGADEEKEQSHRPFLMLQARQSEDPHRRRRRGLECDGKVNICC
KKQFFVSFKDIGWNDWIIAPSGYHANYCEGECPSHIAGTSGSSLSFHSTVINHYMRGHSPFANL
KSCCVPTKLRPMSMLYYDDGQNIKKDIQNMIVEECGCS

Figure 14B

tccacacaca caaaaaacct gcgctgagg ggggaggaaa agcagggcct ttaaaaaggc aatcacaaca acttttgctg ccaggatgcc
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acgggtatt gtcttccc ccctgaggt tccctgtga gctgaaatc accaatctga tctgcagtag tgtggactag aacaaccaa
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Figure 15A

MNCVCRLVLVLSLWPD TAVAPGPPPGPPRVSPDPRAELDSTVLLTRSLLADTRQLAAQLRDKF
PADGDHNLDSLPTLAMSAGALGALQLPGVLTRLRADLLSYLRHVQWLRRAGGSSLKTLEPELGT
LQARLDRLRLRLQLLMSRLALPQPPDPAPPPLAPPSSAWGGIRAAHAILGGLHLTLDWAVRGLL
LLKTRL

Figure 15B

gaagggtaa aggccccgg ctcctgcc cctgccctgg ggaaccctg gccctgtgg gacatgaact gtgtttccg cctggctctg
gtcgtgctga gccctgtggc agatacagct gtcgccctg ggccaccacc tggccccct cgagtttccc cagaccctcg ggccgagctg
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gacctcaggt gatctctg cctcggctc ccaaagtgt gggattacag gltgagcca ccacacctga ccataggct tcaataaat
attaatgga aggtccaca agtaccctg tgatcaacag taccogtat ggacaagct gcaaggtaa gatggtcat tatggctgtg
ttccatag caaactgaa agaactaga tatccaacag tgagggttaa gcaacatgt gcatctgtg atagaacacc acccagccg
ccggagcagg gactgtcat caggggagct aaggagagag gctgtctgg gatataaaa gatacctga cattggccag gcatggggc
tcacgcctgt aatcctgga cttggggag acgaagcgag tggatcactg aagccaaga gttgagacc ggctgcgag acatggcaaa
accctgtctc aaaaagaaa gaatgatgc ctgacatgaa acagcaggct acaaaaccac tgatgctgt gatccaatt ttgttttt
cttctatat atgattaaa acaaaaatcc taaagggaaa tacgcaaaa tgtgacaat gactgtctc aggtcaaagg agagaggtg
gattgggtg gactttaa gtgtatgatt gctgtatt lacagaalt ctgcatgac tgtgtattt gcatgacaca ttttaaaat aataaacact
attttagaa t

Figure 16A

MSPNFKLQCHFILIFLTALRGESRYLELREAADYDPFLLFSANLKRDVAGEQPYRRALRCLDMLSL
QQQFTTADRPQLHCAAFFISEPEEFITIHVDQVSIDCQGGDFLKVFDGWILKGEKFPSSQDHPLP
SAERYIDFCESGLSRRSIRSSQNVAMIFFRVHEPGNGFTLTIKTDPNLFPCNVISQTPNGKFTLVV
PHQHRNCSFSIIPVVIKISDLTLGHVNGLQLKSSAGCEGIGDFVELLEGTGLDPSKMTPLADLC
YPFHGPAQMKVGCNTVVRMVSSGKHVNRVTFEYRQLEPYELENPNGNSIGEFCLSGL

Figure 16B

ggacctcgg agcagacagc acagcagctg cagaggcaag gccagcatgt cgcccaactt caaactcag tgcacttca ttctcatct
cctgacggct ctaagagggg aaagccgga cctagagctg agggaagcgg cggactacga tctttcctg ctctcagcg ccaacctgaa
gcgggacgtg gctggggagc agccgtaccg ccgcgctcg cggcgctgg acatgctgag cctccagggc cagttcacct tcaccgccga
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ggcgggcgac ttctgaagg tattgatgg ttggattctc aagggggaga agtccccag ttcccaggat catcctctcc cctcagctga
gcggtacata gatttctgt agagtggct lagcaggagg agcatcagat ctcccagaâ tgtggccatg atcttctcc gagtccatga
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cctggtagtt ccacaccagc atcgaactg cagctctcc ataatttaic ctgigtgtat caaaatatct gatcttacc tgggacagtt
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caagatgacg cctttagctg atctctgcta ccccttcat ggcccggccc agatgaaagt tggctgtgac aacactgtgg tgcgcalgtt
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actttgctc ttttatgtt tgaatctgt aatgaacac atggcagaaa ataaccctga ttggtagg

Figure 17A

TTPDRRLWNPPATSSSLRQMERMLPLLLTLGLLAAGFCPAVLCHPN SPLDEENLTQENQDRGTH
VDLGLASANVDFAFSLYKQLVLKAPDKNVIFSP LSISTALAFSLGAHN TTEILKGLKFNL TETSE
AEIHQSFQHLLRTL NQSSDELQLSMGNAMFVKEQLSLLDRFTEDAKRLYGSEAFATDFQDSAAA
KKLINDYVKN GTRGKITDLIKDLD SQTMMVLVNYIFFKAKWEMP FDPQDTHQSRFYLSKKKWVM
VPMMSLHHLTIPYFRDEELSCTVVELKYTGNASALFILPDQDKMEEVEAMLLPETLKRWRDSLEF
REIGELYLPKFSISR DYNLNDILLQLGIEEAFTSKADLSGITGARNLAVSQVVHKAVLDVFEEGTEA
SAATAVKITLLSALVETRTIVRFNRPFLMIIVPTDTQNIFFMSKVTNPKQA

Figure 17B

ctgtcctcaaa ataaaaataa aaaataaaaa gaaataaaaa agaaatatac caaaatgta gctggggct tctctggga gtaaagtct
gggggatatt ttcaaagtc ctctttaca ttctctgagt tttccatgt tcttcaatga gtatttaata agcagataaa aactaataca acaaaggatt
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tcacttggtc attccagtc cgagaacaga acacttggtt gtcctggcat ttccaagca gtgggaggag ttctctgag gaataaataa
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Figure 18A

MVLLTAVLLLLLAAYAGPAQSLGFSVHCEPCDEKALSMCPPSPLGCELVKEPGCGCCMTCALAEG
QSCGVYTERCAQGLRCLPRQDEEKPLHALLHGRGVCLNEKSYREQVKIERDSREHEEPTTSEM
AEETYSPIKIFRPKHTRISELKAEAVKKDRRKKLTQSKFVGAENTAHPRIISAPEMRQESEQGPC
RRHMEASLQELKASPRMVPRAVYLPNCDRKGIFYKRKQCKPSRGRKRGICWCVDKYGMKLPGM
EYVDGDFQCHTFDSSNVE

Figure 18B

tgaaaaaaaa aaaaggaaag aaagggattg aaggagcttg ccaagggtag gctgcctaaa ttcacatltt ccctgggtct tccgtgaaa
tggggacacc agaaacccaa gggtcgggic tagtccctc aactctctgg ggatgagagt ctgacctgg gtagacaag aggcagggca
gggaggagca gagccctggg gtgctggcgt cctcaccgcc tgtgtctcta ctaccccag tgcaaacctt cccgtggccg caagcgtggc
atctgctggt gcgtggacaa gtacgggatg aagctgccag gcatggagta cgttgacggg gacttcagt gccacacctt cgacagcagc
aacgttgagt gatgcgtccc cccccaacct ttccctcacc cctcaccacc cccagccccg actccagcca gcgcctcctt ccaccccagg
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cttcgaaaaat ggcaacaaca gagatgcaaa aagctaaaaa gacacccccc ccctttaaatt ggtttcttt ttgaggcaag ttggatgaac
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attcaattg taagtacgc acgacctct gtgggggag ataggctgaa aaa

Figure 19

MVLIQIPMYN EKEVCQLSIG AACRLSWPLD RMIVQVLDDSD TDPASKELVN AECDKWARKG
INIMSEIRDN RIGYKAGALK AGMMHNYVKQ CEFVAIFDAD FQPDPDFLER TIPFLIHNHE
ISLVQCRWKF VNANECLMTR MQEMSLNYHF VAEQESGSSI HAFFGFNGTA GVVRIAALNE
AGGWKDRTTV EDMDLAVRAC LHGWKFVYVH DVEVKNELPS TFKAYRFQQH
RWSCGPANLW RKMTMEILQN KKVSAWKKLY LIYNFFFIRK IVVHIFTFVF YCLILPTTVL
FPELQVPKWA TVYFPTTITI LNAIATPRMI KSLTYIVYCR SLHLLVFWIL FENVMSMHRT
KATFIGLLEA GRVNEWVVTE KLGDTLKS KLIGKATTKLYT RFGQRLNWRE LVVGLYIFFC
GCYDFAYGGS YFYVYLFLQS CAFFVAGVGY IGTFFVPTV

Figure 20A

MPAGRRGPAAQSARRPPPLPLLLLLCVLGAPRAGSGAHTAVISQDPDLLIGSSLLATCSVHGD
PPGATAEGLYWTLNGRRLPELSRVLNASTLALALANLNGSRQRSGDNLVCHARDGSILAGSCL
YVGLPPEKPVNISCWSKNMKDLTCRWTPGAHGETFLHTNYSKYKLRWYGQDNTCEEYHTVGP
HSCHIPKDLALFTPYEIWVEATNRLGSARSDVLTLDILDVTTDPPPDVHVS RVGGLEDQLSVRW
VSPPALKDFLFQAKYQIRYRVEDSVDWKVDDVSNQTSCRLAGLKPGTVYFVQVRCNPFGIYGS
KKAGIWSEWSHPTAASTPRSERPGPGGGACEPRGGEPSSGPVRRRELKQFLGWLKKHAYCSNL
SFRLYDQWRAWMQSHKTRNQDEGILPSGRRGTARGPAR

Figure 20B

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cctgagctc caacggccat aacagctctg actcccactg gaggccacct ttgggtgcac cccagtgggt gtgtgtgt gtgtgagggt
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Figure 21

MLHVEMLTLV FLVLWMCVFS QDPGSKAVAD RYAVYWNSN PRFQRGDYHI DVCINDYLDV
FCPHYEDSVP EDKTERYVLY MVNFDGYSAC DHTSKGFKRW ECNRPHSPNG PLKFSEKFL1
FTPFSLGFEF RPGREYFYIS SAIPDNGRRS CLKLKVFRP TNSCMKTIGV HDRVFDVNDK
VENSLEPADD TVHESAEPSR GENAAQTPRI PSRLLAILLF LLAMLLTL

Figure 22A

MGGCTVKPQLLLLALVLHPWNPCLGADSEKPSSIPTDKLLVITVATKESDGFHRFMQSAKYFNYT
VKVLGQGEWRGGDGINSIGGGQKVRMLKEVMEHYADQDDLVMFTECFDVIFAGGPPEEV LKK
FQKANHKVVFAADGILWPKRLADKYPVWHIGKRYLNSGGFIGYAPYVNRIVQQWNLQDNDDDQ
LFYTKVYIDPLKREAINITLDHKCKIFQTLNGAVDEVVLKFENKARAKNTFYETLPVAINGNGPTKI
LLNYFGNYVPNSWTQDNGCTLCEFDTVDLSAVDVHPNVSIGVFIEQPTPFLPRFLDILLTLDYPKE
ALKLFIHNKEVYHEKDIKVFDDKAKHEIKTIKIVGPEENLSQAEARNMGMDFCRQDEKCDYYFSVD
ADVLTNPRTLKILIEQNRKIIAPLVTRHGKLWSNFWGALSPDGYARSEDYVDIVQGNRVGVWN
VPYMANVYLIKGKTLRSEMNERNYFVRDKLDPDMALCRNAREMGVFMYISNRHEFRLLSTANY
NTSHYNNDLWQIFENPVDWKEKYINRDYSKIFTENIVEQPCPDVFWFPIFSEKACDELVEEMEHY
GKWSSGKHHDSRISGGYENVPTDDIHMKQVDLENVWLDFFIREFIAPVTLKVFAGYYTKGFALLNF
VVKYSPERQRSLRPHHDASTFTINIALNNVGEDFQGGGCKFLRYNCSIESPRKGWSFMHPGRLT
HLHEGLPVKNGTRYIAVSFIDP

Figure 22B

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ccctcgagca tccccacaga taaattatta gtcataactg tagcaacaaa agaaagtgat ggattccatc gatttatgca gtcagccaaa
lattcaatt atactgtgaa ggccttgg caaggagaag aatggagagg tggatgga attaatagta ttggaggggg ccagaagtg
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aaataattt aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaa

Figure 23A

MLQNSAVLLVLVISASATHEAEQNDSVSPRKSrvAAQNSAEVVRCLNSALQVGCgAFACLENST
CDTDGMYDICKSFLYsAAKFDTQGKAFVKESLKCIANGVTSKVFLAIRRCSTFQRMIAEVQEECY
SKLNVCSIakRNPEaITEVVQLPNHFSNRYYNRLVRSLEcDEDTVSTIRDslMEKIGPNMASLFH
ILQTDHCAQTHPRADFNRRRTNEPQKLKvLLRNLRGEEDSPSHIKRTSHESA

Figure 23B

cagttgcaa aagccagagg tgcaagaagc agcgactgca gcagcagcag cagcagcggc ggtggcagca gcagcagcag
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agcagacca gcagcagcag cagcagcaca aacattgct ccttctccc cacacagct ctaagcgtc tgacatcaga ttglaagg
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tatalctaca calacagaaa gaagcagtc tcaatgttg ctagtctt gctctctt cccccct actcctcca attccccct taaactcca
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Figure 23B (Continued)

tgccattata ttgcattat gtattataa tttaatgat atttaggtt ttgctgagt aciggaataa acagtgagca tatctggtat atgcattat
ttattgtaa attacattt ttaagctcca tgtgcatata aagggtatga aacatatcat ggtaalgaca gatgcaagtt atttattg cttattttt
ataattaaag atgcatagc ataatatgaa gccttgggtg aattccttct aagataaaaa taataaaaaa ggttacggt ttattggtt
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

Figure 24A

MGIGRSEGGRRGALGVLLALGAALLAVGSASEYDYVSFQSDIGPYQSGRFYTKPPQCVDIPADL
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RWLCEAVRDSCEPVMQFFGFYWPEMLKCDKFPEGDVCIAMTPPNATEASKPQGTTVCPPCDN
ELKSEAIIEHLCASEFALRMKIKEVKKENGDKKIVPKKKKPLKLGPIKKKDLKLVLYLKNGADCPC
HQLDNLSHHFLIMGRKVKSQYLLTAIHKWDKKNKEFKNFMKKMKNHECPTFQSVFK

Figure 24B

cttcagccct ccggagtcag tgcgcgcgc ccgcccgcgc ggccttctct gctcgcgcga cctccgggag ccggggcgca cccagcccgc
agcgcgcct ccccgcccgc gccgcctccg accgcagccc gagggccgcc actggccggg gggaccgggc agcagcttgc
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Figure 24B (Continued)

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Figure 25A

MADNFSLHDALSGSGNPNPQGWP
GAWGNQPAGAGGYPGASYPGAYPGQ
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GAYHGAPGAYPGAPAPGVYPGPPSG
PGAYPSSGQPSAPGAYPATGPYGA
PAGPLIVPYNLPLP
GGVPRMLITILGTVKPNANRIALDF
QRGNDVAFHFNPRFNENRRVIVCN
TKLDNNWGREERQ
SVFPFESGKPFKIQLVEPDHFKVA
VNDALLQYNHRVKKLNEISKLGISG
DIDLTSASYTMI

Figure 25B

ccagccaacg agcggaaaat ggcagacaat tttcgtcc atgatgcgt atctgggtct ggaacccaa accctcaagg atggcctggc
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aacctacat gtgtaaaggt tcatgttca ctgtagtga aaattttac atcatcaat atccctctg taagtcatct actaataaa tattacagt
aaag

Figure 26A

MRTLAILAAILLVALQAQAEPLQARADEVAAAPEQIAADIPVWVSLAWDESLAPKHPGSRKNMD
CYCRIPACIAGERRYGTCTIYQGRLWAFCC

Figure 26B

gaattccctg taagccctgt tacaggggct gcaccccaga tacaacctga cctgtgtcca aggcgggcaa ctcaacctt agatattgaa
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Figure 27 A

SLWLIAAALVEVRTSADGQAGNEEMVQIDLPIKRYREYELVTPVSTNLEGRYLSHTLSASHKKRS
ARDVSSNPEQLFFNITAFGKDFHLRLKPNTQLVAPGAVVEWHETSLVPGNITDPINNHQPGSATY
RIRKTEPLQTNCAAYVGDIVDIPGTSVAISNCDGLAGMIKSDNEEYFIEPLERGMEEEEKGRIHVV
YKRSAVEQAPIDMSKDFHYRESLEGLDDLGTVYGNIHQQLNETMRRRRRHAGENDYNIEVLLGV
DDSVVRFHGKEHVQNYLLTLMNIVNEIYHDESLGVHINVVLVRMIMLGYAKSISLIERGNPSRSLE
NVCRWASQQQRSDLNHSEHHDHAIFLTRQDFGPAGMQGYAPVTGMCHPVR SCTLNHEDGFSS
AFVVAHETGHVLMGMEHDGQGNRCGDETAMGSVMAPLVQAAFHRYHWSRCSGQELKRYIHSYD
CLLDDPFDHDPKLPPELPGINYSMDEQCRDFGVGYKMCTAFRTFDPCCKQLWCSHPDNPYFCK
TKKGPPLDGTECAAGKWCYKGHCWKNANQQKQDGNWGSWTKFGSCSRTCCTGVRFRTRQ
CNNPMPINGGQDCPGVNFYQLCNTEECQKHFEDFRAQQCQQRNSHFYQNTKHHWLPYEH
PDPKKRCHLYCQSKETGDVA YMKQLVHDGTHCSYKDPYSICVRGECVKVGC DKEIGSNKVEDK
CGVCGDNSHCRTVKGTFTTRTPRKLGYLKMFDIPPGARHVLIQEDEASPHILAIKNQATGHYILN
GKGEEAKSRTFIDLGV EWDYNIEDDIESLHTDGPLHDPVIVLIIPQENDTRSSLTYKIIHEDSVPTI
NSNNVIQEELDTFEWALKSWSQVSKPCGGGFQYTKYGCRRKSDNKMVHRSFCEANKPKPIRR
MCNIQECTHPLWVAEEWEHCTKTCGSSGYQLRTRCLQPLLDGTNRSVH SKYCMGDRPESRR
PCNRVPCPAQWKTGPWSECSVTCGEGTEVRQVLCRAGDHCDG EKPESVRACQLPPCNDEPC
LGDKSIFCQMEVLARYCSIPGYNKLCCESSKRSSTLPPPYLLEAAETHDDVISNPSDLPRSLVM
PTSLVPYHSETPAKKMSLSSISSVGGPNAYAAFRPNSKPDGANLRQRSAQQAGSKTVRLVTVPS
SPPTKRVHLSSASQMAAASFFAASDSIGASSQARTSKKDGKIIDNRRPTRSSTLER

Figure 27B

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tcttggtc cttatctc agagacct gcaagaaga tctttgag tagatctc tcatgtggag gtccaaatg atatgct
ttcaggcaa acagtaaac tgatgtgt aattacgc agaggagtc tcagcaagca ggaaglaaga ctgtgagact ggtcaccgta
cctctccc caccaccaa gagggtcc ctagctag cttcaaat ggtgtgct tctcttg cagccagta tcaataggt

Figure 27B (Continued)

gcttctctc aggaagaac ctcaaagaaa gatggaaaga tcatlgacaa cagacgtccg acaagatcat ccacctaga aagatgagaa
agtgaaacaa aaaggctaga aaccagagga aaacctggac aacctctc tcccatggt gcatatgctt gttaaagt gaaatctca
tagatgctca gctcattta tctgtaattg gaagaacaga aagtgctggc tcacttca gtgcttca tctctctt gtctgcat gactcatta
ccagaatca ttgaagaaa tcacaaaga ttattacaaa agaaaaat gtgctaaga ttgtgtgt cgctctga agcagaaaag
ggactggaac caattgtgca taccagctga cttttgtt gtttagaaa agttacagta aaaataaaa agagatacca atggttaca
cttaacaag aaatttga tatggaacaa agaattcta gactgtatt cctattatc tatattagaa atattgtatg agcaaatg cagctgtgt
glaaatactg tatattgcaa aaatcagat tatttaaga gatgtgtct caaatgatt ttactatat tacattctg gatgtctag gtgctgctg
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gtgaaatca caattgata cglaaatat agaaaaagaa aagaaacaca aaagctatag atalacagat atcagcttac ctatgctt
ctacttat aattaaagg atgggtct tagtacact gtgctacag ggatcaacga atagtaata atgaactgt gcaagacaaa
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gcttaacta ttactctat acctlaaag aatgtctct acttgtgca agaacttga aggtcaaat aggcaattc cagatagtaa
aacaatcct aagcctaag tctttttt ttctaaaaa ttccataga ataaaattct cttagtita ctgtgtgtg catacactc atccacagg
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Figure 28

tttttttcagattgaaatcactttaatagcataacaacatttcagaccaggagtcacagatgaagaaaacattttgcttccattgcacaattctggtgaggt
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ctctgccgctgcagcccggagcccgggatctgcgggaggcaccggctgcg/cagggcgccagccgagfaccgnatcagcacgcacagg
cacacgcccgttcat

Figure 29A

MSVKGMAIALAVILCATVVQGPFMFKRGRCLCIGPGVKAVKVADIEKASIMYPSNNCDKIEVIITLK
ENKGQRCLNPKSKQARLIKKVERKNF

Figure 29B

ctcctccaa gaagagcagc aaagctgaag tagcagcaac agcaccagca gcaacagcaa aaaacaaaca tgaagtgtgaa
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tacctgaaa gaaaataaag gacaacgatg cctaaatccc aaatcgaagc aagcaaggct tataatcaaa aaagtgaaa gaaagaattt
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gcaccgtct taattgag ttttcaact ttattcatt gagatgttt gaagcaatta ggatgtgt gttactgta cttttgtt tgatcgtt
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cctagcaatc acttttact ttgtlaattc tgtctctag aaaaatacat aatctaalca aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa a

Figure 30 A

MTRLTVLALLAGLLASSRAGSSPLLDIVGGRKARPRQFPFLASIQNQGRHFCCGALIHARFVMTA
ASCFQSQNPGVSTVVLGAYDLRRRERQSRQTFSISSMSENGYDPQQNLNDLMLLQLDREANLT
SSVTILPLPLQNATVEAGTRCQVAGWGSQRSGGRLSRFPRFVNVTVPEDQCRPNNVCTGVLT
RRGGICNGDGGTPLVCEGLAHGVASFSLGPCGRGPDFFTRVALFRDWIDGVLNPNPGGPA"

Figure 30B

ggatccactg gttcctgaca ccctcacctg cccctggggg tgtggccatc tctagagag ggaaactgag gatcagtga gaatgtagg
ggagcccagg ctgcccagg gagcagttg cggtagggc ctgggcaat tcccgtgt cccactgagt ggggctgtcc ctgggctgg
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ctgcccctgc tggctgct gctggcatcc tggagggcgg gtgagtgct ctctgtccg tgggtcccc atctgtgcta gggcccggct
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Figure 30B (Continued)

ccctgaggcg ggaggagggg tctgagagg tactgagctc tccgtggcag gagaagcaa gtgcaggctg agggcggcac
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cc

Figure 31A

MVSYWDTGVLLCALLSCLLLTGSSSGSKLKDPELSLKGTQHIMQAGQTLHLQCRGEAAHKWSLP
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TGRPFVEMYSEIPEIIHMTEGRELVIPCRVTSPNITVTLKKFPLDTLIPDGKRIIWDSRKGFIISNATY
KEIGLLTCEATVNGHLYKTNLTHRQTNTIIDVQISTPRPVKLLRGHTLVLNCTATTPLNTRVQMT
WSYPDEKNKRASVRRRIDQSNHANIFYSVLTIDKMQNKDKGLYTCRVRSGPSFKSVNTSVHIY
DKAFITVKHRKQQVLETVAGKRSYRLSMKVKAFFSPEVWVKDGLPATEKSARYLTRGYSLIIDK
VTEEDAGNYTILLSIKQSNVFNLTATLIVNVKPIYKAVSSFPDPALYPLGSRQILTCTAYGIPQP
TIKWFWHPCNHNHSEARCDFCSNNEESFILDADSNMGNRIESITQRMAIIEGKNKMASTLVVADS
RISGIYICIASNKVGTVGRNIFYITDVPNGFHVNLEKMPTEGEDLKLSTVKNFLYRDVTWILLRT
VNNRTMHYSISKQKMAITKEHSITLNLTIMNVSLQDSGTYACRARNVYTGEEILQKKEITIRGEHCN
KKAVFSRISKFKSTRNDCTTQSNVKH

Figure 31B

gcggacactc ctctcggctc ctccccggca gcggcggcgg ctcgagcgg gctccggggc tcgggtgcag cggccagcgg gcctggcggc
gaggattacc cggggaagtg gttgtcctt ggctggagcc gcgagacggg cgctcagggc gcggggcccg cggcggcgaa
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tgaatccaac ctctttat ttttaagcgg cgcctatag t

Figure 32A

MSDSVILRSIKKFGEENDGFESDKSYNNDKKSRLQDEKKGDGVRVGGFFQLFRFSSSTDIWLMFV
GSLCAFLHGIAQPGVLLIFGTMTDVFIDYDVELQELQIPGKACVNNTIVWTNSSLNQNMTNGTRC
GLLNIESEMIKFASYAGIAVAVLITGYIQICFWVIAAARQIQKMRKFYFRRIMRMEIGWFD CNSVG
ELNTRFSDDINKINDAIADQMALFIQRMTSTICGFLGFFRGWKLTLVIISVSPLIGIGAATIGLSVSK
FTDYELKAYAKAGVVADEVISSMRTVAAFGGGEKREVERYEKNLVFAQRWGIRKGIVMGFFTGTV
WCLIFLCYAVAFWYGSTLVLDEGEYTPGTLVQIFLSVIVGALNLGNASPCLEAFATGRAAAATSE
TIDRKPIDCMSEDGYKLDRIKGEIEFHNVTFHYPSPREVKILNDLNMVIKPGEMTALVGPSPGAGKS
TALQLIQRFYDPCEGMVTVDGHDIRSLNIQWLRDQIGIVEQEPVLFSTTIAENIRYGRE DATMEDIV
QAAKEANAYNFIMDLPQQFDTLVGE GGGQMSGGQKQRVAIARALIRNPKILLDMATSALDNES
EAMVQEVLSKIQHGHHTIISVAHRLSTVRAADTIIGFEHGTAVERGTHEELLERKGVYFTLVTLQSQ
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DRKDKDIPVQEEVEPAPVRRILKFSAP EWPYMLVGSVGA AVNGTVTPLYAFLFSQILGTFSIPDKE
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LDRQPPISVYNTAGEKWDNFQ GKIDFVDCKFTYPSRPDSQVLNGLSVSISPGQTLAFVGS SGGC
KSTSIQLLERFYDPDQ GKVMIDGHDSKKVNVQFLRSNIGIVSQEPVLFACSIMDNIKYGDNTKEIP
MERVIAAAKQAQLHDFVMSLPEKYETNVGSQGSQLSRGEKQRIAIARAIVRDPKILLLDEATSALD
TESEKTVQVALDKAREGRTCIVIAHRLSTIQNADI IAVMAQGVVIEKGTHEELMAQKGAYYKLVTT
GSPIS

Figure 32B

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aacttcatca tggacctgcc acagcaattt gacacctg ttggagaagg agggaggcc atgagtggtg gccgaaaca aagggtagct
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tctgacctg actcgaagt tctgaatgt ctctagct cgattagcc agggcagaca ctggcgttt tgggagcag tggatggc
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Figure 32B (Continued)

gtccagttcc tccgtcaaa cattggaalt gttcccagg aaccagtggt gttgcctgt agcataatgg acaatatcaa gtagggagac
aacaccaaag aaattcccat ggaaagagtc atagcagctg caaaacaggc tcagctgcat gattttgtca tgcactccc agagaaatat
gaaactaac ttgggtcca ggggtctca ctctctagag gggagaaca acgcattgct attgctggg ccattgtacg agatcctaaa
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anantgagtg taggggtgtg anncta

Figure 33A

MDTQTHSLPITHTQLHSNSQPQSRCTRHCFQSCRQSHRGSRSQSSSQSPASHRNPTGA
HSSSGHQSQSPNTSPPPKRHKKTMNSHHSPMRPTILHCRCPKNRKNLEGKLLLLMAKRIQQV
YKTKTRSSGWKSN

Figure 33B

agactcagct taatctgacc caagggctcc tacctgaac cagtagctgg gactatcccc aggtacccc tgagagctgc cccagcctgg
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caggaacatg ttactatggt gatttctacg caacactaal taaagctgt acctggaaga ctatccctga gtagtcaitt tgatttact
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Figure 34A

MGKSESQMDITDINTPKPKKKQRWTRLEISLSVLVLLLTIIAVRMIALYATYDDGICKSSDCIKSAAR
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GGLGQAYRAYQNYIKKNGEEKLLPGLDLNHKQLFFLNFAQVWCGTYRPEYAVNSIKTDVHSPGN
FRIIGTLQNSAEFSEAFHCRKNSYMNPEKKCRWW

Figure 34 B

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ctgccggagg ctgggtgaaa cgtaagtca tccccgagac cagctcccg taccgcaact ttgacatttt aagagatgaa ctagaagtcg
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Figure 34B (Continued)

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caaaataaaa acaaacgtt ttaatac

Figure 35A

MAHKQIYYSDKYFDEHYEYRHVMLPRELSKQVPKTHLMSEEEWRR LGVQQSLGWVHYMIHEPE
PHILLFRRPLPKDQQK

Figure 35B

agtcctcggc gagggtgtgc ctgggctgga cgtggtttg tctctcgc cgcctctcg cgctctcgtt tcatttctg cagcgcgcca
cgaggatggc ccacaagcag atctactact cggacaagta ctctgacgaa cactacgagt accggcatgt tatgtacc agagaacttt
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aaacagitta ctttgtca ataaagttg taigtgcat taaaaaaaa aaaaaaa

Figure 36

gagctctcca tgcacacctg tfactgttc tgttttacc tgaataatc tctctctgac ttccatgct catgcacctc tataggcaa agactgtgc
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atcaccact tggctcaaga ccaggggagc ggggaatgg aagggccac tcaagggaca gccagagac atctaccac
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Figure 36 (Continued)

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tgggatcgag gtagtcagta cagccacagc atcatcacag taagccccc cagtctcct tctgcaaag gagacctcag acccattagt
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Figure 37A

MTEGTCLRRRGGPYKTEPATDLGRWRLNCERGRQWTWYTLQDERAGREQTGLEAYALGLDTKN
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VRYLRVQLPDGGWGLHIEDKSTVFGTALNYVSLRILGVGPDDPDLVRARNILHKKGGAVAIPSW
GKFWLAVLNVYSWEGLNLFPEMWLFPDWAPAH PSTLWCHCRQVYLPMSYCYAVRLSAAEDP
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LYEHIVADDRFTKSI SIGPI SKTINMLVRWYVDGPASTAFQEHVSRIPDYLMGLDGMKMQGTNG
SQIWDTAFAIQALLEAGGHRPEFSSCLQKAHEFLRLSQVPDNPPDYQKYRQMRKGGFSFSTL
DCGWIVSDCTAEALKAVLLLQEKCPHVTEHIPRERL CDAVAVLLNMRNPDGGFATYETKRGGHL
LELLNPSEVFGDIMIDYTYVECTSAVMQALKYFHKRFPEHRAAEIRETLTQGLEFCRRQQRADGS
WEGSWGVCFTYGTWFGLEAFACMGQTYRDGTACA EVSRACDFLLSRQMADGGWGEDFESCE
ERRYLQSAQSQIHNTCWAMMGLMAVRHPDIEAQERGVRCLLEKQLPNGDWPQENIAGVFNKS
CAISYTSYRNIFPIWALGRFSQLYPERALAGHP

Figure 37B

ccctgccta ctgctcatgg gtgtggagac tgalattctg gaagactgat aggcagattt actattaaca aacacatagt ctgtggccca
gcaaagccac cccaatccct gcacaagggg aaaaggccag cattagagca ctgcagcagc aatgacggag ggcacgtgtc tgcggcgccg
agggggccccc tacaagaccg agcccgccac cgacctcggc cgctggcgac tcaactgcga ggggggcccg cagacgtgga
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Figure 38

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cagaagatct aaagcgggaa gccagtatct gtcatatgct gaaacatcca cacattgtag agttattgga gacatatgc
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aagaaaaag gattatgtca tcataagggt tacagtggca aaggaagcaa aagctgggca tattcagta ctctcatgc
tttcagcatg cttcagagaa gagact

Figure 39

gagcctcaaa tatctcaaa atctgatacc aatcctttg atgtgaatt atattctga gctaccaaag aaggaagaag aaaactagga
aggagtaagc acaaagatct cttcacattc tccgggactg cgtaccaa atcagcaca gcacttctg aaaaaggatg tagatttaa
tctgaactt gaaccatcac tgaggaggcc cgccggttc tgagcctc

Figure 40A

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NVYYIIILAWALFYLFSSFTSELPWTTCCNFWNTEHCTDFLNHSGAGTVTPFENFTSPVMEFWER
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GAYQGIYYLKPDLFRLKDPQVWMDAGTQIFFSFAICQGCLTALGSYNKYHNNCYKDCIALCFLNS
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DSQFVCVECLVTASIDMFPRQLRKSGRRELLILTIAVMCYLIGLFLVTEGGMYIFQLFDYYASSGIC
LLFLSLFEVVCISWVYGADRFYDNIEDMIGYRPWPLVKISWLFLTPGLCLATFLFSLSKYTPLKYNN
VYVYPPWGYSIGWFLALSSMVCVPLFVVITLLKTRGPFRKRLRHVITPDSSLPQPKQHPCLDGSA
GRNFGPSPTREGLIAGEKETHL

Figure 40B

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ttttcaagt tcaatggg acccctct tggggccag agatagact aaaacttat ctctgtg ttaggacct gcttccat
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Figure 41A

MGTQKVTPALIFAITVATIGSFQFGYNTGVINAPEKIIKEFINKTLTDKGNAPPSEVLLTSLWSLSVAI
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TGFVPMYIGEISPTALRGAFGTNLNQLGIVVGILVAQIFGLEFILGSEELWPLLLGFTILPAILQSAALP
FCPESPRFLLINRKEEENAKQILQRLWGTQDVSQDIQEMKDESARMSQEKQVTVLELFRVSSYR
QPIIISIVLQLSQQLSGINAVFYYSTGIFKDAGVQEPIYATIGAGVVNTIFTVVSLFLVERAGRRTLHM
IGLGGMAFCSTLMTVSLLLKDNYNMGMSFVCIGAILVFVAFFEIGPGPIPWFIVAELFSQGPRPAAM
AVAGCSNWTSNFLVGLLFPSAAHYLGAYVFIIFTGFLITFLAFTFFKVPETRGRTFEDITRAFEGQA
HGADRSGKDGVMEMNSIEPAKETTTNV

Figure 41B

gtgggggtgg gtggggctgg gggctgtcg ccccttcagg ctccaccctt tgcggagattataaatagtc atgatcccag cgagaccag
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agccatcaa ataagaaacc taaaataat gttctgtt agagatcat tttttcca cttgtctt taggagatt taggttga tttctgtt
tatttaact cactctta aaggaatcc ccaagaatg ttatagcaa actggaat tgaacctc gctcgggag aggttttt tctgagcag
tattactaa agtgtgtt tctttagg tccggcag ctctgtat tctttacca tctactgt gicctatgcc gaatgocctc agggactg
aatcttca ataaaccag ttagacagt atgagcaat gtgactgta gccacact gagaggatg atgatgtc actgactt
tctctgggt ggaagcgt tattgtgac tttttct tgtgtgt cctacagccc ctctcata tttgtctg tctcttct cctctgtt
gottacat ctgagacct ttagcaaac cctgtcagt gacagatt tggcttag tctactgt tccctgt cctggagcct tgaataaaa
atgacgtag ctgagggcgt atgggggc tccgctgt aatccagca cttgggag ctaggggg cggcagggg ttcgagaca
gtctgcca catctgaaa cctgtctct actaaaaat caaaaatag ccggcggtg tggcgggcgt ctgtaatcc agctactgt

Figure 41B (Continued)

gaagctgagg cgggagaalc atgtgaaccc gggacgcagg ggttcagtg agcggagalc gcatcattgc actctagcct gggccacagg
gcgagactcc gtctcaaaaa aaaaaaaaaatg cacatagcta tcgagtgtc ttagcttga aaaggtgacc ttgcaacttc atgtcaact
tctggctcct caaacagtag gttggcaglia aggcagggtc ccatttctca ctgagaagat tgtgaatatt tccatatgga tttctattg ttactctggt
tcttgttt aaaataaaaa ttctgaatgt acacg

Figure 42

gccgagagcg ggatccgagc tcctctggc ctctctccct cccctctgc ggctcccgc tgcctctgg agccgctct gcccccct
ggcgcgacc gcgggaagg cggccccca tcgcacccc tgaccccgga ggtcaacaac gggatgtcc ctgggtcca
gggaagaga calcaccag taggaggag tacggtctag acagaggcca cgaggcggg agggggcgag agtggagag
ggcccagctg gccagggtc tctaagtgag aggaaaagg agagggcgtg tgagaccagg cclgaattc cgcgttcatc ttactgag
gtctgtggg acctgtgaa gactggggc aggggacgga cgcgggcatc ctccattg gaacagcat tccggcagca tcaggatggg
cgggagcaa agcggggagt gggcgaggca agtgggtctg taaacctgtg cgagaagggg gcggtgactc laagggcagg
aaggagcct ggtcacacac acactccac gcaagglat cagtccgag tglggcttg gtgctaggat tcaaagagga aaggaagaaa
acttccatt claaaagaaa ctccagctga ggcaagaag atgaaatata gtcagaaaac calaccagta ggtgtaggt aatgcagaa
gtatttaaga gctacacag gactacctgc ctacggacag ggaatctgag atgctctgca gagctggatc taaagaacg gattaagtg
ataaatgag catacgacat cctatagaag actgtacca cccacctca ctgacagcc ctctcctac agccacacc acagaacatt
cagccattc tctgtggt cccagcctgc agcacagct ctgcagctg tgagggctcc caaatctct agaatgaat gctcactgc
tgagagcaac ctctgggag ttcaggcat gtggaactg aataagagca acgtgtgac agattacagg aaggcaatgc aggacagct
gaccttgg ggggaaact atggggaaca cagtttct actataagc actgagatg cctgagagg gagagatg gcagagtg
ccaaatgat ttgagtgga atctttac cagcgaaca lctctggc ctgagctct gaaaatgca cltgaaaaa cactgctc
agctttaca aacctgtt ttcatccta actgtctc agagaattgt gtcccagc gaaaggaaac cccgtataa ttccctag
tgctagcatt tgaagtggt atgaaatg acctacatc aaacctca ttcaagctc tgaaggagt accaggatcc atcacgatc
ttgtaaatt gttcttca tttctgtg tgaactta tgcagactg aaagcaagg caagcctg cccagcaat aataagaaa
taagggagc atggtaaca aaacaaaaca cttgagagt tggcaact gctgtatt ttgagctgt claaaaatc cagggtagat
tccctccc gctgctcc ttaaccag ctitttct cctctccag gaactctgga atgctgacct acagtctgag ttctgtgct ctgtctgg
gctgactc tactgacct gtaaccaca actgggcaag agaaaattc gcagccacag ctctgaggac atgagcaaaa tggttccag
acggaatgc aaggattccc atgaagtgc agggagctt caggccacac ttcaggttat ctctctct tccccttc tctcaccac ttgctcat
cctctctc accccatc tggcagagg agataggaag gttctgta cctgtgaca gacaacttt ggaatcccag atattcagat
tattccct tttctctt gcaaatgata atactacag ccaagaggca tcaccggat ccgaggctgc ttctcttag gacatgaga
cagaaggaga aggcggggc ggcagcctc agtcacagc ctccctct tctccggc atgattaact aggcctagc aatggagatc
tacgcatac gccagggcc tctctctc aagcatggt gatcagctac ttcccgct atcttcatc tattgaagcc aactatgaac
gactaaagga aggatgagaa aagtcacca aagcaagg ggacagcgt ggagactgt ctgacagaa ggaacacct
ttgcaagac cctgaggaag gcaggggact ctccaggagc agaaggcgt tgtgctca gagtccaca aagagagc atacaggaca
ctggctagag caggccctg agcccgctg tctctggag gcctgggga ggcccagt tcccagggt gaagaagtag gggacagct
gacgtgtg ctgtgatca cgtgatag aagtatgca tttaaac aattgagaaa ggagtgct gcaattccat tcaatgccag
tgatctat ggccgttt atgattctg tcaittcaa atgagcaaga ggaagcctc aagggggtt aagcaggac tgacgtaac
agatctgt tttccaaag ggagaggag aaaaagaaca ttctatt tcaaaaaag glaagcaaa agcatctc cacaattc
ttglaatgaa aaaaataat gcaactta gcaatccat cacttgaaa gaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa
aaaaaaaa aa

Figure 43A

MPLLWLRGFLASCWIIVRSSPTPGSEGHSAAPDCPSCALAALPKDVPNSQPPEMVEAVKKHILN
MLHLKKRPDVTQPVPKAALLNAIRKLHVGKVGGENGYVEIEDDIGRRAEMNELMEQTSEITFAESG
TARKTLHFEISKEGSDLSVVERAEVWFLKVPKANRTRTKVTIRLFQQQKHPQGSLDTGEEAEEV
GLKGERSELLLSEKVVDARKSTWHVFPVSSSIQRLLDQGKSSLDVRIACEQCQESGASLVLLGKK
KKKEEEGEGKKKGGGEGGAGADEEKEQSHRPFLMLQARQSEDHPHRRRRRGLECDGKVNICC
KKQFFVSFKDIGWNDWIIAPSGYHANYCEGECPSHIAGTSGSSLSFHSTVINHYRMRGHSPFANL
KSCCVPTKLRPMSMLYYDDGQNIKKDIQNMIVEECGCS

Figure 43B

tccacacaca caaaaaacct gcgcgtgagg ggggaggaaa agcagggcct taaaaaggc aatcacaaca actttgtctg ccaggatgcc
cttgctttgg ctgagaggat ttctgttggc aagttgctgg attatagta ggagttcccc caccocagga tccgaggggc acagcgcggc
ccccgactgt ccgtcctgtg cgtctggccc cctcccaag gatgtacca actctcagcc agagatggtg gaggccgtca agaagcacat
ttaaacatg ctgcactga agaagagacc cgatgtcacc cagccggtac ccaaggcggc gcttctgaac gcgatcagaa agcttcatgt
gggcaaagtc ggggagaacg ggtatgtgga gatagaggat gacattggaa ggagggcaga aatgaatgaa cttatggagc agacctcggg
gatcatcacg ttgcccaggt caggaacagc caggaagacg ctgcacttcg agatttcaa ggaaggcagt gacctgtcag tggaggagcg
tgcagaagtc tggctctcc taaaagtccc caaggccaac aggaccagga ccaaagtcac catccgcctc ttccagcagc agaagcacc
gcagggcagc ttggacacag gggagaggc cgagggaagtg ggcctaaagg gggagaggag tgaactgttg ctctcgaaa aagtagtaga
cgctcggaa agcacctggc atgtcttccc tgtctccagc agcatccagc ggttgctgga ccagggcaag agctccctgg acgttcggat
tgctgtgag cagtcccagg agagtggcgc cagctgtgtt ctctgggca agaagaagaa gaaagaagag gggggggaag
ggaaaaagaa gggcggagggt gaagggtggg caggagcaga tgaggaaaag ggcagctgc acagacctt cctcatgctg
caggcccgc agtctgaaga ccacctcat gcgcggcgtc ggcggggctt ggagtgat ggcaaggta acatctgtg taagaacacg
ttcttgta gttcaagga catcggctgg aatgactgga tcattgtcc ctctggctat catccaact actgcgaggg tgagtgcocg
agccatalag caggcacgic cgggtcctca ctgtcctcc actcaacagt catcaaccac taccgcatgc ggggcatag ccccttggc
aacctcaaat cgtgctgtgt gccaccaag ctgagacca tgtcatgtt gtactatgat gatggtcaaa acatcatcaa aaaggacatt
cagaacatga tctggagga gtgtgggtgc tcatagagt gccagccca ggggaaagg gagcaagagt tglccagaga agacagtggc
aaaatgaaga aattttaag gttctgagt taaccagaaa aatagaaatt aaaaacaaaa caaaacaaaa aaaaaacaa aaaaaacaa
aaglaaatta aaaacaaacc tgatgaaaca gatgaaacag atgaaggaag atgtggaaat cttagcctgc ctagccagg gctcagagat
gaagcagtga agagacagat tgggagggaa agggagaatg gtgtaccctt tattcttct gaaatcacac tgatgacatc agttgttaa
acgggtatt gtccttccc ccttgaggt tccctgtga gcttgaatca accaatctga tctcagtag tgtggactag aacaacccaa
atagcatcta gaaagccatg agttgaaag ggcccatcac aggcacttc ctaccta

Figure 44

MGLAEYFGFD DHDTDLRTEL VAGLTTFLAM SYIVLVNPVV MTQRRTAGEV VKPGIALANY
SHDQTVQMLA VVTLASGVA MLVMAFYANR PFALAPGLGL NAFFAFTVVG TLGVPWQTAL
AAVFTEGLLF IVLTAVGARE YVITLFPEPV KLAVGTGIGL YLAIIGLEAM GIVVDAGTI
LALGNLAQNP VAVVSILGLF FTIALHARGV TGSIVLGIIA TAATGGVLTF AGVVDPGVL
GDFVRTGGIA TQRLPHAQYD ITPLVGAFLA GFQDIDAFSF ALIVFTFFFV DFFDTAGTLV
GVGQAGGFLN TDGNLPDADE PLMADAIGTT FGAIIGTSTV TTYIESATGV EEGRTGMVA
LVAVLFLLS LLVVPLAAAI PQYASHIALV VVALLMLANV TAIDWDDITH SIPAGLTIIV
MPFTYSIAYG IAAGIVSYPV VKVATGDADE VAIGQWLLAA AFIVYFYVRT SGVLAAAV

**NUCLEIC ACIDS AND POLYPEPTIDES
USEFUL FOR DIAGNOSING
COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY**

**CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS**

This application claims the benefit of the filing date of U.S. provisional application No. 60/636,275, filed Dec. 15, 2004, herein incorporated by reference.

**STATEMENT AS TO FEDERALLY SPONSORED
RESEARCH**

This research was funded, in part, by NIH Grant R03 DK064255-02. The U.S. government has certain rights to the invention.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

In general, this invention relates to the detection and treatment of subjects having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Pre-eclampsia is a syndrome of hypertension, edema, and proteinuria that affects 5 to 10% of pregnancies and results in substantial maternal and fetal morbidity and mortality. Pre-eclampsia accounts for at least 200,000 maternal deaths worldwide per year. The symptoms of pre-eclampsia typically appear after the 20th week of pregnancy and are usually detected by routine measuring of the woman's blood pressure and urine. However, these monitoring methods are ineffective for diagnosis of the syndrome at an early stage, which could reduce the risk to the subject or developing fetus, if an effective treatment were available.

Currently there are no known cures for pre-eclampsia. Pre-eclampsia can vary in severity from mild to life-threatening. A mild form of pre-eclampsia can be treated with bed rest and frequent monitoring. For moderate to severe cases, hospitalization is recommended and blood pressure medication or anticonvulsant medications to prevent seizures are prescribed. If the condition becomes life threatening to the mother or the baby the pregnancy is terminated and the baby is delivered pre-term.

The proper development of the fetus and the placenta is mediated by several growth factors or angiogenic factors. Careful regulation of angiogenic and mitogenic signaling pathways is critical for maintaining appropriate proliferation, migration, and angiogenesis by trophoblast cells in the developing placenta. While several of these factors, such as VEGF and PlGF, have been identified, there are still many proteins for which a role in the pathogenesis of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia has not yet been identified.

There is a need for methods of accurately diagnosing subjects at risk for or having pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, particularly before the onset of the most severe symptoms. A treatment that would save maternal and fetal lives and prevent premature deliveries is also needed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

We have discovered a means for diagnosing and effectively treating pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, including pre-eclampsia and eclampsia. In some cases both the diagno-

sis and treatment may occur prior to the development of symptoms. Such early diagnosis and treatment could save maternal and fetal lives and prevent premature deliveries.

We have discovered that the levels of expression of genes encoding the following secreted gene products (with GenBank numbers shown in parentheses) were significantly upregulated in the placental samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia as compared to placental specimens obtained from normal pregnant patients: follistatin related protein (U76702), interleukin 8 (M28130), inhibin A (M13981), VEGF-C (U43142), angiogenin (M11567), beta fertilin (U38805), hypothetical protein (AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein (AF013250), erythroid differentiation protein (J03634), adipogenesis inhibitory factor (X58377), corticotropin releasing factor binding protein (X58022), alpha-i anti-chymotrypsin (X68733), insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (L27559), CD33L (D86368), cytokine receptor like factor 1 (AF059293), platelet derived endothelial growth factor (NP_001953), lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2 (U84573), stanniocalcin precursor (U25997), secreted frizzled related protein (AF056087), and galectin-3 (NM_002306). We have also discovered that expression levels of the gene for the following secreted gene products were significantly decreased in placental samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia: alpha defensin (L12691), ADAM-TS3 (AB002364), cholecystokinin precursor (AW043690), interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor (AF030514), and azurocidin (M96326). These genes and the polypeptides encoded by the genes can be used to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent pregnancy related hypertensive disorders.

We have also discovered intracellular targets that are differentially expressed in pre-eclamptic placentas and are suitable candidates for screening of novel therapeutic compounds. The intracellular gene products that are increased in pre-eclamptic placentas are: sperminine oxidase (U01134), UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28 (AF 091582), neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2 (X 63759), neutral endopeptidase (J03779), CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2 (X54942) and beta glucosidase (J03060). The intracellular gene products that are decreased in pre-eclamptic placentas are: lanosterol synthase (U22526), calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase (AI688589), estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H (X86816), chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1 (U27699), tyrosinase-related protein 1 (M20681), hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase (AL080151), dihydropyrimidinase-like-4 (J03634), and cytochrome P450-family 11 (D84361).

For the purposes of the descriptions below, all of the polypeptides described above are collectively referred to as "the polypeptides of the invention." The polypeptides are further grouped as "secreted polypeptides" and "intracellular polypeptides" as described above. While the detailed description presented herein refers specifically to polypeptides associated with specific GenBank accession numbers, it will be clear to one skilled in the art that the detailed description can also apply to family members, isoforms, homologs, and/or variants that are substantially identical to the specified polypeptides.

Based on this data, we have discovered that compounds that decrease the levels or biological activity of a polypeptide of the invention for which the gene was upregulated in pre-eclampsia can be used to treat or prevent pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. Similarly, we have discovered that compounds that increase the levels or biological activity of a polypeptide of the invention for which the gene was downregulated in

samples from women with pre-eclampsia can be used to treat or prevent pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. Such agents include, but are not limited to, antibodies specific to the protein, nucleobase oligomers for antisense or RNAi targeting the protein, purified proteins, purified natural or synthetic compounds, chemical compounds, and small molecules.

Accordingly, the invention features methods for measuring the levels of any one or more of the polypeptides (secreted or intracellular) of the invention or a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention as a detection tool for early diagnosis and management of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In one aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing a subject as having or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes measuring the level of any one or more of the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, in a sample from the subject: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (GenBank Accession Number AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta-glucosidase. In this method, an increase (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the level of any one or more of the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to a normal reference sample, standard or level is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. The method can also include measuring two, three, four, or five or more of the secreted or intracellular polypeptides listed above, or fragments thereof. In preferred embodiments, the polypeptide is follistatin related protein, inhibin-A, beta fertilin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, or secreted frizzled related protein.

Non-limiting examples of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders include pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, gestational hypertension, chronic hypertension, HELLP syndrome, and pregnancy with a small for gestational age infant (SGA).

In a related aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing a subject as having or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes measuring the level of any one or more of the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, in a sample from the subject: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. In this method, a decrease (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the level of any one or more of the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to a normal reference sample, standard, or level is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy

related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

For any of the diagnostic methods that include measuring the level of a polypeptide or fragment thereof, the measuring can be done using an immunological assay (e.g., an ELISA or a western blot). The method can also include measuring two, three, four, or five or more of the secreted or intracellular polypeptides or the nucleic acids encoding the polypeptides listed above, or fragments thereof. The measuring can also be performed for more than one polypeptide at a time, using for example, microarrays which can be formatted as an array of binding molecules (e.g., an array of antibodies, also known as antibody arrays) to detect the polypeptides of the invention, or as an array of polypeptides of the invention, also known as protein arrays, which can be used to detect levels of antibodies to the polypeptides in a biological sample.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing a subject as having or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes measuring the level of a nucleic acid molecule encoding any one of the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, in a sample from the subject: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (GenBank Accession Number AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta-glucosidase. In this method, an increase (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the level of any one or more of the nucleic acid molecules encoding the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to a normal reference sample, standard, or level is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In preferred embodiments, the nucleic acid encodes follistatin related protein, inhibin-A, beta fertilin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, or secreted frizzled related protein.

In a related aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing a subject as having or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes measuring the level of a nucleic acid molecule encoding any one of the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, in a sample from the subject: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. In this method, a decrease (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the level of a nucleic acid molecule encoding any one or more of the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to a normal reference sample, standard, or level is a diagnostic indicator of a preg-

nancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

The methods above can also include measuring two, three, four, or five or more of the nucleic acids encoding the secreted or intracellular polypeptides listed above, or fragments thereof.

The diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder can result from an alteration (e.g., an increase or decrease) in the relative level of a polypeptide of the invention as compared to a normal reference sample or from the detection of an absolute level of a polypeptide of the invention that is above or below a normal reference level. The diagnosis can also result from an alteration in the level of a polypeptide as compare to the level in a prior sample obtained from the same subject. In additional preferred embodiments, the reference standard or level is a level or number derived from such a sample. In additional preferred embodiments, the reference sample is obtained at least 1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 9 weeks, 12 weeks, 15 weeks, 18 weeks or more prior to the measuring of the levels for diagnosis. The reference standard or level can also be a value derived from a normal subject that is matched to the sample subject by at least one of the following criteria: gestational age of the fetus, age of the mother, blood pressure prior to pregnancy, blood pressure during pregnancy, BMI of the mother, weight of the fetus, prior diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, and a family history of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In additional preferred embodiments, the reference sample is a sample taken from a non-pregnant subject; a pregnant subject that does not have a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia; or a purified protein at known normal concentrations or a level representative of any of the reference samples described above.

In additional preferred embodiments, the method further includes measuring the level of at least one of sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, or soluble endoglin polypeptide in a sample from a subject as described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577. The method can also include measuring the level of at least two of sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, or soluble endoglin polypeptide in a sample from a subject and calculating the relationship between the levels of sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, or soluble endoglin using a metric, where an alteration in the relationship between the levels in the subject sample relative to a reference sample diagnoses a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder. In preferred embodiments, the method also includes determining the body mass index (BMI), the gestational age (GA) of the fetus, or both and including the BMI or GA or both in the metric. For example, the metric can be a pre-eclampsia anti-angiogenic index (PAAI): $[sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF]$, a soluble endoglin anti-angiogenic index: $(sFlt-1+0.25(\text{soluble endoglin polypeptide})/PlGF)$, $sFlt1/PlGF$, $(sFlt1+\text{soluble endoglin})/PlGF$, $(sFlt1+\text{soluble endoglin}+\text{follistatin related protein})/PlGF$, or any combination thereof.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of diagnosing a subject as having, or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes determining the nucleic acid

sequence of a gene encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein, leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta glucosidase. An alteration in the subject's nucleic acid sequence that is an alteration that increases the expression level or biological activity of the gene product in the subject diagnoses the subject with a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such a condition.

In another related aspect, the invention features a method of diagnosing a subject as having, or having a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes determining the nucleic acid sequence of a gene encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. An alteration in the subject's nucleic acid sequence that is an alteration that decreases the expression level or biological activity of the gene product in the subject diagnoses the subject with a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In preferred embodiments of any of the above aspects, the polypeptide or the nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide is follistatin related protein, inhibin-A, beta fertilin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, or secreted frizzled related protein.

In additional embodiments of any of the above aspects, the levels are measured on two or more occasions and a change in the levels between measurements is a diagnostic indicator of pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In preferred embodiments, an alteration (e.g., an increase or a decrease of 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the level of any of the polypeptides of the invention or nucleic acids encoding a polypeptide of the invention from the first measurement to the next measurement is a diagnostic indicator of pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. Desirably, the diagnostic methods are used to diagnose a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder prior to the onset of symptoms (e.g., at least 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 weeks prior).

In various embodiments of any of the above diagnostic aspects, the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder is pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, gestational hypertension, chronic hypertension, HELLP syndrome, or pregnancy with an SGA infant.

In various embodiments of the above aspects, the sample is a bodily fluid (e.g., urine, blood, amniotic fluid, serum, saliva, plasma, or cerebrospinal fluid) of the subject in which the polypeptide or nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention is normally detectable. In additional embodiments, the sample is a tissue or a cell (e.g., placental tissue or placental cells, endothelial cells, leukocytes, and monocytes). In other embodiments of the above aspects, the subject is a pregnant human, a post-partum human, or a non-pregnant human. In other embodiments of the above aspects, the subject is a non-human (e.g., a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a goat, a dog, or a cat). In one embodiment, the subject is a non-pregnant human and the method is used to diagnose a propensity to develop a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, prior to a pregnancy. In additional embodiments, the BMI or GA or both is also measured.

In another aspect, the invention provides a kit for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject that includes at least one nucleic acid sequence, or a sequence complementary thereto, that is selected from nucleic acids that encode the following group of polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein, leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, beta glucosidase, alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. The kit also includes directions for the use of the nucleic acid sequence, or sequence complementary thereto, for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In preferred embodiments, the kit includes at least two, at least three, at least four, or at least five or more of the nucleic acid sequences.

In another aspect, the invention provides a kit for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject comprising a component or reagent used to detect a polypeptide that is selected from the following group of polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein, leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, beta glu-

cosidase, alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. The kit also includes directions for the use of the components to detect the polypeptide for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In preferred embodiments, the kit includes components or reagents used to detect at least two, at least three, at least four, or at least five or more of the polypeptides of the invention. Preferred polypeptides or nucleic acids include follistatin related protein, inhibin-A, beta fertilin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, or secreted frizzled related protein. In preferred embodiments, the components or reagents used to detect a polypeptide include a binding molecule, such as an antibody or antigen binding fragment that is specific for the polypeptide and the polypeptide is detected by any one of the following assays: an immunological assay, an enzymatic assay, or a colorimetric assay. The component or reagent can also be a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, that can bind to an antibody that specifically binds the polypeptide. Such a kit can be used to detect antibodies present in a bodily fluid sample from a subject that are indicative of levels of the protein in the subject.

In additional preferred embodiments of any of the above kit aspects of the invention, the kit also includes a reference sample, standard, or level. The reference sample, standard, or level can be a normal reference sample, standard or level taken from a subject not having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a subject that is not pregnant. The reference sample can also be a purified polypeptide at a known normal concentration.

In preferred embodiments, the diagnostic kit is labeled or includes instructions for use in the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, in a subject. In yet another embodiment, the diagnostic kit is labeled or includes instructions for use in therapeutic monitoring or therapeutic dosage determination. Desirably, the diagnostic kit includes a label or instructions for the use of the kit to determine the levels of a polypeptide of the invention of the subject sample and to compare those subject sample levels to a reference sample value or a standard curve of reference sample values, where the standard curve shows values indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, and normal values. It will be understood that the reference sample values will depend on the intended use of the kit. For example, in a kit used for diagnostic purposes, the subject sample can be compared to a reference value or reference sample for a polypeptide of the invention taken from a subject that does not have a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or is not pregnant. In another example, a kit used for therapeutic monitoring can have a reference value or reference sample that is a positive reference indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, wherein an alteration (increase or decrease) in the value of the subject sample relative to the reference sample can be used to indicate an improvement in the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or effective dosages of therapeutic compounds.

In a related aspect, the invention features a device for diagnosing a subject as having or a predisposition to a preg-

nancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. The device includes a component useful for comparing the levels of a polypeptide of the invention or a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention, wherein an alteration (increase or decrease) in the levels of a polypeptide of the invention is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in the subject. In preferred embodiments, the device includes a membrane in a lateral flow or dipstick format used to measure and compare polypeptide levels in urine sample. The device can also include components for comparing the levels of one or more polypeptides of the invention or nucleic acid molecules encoding the polypeptides of the invention and at least one of soluble endoglin sFlt-1, VEGF, and PlGF nucleic acid molecules or polypeptides in a sample from a subject, relative to a reference sample, wherein an alteration (increase or decrease) diagnoses a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in the subject. In a preferred embodiment the device includes a component or components for use with a metric to compare the levels of one or more polypeptides of the invention and at least one, and preferably two, of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, and PlGF polypeptides.

In another aspect, the invention features a nucleic acid array comprising one or more substrate supports which are stably associated with a plurality of polynucleotide probes, wherein the polynucleotide probes are capable of hybridizing under highly stringent conditions to RNA transcripts, or the complements thereof, of nucleic acids encoding any of the polypeptides of the invention.

In another aspect, the invention features a polypeptide array comprising one or more substrate supports which are stably associated with a plurality of polypeptides of the invention; variants of the polypeptides; antibodies specific for the polypeptides or variants; or any combination of the polypeptides, variants, or antibodies.

Each of the arrays described above can also include instructions for the use of the array for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder or a predisposition thereto.

Any of the diagnostic methods, kits, or arrays described herein can also be used to monitor a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. In preferred embodiments, the diagnostic methods are used to monitor the subject during therapy or to determine effective therapeutic dosages. The level of a polypeptide of the invention or a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention is measured alone or in combination with the levels of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF protein or nucleic acids, or any combination thereof. In preferred embodiments the levels of are measured on two or more occasions and an alteration (increase or decrease) in the levels is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In additional preferred embodiments, the levels are compared to a reference sample and an alteration (increase or decrease) in the levels of any of the polypeptides relative to the reference sample is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In one embodiment, the level of at least one of the following polypeptides or nucleic acids encoding the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, is measured during or after administering therapy and compared to the value before therapy: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A,

VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta-glucosidase. In this embodiment, a decrease in the level of any one or more of the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to the value before therapy indicates an improvement in the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In another embodiment, the level of at least one of the following secreted or intracellular polypeptides or nucleic acid encoding the secreted polypeptides, or fragments thereof is measured during or after administering therapy and compared to the value before therapy: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor—alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450—family 11. In this embodiment, an increase in the level of any one or more of the above polypeptides, or fragments thereof, as compared to the value before therapy indicates an improvement in the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In preferred embodiments of the diagnostic monitoring methods of the invention that include the measurement of sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF, the method can include calculating the relationship between the levels of sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF using a metric, wherein an alteration in the relationship between said levels in the subject sample relative to a reference sample, is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. One example of such a metric is the PAAI. In this example, a decrease in the PAAI value of a subject (e.g., less than 20, preferably less than 10) indicates an improvement in the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. A decrease in the PAAI (e.g., less than 20, preferably less than 10) can also indicate an effective dosage of a therapeutic compound. In preferred embodiments of the aspects relating to diagnosis or monitoring of therapeutic treatments, polypeptides are measured using an immunological assay, such as ELISA or western blot, or a protein array or antibody array for the measurement of expression levels of more than one polypeptide. For any of the monitoring methods, the measuring of levels can be done on two or more occasions and a change in the levels between measurements is a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of treating or preventing a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject by administering to the subject a compound capable of decreasing the biological activity or the expression level of a polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide selected from the group of secreted polypeptides consisting of: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein, leukocyte

associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3, where the administering is for a time and in an amount sufficient to treat or prevent a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. In preferred embodiments, the compound is a nucleobase oligomer that is at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% complementary to at least a portion of the nucleic acid sequence encoding any of the polypeptides listed above. The nucleobase oligomer can be an antisense nucleobase oligomer, preferably at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% complementary to at least 8 to 30 nucleotides of the desired nucleic acid sequence. The nucleobase oligomer can also be a double stranded RNA (dsRNA), preferably a small interfering RNA (siRNA) that is preferably at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or 100% complementary to at least 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 35, 45, or 50 nucleotides of the desired nucleic acid sequence.

In additional preferred embodiments of this aspect, the compound is an antibody or antigen-binding fragment, preferably a monoclonal antibody, that specifically binds any one of the following polypeptides, or fragments thereof: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein, leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3. In preferred embodiments, the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is a human or humanized antibody.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of treating or preventing a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject by administering to the subject a compound capable of increasing the biological activity or the expression level of a polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule encoding a secreted polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin, where the administering is for a time and in an amount sufficient to treat or prevent a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. In a preferred embodiment, the compound is a purified polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin. In various embodiments of any of the above aspects, the method further involves the step of administering to a subject an anti-hypertensive compound (e.g., adenosine, nifedipine, minoxidil, and magnesium sulfate). In other embodiments of the above aspects, the subject is a pregnant human, a postpartum human, a non-pregnant human, or a non-human (e.g., a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a goat, a dog, or a cat). The therapeutic methods of the invention can be used to treat or prevent a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder that includes pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, gestational hypertension, chronic hypertension, HELLP syndrome, and pregnancy with an SGA infant. Preferred disorders are pre-eclampsia and

eclampsia. In various embodiments of the above aspects, the method can be combined with the diagnostic methods of the invention, described below, to monitor the subject during therapy or to determine effective therapeutic dosages.

Any of the therapeutic aspects of the invention can also include administering one or more additional compounds, such as a purified sFlt-1 antibody, a sFlt-1 antigen-binding fragment, nicotine, theophylline, adenosine, nifedipine, minoxidil, magnesium sulfate, vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), including all isoforms such as VEGF189, VEGF121, or VEGF165, or fragments thereof; placental growth factor (PlGF), including all isoforms and fragments thereof; a purified soluble endoglin antibody or soluble endoglin antigen-binding fragment; where the administering is for a time and in an amount sufficient to treat or prevent the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. Preferred examples of such compounds are described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577. Desirably, the compound will be a compound capable of binding to sFlt-1 or decreasing sFlt-1 expression.

Any of the therapeutic aspects of the invention can be used alone or in combination with one or more additional methods (diagnostic or treatment) of the invention.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying a compound that ameliorates a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that includes contacting a cell that expresses a polypeptide of the invention or a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide of the invention with a candidate compound, and comparing the level of expression or biological activity of the polypeptide of the invention or the nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of the invention in the cell contacted by the candidate compound with the level of expression or biological activity in a control cell not contacted by the candidate compound, where an alteration in expression or biological activity of the polypeptide of the invention or the nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of the invention identifies the candidate compound as a compound that ameliorates the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder.

In one embodiment, the method is used to identify a compound that decreases the expression of a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, or a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide, or fragment thereof, selected from the following group of polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta-glucosidase. In another embodiment, the method is used to identify a compound that promotes an increase in the expression of a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, or a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide, or fragment thereof, selected from the following group of polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin, or the level of any one of the following intracellular polypeptides, or fragments

thereof, in a sample from the subject: lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. The alteration can be, for example, in transcription, translation, protein stability, production, or biological activity.

For the purpose of the present invention, the following abbreviations and terms are defined below.

By "alteration" is meant a change (increase or decrease) in the expression levels of a gene or polypeptide as detected by standard art known methods such as those described below. As used herein, an alteration includes a 10% change in expression levels, preferably a 25% change, more preferably a 40% change, and most preferably a 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or greater change in expression levels. "Alteration" can also indicate a change (increase or decrease) in the biological activity of any of the polypeptides of the invention. Examples of biological activities include ligand binding, enzymatic activity, cell migration, cell proliferation, induction of endothelial dysfunction, or induction of an anti-angiogenic state. Biological activities can be measured, for example, by ligand binding assays; cell migration assays; assays for enzymatic activity (e.g., kinase activity); Scatchard plot analysis; immunoassays; cell proliferation assays such as BrdU labeling, cell counting experiments, or quantitative assays for DNA synthesis such as ³H thymidine incorporation; and angiogenesis assays that are standard in the art or are described herein. As used herein, an alteration includes a 10% change in biological activity, preferably a 25% change, more preferably a 40% change, and most preferably a 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or greater change in biological activity.

By "antisense nucleobase oligomer" is meant a nucleobase oligomer, regardless of length, that is complementary to the coding strand or mRNA of a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention. The antisense nucleobase oligomer can also be targeted to the translational start and stop sites. Preferably the antisense nucleobase oligomer comprises from about 8 to 30 nucleotides. The antisense nucleobase oligomer can also contain at least 40, 60, 85, 120, or more consecutive nucleotides that are complementary to mRNA or DNA encoding the polypeptide of the invention, and may be as long as the full-length mRNA or gene.

By "body mass index" is meant a number, derived by using height and weight measurements, that gives a general indication of whether or not weight falls within a healthy range. The formula generally used to determine the body mass index is a person's weight in kilograms divided by a person's height in meters squared or weight (kg)/(height (m))².

By "compound" is meant any small molecule chemical compound, antibody, nucleic acid molecule, polypeptide, or fragments thereof.

By "chimeric antibody" is meant a polypeptide comprising at least the antigen-binding portion of an antibody molecule linked to at least part of another protein (typically an immunoglobulin constant domain).

By "decrease" is meant the ability to cause an overall reduction, preferably of 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or greater, in the level of polypeptide or nucleic acid; detected by the assays described herein (see "expression") or the biological activity of the polypeptide, detected by the assays described herein (see "biological activity"), as compared to a reference sample.

By "double-stranded RNA (dsRNA)" is meant a ribonucleic acid molecule comprised of both a sense and an anti-sense strand. dsRNAs can be used to mediate RNA interference.

By "expression" is meant the detection of a gene or polypeptide by standard art known methods. For example, polypeptide expression is often detected by immunoassays (e.g., ELISA or western blotting), DNA expression is often detected by Southern blotting or polymerase chain reaction (PCR), and RNA expression is often detected by northern blotting, PCR, or RNase protection assays.

By "fragment" is meant a portion of a polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule. This portion contains, preferably, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the entire length of the reference nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide. A fragment may contain 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, or 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000 or more amino acids or nucleotides up to the entire length of the polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule.

By "gestational age" is meant a reference to the age of the fetus, counting from the first day of the mother's last menstrual period usually referred to in weeks.

By "gestational hypertension" is meant the development of high blood pressure without proteinuria after 20 weeks of pregnancy.

By a "history of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia" is meant a previous diagnosis of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or pregnancy induced hypertension in the subject themselves or in a related family member.

By "homologous" is meant any gene or polypeptide sequence that bears at least 30% homology, more preferably 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, and most preferably 90% or more homology to a known gene or polypeptide sequence over the length of the comparison sequence. A "homologous" polypeptide can also have at least one biological activity of the comparison polypeptide. For polypeptides, the length of comparison sequences will generally be at least 6 amino acids, preferably at least 10 or 20 amino acids, more preferably at least 25 amino acids, and most preferably 50, 100, 150, 200 amino acids or more, up to the entire length of the polypeptide. For nucleic acids, the length of comparison sequences will generally be at least 18 nucleotides, preferably at least 25 or 50 nucleotides, more preferably at least 75 nucleotides, and most preferably from at least 100, 150, 200, 250, 300 nucleotides or more up to the entire length of the nucleic acid. "Homology" can also refer to a substantial similarity between an epitope used to generate antibodies and the polypeptide or fragment thereof to which the antibodies are directed. In this case, homology refers to a similarity sufficient to elicit the production of antibodies that can specifically recognize the polypeptide at issue.

By "humanized antibody" is meant an immunoglobulin amino acid sequence variant or fragment thereof that is capable of binding to a predetermined antigen. Ordinarily, the antibody will contain both the light chain as well as at least the variable domain of a heavy chain. The antibody also may include the CH1, hinge, CH2, CH3, or CH4 regions of the heavy chain. The humanized antibody comprises a framework region (FR) having substantially the amino acid sequence of a human immunoglobulin and a complementarity determining region (CDR) having substantially the amino acid sequence of a non-human immunoglobulin (the "import" sequences).

Generally, a humanized antibody has one or more amino acid residues introduced into it from a source that is non-human. In general, the humanized antibody will comprise substantially all of at least one, and typically two, variable

domains (Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, Fabc, Fv) in which all or substantially all of the CDR regions correspond to those of a non-human immunoglobulin and all or substantially all of the FR regions are those of a human immunoglobulin consensus sequence. The humanized antibody optimally will comprise at least a portion of an immunoglobulin constant region (Fc), typically that of a human immunoglobulin. By "complementarity determining region (CDR)" is meant the three hypervariable sequences in the variable regions within each of the immunoglobulin light and heavy chains. By "framework region (FR)" is meant the sequences of amino acids located on either side of the three hypervariable sequences (CDR) of the immunoglobulin light and heavy chains.

The FR and CDR regions of the humanized antibody need not correspond precisely to the parental sequences, e.g., the import CDR or the consensus FR may be mutagenized by substitution, insertion or deletion of at least one residue so that the CDR or FR residue at that site does not correspond to either the consensus or the import antibody. Such mutations, however, will not be extensive. Usually, at least 75%, preferably 90%, and most preferably at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% of the humanized antibody residues will correspond to those of the parental FR and CDR sequences.

By "hybridize" is meant pair to form a double-stranded molecule between complementary polynucleotide sequences, or portions thereof, under various conditions of stringency. (See, e.g., Wahl and Berger (1987) *Methods Enzymol.* 152:399; Kimmel, *Methods Enzymol.* 152:507, 1987.) For example, stringent salt concentration will ordinarily be less than about 750 mM NaCl and 75 mM trisodium citrate, preferably less than about 500 mM NaCl and 50 mM trisodium citrate, and most preferably less than about 250 mM NaCl and 25 mM trisodium citrate. Low stringency hybridization can be obtained in the absence of organic solvent, e.g., formamide, while high stringency hybridization can be obtained in the presence of at least about 35% formamide, and most preferably at least about 50% formamide. Stringent temperature conditions will ordinarily include temperatures of at least about 30° C., more preferably of at least about 37° C., and most preferably of at least about 42° C. Varying additional parameters, such as hybridization time, the concentration of detergent, e.g., sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), and the inclusion or exclusion of carrier DNA, are well known to those skilled in the art. Various levels of stringency are accomplished by combining these various conditions as needed. In a preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 30° C. in 750 mM NaCl, 75 mM trisodium citrate, and 1% SDS. In a more preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 37° C. in 500 mM NaCl, 50 mM trisodium citrate, 1% SDS, 35% formamide, and 100 µg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA (ssDNA). In a most preferred embodiment, hybridization will occur at 42° C. in 250 mM NaCl, 25 mM trisodium citrate, 1% SDS, 50% formamide, and 200 µg/ml ssDNA. Useful variations on these conditions will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art.

For most applications, washing steps that follow hybridization will also vary in stringency. Wash stringency conditions can be defined by salt concentration and by temperature. As above, wash stringency can be increased by decreasing salt concentration or by increasing temperature. For example, stringent salt concentration for the wash steps will preferably be less than about 30 mM NaCl and 3 mM trisodium citrate, and most preferably less than about 15 mM NaCl and 1.5 mM trisodium citrate. Stringent temperature conditions for the wash steps will ordinarily include a temperature of at least about 25° C., more preferably of at least about 42° C., and most preferably of at least about 68° C. In a preferred embodi-

ment, wash steps will occur at 25° C. in 30 mM NaCl, 3 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1 % SDS. In a more preferred embodiment, wash steps will occur at 42° C. in 15 mM NaCl, 1.5 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS. In a most preferred embodiment, wash steps will occur at 68° C. in 15 mM NaCl, 1.5 mM trisodium citrate, and 0.1% SDS. Additional variations on these conditions will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art. Hybridization techniques are well known to those skilled in the art and are described, for example, in Benton and Davis (*Science* 196:180, 1977); Grunstein and Hogness (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA* 72:3961, 1975); Ausubel et al. (*Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, Wiley Interscience, New York, 2001); Berger and Kimmel (*Guide to Molecular Cloning Techniques*, 1987, Academic Press, New York); and Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York.

By "increase" is meant the ability to cause an overall increase preferably of 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or greater, in the level of polypeptide or nucleic acid, detected by the aforementioned assays (see "expression") or the biological activity of the polypeptide, detected by the aforementioned assays (see "biological activity"), as compared to a reference sample.

By "intrauterine growth retardation (IUGR)" is meant a syndrome resulting in a birth weight which is less than 10 percent of the predicted fetal weight for the gestational age of the fetus. The current World Health Organization criterion for low birth weight is a weight less than 2,500 gm (5 lbs. 8 oz.) or below the 10th percentile for gestational age according to U.S. tables of birth weight for gestational age by race, parity, and infant sex (Zhang and Bowes, *Obstet. Gynecol.* 86:200-208, 1995). These low birth weight babies are also referred to as "small for gestational age (SGA)." Pre-eclampsia is a condition known to be associated with IUGR or SGA.

By "metric" is meant a measure. A metric may be used, for example, to compare the levels of a polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule of the invention. Exemplary metrics include, but are not limited to, mathematical formulas or algorithms, such as ratios. Depending on the metric that is used, the diagnostic indicator of eclampsia or pre-eclampsia may be significantly above or below a value using the same metric with a reference sample or level (e.g., from a control subject not having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia). The metric to be used is that which best discriminates between levels of a polypeptide or nucleic acid molecule of the invention, and/or soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, or any combination thereof, in a subject having pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, and a reference sample or level. For example, the metric can be a pre-eclampsia anti-angiogenic index (PAAI): [sFlt-1/VEGF +PlGF], a soluble endoglin anti-angiogenic index: (sFlt-1+0.25(soluble endoglin polypeptide))/PlGF, sFlt 1/PlGF, (sFlt1+soluble endoglin)/PlGF, (sFlt1+soluble endoglin+follistatin related protein)/PlGF, or any combination thereof. Some examples of metrics that are useful are described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577.

By a "nucleobase oligomer" is meant a compound that includes a chain of at least eight nucleobases, preferably at least twelve, and most preferably at least sixteen bases, joined together by linkage groups. Included in this definition are natural and non-natural oligonucleotides, both modified and

unmodified, as well as oligonucleotide mimetics such as Protein Nucleic Acids, locked nucleic acids, and arabinonucleic acids. Examples of numerous nucleobases and linkage groups that may be used in the nucleobase oligomers of the invention, can be found in U.S. Patent Application Publications Nos. 20030114412, paragraphs [0030] to [0046] and 20030114407, paragraphs [0036] to [0055], and 20030190659, paragraphs [0083] to [0106], herein incorporated by reference.

By "operably linked" is meant that a gene and a regulatory sequence(s) are connected in such a way as to permit gene expression when the appropriate molecules (e.g., transcriptional activator proteins) are bound to the regulatory sequence(s).

By "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" is meant a carrier that is physiologically acceptable to the treated mammal while retaining the therapeutic properties of the compound with which it is administered. One exemplary pharmaceutically acceptable carrier substance is physiological saline. Other physiologically acceptable carriers and their formulations are known to one skilled in the art and described, for example, in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, (20th edition), ed. A. Gennaro, 2000, Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia, Pa.

By "polymorphism" is meant a genetic variation, mutation, deletion or addition in a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide of the invention that is indicative of a predisposition to develop a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. A polymorphism may be present in the promoter sequence, an open reading frame, intronic sequence, or untranslated 3' region of a gene.

By "pregnancy related hypertensive disorder" is meant any condition or disease or pregnancy that is associated with or characterized by an increase in blood pressure. Included among these conditions are pre-eclampsia (including premature pre-eclampsia, severe pre-eclampsia), eclampsia, gestational hypertension, HELLP syndrome, (hemolysis, elevated liver enzymes, low platelets), abruptio placenta, chronic hypertension, pregnancy with intra uterine growth restriction, and pregnancy with a small for gestational age (SGA) infant. It should be noted that although pregnancy with a SGA infant is not often associated with hypertension, it is included in this definition.

By "pre-eclampsia" is meant the multi-system disorder that is characterized by hypertension with proteinuria or edema, or both, glomerular dysfunction, brain edema, liver edema, or coagulation abnormalities due to pregnancy or the influence of a recent pregnancy. Pre-eclampsia generally occurs after the 20th week of gestation. Pre-eclampsia is generally defined as some combination of the following symptoms: (1) a systolic blood pressure (BP) >140 mmHg and a diastolic BP >90 mmHg after 20 weeks gestation (generally measured on two occasions, 4-168 hours apart), (2) new onset proteinuria (1+ by dipstick on urinalysis, >300mg of protein in a 24-hour urine collection, or a single random urine sample having a protein/creatinine ratio >0.3), and (3) resolution of hypertension and proteinuria by 12 weeks postpartum. Severe pre-eclampsia is generally defined as (1) a diastolic BP >110 mmHg (generally measured on two occasions, 4-168 hours apart) or (2) proteinuria characterized by a measurement of 3.5 g or more protein in a 24-hour urine collection or two random urine specimens with at least 3+ protein by dipstick. In pre-eclampsia, hypertension and proteinuria generally occur within seven days of each other. In severe pre-eclampsia, severe hypertension, severe proteinuria and HELLP syndrome (hemolysis, elevated liver enzymes, low platelets) or eclampsia can occur simultaneously or only one symptom at

a time. Occasionally, severe pre-eclampsia can lead to the development of seizures. This severe form of the syndrome is referred to as "eclampsia." Eclampsia can also include dysfunction or damage to several organs or tissues such as the liver (e.g., hepatocellular damage, periportal necrosis) and the central nervous system (e.g., cerebral edema and cerebral hemorrhage). The etiology of the seizures is thought to be secondary to the development of cerebral edema and focal spasm of small blood vessels in the kidney.

By "pre-eclampsia anti-angiogenesis index (PAAI)" is meant the ratio of sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF used as an indicator of anti-angiogenic activity. A PAAI greater than 10, more preferably greater than 20, is considered to be indicative of pre-eclampsia or risk of pre-eclampsia.

By "premature pre-eclampsia" is meant pre-eclampsia with onset of symptoms <37 weeks or <34 weeks.

By "protein" or "polypeptide" or "polypeptide fragment" is meant any chain of more than two amino acids, regardless of post-translational modification (e.g., glycosylation or phosphorylation), constituting all or part of a naturally occurring polypeptide or peptide, or constituting a non-naturally occurring polypeptide or peptide.

By "polypeptide of the invention" is meant any of the following secreted polypeptides where the number in parenthesis indicates the GenBank accession number for the polypeptide: follistatin related protein (FLRG, U76702), interleukin 8 (IL-8, M28130), inhibin A (M13981), VEGF-C (U43142), angiogenin (M11567), beta fertilin (U38805), hypothetical protein (AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein (LAIR-2, AF013250), erythroid differentiation protein (J03634), adipogenesis inhibitory factor (X58377), corticotropin releasing factor binding protein (CRF-BP, X58022), alpha-I anti-chymotrypsin (X68733), insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (IGFBP-5, L27559), CD33L (D86358), cytokine receptor like factor 1 (CRLF1, AF059293), platelet derived endothelial growth factor (ECGF-1, NP_001953), lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2 (PLOD2, U84573), stanniocalcin precursor (U25997), secreted frizzled related protein (AF056087), galectin -3 (NM_002306), alpha defensin (L12691), ADAM-TS3 (AB002364), cholecystokinin precursor (AW043690), interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor (AF030514), and azurocidin (M96326); or any of the following intracellular polypeptides sperminine oxidase (U01134), UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28 (AF091582), neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2 (X63759), neutral endopeptidase (J03779), CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2 (X54942) and beta glucosidase (J03060), lanosterol synthase (U22526), calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase (AI688589), estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H (X86816), chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1 (U27699), tyrosinase-related protein 1 (M2068 1), hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase (AL08015 1), dihydropyrimidinase-like-4 (J03634) and cytochrome P450-family 11 (D84361). Included in this definition are splice variants, isoforms, homologs, degradation products, and fragments of any of the above polypeptides.

By "reference sample" is meant any sample, standard, or level that is used for comparison purposes. A "normal reference sample" can be a prior sample taken from the same subject, a sample from a pregnant subject not having any pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, a sample from a pregnant subject not having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, a subject that is pregnant but the sample was taken early in pregnancy (e.g., in the first or second

trimester or before the detection of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia), a subject that is pregnant and has no history of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, a subject that is not pregnant, a sample of a purified reference polypeptide at a known normal concentration (i.e., not indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia). By "reference standard or level" is meant a value or number derived from a reference sample. A normal reference standard or level can be a value or number derived from a normal subject that is matched to the sample subject by at least one of the following criteria: gestational age of the fetus, maternal age, maternal blood pressure prior to pregnancy, maternal blood pressure during pregnancy, BMI of the mother, weight of the fetus, prior diagnosis of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, and a family history of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. A "positive reference" sample, standard or value is a sample or value or number derived from a subject that is known to have a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, that is matched to the sample subject by at least one of the following criteria: gestational age of the fetus, maternal age, maternal blood pressure prior to pregnancy, maternal blood pressure during pregnancy, BMI of the mother, weight of the fetus, prior diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, and a family history of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder.

By "reduce or inhibit" is meant the ability to cause an overall decrease preferably of 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more in the level of polypeptide or nucleic acid, detected by the aforementioned assays (see "expression") or the biological activity of the polypeptide, detected by the aforementioned assays (see "biological activity"), as compared to a reference sample or a sample not treated with antisense nucleobase oligomers, dsRNA, or siRNA used for RNA interference.

By "sample" is meant a tissue biopsy, cell, bodily fluid (e.g., blood, serum, plasma, urine, saliva, amniotic fluid, or cerebrospinal fluid) or other specimen obtained from a subject. Desirably, the biological sample includes polypeptides of the invention or nucleic acid molecules encoding polypeptides of the invention or both.

By "small interfering RNAs (siRNAs)" is meant a nucleobase oligomer that is preferably a dsRNA molecule, and is preferably greater than 10 nucleotides (nt) in length, more preferably greater than 15 nucleotides in length, and most preferably greater than 19 nucleotides in length that is used to identify the target gene or mRNA to be degraded. Desirably, the siRNA is at least 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 100% complementary to 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 35, 45, 50 nucleotides of the desired nucleic acid sequence. A range of 19-25 nucleotides is the most preferred size for siRNAs. siRNAs can also include short hairpin RNA (shRNA) in which both strands of an siRNA duplex are included within a single RNA molecule. siRNA includes any form of dsRNA (proteolytically cleaved products of larger dsRNA, partially purified RNA, essentially pure RNA, synthetic RNA, recombinantly produced RNA) as well as altered RNA that differs from naturally occurring RNA by the addition, deletion, substitution, and/or alteration of one or more nucleotides. Such alterations can include the addition of non-nucleotide material, such as to the end(s) of the 21 to 23 nt RNA or internally (at one or more nucleotides of the RNA). In a preferred embodiment, the RNA molecules contain a 3' hydroxyl group. Nucleotides in the RNA molecules of the present invention can also comprise non-standard nucleotides, including non-naturally occurring nucleotides or deoxyribo-

nucleotides. Collectively, all such altered RNAs are referred to as analogs of RNA. siRNAs of the present invention need only be sufficiently similar to natural RNA that it has the ability to mediate RNA interference (RNAi). As used herein, RNAi refers to the ATP-dependent targeted cleavage and degradation of a specific mRNA molecule through the introduction of small interfering RNAs or dsRNAs into a cell or an organism. As used herein "mediate RNAi" refers to the ability to distinguish or identify which RNAs are to be degraded.

By "specifically binds" is meant a compound or antibody which recognizes and binds a polypeptide of the invention but that does not substantially recognize and bind other molecules in a sample, for example, a biological sample, which naturally includes a polypeptide of the invention.

By "subject" is meant a mammal, including, but not limited to, a human or non-human mammal, such as a bovine, equine, canine, ovine, or feline. Included in this definition are pregnant, post-partum, and non-pregnant mammals.

By "substantially identical" is meant a nucleic acid or amino acid sequence that, when optimally aligned, for example using the methods described below, share at least 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% sequence identity with a second nucleic acid or amino acid sequence, e.g., an endoglin or soluble endoglin sequence. "Substantial identity" may be used to refer to various types and lengths of sequence, such as full-length sequence, epitopes or immunogenic peptides, functional domains, coding and/or regulatory sequences, exons, introns, promoters, and genomic sequences. Percent identity between two polypeptides or nucleic acid sequences is determined in various ways that are within the skill in the art, for instance, using publicly available computer software such as Smith Waterman Alignment (Smith, T. F. and M. S. Waterman (1981) *J. Mol. Biol.* 147:195-7); "Best Fit" (Smith and Waterman, *Advances in Applied Mathematics*, 482-489 (1981)) as incorporated into GeneMatcher Plus™, Schwarz and Dayhof (1979) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, Dayhof, M. O., Ed pp 353-358; BLAST program (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool; (Altschul, S. F., W. Gish, et al. (1990) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215: 403-10), BLAST-2, BLAST-P, BLAST-N, BLAST-X, WU-BLAST-2, ALIGN, ALIGN-2, CLUSTAL, or Megalign (DNASTAR) software. In addition, those skilled in the art can determine appropriate parameters for measuring alignment, including any algorithms needed to achieve maximal alignment over the length of the sequences being compared. In general, for proteins, the length of comparison sequences will be at least 6 amino acids, preferably 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, or 500 amino acids or more up to the entire length of the protein. For nucleic acids, the length of comparison sequences will generally be at least 18, 25, 50, 100, 125, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 800, 900, 1000, 1100, 1200, or at least 1500 nucleotides or more up to the entire length of the nucleic acid molecule. It is understood that for the purposes of determining sequence identity when comparing a DNA sequence to an RNA sequence, a thymine nucleotide is equivalent to a uracil nucleotide. Conservative substitutions typically include substitutions within the following groups: glycine, alanine; valine, isoleucine, leucine; aspartic acid, glutamic acid, asparagine, glutamine; serine, threonine; lysine, arginine; and phenylalanine, tyrosine.

By "substrate" or "solid support" is meant any material that can be modified to contain discrete individual sites appropriate for the attachment or association of the nucleic acid probes, polypeptides, or polypeptide binding molecules of the invention and is amenable to at least one detection

method. As will be appreciated by those in the art, the number of possible substrates are very large, and include, but are not limited to, glass and modified or functionalized glass, plastics (including acrylics, polystyrene and copolymers of styrene and other materials, polypropylene, polyethylene, polybutylene, polyurethanes, Teflon, etc.), polysaccharides, nylon or nitrocellulose, resins, silica or silica-based materials including silicon and modified silicon, carbon, metals, etc. In general, the substrates allow optical detection and have low background fluorescence.

By "symptoms of pre-eclampsia" is meant any of the following: (1) a systolic blood pressure (BP) >140 mmHg and a diastolic BP >90 mmHg after 20 weeks gestation, (2) new onset proteinuria (1+ by dipstick on urinalysis, >300 mg of protein in a 24 hour urine collection, or random urine protein/creatinine ratio >0.3), and (3) resolution of hypertension and proteinuria by 12 weeks postpartum. The symptoms of pre-eclampsia can also include renal dysfunction and glomerular endotheliosis or hypertrophy. By "symptoms of eclampsia" is meant the development of any of the following symptoms due to pregnancy or the influence of a recent pregnancy: seizures, coma, thrombocytopenia, liver edema, pulmonary edema, and cerebral edema.

By "therapeutic amount" is meant an amount that when administered to a patient suffering from a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, is sufficient to cause a qualitative or quantitative reduction in the symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder as described herein. A therapeutic amount can also mean an amount that when administered to a patient suffering from a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, is sufficient to cause a reduction in the expression levels of any one or more of the following: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 antichymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta glucosidase. A therapeutic amount can also mean an amount that when administered to a patient suffering from a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, is sufficient to cause an increase in the expression levels of any one or more of the following: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. Assays for the measurement of the expression levels of polypeptides or a nucleic acid encoding the above polypeptides are known in the art, some of which are described herein.

By "treating" is meant administering a compound or a pharmaceutical composition for prophylactic and/or therapeutic purposes. To "treat disease" or use for "therapeutic treatment" refers to administering treatment to a subject already suffering from a disease to improve the subject's condition. Preferably, the subject is diagnosed as suffering

from a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, based on identification of any of the characteristic symptoms described below or the use of the diagnostic methods described herein. To "prevent disease" refers to prophylactic treatment of a subject who is not yet ill, but who is susceptible to, or otherwise at risk of, developing a particular disease. Preferably a subject is determined to be at risk of developing a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, using the diagnostic methods described herein. Thus, in the claims and embodiments, treating is the administration to a mammal either for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes.

By "trophoblast" is meant the mesectodermal cell layer covering the blastocyst that erodes the uterine mucosa and through which the embryo receives nourishment from the mother; the cells contribute to the formation of the placenta.

By "vector" is meant a DNA molecule, usually derived from a plasmid or bacteriophage, into which fragments of DNA may be inserted or cloned. A recombinant vector will contain one or more unique restriction sites, and may be capable of autonomous replication in a defined host or vehicle organism such that the cloned sequence is reproducible. A vector contains a promoter operably linked to a gene or coding region such that, upon transfection into a recipient cell, an RNA is expressed.

Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description of the preferred embodiments thereof, and from the claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The patent or application file contains at least one drawing executed in color. Copies of this patent or patent application publication with color drawing(s) will be provided by the Office upon request and payment of the necessary fee.

FIG. 1 is a graph showing the cumulative distribution function (CDF) for expression ratio greater than 1.0. Software BADGE (Bayesian Analysis of Gene Expression) v1.0 implements a Bayesian approach to identify differentially expressed genes across different experimental conditions. The genes are ranked in order of the conditional probability of increased fold expression given the expression data; the null probability value is 0.5. The ideal CDF has most genes near the null probability value, and few genes have high or low probabilities. For an expected false positive rate of 0.5%, we selected 78 genes, 42 upregulated and 36 downregulated.

FIG. 2 is a colormap showing a predictive gene set in normal versus preeclamptic placenta based on mRNA expression using the BADGE program. Rows represent predictive genes for pre-eclampsia while columns represent expression levels for a given patient relative to the average gene expression. The expected false positive rate of 1.0% yields a predictive gene set of 127 genes, with 65 upregulated and 62 downregulated respectively. Significantly upregulated genes include soluble fms-like tyrosine kinase I and follistatin-related protein. mRNA expression profile from 3 pre-term placentas are also shown as additional controls.

FIG. 3 shows a hierarchical clustering of the affymetrix patient data using Cluster and Treeview, (by Michael Eisen, Stanford University). The samples labeled as P are preeclamptic patients and the samples labeled as N are normal pregnant patients. The dataset was filtered from 12625 to 3564 genes using presence and expression criteria, and the resulting set was median-centered and normalized for genes and arrays. We used hierarchical clustering to analyze possible classes in genes. The cluster includes sFlt1 along with other genes confirmed in literature.

FIG. 4 is an autoradiogram showing mRNA expression of Flt-1 and sFlt-1 in pre-eclampsia. mRNA expression of placental sFlt-1 from 3 patients with pre-eclampsia (P1, P2, P3) and three normotensive term pregnancies (N1, N2, N3) were determined by northern blot analysis. The higher band (7.5 kb) is the full length Flt-1 mRNA and the lower, more abundant band (3.4 kb) is the alternatively spliced sFlt-1 mRNA. Actin is included as a control and 28S is shown as arrowhead.

FIG. 5 is a set of images showing the immunohistochemistry of Flt-1 expression in normal and preeclamptic placentas. A monoclonal antibody against human Flt-1 was used for these experiments. The data shown here demonstrates increased expression of Flt-1 by the syncytiotrophoblasts of the preeclamptic placenta.

FIG. 6A shows the amino acid sequence of follistatin related protein (FLRG) (SEQ ID NO: 1). FIG. 6B shows the DNA sequence of follistatin related protein (FLRG) (SEQ ID NO: 2).

FIG. 7A shows the amino acid sequence of interleukin 8 (SEQ ID NO: 3). FIG. 7B shows the DNA sequence of interleukin 8 (SEQ ID NO: 4).

FIG. 8A shows the amino acid sequence of inhibin A (SEQ ID NO: 5). FIG. 8B shows the DNA sequence of inhibin A (SEQ ID NO: 6).

FIG. 9A shows the amino acid sequence of VEGF-C (SEQ ID NO: 7). FIG. 9B shows the DNA sequence of VEGF-C (SEQ ID NO: 8).

FIG. 10A shows the amino acid sequence of angiogenin (SEQ ID NO: 9). FIG. 10B shows the DNA sequence of angiogenin (SEQ ID NO: 10).

FIG. 11A shows the amino acid sequence of beta fertilin (SEQ ID NO: 11). FIG. 11B shows the DNA sequence of beta fertilin (SEQ ID NO: 12).

FIG. 12 shows the DNA sequence of hypothetical protein (SEQ ID NO: 13).

FIG. 13A shows the amino acid sequence of leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein (SEQ ID NO: 14). FIG. 13B shows the DNA sequence of leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein (SEQ ID NO: 15).

FIG. 14A shows the amino acid sequence of erythroid differentiation protein (SEQ ID NO: 16). FIG. 14B shows the DNA sequence of erythroid differentiation protein (SEQ ID NO: 17).

FIG. 15A shows the amino acid sequence of adipogenesis inhibitory factor (SEQ ID NO: 18). FIG. 15B shows the DNA sequence of adipogenesis inhibitory factor (SEQ ID NO: 19).

FIG. 16A shows the amino acid sequence of corticotropin releasing factor binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 20). FIG. 16B shows the DNA sequence of corticotropin releasing factor binding protein (SEQ ID NO: 21).

FIG. 17A shows the amino acid sequence of alpha-1 antichymotrypsin (SEQ ID NO: 22). FIG. 17B shows the DNA sequence of alpha-1 antichymotrypsin (SEQ ID NO: 23).

FIG. 18A shows the amino acid sequence of insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (SEQ ID NO: 24). FIG. 18B shows the DNA sequence of insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 (SEQ ID NO: 25).

FIG. 19 shows the amino acid sequence of CD33L (SEQ ID NO: 26).

FIG. 20A shows the amino acid sequence of cytokine receptor like factor 1 (SEQ ID NO: 27). FIG. 20B shows the DNA sequence of cytokine receptor like factor 1 (SEQ ID NO: 28).

FIG. 21 shows the amino acid sequence of platelet derived endothelial growth factor (SEQ ID NO: 29).

FIG. 22A shows the amino acid sequence of lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2 (SEQ ID NO: 30). FIG. 22B shows the DNA sequence of lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2 (SEQ ID NO: 31).

FIG. 23A shows the amino acid sequence of stanniocalcin precursor (SEQ ID NO: 32). FIG. 23B shows the DNA sequence of stanniocalcin precursor (SEQ ID NO: 33).

FIG. 24A shows the amino acid sequence of secreted frizzled related protein (SEQ ID NO: 34). FIG. 24B shows the DNA sequence of secreted frizzled related protein (SEQ ID NO: 35).

FIG. 25A shows the amino acid sequence of galectin-3 (SEQ ID NO: 36). FIG. 25B shows the DNA sequence of galectin-3 (SEQ ID NO: 37).

FIG. 26A shows the amino acid sequence of alpha defensin (SEQ ID NO: 38). FIG. 26B shows the DNA sequence of alpha defensin (SEQ ID NO: 39).

FIG. 27A shows the amino acid sequence of ADAM-TS3 (SEQ ID NO: 40). FIG. 27B shows the DNA sequence of ADAM-TS3 (SEQ ID NO: 41).

FIG. 28 shows the DNA sequence of cholecystokinin precursor (SEQ ID NO: 42).

FIG. 29A shows the amino acid sequence of interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor (SEQ ID NO: 43). FIG. 29B shows the DNA sequence of interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor (SEQ ID NO: 44).

FIG. 30A shows the amino acid sequence of azurocidin (SEQ ID NO: 45). FIG. 30B shows the DNA sequence of azurocidin (SEQ ID NO: 46).

FIG. 31 A shows the amino acid sequence of spermine oxidase (SEQ ID NO: 47). FIG. 31 B shows the DNA sequence of spermine oxidase (SEQ ID NO: 48).

FIG. 32A shows the amino acid sequence of UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28 (SEQ ID NO: 49). FIG. 32B shows the DNA sequence of UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28 (SEQ ID NO: 50).

FIG. 33A shows the amino acid sequence of neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2 (SEQ ID NO: 51). FIG. 33B shows the DNA sequence of neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2 (SEQ ID NO: 52).

FIG. 34A shows the amino acid sequence of neutral endopeptidase (SEQ ID NO: 53). FIG. 34B shows the DNA sequence of neutral endopeptidase (SEQ ID NO: 54).

FIG. 35A shows the amino acid sequence of CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2 (SEQ ID NO: 55). FIG. 35B shows the DNA sequence of CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2 (SEQ ID NO: 56).

FIG. 36 shows the DNA sequence of beta glucosidase (SEQ ID NO: 57).

FIG. 37A shows the amino acid sequence of lanosterol synthase (SEQ ID NO: 58). FIG. 37B shows the DNA sequence of lanosterol synthase (SEQ ID NO: 59).

FIG. 38 shows the DNA sequence of calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase (SEQ ID NO: 60).

FIG. 39 shows the DNA sequence of estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H (SEQ ID NO: 61).

FIG. 40A shows the amino acid sequence of chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1 (SEQ ID NO: 62). FIG. 40B shows the DNA sequence of chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1 (SEQ ID NO: 63).

FIG. 41A shows the amino acid sequence of tyrosinase-related protein 1 (SEQ ID NO: 64). FIG. 41B shows the DNA sequence of tyrosinase-related protein 1 (SEQ ID NO: 65).

FIG. 42 shows the DNA sequence of hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase (SEQ ID NO: 66).

FIG. 43A shows the amino acid sequence of dihydropyrimidinase-like-4 (SEQ ID NO: 67). FIG. 43B shows the DNA sequence of dihydropyrimidinase-like-4 (SEQ ID NO: 68).

FIG. 44 shows the amino acid sequence of cytochrome P450 family 11 (SEQ ID NO: 69).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In order to identify secreted factors involved in the pathogenesis of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia, we performed gene expression profiling of placental tissue from 19 women with pre-eclampsia and 15 normotensive pregnant women using Affymetrix U95A microarray chips. Data were analyzed using the computer program BADGE (Bayesian Analysis of Differential Gene Expression version 1.0) (<http://genomethods.org/badge>) (see Ramoni and Sebastiani, in Berthold and Hand eds. *Intelligent Data Analysis: An Introduction*, Springer, New York, N.Y. (1999)) and hierarchical clustering analysis (Eisen et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.*, 95:14863-8 (1998)) to identify differentially expressed genes across experimental conditions. We discovered that the gene encoding the following secreted polypeptides showed increased expression in blood samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3. We also discovered that expression levels of the genes encoding the following secreted polypeptides were decreased in blood samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin. In addition, we also discovered that genes encoding the following intracellular polypeptides or enzymes showed increased expression in placentas from women with pre-eclampsia: sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta glucosidase. Genes encoding the following intracellular gene polypeptides showed decreased expression in placentas from women with pre-eclampsia: lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11.

For the purposes of the descriptions below, all of the polypeptides described above are collectively referred to as "the polypeptides of the invention." While the detailed description presented herein refers specifically to polypeptides associated with specific GenBank accession numbers, it will be clear to one skilled in the art that the detailed description can also apply to family members, isoforms, homologs, fragments, and/or variants or the specified polypeptides.

We have also discovered therapeutic agents that reduce the expression or biological activity of any one or more of the following polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogen-

esis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin -3, or agents that increase the expression levels or biological activity of any one or more of the following polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, or azurocidin, can be used to treat or prevent pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in a subject. Such agents include, but are not limited to, antibodies, nucleobase oligomers for antisense or RNAi, purified natural or synthetic compounds, chemical compounds, and small molecules.

The invention also features methods for measuring levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention or a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention as a detection tool for early diagnosis and management of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Diagnostics

The present invention features assays based on the detection of at least one of the polypeptides of the invention to diagnose pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions. The present invention also features diagnostic assays based on the detection of at least two, at least three, at least four, or at least five or more polypeptides of the invention to diagnose pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a predisposition to such conditions. Levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention (either free, bound, or total levels) are measured in a subject sample and used as an indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a predisposition to such conditions. The diagnostic methods can also be combined with methods to detect levels of any additional markers of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, such as soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF. In one embodiment, a metric incorporating the levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention, soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF, or any combination thereof, is used to determine whether a relationship between levels of at least two of the polypeptides is indicative of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Standard methods may be used to measure levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention in any bodily fluid, including, but not limited to, urine, blood, serum, plasma, saliva, amniotic fluid, or cerebrospinal fluid. Such methods include immunoassay, ELISA, western blotting using antibodies directed to the polypeptide of the invention and quantitative enzyme immunoassay techniques such as those described in Ong et al. (*Obstet. Gynecol.* 98:608-611, 2001) and Su et al. (*Obstet. Gynecol.*, 97:898-904, 2001). ELISA assays are the preferred method for measuring levels of a polypeptide of the invention. In preferred embodiments, the level of follistatin related protein, inhibin-A, beta fertilin, or insulin-like growth factor binding protein -5 is measured. In additional preferred embodiments, the body mass index (BMI) and gestational age of the fetus is also measured and included the diagnostic metric. For example, if the level of any of the following polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-

like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3 is increased (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or more), relative to a reference sample, this is considered a positive indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In another example, if the levels of any one of the following proteins: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin is decreased (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more), relative to a reference sample, this is considered a positive indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Metrics measuring the levels of sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, and/or soluble endoglin can also be used in combination with any of the diagnostic methods of the invention. For example, the PAAI (sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF) is used, in combination with measurement of any one or more polypeptides of the invention, as an anti-angiogenic index that is diagnostic of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions. The PAAI (sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF) ratio is merely one example of a useful metric that may be used as a diagnostic indicator. It is not intended to limit the invention. Another example is the following soluble endoglin anti-angiogenic index: $(sFlt-1 + 0.25(\text{soluble endoglin polypeptide}))/PlGF$. Virtually any metric that detects an alteration in the levels of any polypeptide of the invention, soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, PlGF, or VEGF, or any combination thereof, in a subject relative to a reference sample may be used as a diagnostic indicator. One example of a metric that can be used in the diagnostic methods of the invention is $(sFlt-1 + \text{soluble endoglin} + \text{follistatin related protein})/PlGF$.

Expression levels of particular nucleic acids or polypeptides may be correlated with a particular disease state (e.g., pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia), and thus are useful in diagnosis. Oligonucleotides or longer fragments derived from a nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide of the invention may be used as a probe not only to monitor expression, but also to identify subjects having a genetic variation, mutation, or polymorphism in a nucleic acid molecule, encoding a polypeptide of the invention, that is indicative of a predisposition to develop the conditions. These polymorphisms may affect nucleic acid or polypeptide expression levels or biological activity. Detection of genetic variation, mutation, or polymorphism relative to a normal, reference sample can be used as a diagnostic indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a predisposition to develop such disorders.

Such genetic alterations may be present in the promoter sequence, an open reading frame, intronic sequence, or untranslated 3' region of a gene. Information related to genetic alterations can be used to diagnose a subject as having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a predisposition to develop such conditions. As noted throughout, specific alterations in the levels of biological activity of any polypeptide of the invention or any combination thereof, can be correlated with the likelihood of developing a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the predisposition to the same. As a result, one skilled in the art, having detected a given mutation, can then assay one or more of the biological

activities of the polypeptide to determine if the mutation causes or increases the likelihood of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In one embodiment, a subject having pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such conditions will show an alteration in the expression of a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention. Methods for detecting such alterations in nucleic acids are standard in the art and are described in Ausubel et al., supra. In one example northern blotting or real-time PCR is used to detect mRNA levels for a nucleic acid encoding any polypeptide of the invention.

In another embodiment, hybridization with PCR probes that are capable of detecting a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide of the invention, including genomic sequences, or closely related molecules, may be used to hybridize to a nucleic acid sequence derived from a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or at risk of developing such conditions. The specificity of the probe, whether it is made from a highly specific region, e.g., the 5' regulatory region, or from a less specific region, e.g., a conserved motif, and the stringency of the hybridization or amplification (maximal, high, intermediate, or low), determine whether the probe hybridizes to a naturally occurring sequence, allelic variants, or other related sequences. Hybridization techniques may be used to identify mutations indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or may be used to monitor expression levels of a gene encoding a polypeptide of the invention (for example, by Northern analysis, Ausubel et al., supra).

A subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such conditions will show an increase relative to a reference sample or level (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) in the expression of a secreted or intracellular polypeptide or a nucleic acid encoding a secreted or intracellular polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-I anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta glucosidase, relative to a reference sample. In another example, a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such conditions will show a decrease (e.g., 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more) relative to a reference sample or level in the expression of a secreted or intracellular polypeptide or a nucleic acid encoding a secreted or intracellular polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11, relative to a reference sample.

A variety of protocols for measuring an alteration in the expression of such polypeptides are known, including immunological methods (such as ELISAs and RIAs), and provide a basis for diagnosing a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a risk of developing such conditions.

In one embodiment, the level of at least one polypeptide or nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention is measured in combination with the level of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF polypeptide or nucleic acid, or any combination thereof. Methods for the measurement of sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, and soluble endoglin are described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

In one example, the measurement of any of the nucleic acids or polypeptides described herein preferably occurs on at least two different occasions and an alteration in the levels over time is used as an indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions. In another example, the measurement of any of the nucleic acids or polypeptides described herein is compared to a reference sample and an alteration as compared to normal reference levels is used as an indicator of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions.

The level of any polypeptide of the invention in the bodily fluids of a subject having pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions may be altered by as little as 10%, 20%, 30%, or 40%, or by as much as 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more relative to the level of the same polypeptide in a reference sample. The level of any polypeptide of the invention in the bodily fluids of a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the propensity to develop such conditions may be altered by as little as 10%, 20%, 30%, or 40%, or by as much as 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more over time from one measurement to the next.

In one embodiment, a subject sample of a bodily fluid (e.g., urine, plasma, serum, amniotic fluid, or cerebrospinal fluid) is collected early in pregnancy prior to the onset of symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In another example, the sample can be a tissue or cell collected early in pregnancy prior to the onset of symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder. Non-limiting examples include placental tissue, placental cells, endothelial cells, and leukocytes such as monocytes. In humans, for example, maternal blood serum samples are collected from the antecubital vein of pregnant women during the first, second, or third trimesters of the pregnancy. Preferably, the assay is carried out during the first trimester, for example, at 4, 6, 8, 10, or 12 weeks, or during the second trimester, for example at 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, or 24 weeks. Such assays may also be conducted at the end of the second trimester or the third trimester, for example at 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, or 40 weeks. It is preferable that levels of one or more polypeptides of the invention be measured twice during this period of time. For the diagnosis of post-partum pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, the assay is carried out postpartum. For the diagnosis of a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, the assay may be carried out prior to the onset of pregnancy. In

one example, for the monitoring and management of therapy, the assay is carried out after the diagnosis of pre-eclampsia but during the pregnancy.

In one particular example, a sample of bodily fluid (e.g., (blood, serum, plasma, urine, amniotic fluid, and cerebrospinal fluid) is collected during pregnancy and the levels of at least one polypeptide of the invention determined by ELISA. In another example, a sample is collected during the second trimester and early in the third trimester and in increase or decrease in the level of a polypeptide of the invention from the first sampling to the next is indicative of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the propensity to develop either. In another particular example, serial blood samples can be collected during pregnancy and the levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention determined by ELISA. In another example, a sample is collected during the second trimester and early in the third trimester and an alteration in the levels of any one or more of the polypeptides of the invention from the first sampling to the next is indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition thereto.

In veterinary practice, assays may be carried out at any time during the pregnancy but are preferably carried out early in pregnancy, prior to the onset of symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. Given that the term of pregnancies varies widely between species, the timing of the assay will be determined by a veterinarian, but will generally correspond to the timing of assays during a human pregnancy.

The diagnostic methods described herein can be used individually or in combination with any other diagnostic method described herein for a more accurate diagnosis of the presence of, severity of, or estimated time of onset of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. For example, the diagnostic methods using the nucleic acids that encode the polypeptides of the invention can be used initially and then increased expression of the polypeptide can be confirmed using standard immunological methods (e.g., western blotting or ELISA). In addition, the diagnostic methods described herein can be used in combination with any other diagnostic methods determined to be useful for the accurate diagnosis of the presence of, severity of, or estimated time of onset of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. The diagnostic methods described herein can also be used to monitor and manage pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in a subject.

Expression level of each polypeptide or nucleic acid encoding polypeptides of the invention may be considered individually, although it is within the scope of the invention to provide combinations of two or more polypeptides of the invention or nucleic acids encoding polypeptides of the invention for use in the methods and compositions of the invention to increase the confidence of the analysis. A panel comprises two or more polypeptides of the invention, or fragments thereof, two or more, 2-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25 or more than 25 nucleic acid molecules, or fragments thereof or complementary nucleic acid molecules, or two or more binding molecules, such as antibodies, that recognize a polypeptide of the invention. In one embodiment, these panels of polypeptides of the invention are selected such that the polypeptides of the invention within any one panel share certain features, such as polypeptides that are shown herein to be increased in samples from pre-eclamptic women. Similarly, different panels of polypeptides of the invention may be composed of polypeptides of the invention representing different stages of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, for

example separate panels for mild-pre-eclampsia, to severe pre-eclampsia, to eclampsia. Panels of the polypeptides of the invention can also include binding molecules (e.g., antibodies) that specifically bind sFlt-1, VEGF, PlGF, and soluble endoglin, and may further be provided on biochips, as discussed below.

Diagnostic Kits

The invention also provides for a diagnostic test kit. The diagnostic test kit includes the components or reagents required to carry out any of the diagnostic assays described above and instructions for the use of the components or reagents to diagnose a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. For example, a diagnostic test kit can include antibodies to any polypeptide of the invention and components required to detect, and more preferably to evaluate, binding between the antibodies and the polypeptide of the invention. Non-limiting examples of antibodies useful in the diagnostic methods and kits of the invention include human FLRG antibody, catalog number AF1288, R&D systems, Minneapolis, Minn. and human secreted frizzled related protein antibody, catalog number AF1384, R&D systems, Minneapolis, Minn. For detection, either the antibody or the polypeptide of the invention is labeled, and either the antibody or the polypeptide of the invention is substrate-bound, such that polypeptide of the invention-antibody interaction can be established by determining the amount of label attached to the substrate following binding between the antibody and the polypeptide of the invention. A conventional ELISA is a common, art-known method for detecting antibody-substrate interaction and can be provided with the kit of the invention. Polypeptides of the invention can be detected in virtually any bodily fluid including, but not limited to urine, serum, plasma, saliva, amniotic fluid, or cerebrospinal fluid. The invention also provides for a diagnostic test kit that includes a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention that can be used to detect and determine levels of nucleic acids encoding a polypeptide of the invention. A kit that determines an alteration in the level of a polypeptide of the invention relative to a reference, such as the level present in a normal control, is useful as a diagnostic kit in the methods of the invention.

The diagnostic kits of the invention can also include antibodies or nucleic acids for the detection of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF polypeptides or nucleic acids as described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577.

Desirably, the kit includes any of the components needed to perform any of the diagnostic methods described above. In one embodiment of the invention, such a kit includes a solid support (e.g., a membrane or a microtiter plate) coated with a primary agent (e.g., an antibody or protein that recognizes the antigen), standard solutions of purified protein for preparation of a standard curve, a body fluid (e.g. serum or urine) control for quality testing of the analytical run, a secondary agent (e.g., a second antibody reactive with a second epitope in the antigen to be detected or an antibody or protein that recognizes the primary antibody) conjugated to a label or an enzyme such as horse radish peroxidase or otherwise labeled, a substrate solution, a stopping solution, a washing buffer and an instruction manual. The membrane can be supported on a dipstick structure where the sample is deposited on the membrane by placing the dipstick structure into the sample or the membrane can be supported in a lateral flow cassette where

the sample is deposited on the membrane through an opening in the cassette. The kit can also be in an array format and can include an array of polypeptides of the invention or binding molecules that specifically bind polypeptides of the invention arranged on a biochip, such as, for example, a GeneChip™.

The diagnostic kits also generally include a label or instructions for the intended use of the kit components and a reference sample or purified proteins to be used to establish a standard curve. In one example, the kit contains instructions for the use of the kit for the diagnosis of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the propensity to develop pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In yet another example, the kit contains instructions for the use of the kit to monitor therapeutic treatment or dosage regimens for the treatment of pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. It will be understood that the reference sample values will depend on the intended use of the kit. For example, the sample can be compared to a normal reference value, wherein an alteration in the levels of one or more of the polypeptides of the invention or a metric using levels of one or more of the polypeptides of the invention is indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. In another example, a kit used for therapeutic monitoring can have a reference value that is indicative of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, wherein an alteration in the level of one or more of the polypeptides of the invention or a metric using levels of one or more of the polypeptides of the invention relative to the reference sample can be used to indicate therapeutic efficacy or effective dosages of therapeutic compounds.

Arrays and Biochips

The invention also includes an array comprising a panel of polypeptides of the invention. The array can be used to assay expression of one or more genes or polypeptides in the array.

It will be appreciated by one skilled in the art that the panels of polypeptides of the invention of the invention may be provided on solid supports, as a biochip. For example, polynucleotides may be coupled to an array (e.g., a biochip using GeneChip™ for hybridization analysis), to a resin (e.g., a resin which can be packed into a column for column chromatography), or a matrix (e.g., a nitrocellulose matrix for northern blot analysis). The immobilization of nucleic acid molecules complementary to nucleic acid molecules encoding any of the polypeptides of the invention, either covalently or noncovalently, permits a discrete analysis of the presence or activity of each of the nucleic acid molecules encoding the polypeptides of the invention in a sample. In an array, for example, polynucleotides complementary to each member of a panel of nucleic acid molecules encoding polypeptides of the invention may individually be attached to different, known locations on the array. The array may be hybridized with, for example, polynucleotides extracted from a bodily fluid, tissue, or cell sample from a subject. The hybridization of polynucleotides from the sample with the array at any location on the array can be detected, and thus the presence or quantity of the nucleic acids or transcripts encoding polypeptides of the invention in the sample can be ascertained. In one embodiment, an array based on a biochip is employed. Similarly, immunological analyses may be performed using protein arrays or antibody arrays that include immobilized antibodies or other binding molecules specific for polypeptides of the invention. Such protein arrays can be hybridized with a bodily fluid, tissue, or cell sample, which contains polypeptides of the invention or antibodies to polypeptides of the invention, from a subject. Additional details on examples of

arrays and biochips can be found, for example, in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20050266409, herein incorporated by reference.

Exemplary Binding Molecules and Antibodies

Examples of antibodies and binding proteins that can be used in the diagnostic methods and kits of the invention are described below. The antibodies described below can also be used in the therapeutic methods of the invention and can be modified to increase potency or stability or to reduce reactivity to the antibodies. These examples are intended to illustrate the invention and not to limit the invention in anyway.

Follistatin Related Protein

Follistatin related protein, also known as FLRG, FSRP, FRP, FLS-1, and FSTL1, is a protein related to follistatin. Follistatin is a secreted glycoprotein that binds activin *in vitro* and *in vivo* and inhibits the biological functions of activin. Follistatin related protein also binds to activin with high affinity and is expressed in the basement membrane between the dermis and the epidermis and around blood vessels. The gene encoding follistatin related protein, FLRG, was induced during the wound healing process (Wankell et al., *J. Endocrinol.* 171:385-395 (2001) and Tortoriello et al., *Endocrinology* 142:3426-3434 (2001)).

Activin and other TGF β superfamily members, or fragments thereof, can be used as specific binding molecules to detect follistatin related protein in a biological sample. Exemplary antibodies that specifically bind follistatin related protein that can also be used to detect follistatin related protein in a biological sample include the polyclonal FSRP antibody described in Tortoriello et al., *supra*, and antibodies available from Abnova Corporation (e.g., catalog no. H00010468-A01) and human FLRG antibody, R&D systems (e.g., catalog nos. AF1288 and AF1694).

Inhibin A

Inhibin is a disulfide-linked, dimeric glycoprotein composed of an α -subunit and one of two β -subunits. Inhibin is a member of the TGF β superfamily and is expressed in the adrenal cortex. One hypothesis regarding inhibin action is that inhibin binds the membrane bound serine-threonine kinase ActRII subunit, and blocks the signal generating subunit (ActRI) phosphorylation, thereby antagonizing activin activation. One example of a protein that specifically binds to inhibin A is betaglycan (Vale et al., *Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci.* 1038:142-147 (2004)). Betaglycan, or fragments thereof, can be used as specific binding molecules to detect follistatin related protein in a biological sample. Examples of antibodies, or antigen binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind inhibin A that can also be used to detect inhibin A in a biological sample include antibodies available from Abnova Corp. (e.g., catalog no. H00003624-A01), Abcam (e.g., catalog no. Ab10599, Ab724), and Genetex (e.g., catalog no. GTX10599 and GTX20724), and the antibody described in Rishi et al., *Am. J. Surg. Pathol.* 21:583-589 (1997).

Beta Fertilin

Beta fertilin, also known as fertilin beta, is a sperm protein that is a candidate molecule for mediating the binding and fusion of the sperm and egg plasma membranes. Fertilin is a heterodimer with a beta subunit that has a region of homology to the disintegrin family of integrin ligands and an alpha subunit that has a region of homology to viral fusion peptides. Fertilin alpha and beta have also been shown to interact with the heat shock protein calmagin. (Ikawa et al., *Dev. Biol.* 240:254-261 (2001) and Evans et al., *Dev. Biol.* 187:94-106 (1997)).

Calmagin, or fragments thereof, can be used as specific binding molecules to detect beta fertilin in a biological sample. Examples of antibodies, or antigen binding frag-

ments thereof, that specifically bind beta fertilin that can also be used to detect beta fertilin in a biological sample include the antibodies described in Ikawa et al., *supra*, and antibodies commercially available from Chemicon (e.g., catalog nos. MAB 19292 and 19030) and United States Biological (e.g., catalog no. A0858-070).

Insulin Like Growth Factor Binding Protein-5

Insulin like growth factor binding protein-5, also known as IGFBP-5 or ILGFBP-5, is a member of the superfamily of insulin-like growth factor binding proteins, which are cysteine-rich proteins with conserved cysteine residues clustered in the amino-terminal and the carboxy-terminal regions of the molecule. IGFBP-5 interacts with IGF-I and functions to inhibit the survival effect of IGF-I (Tonner et al., *Development* 129:4547-4557 (2002)) and modulate IGF-I ligand-receptor interactions (Tonner et al., *Adv. Exp. Med. Biol.* 480:45-53 (2000)). Additional IGFBP-5 binding proteins include plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (Tonner et al., *J. Endocrinol.* 167:265-73 (2000)) and alphas2-casein (Tonner et al., *Adv. Exp. Med. Biol.* 480:45-53 (2000)).

IGF, plasminogen activator inhibitor-1, alpha s2-casein, or any fragments thereof, can be used as specific binding molecules to detect IGFBP-5 in a biological sample. Examples of antibodies, or antigen binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind IGFBP-5 that can also be used to detect IGFBP-5 in a biological sample include the antibodies from Diagnostic Systems Laboratories Inc. (e.g., catalog no. R00737), Alpha Diagnostic International (e.g., catalog no. IGFBP5-1s) and Abcam (e.g., catalog no. Ab4257).

Secreted Frizzled Related Protein

The secreted frizzled related proteins are a family of secreted proteins that contain an N-terminal signal peptide, a frizzled-related CRD, and a C-terminal hydrophilic region with some homology to the netrins, but lack evidence of any transmembrane domains.

The secreted frizzled related proteins appear to act as soluble modulators of Wnt signaling, presumably by competing with membrane frizzled receptors for the binding of secreted Wnt ligands.

Any Wnt family member protein, or any fragments thereof, can be used as specific binding molecules to detect secreted frizzled related protein in a biological sample. One example of an antibody that specifically binds secreted frizzled related protein and can be used to detect secreted frizzled related protein in a biological sample is the human secreted frizzled related protein antibody, (catalog no. AF1384) from R&D systems.

Screening Assays

As discussed above, the expression level of one or more polypeptides of the invention or nucleic acids encoding a polypeptide of the invention is altered in a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such conditions. Based on these discoveries, polypeptides of the invention (both intracellular and secreted) are useful for the high-throughput low-cost screening of candidate compounds to identify those that modulate the expression of a polypeptide of the invention or nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide of the invention whose expression is altered in a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Any number of methods are available for carrying out screening assays to identify new candidate compounds that alter the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide of the invention. In one working example, candidate compounds are added at varying concentrations to the culture medium of cultured cells expressing a nucleic acid

sequence encoding a polypeptide of the invention. Exemplary cell cultures include any mammalian, yeast, insect, or bacterial cell cultures. Preferred cell cultures include mammalian cell cultures such as trophoblasts (e.g., BEWO, JAR, and JEG cells) and HUVECs. These cells can then be used to screen for new candidate compounds. Gene expression is then measured, for example, by microarray analysis, Northern blot analysis (Ausubel et al., supra), or RT-PCR, using any appropriate fragment prepared from the nucleic acid molecule as a hybridization probe. The level of gene expression in the presence of the candidate compound is compared to the level measured in a control culture medium lacking the candidate compound. A compound considered to be useful in the invention is one that promotes a decrease in the expression of a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, or a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide, or fragment thereof, selected from the following group of polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein -5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta-glucosidase. Additional useful compounds are compounds that promote an increase in the expression of a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, or a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide, or fragment thereof, selected from the following group of polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin, or the level of any one of the following intracellular polypeptides, or fragments thereof, in a sample from the subject: lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11. Such compounds may be used, for example, as a therapeutic to treat pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject.

In another working example, the effect of candidate compounds may be measured at the level of polypeptide production using the same general approach and standard immunological techniques, such as Western blotting or immunoprecipitation with an antibody specific for a polypeptide of the invention. For example, immunoassays may be used to detect or monitor the expression of at least one of the polypeptides of the invention in an organism. Polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies (produced as described above) that are capable of binding to such a polypeptide may be used in any standard immunoassay format (e.g., ELISA, western blot, or RIA assay) to measure the level of the polypeptide. In some embodiments, a compound that promotes a decrease in the expression or biological activity of a polypeptide of the invention is considered particularly useful. Again, such a molecule may be used, for example, as a therapeutic to delay, ameliorate, or treat the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder in a subject.

In yet another working example, candidate compounds may be screened to identify those that specifically bind to a

polypeptide of the invention. The efficacy of such a candidate compound is dependent upon its ability to interact with such a polypeptide or a functional equivalent thereof. Such an interaction can be readily assayed using any number of standard binding techniques and functional assays (e.g., those described in Ausubel et al., supra). In one embodiment, a candidate compound may be tested *in vitro* for its ability to specifically bind a polypeptide of the invention.

In another working example, a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention is expressed as a transcriptional or translational fusion protein with a detectable reporter, and expressed in an isolated cell (e.g., mammalian or insect cell) under the control of a heterologous promoter, such as an inducible promoter. The cell expressing the fusion protein is then contacted with a candidate compound, and the expression of the detectable reporter in that cell is compared to the expression of the detectable reporter in an untreated control cell. A candidate compound that alters (e.g., increases or decreases) the expression of a polypeptide of the invention fused to a detectable reporter is a compound that is useful for the treatment of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

In one particular working example, a candidate compound that binds to a polypeptide of the invention may be identified using a chromatography-based technique. For example, a recombinant polypeptide of the invention may be purified by standard techniques from cells engineered to express the polypeptide (e.g., those described above) and may be immobilized on a column. A solution of candidate compounds is then passed through the column, and a compound specific for the immobilized polypeptide of the invention is identified on the basis of its ability to bind to the polypeptide and be immobilized on the column. To isolate the compound, the column is washed to remove non-specifically bound molecules, and the compound of interest is then released from the column and collected. Similar methods may be used to isolate a compound bound to a polypeptide microarray. Compounds isolated by this method (or any other appropriate method) may, if desired, be further purified (e.g., by high performance liquid chromatography). In addition, these candidate compounds may be tested for their ability to alter (e.g., increase or decrease) the activity of a polypeptide of the invention. Compounds isolated by this approach may also be used, for example, as therapeutics to treat a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a human subject. Compounds that are identified as binding to a polypeptide of the invention with an affinity constant less than or equal to 10 mM are considered particularly useful in the invention. Alternatively, any *in vivo* protein interaction detection system, for example, any two-hybrid assay may be utilized to identify compounds or proteins that bind to a polypeptide of the invention.

Potential antagonists include organic molecules, peptides, peptide mimetics, polypeptides, nucleic acids, and antibodies that bind to a polypeptide of the invention or a nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide of the invention.

DNA sequences encoding a polypeptide of the invention may also be used in the discovery and development of a therapeutic compound for the treatment of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. The encoded polypeptide, upon expression, can be used as a target for the screening of drugs. Additionally, the DNA sequences encoding the amino terminal regions of the encoded polypeptide or Shine-Delgarno or other translation facilitating sequences may be isolated by standard techniques (Ausubel et al., supra).

Optionally, compounds identified in any of the above-described assays may be confirmed as useful in an assay for compounds that alter (e.g., increase or decrease) the biological activity of a polypeptide of the invention using standard assays such as those described herein.

Small molecules of the invention preferably have a molecular weight below 2,000 daltons, more preferably between 300 and 1,000 daltons, and most preferably between 400 and 700 daltons. It is preferred that these small molecules are organic molecules.

Test compounds and extracts In general, compounds capable of altering (e.g., increasing or decreasing) the activity of a polypeptide of the invention are identified from large libraries of both natural product or synthetic (or semi-synthetic) extracts or chemical libraries or from polypeptide or nucleic acid libraries, according to methods known in the art. Those skilled in the field of drug discovery and development will understand that the precise source of test extracts or compounds is not critical to the screening procedure(s) of the invention. Compounds used in screens may include known compounds (for example, known therapeutics used for other diseases or disorders). Alternatively, virtually any number of unknown chemical extracts or compounds can be screened using the methods described herein. Examples of such extracts or compounds include, but are not limited to, plant-, fungal-, prokaryotic- or animal-based extracts, fermentation broths, and synthetic compounds, as well as modification of existing compounds. Numerous methods are also available for generating random or directed synthesis (e.g., semi-synthesis or total synthesis) of any number of chemical compounds, including, but not limited to, saccharide-, lipid-, peptide-, and nucleic acid-based compounds. Synthetic compound libraries are commercially available from Brandon Associates (Merrimack, N.H.) and Aldrich Chemical (Milwaukee, Wis.). Alternatively, libraries of natural compounds in the form of bacterial, fungal, plant, and animal extracts are commercially available from a number of sources, including Biotics (Sussex, UK), Xenova (Slough, UK), Harbor Branch Oceanographics Institute (Ft. Pierce, Fla.), and PharmaMar, U.S.A. (Cambridge, Mass.). In addition, natural and synthetically produced libraries are produced, if desired, according to methods known in the art, e.g., by standard extraction and fractionation methods. Furthermore, if desired, any library or compound is readily modified using standard chemical, physical, or biochemical methods.

In addition, those skilled in the art of drug discovery and development readily understand that methods for dereplication (e.g., taxonomic dereplication, biological dereplication, and chemical dereplication, or any combination thereof) or the elimination of replicates or repeats of materials already known for their molt-disrupting activity should be employed whenever possible.

When a crude extract is found to alter (e.g., increase or decrease) the activity of a polypeptide of the invention by at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, or more, or to bind to a polypeptide of the invention, further fractionation of the positive lead extract is necessary to isolate chemical constituents responsible for the observed effect. Thus, the goal of the extraction, fractionation, and purification process is the careful characterization and identification of a chemical entity within the crude extract that alters (e.g., increases or decreases) the activity of a polypeptide of the invention. Methods of fractionation and purification of such heterogeneous extracts are known in the art. If desired, compounds shown to be useful as therapeutics for the treatment of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder in a human are chemically modified according to methods known in the art.

Therapeutics

The present invention features methods and compositions for treating or preventing pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, in a subject. We have discovered that levels of follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3 are increased in subjects having pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or predisposition thereto. Therefore, the invention includes methods and agents that decrease the expression levels or biological activity of any one or more of these polypeptides or nucleic acid molecules. Such agents include compounds that downregulate or inhibit the biological activity of any one or more of the above polypeptides; a purified antibody or antigen-binding fragment that specifically binds any one of the above polypeptides; antisense nucleobase oligomers; and dsRNAs targeting any of the above polypeptides. These methods are described in detail below.

We have also discovered that the levels of alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin are decreased in subjects having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to develop such conditions. Therefore, the invention also includes any methods and agents that increase the expression levels or biological activity of any one or more of these polypeptides or nucleic acid molecules. Such agents include compounds that upregulate or increase the biological activity of any one or more of the above polypeptides or purified forms of the polypeptides themselves.

These methods and agents can be combined with any additional therapies for pregnancy related hypertensive disorders such as therapeutics aimed at decreasing sFlt-1 or soluble endoglin levels or increasing VEGF or PlGF levels as described in U.S. Patent Application Publication Numbers 20040126828, 20050025762, and 20050170444; PCT Publication Numbers WO 2004/008946 and WO 2005/077007; and U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/235,577.

In addition to the use of compounds that can increase the levels of any of the above polypeptides in a subject sample, the invention provides for the use of any chronic hypertension medications used in combination with any of the therapeutic methods described herein. Medications used for the treatment of hypertension during pregnancy include methyldopa, hydralazine hydrochloride, or labetalol. For each of these medications, modes of administration and dosages are determined by the physician and by the manufacturer's instructions.

Purified Proteins

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, purified forms of any one or more of the following polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin are administered to the subject in order to treat or prevent pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Purified alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin polypeptides include any polypep-

tide with an amino acid sequence that is homologous, more desirably, substantially identical to the amino acid sequence of alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin, that can induce angiogenesis or that is capable of promoting selective growth of vascular endothelial cells or umbilical vein endothelial cells.

Therapeutic Nucleic Acids

Recent work has shown that the delivery of nucleic acid molecules (e.g., DNA or RNA) capable of expressing an endothelial cell mitogen such as VEGF to the site of a blood vessel injury will induce proliferation and reendothelialization of the injured vessel. While the present invention does not relate to blood vessel injury, these general techniques for the delivery of nucleic acid to endothelial cells can be used in the present invention for the delivery of nucleic acids encoding alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, or azurocidin. These general techniques are described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,830,879 and 6,258,787 and are incorporated herein by reference.

In the present invention, the nucleic acid molecule may be any nucleic acid (e.g., DNA or RNA) including genomic DNA, cDNA, and mRNA, encoding any of the following: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, or azurocidin. The nucleic acids encoding the desired protein may be obtained using routine procedures in the art, e.g. recombinant DNA, PCR amplification.

Modes for Delivering Nucleic Acids

For any of the nucleic acid applications described herein, standard methods for administering nucleic acids can be used. For example, to simplify the manipulation and handling of the nucleic acid encoding any of the following polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, or azurocidin; the nucleic acid is preferably inserted into a cassette where it is operably linked to a promoter. The promoter must be capable of driving expression of the polypeptide in the desired target host cell. The selection of appropriate promoters can readily be accomplished. Preferably, one would use a high expression promoter. An example of a suitable promoter is the 763-base-pair cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter. The Rous sarcoma virus (RSV) (Davis, et al., *Hum. Gene Ther.* 4:151-159, 1993) and mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) promoters may also be used. Certain proteins can be expressed using their native promoter. Other elements that can enhance expression can also be included (e.g., enhancers or a system that results in high levels of expression such as a tat gene and tar element). The recombinant vector can be a plasmid vector such as pUC118, pBR322, or other known plasmid vectors, that includes, for example, an *E. coli* origin of replication (see, Sambrook, et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory press, 1989). The plasmid vector may also include a selectable marker such as the β lactamase gene for ampicillin resistance, provided that the marker polypeptide does not adversely affect the metabolism of the organism being treated. The cassette can also be bound to a nucleic acid binding moiety in a synthetic delivery system, such as the system disclosed in PCT Publication No. WO95/22618.

The nucleic acid can be introduced into the cells by any means appropriate for the vector employed. Many such methods are well known in the art (Sambrook et al., supra, and Watson et al., "Recombinant DNA", Chapter 12, 2d edition, Scientific American Books, 1992). Recombinant vectors can be transferred by methods such as calcium phosphate precipi-

tation, electroporation, liposome-mediated transfection, gene gun, microinjection, viral capsid-mediated transfer, polybrene-mediated transfer, or protoplast fusion. For a review of the procedures for liposome preparation, targeting and delivery of contents, see Mannino and Gould-Fogerite, (*Bio Techniques*, 6:682-690, 1988), Felgner and Holm, (*Bethesda Res. Lab. Focus*, 11:21, 1989) and Maurer (*Bethesda Res. Lab. Focus*, 11:25, 1989).

Transfer of the recombinant vector (either plasmid vector or viral vectors) can be accomplished through direct injection into the amniotic fluid or intravenous delivery.

Gene delivery using adenoviral vectors or adeno-associated vectors (AAV) can also be used. Adenoviruses are present in a large number of animal species, are not very pathogenic, and can replicate equally well in dividing and quiescent cells. As a general rule, adenoviruses used for gene delivery are lacking one or more genes required for viral replication. Replication-defective recombinant adenoviral vectors used for the delivery of a nucleic acid encoding a desired protein, can be produced in accordance with art-known techniques (see Quantin et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 89:2581-2584, 1992; Stratford-Perricadet et al., *J. Clin. Invest.*, 90:626-630, 1992; and Rosenfeld et al., *Cell*, 68:143-155, 1992). For an example of the use of gene therapy in utero see U.S. Pat. No. 6,399,585.

Once transferred, the nucleic acid is expressed by the cells at the site of injury for a period of time sufficient to increase blood serum levels of the desired protein. Because the vectors containing the nucleic acid are not normally incorporated into the genome of the cells, expression of the protein of interest takes place for only a limited time. Typically, the protein is expressed at therapeutic levels for about two days to several weeks, preferably for about one to two weeks. Re-application of the DNA can be utilized to provide additional periods of expression of the therapeutic protein.

Therapeutic Nucleobase Oligomers that Inhibit Protein Expression

The present invention also features the use of nucleobase oligomers to downregulate expression of any of the following: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3.

In one example, the nucleobase oligomer is an antisense nucleobase oligomer. By binding to the complementary nucleic acid sequence (the sense or coding strand), antisense nucleobase oligomers are able to inhibit protein expression presumably through the enzymatic cleavage of the RNA strand by RNase H. Preferably the antisense nucleobase oligomer is capable of reducing expression of one or more of the above polypeptides or nucleic acids encoding one or more of the above polypeptides in a cell that expresses increased levels of that protein. Preferably the decrease in protein expression is at least 10% relative to cells treated with a control nucleobase oligomer, more preferably 25%, and most preferably 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or greater. Methods for selecting and preparing antisense nucleobase oligomers are well known in the art. For an example of the use of antisense nucleobase oligomers to downregulate VEGF expression see U.S. Pat. No. 6,410,322.

Methods for assaying levels of protein expression are also well known in the art and include western blotting, immunoprecipitation, and ELISA.

The present invention also features the use of RNA interference (RNAi) to inhibit expression of any one or more of the following: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3. RNA interference (RNAi) is a mechanism of post-transcriptional gene silencing (PTGS) in which double-stranded RNA (dsRNA) corresponding to a gene or mRNA of interest is introduced into an organism resulting in the degradation of the corresponding mRNA. In the RNAi reaction, both the sense and anti-sense strands of a dsRNA molecule are processed into small RNA fragments or segments ranging in length from 18 to 25 nucleotides, preferably 21 to 23 nucleotides (nt), and having 2-nucleotide 3' tails. Alternatively, synthetic dsRNAs, which are 21 to 23 nt in length and have 2-nucleotide 3' tails, can be synthesized, purified and used in the reaction. These 21 to 23 nt dsRNAs are known as "guide RNAs" or "short interfering RNAs" (siRNAs). dsRNAs or siRNAs that are useful in the present invention are substantially complementary (e.g., at least 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or more) to at least 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, or 25 consecutive nucleotides of a gene encoding any one or more of the following polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3.

The siRNA duplexes then bind to a nuclease complex composed of proteins that target and destroy endogenous mRNAs having homology to the siRNA within the complex. Although the identity of the proteins within the complex remains unclear, the function of the complex is to target the homologous mRNA molecule through base pairing interactions between one of the siRNA strands and the endogenous mRNA. The mRNA is then cleaved approximately 12 nt from the 3' terminus of the siRNA and degraded. In this manner, specific genes can be targeted and degraded, thereby resulting in a loss of protein expression from the targeted gene. siRNAs can also be chemically synthesized or obtained from a company that chemically synthesizes siRNAs (e.g., Pharmakon Research Inc., Pharmacia, or ABI).

General descriptions of the specific requirements and modifications of dsRNA are described in PCT Publication No. WO01/75164. While dsRNA molecules can vary in length, it is most preferable to use siRNA molecules which are 21- to 23-nucleotide dsRNAs with characteristic 2- to 3-nucleotide 3' overhanging ends typically either (2'-deoxy) thymidine or uracil. The siRNAs typically comprise a 3' hydroxyl group. Single stranded siRNA as well as blunt ended forms of dsRNA and shRNA can also be used. In order to further enhance the stability of the RNA, the 3' overhangs can be stabilized against degradation. In one such embodi-

ment, the RNA is stabilized by including purine nucleotides, such as adenosine or guanosine. Alternatively, substitution of pyrimidine nucleotides by modified analogs, e.g., substitution of uridine 2-nucleotide overhangs by (2'-deoxy) thymidine is tolerated and does not affect the efficiency of RNAi. The absence of a 2' hydroxyl group significantly enhances the nuclease resistance of the overhang in tissue culture medium.

Alternatively siRNA can be prepared using any of the methods set forth in PCT Publication No. WO01/75164 or using standard procedures for in vitro transcription of RNA and dsRNA annealing procedures as described in Elbashir et al. (*Genes & Dev.*, 15:188-200, 2001). siRNAs are also obtained as described in Elbashir et al. by incubation of dsRNA that corresponds to a sequence of the target gene in a cell-free *Drosophila* lysate from syncytial blastoderm *Drosophila* embryos under conditions in which the dsRNA is processed to generate siRNAs of about 21 to about 23 nucleotides, which are then isolated using techniques known to those of skill in the art. For example, gel electrophoresis can be used to separate the 21-23 nt RNAs and the RNAs can then be eluted from the gel slices. In addition, chromatography (e.g., size exclusion chromatography), glycerol gradient centrifugation, and affinity purification with antibody can be used to isolate the 21 to 23 nt RNAs.

A variety of methods are available for transfection, or introduction, of dsRNA or oligonucleotides into mammalian cells. For example, there are several commercially available transfection reagents including but not limited to: TransIT-TKO™ (Mirus, Cat. # MIR 2150), Transmessenger™ (Qiagen, Cat. # 301525), and Oligofectamine™ (Invitrogen, Cat. # MIR 12252-011). Protocols for each transfection reagent are available from the manufacturer.

In the present invention, the dsRNA, or siRNA, is substantially complementary (e.g., 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or more) to at least a portion of the mRNA sequence of any one of the following proteins: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin -3 and can reduce or inhibit the expression of the protein. Preferably, the decrease in protein expression is at least 10% relative to cells treated with a control dsRNA or siRNA, more preferably 25%, and most preferably at least 50%. Methods for assaying levels of protein expression are also well known in the art and include western blotting, immunoprecipitation, and ELISA.

In the present invention, the nucleobase oligomers used include any modification that enhances the stability or function of the nucleic acid in any way. Examples include modifications to the phosphate backbone, the internucleotide linkage, or to the sugar moiety. Examples of modifications that may be used in the nucleobase oligomers of the invention, can be found in U.S. Patent Application Publication Nos. 20030114412, paragraphs [0030] to [0046] and 20030114407, paragraphs [0036] to [0055], and 20030190659, paragraphs [0083] to [0106].

Assays for Gene and Protein Expression
The following methods can be used to evaluate protein or gene expression and determine efficacy for any of the above-mentioned methods for increasing or decreasing the expression of any one or more polypeptides of the invention.

A sample from the subject (e.g., a bodily fluid such as blood, serum, plasma, urine, amniotic fluid, and cerebrospinal fluid, a cell, or a tissue) is measured for levels of a desired polypeptide, using methods such as ELISA, western blotting, or immunoassays using specific antibodies. Methods used to measure serum levels of polypeptides include ELISA, western blotting, or immunoassays using specific antibodies. A positive result is considered an alteration of at least 20%, preferably 30%, more preferably at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more in the serum levels of a polypeptide of the invention as compared to a reference sample.

In addition, in vitro angiogenesis assays can be performed to determine if the subject's blood has converted from an anti-angiogenic state to a pro-angiogenic state. One example of such an in vitro assay for angiogenesis is the endothelial tube assay. In this assay, growth factor reduced Matrigel (7 mg/mL, Collaborative Biomedical Products, Bedford, Mass.) is placed in wells (100 μ L/well) of a pre-chilled 48-well cell culture plate and is incubated at 37° C. for 25-30 minutes to allow polymerization. Human umbilical vein endothelial cells (30,000+ in 300 μ L of endothelial basal medium with no serum, Clonetics, Walkersville, Md.) at passages 3-5 are treated with 10% patient serum, plated onto the Matrigel coated wells, and are incubated at 37° C. for 12-16 hours. Tube formation is then assessed through an inverted phase contrast microscope at 4 \times (Nikon Corporation, Tokyo, Japan) and is analyzed (tube area and total length) using the Simple PCI imaging analysis software. A positive result can be considered conversion from an anti-angiogenic state to a pro-angiogenic state using the in vitro angiogenesis assay.

Bodily fluid samples from the subject can also be measured for levels of nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention. There are several art-known methods to assay for gene expression. Some examples include the preparation of RNA from the blood samples of the subject and the use of the RNA for northern blotting, PCR based amplification, or RNase protection assays.

Use of Antibodies for Therapeutic Treatment

The use of compounds, such as antibodies, to bind to and neutralize the activity of any one or more of the following polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein -5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin -3, can be used to prevent or treat pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

The present invention provides antibodies that bind specifically to the any of the above proteins. The antibodies are used to neutralize the activity of any one or more of the above proteins. Methods for the preparation and use of antibodies for therapeutic purposes are described in several patents including U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,054,297; 5,821,337; 6,365,157; and 6,165,464 and are incorporated herein by reference. Antibodies can be polyclonal or monoclonal; monoclonal antibodies are preferred. Some examples of antibodies to some of the polypeptides of the invention are described above under "Exemplary binding molecules and antibodies."

Monoclonal antibodies, particularly those derived from rodents including mice, have been used for the treatment of various diseases; however, there are limitations to their use including the induction of a human anti-mouse immunoglo-

bulin response that causes rapid clearance and a reduction in the efficacy of the treatment. For example, a major limitation in the clinical use of rodent monoclonal antibodies is an anti-globulin response during therapy (Miller et al., *Blood*, 62:988-995 1983; Schroff et al., *Cancer Res.*, 45:879-885, 1985).

The art has attempted to overcome this problem by constructing "chimeric" antibodies in which an animal antigen-binding variable domain is coupled to a human constant domain (U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567; Morrison et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 81:6851-6855, 1984; Boulianne et al., *Nature*, 312:643-646, 1984; Neuberger et al., *Nature*, 314:268-270, 1985). The production and use of such chimeric antibodies are described below.

A cocktail of the monoclonal antibodies of the present invention can be used as an effective treatment for pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. The cocktail may include as few as two, three, or four different antibodies or as many as six, eight, or ten different antibodies. In addition, the antibodies of the present invention can be combined with an anti-hypertensive drug (e.g., methyl dopa, hydralazine hydrochloride, or labetalol) or any other medication used to treat pregnancy related hypertensive disorders, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or the symptoms associated with pregnancy related hypertensive disorders.

Non-limiting examples of antibodies that are useful in the methods of the invention are as follows: anti-interleukin 8 (see Leong et al. *Cytokine* 16:106-119, 2001 and Mian et al., *Clin. Cancer Res.* 9:3167-3175, 2003); anti-inhibin A (Verotec Catalog No. MCA951 S, see Rishi et al. *Am. J. Surg. Pathol.* 21:582-589, 1997); and anti-VEGF-C (e.g., Alitalo et al.; U.S. Pat. No. 6,361,946).

Preparation of Antibodies

Monoclonal antibodies that specifically bind to any of the polypeptides of the invention may be produced by methods known in the art. These methods include the immunological method described by Kohler and Milstein (*Nature*, 256:495-497, 1975) and Campbell ("Monoclonal Antibody Technology, The Production and Characterization of Rodent and Human Hybridomas" in Burdon et al., Eds., *Laboratory Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology*, Volume 13, Elsevier Science Publishers, Amsterdam, 1985), as well as by the recombinant DNA method described by Huse et al. (*Science*, 246, 1275-1281, 1989).

Monoclonal antibodies may be prepared from supernatants of cultured hybridoma cells or from ascites induced by intraperitoneal inoculation of hybridoma cells into mice. The hybridoma technique described originally by Kohler and Milstein (*Eur. J. Immunol.* 6, 511-519, 1976) has been widely applied to produce hybrid cell lines that secrete high levels of monoclonal antibodies against many specific antigens.

The route and schedule of immunization of the host animal or cultured antibody-producing cells therefrom are generally in keeping with established and conventional techniques for antibody stimulation and production. Typically, mice are used as the test model, however, any mammalian subject including human subjects or antibody producing cells therefrom can be manipulated according to the processes of this invention to serve as the basis for production of mammalian, including human, hybrid cell lines.

After immunization, immune lymphoid cells are fused with myeloma cells to generate a hybrid cell line that can be cultivated and subcultivated indefinitely, to produce large quantities of monoclonal antibodies. For purposes of this invention, the immune lymphoid cells selected for fusion are lymphocytes and their normal differentiated progeny, taken

either from lymph node tissue or spleen tissue from immunized animals. The use of spleen cells is preferred, since they offer a more concentrated and convenient source of antibody producing cells with respect to the mouse system. The myeloma cells provide the basis for continuous propagation of the fused hybrid. Myeloma cells are tumor cells derived from plasma cells. Murine myeloma cell lines can be obtained, for example, from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC; Manassas, Va.). Human myeloma and mouse-human heteromyeloma cell lines have also been described (Kozbor et al., *J. Immunol.*, 133:3001-3005, 1984; Brodeur et al., *Monoclonal Antibody Production Techniques and Applications*, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, pp. 51-63, 1987).

The hybrid cell lines can be maintained in vitro in cell culture media. Once the hybridoma cell line is established, it can be maintained on a variety of nutritionally adequate media such as hypoxanthine-aminopterin-thymidine (HAT) medium. Moreover, the hybrid cell lines can be stored and preserved in any number of conventional ways, including freezing and storage under liquid nitrogen. Frozen cell lines can be revived and cultured indefinitely with resumed synthesis and secretion of monoclonal antibody. The secreted antibody is recovered from tissue culture supernatant by conventional methods such as precipitation, ion exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography, or the like.

The antibody may be prepared in any mammal, including mice, rats, rabbits, goats, and humans. The antibody may be a member of one of the following immunoglobulin classes: IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, or IgE, and the subclasses thereof, and preferably is an IgG antibody.

While the preferred animal for producing monoclonal antibodies is mouse, the invention is not so limited; in fact, human antibodies may be used and may prove to be preferable. Such antibodies can be obtained by using human hybridomas (Cole et al., "Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy", Alan R. Liss Inc., p. 77-96, 1985). In the present invention, techniques developed for the production of chimeric antibodies by splicing the genes from a mouse antibody molecule of appropriate antigen specificity together with genes from a human antibody molecule can be used (Morrison et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 81, 6851-6855, 1984; Neuberger et al., *Nature* 312, 604-608, 1984; Takeda et al., *Nature* 314, 452-454, 1985); such antibodies are within the scope of this invention and are described below.

As another alternative to the cell fusion technique, Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) immortalized B cells are used to produce the monoclonal antibodies of the present invention (Crawford D. et al., *J. of Gen. Virol.*, 64:697-700, 1983; Kozbor and Roder, *J. Immunol.*, 4:1275-1280, 1981; Kozbor et al., *Methods in Enzymology*, 121:120-140, 1986). In general, the procedure consists of isolating Epstein-Barr virus from a suitable source, generally an infected cell line, and exposing the target antibody secreting cells to supernatants containing the virus. The cells are washed, and cultured in an appropriate cell culture medium. Subsequently, virally transformed cells present in the cell culture can be identified by the presence of the Epstein-Barr viral nuclear antigen, and transformed antibody secreting cells can be identified using standard methods known in the art. Other methods for producing monoclonal antibodies, such as recombinant DNA, are also included within the scope of the invention.

Preparation of Immunogens

Any of the polypeptides of the invention may be used alone as an immunogen, or may be attached to a carrier protein or to other objects, such as sepharose beads. Any of the proteins of the invention may be purified from cells known to express the endogenous protein such as human umbilical vein endothelial

cells (trophoblasts or HUVEC; Burrows et al., *Clin. Cancer Res.* 1:1623-1634, 1995; Fonsatti et al., *Clin. Cancer Res.* 6:2037-2043, 2000). Additionally, nucleic acid molecules that encode any of the polypeptides of the invention, or portions thereof, can be inserted into known vectors for expression in host cells using standard recombinant DNA techniques. Suitable host cells for protein expression include baculovirus cells (e.g., Sf9 cells), bacterial cells (e.g., *E. coli*), and mammalian cells (e.g., NIH3T3 cells).

In addition, peptides derived from any of the polypeptides of the invention can be synthesized and used as immunogens. The methods for making antibody to peptides are well known in the art and generally require coupling the peptide to a suitable carrier molecule, such as serum albumin. Peptides can be any length, preferably 10 amino acids or greater, more preferably 25 amino acids or greater, and most preferably 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, or 100 amino acids or greater. Preferably, the amino acid sequences are at least 60%, more preferably 85%, and, most preferably 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or 100% identical to the sequence of any of the nucleic acid sequences encoding the polypeptides of the invention. The peptides can be commercially obtained or made using techniques well known in the art, such as, for example, the Merrifield solid-phase method (*Science*, 232:341-347, 1985). The procedure may use commercially available synthesizers such as a Biosearch 9500 automated peptide machine, with cleavage of the blocked amino acids being achieved with hydrogen fluoride, and the peptides purified by preparative HPLC using a Waters Delta Prep 3000 instrument, on a 15-20 μ m Vydac C4 PrepPAK column.

Functional Equivalents of Antibodies

The invention also includes functional equivalents of the antibodies described in this specification. Functional equivalents include polypeptides with amino acid sequences substantially identical to the amino acid sequence of the variable or hypervariable regions of the antibodies of the invention. Functional equivalents have binding characteristics comparable to those of the antibodies, and include, for example, chimerized, humanized and single chain antibodies as well as fragments thereof. Methods of producing such functional equivalents are disclosed, for example, in PCT Publication No. WO93/21319; European Patent Application No. 239,400; PCT Publication No. WO89/09622; European Patent Application No. 338,745; European Patent Application No. 332424; and U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567; each of which is herein incorporated by reference.

Chimerized antibodies preferably have constant regions derived substantially or exclusively from human antibody constant regions and variable regions derived substantially or exclusively from the sequence of the variable region from a mammal other than a human. Such humanized antibodies are chimeric immunoglobulins, immunoglobulin chains or fragments thereof (such as Fv, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂ or other antigen-binding subsequences of antibodies) which contain minimal sequence derived from non-human immunoglobulin. Methods for humanizing non-human antibodies are well known in the art (for reviews see Vaswani and Hamilton, *Ann Allergy Asthma Immunol.*, 81:105-119, 1998 and Carter, *Nature Reviews Cancer*, 1:118-129, 2001). Generally, a humanized antibody has one or more amino acid residues introduced into it from a source that is non-human. These non-human amino acid residues are often referred to as import residues, which are typically taken from an import variable domain. Humanization can be essentially performed following the methods known in the art (Jones et al., *Nature*, 321:522-525, 1986; Riechmann et al., *Nature*, 332:323-329, 1988; and Verhoeven et al., *Science*, 239:1534-1536 1988), by substituting rodent

CDRs or other CDR sequences for the corresponding sequences of a human antibody. Accordingly, such humanized antibodies are chimeric antibodies wherein substantially less than an intact human variable domain has been substituted by the corresponding sequence from a non-human species (see for example, U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567). In practice, humanized antibodies are typically human antibodies in which some CDR residues and possibly some FR residues are substituted by residues from analogous sites in rodent antibodies (Presta, *Curr. Op. Struct. Biol.*, 2:593-596, 1992).

Additional methods for the preparation of humanized antibodies can be found in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,821,337, 6,054,297, 6,639,055, and Carter, (supra) which are all incorporated herein by reference. The humanized antibody is selected from any class of immunoglobulins, including IgM, IgG, IgD, IgA and IgE, and any isotype, including IgG₁, IgG₂, IgG₃, and IgG₄. Where cytotoxic activity is not needed, such as in the present invention, the constant domain is preferably of the IgG₂ class. The humanized antibody may comprise sequences from more than one class or isotype, and selecting particular constant domains to optimize desired effector functions is within the ordinary skill in the art.

Human antibodies can also be produced using various techniques known in the art, including phage display libraries (Marks et al., *J. Mol. Biol.*, 222:581-597, 1991 and Winter et al. *Annu. Rev. Immunol.*, 12:433-455, 1994). The techniques of Cole et al. and Boerner et al. are also useful for the preparation of human monoclonal antibodies (Cole et al., supra; Boerner et al., *J. Immunol.*, 147: 86-95, 1991).

Suitable mammals other than a human include any mammal from which monoclonal antibodies may be made. Examples of mammals other than a human include, for example a rabbit, rat, mouse, horse, goat, or primate; a mouse is preferred.

Functional equivalents of antibodies also include single-chain antibody fragments, also known as single-chain antibodies (scFvs). Single-chain antibody fragments are recombinant polypeptides which typically bind antigens or receptors; these fragments contain at least one fragment of an antibody variable heavy-chain amino acid sequence (V_H) tethered to at least one fragment of an antibody variable light-chain sequence (V_L) with or without one or more interconnecting linkers. Such a linker may be a short, flexible peptide selected to assure that the proper three-dimensional folding of the V_L and V_H domains occurs once they are linked so as to maintain the target molecule binding-specificity of the whole antibody from which the single-chain antibody fragment is derived. Generally, the carboxyl terminus of the V_L or V_H sequence is covalently linked by such a peptide linker to the amino acid terminus of a complementary V_L and V_H sequence. Single-chain antibody fragments can be generated by molecular cloning, antibody phage display library or similar techniques. These proteins can be produced either in eukaryotic cells or prokaryotic cells, including bacteria.

Single-chain antibody fragments contain amino acid sequences having at least one of the variable regions or CDRs of the whole antibodies described in this specification, but are lacking some or all of the constant domains of those antibodies. These constant domains are not necessary for antigen binding, but constitute a major portion of the structure of whole antibodies. Single-chain antibody fragments may therefore overcome some of the problems associated with the use of antibodies containing part or all of a constant domain. For example, single-chain antibody fragments tend to be free of undesired interactions between biological molecules and the heavy-chain constant region, or other unwanted biological activity. Additionally, single-chain antibody fragments

are considerably smaller than whole antibodies and may therefore have greater capillary permeability than whole antibodies, allowing single-chain antibody fragments to localize and bind to target antigen-binding sites more efficiently. Also, antibody fragments can be produced on a relatively large scale in prokaryotic cells, thus facilitating their production. Furthermore, the relatively small size of single-chain antibody fragments makes them less likely than whole antibodies to provoke an immune response in a recipient.

Functional equivalents further include fragments of antibodies that have the same or comparable binding characteristics to those of the whole antibody. Such fragments may contain one or both Fab fragments or the $F(ab')_2$ fragment. Preferably the antibody fragments contain all six CDRs of the whole antibody, although fragments containing fewer than all of such regions, such as three, four or five CDRs, are also functional.

Further, the functional equivalents may be or may combine members of any one of the following immunoglobulin classes: IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, or IgE, and the subclasses thereof.

Preparation of Functional Equivalents of Antibodies

Equivalents of antibodies are prepared by methods known in the art. For example, fragments of antibodies may be prepared enzymatically from whole antibodies. Preferably, equivalents of antibodies are prepared from DNA encoding such equivalents. DNA encoding fragments of antibodies may be prepared by deleting all but the desired portion of the DNA that encodes the full-length antibody.

DNA encoding chimerized antibodies may be prepared by recombining DNA substantially or exclusively encoding human constant regions and DNA encoding variable regions derived substantially or exclusively from the sequence of the variable region of a mammal other than a human. DNA encoding humanized antibodies may be prepared by recombining DNA encoding constant regions and variable regions other than the CDRs derived substantially or exclusively from the corresponding human antibody regions and DNA encoding CDRs derived substantially or exclusively from a mammal other than a human.

Suitable sources of DNA molecules that encode fragments of antibodies include cells, such as hybridomas, that express the full-length antibody. The fragments may be used by themselves as antibody equivalents, or may be recombined into equivalents, as described above.

The DNA deletions and recombinations described in this section may be carried out by known methods, such as those described in the published patent applications listed above.

Antibody Screening and Selection

Monoclonal antibodies are isolated and purified using standard art-known methods. For example, antibodies can be screened using standard art-known methods such as ELISA or western blot analysis. Non-limiting examples of such techniques are described in Examples II and III of U.S. Pat. No. 6,365,157, herein incorporated by reference.

Therapeutic Uses of Antibodies

When used in vivo for the treatment or prevention of a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, the antibodies of the subject invention are administered to the subject in therapeutically effective amounts. Preferably, the antibodies are administered parenterally or intravenously by continuous infusion. The dose and dosage regimen depends upon the severity of the disease, and the overall health of the subject. The amount of antibody administered is typically in the range of about 0.001 to about 10 mg/kg of subject weight, preferably 0.01 to about 5 mg/kg of subject weight.

For parenteral administration, the antibodies are formulated in a unit dosage injectable form (solution, suspension, emulsion) in association with a pharmaceutically acceptable parenteral vehicle. Such vehicles are inherently nontoxic, and non-therapeutic. Examples of such vehicles are water, saline, Ringer's solution, dextrose solution, and 5% human serum albumin. Nonaqueous vehicles such as fixed oils and ethyl oleate may also be used. Liposomes may be used as carriers. The vehicle may contain minor amounts of additives such as substances that enhance isotonicity and chemical stability, e.g., buffers and preservatives. The antibodies typically are formulated in such vehicles at concentrations of about 1 mg/ml to 10 mg/ml.

Combination Therapies

Optionally, a therapeutic of the invention may be administered in combination with any other standard pregnancy related hypertensive disorder therapeutic; such methods are known to the skilled artisan.

Dosages and Modes of Administration

Preferably, the therapeutic compound of the invention is administered during pregnancy for the treatment or prevention of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or after pregnancy to treat post-partum pre-eclampsia or eclampsia. Techniques and dosages for administration vary depending on the type of compound (e.g., chemical compound, antibody, antisense, or nucleic acid vector) and are well known to those skilled in the art or are readily determined.

Therapeutic compounds of the present invention may be administered with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent, carrier, or excipient, in unit dosage form. Administration may be parenteral, intravenous, subcutaneous, oral or local by direct injection into the amniotic fluid. Intravenous delivery by continuous infusion is the preferred method for administering the therapeutic compounds of the present invention.

The composition can be in the form of a pill, tablet, capsule, liquid, or sustained release tablet for oral administration; or a liquid for intravenous, subcutaneous or parenteral administration; or a polymer or other sustained release vehicle for local administration.

Methods well known in the art for making formulations are found, for example, in "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy" (20th ed., ed. A. R. Gennaro A R., 2000, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia, Pa.). Formulations for parenteral administration may, for example, contain excipients, sterile water, saline, polyalkylene glycols such as polyethylene glycol, oils of vegetable origin, or hydrogenated naphthalenes. Biocompatible, biodegradable lactide polymer, lactide/glycolide copolymer, or polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene copolymers may be used to control the release of the compounds. Nanoparticulate formulations (e.g., biodegradable nanoparticles, solid lipid nanoparticles, liposomes) may be used to control the biodistribution of the compounds. Other potentially useful parenteral delivery systems include ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer particles, osmotic pumps, implantable infusion systems, and liposomes. The concentration of the compound in the formulation varies depending upon a number of factors, including the dosage of the drug to be administered, and the route of administration.

The compound may be optionally administered as a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, such as non-toxic acid addition salts or metal complexes that are commonly used in the pharmaceutical industry. Examples of acid addition salts include organic acids such as acetic, lactic, pamoic, maleic, citric, malic, ascorbic, succinic, benzoic, palmitic, suberic, salicylic, tartaric, methanesulfonic, toluenesulfonic, or trifluoroacetic acids or the like; polymeric acids such as tannic acid,

carboxymethyl cellulose, or the like; and inorganic acid such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid phosphoric acid, or the like. Metal complexes include zinc, iron, and the like.

Formulations for oral use include tablets containing the active ingredient(s) in a mixture with non-toxic pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. These excipients may be, for example, inert diluents or fillers (e.g., sucrose and sorbitol), lubricating agents, glidants, and anti-adhesives (e.g., magnesium stearate, zinc stearate, stearic acid, silicas, hydrogenated vegetable oils, or talc).

Formulations for oral use may also be provided as chewable tablets, or as hard gelatin capsules wherein the active ingredient is mixed with an inert solid diluent, or as soft gelatin capsules wherein the active ingredient is mixed with water or an oil medium.

The dosage and the timing of administering the compound depends on various clinical factors including the overall health of the subject and the severity of the symptoms of the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia. In general, once the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or a propensity to develop pre-eclampsia, is detected, continuous infusion of the purified protein is used to treat or prevent further progression of the condition. Treatment can be continued for a period of time ranging from 1 to 100 days, more preferably 1 to 60 days, and most preferably 1 to 20 days, or until the completion of pregnancy. Dosages vary depending on each compound and the severity of the condition and are titrated to achieve a steady-state blood serum concentration.

Subject Monitoring

The diagnostic methods described herein can also be used to monitor the pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, during therapy or to determine the dosages of therapeutic compounds. In one example, a therapeutic compound is administered and the level of expression of a polypeptide of the invention is determined during the course of therapy.

Therapeutics that modulate the expression of any one or more nucleic acids or polypeptides of the invention are taken as particularly useful in the invention.

In one example, a therapeutic agent or method that decreases, by 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more, the level of any of the following polypeptides or nucleic acids encoding the polypeptides: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, galectin-3, sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2, and beta glucosidase during the course of therapy, is considered to be an effective therapeutic agent or an effective dosage of a therapeutic agent. In another example, a therapeutic agent or method that increases, by 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99% or more, the level of any of the following polypeptides or nucleic acids encoding the polypeptides: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, azurocidin, lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-depen-

dent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11 during the course of therapy, is considered to be an effective therapeutic agent or an effective dosage of a therapeutic agent.

The disease state or treatment of a subject having a pregnancy related hypertensive disorder, such as pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a propensity to develop such a condition, can be monitored using the methods and compositions of the invention. In one embodiment, the expression of a polypeptide of the invention present in a bodily fluid, such as urine, plasma, amniotic fluid, or CSF, is monitored. Such monitoring may be useful, for example, in assessing the efficacy of a particular drug in a subject or in assessing disease progression.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Gene Expression Profiling of Placental Tissue from Pre-Eclamptic and Normotensive Women

In order to identify novel secreted factors involved in the pathogenesis of pre-eclampsia, we performed gene expression profiling of placental tissue from 19 women with pre-eclampsia and 15 normotensive pregnant women using Affymetrix U95A microarray chips (see Table 1).

TABLE 1

Clinical characteristics of the study patients		
	Normal (n = 15)	Pre-eclampsia (n = 19)
Maternal Age (years)	35.2	31.9
Gestational Age (wks)	39.0	31.1*
Primiparous (%)	19	81*
Systolic BP (mm Hg)	107	167.2**

TABLE 1-continued

Clinical characteristics of the study patients		
	Normal (n = 15)	Pre-eclampsia (n = 19)
Diastolic BP (mm Hg)	83	101.8**
Proteinuria (g protein/g creat)	<0.3	5.2**
Serum Uric Acid (mg/dl)	NA	6.8
Hematocrit (%)	35.7	33.9
Platelet Count (K/ μ l)	217	198
Serum Creatinine (mg/dl)	0.5	0.6

Data shown are mean values.

*p < 0.05,

**p < 0.005

Data were analyzed using the computer program BADGE (Bayesian Analysis of Differential Gene Expression version 1.0) (<http://genomethods.org/badge>) (see Ramoni and Sebastiani, in Berthold and Hand eds. *Intelligent Data Analysis: An Introduction*, Springer, New York, N.Y. (1999)) and hierarchical clustering analysis (Eisen et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.*, 95:14863-8 (1998)) to identify differentially expressed genes across experimental conditions (FIG. 1). The software BADGE (Bayesian Analysis of Gene Expression) v1.0 implements a Bayesian approach to identify differentially expressed genes across different experimental conditions. Cumulative distribution function (CDF) for expression ratio greater than 1.0. The genes are ranked in order of the conditional probability of increased fold expression given the expression data; the null probability value is 0.5.

A predictive gene set in normal versus pre-eclampsia placenta mRNA expression was discovered using the BADGE program. A colormap of the predictive gene set is shown in FIG. 2. Rows represent predictive genes for pre-eclampsia while columns represent expression levels for a given patient relative to the average gene expression. The expected false positive rate of 1.0% yields a predictive gene set of 127 genes, with 65 upregulated and 62 downregulated respectively (Table 2). (See FIGS. 6A-44 for amino acid and nucleic acid sequences for the polypeptides of the invention.)

TABLE 2

Summary of predictive genes				
Affy Probe	Genbank	Probability	Gene Fold Symbol	Gene Name
33900_at	U76702	0.99992	3.849 FSTL3	folliculin-like 3 (secreted glycoprotein)
990_at	X51602	0.99990	3.233 FLT1	fms-related tyrosine kinase 1 (vascular endothelial growth factor/vascular permeability factor receptor)
991_g_at	X51602	0.99989	2.727 FLT1	fms-related tyrosine kinase 1 (vascular endothelial growth factor/vascular permeability factor receptor)
1601_s_at	M11567	0.99986	3.254 IGFBP5	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 5
36317_at	U57057	0.99982	3.767 CORO2A	coronin, actin binding protein, 2A
1389_at	J03779	0.99982	2.299 MME	membrane metallo-endopeptidase (neutral endopeptidase, enkephalinase, CALLA, CD10)
501_g_at	U37143	0.99980	2.293 CYP2J2	cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily J, polypeptide 2
37657_at	Y16270	0.99979	3.089 PALM	paralemmin
HUMGAPDH	L27559	0.99978	3.647 GAPD	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase
159_at	U61836	0.99969	3.343 VEGFC	vascular endothelial growth factor C
31754_at	AI950015	0.99966	3.737 ABCA12	ATP-binding cassette, sub-family A (ABC1), member 12

TABLE 2-continued

Summary of predictive genes					
Affy Probe	Genbank	Probability	Gene		Gene Name
			Fold	Symbol	
1149_at	D16154	0.99960	3.241	—	Transcription Factor Eb
1545_g_at	U43142	0.99959	2.692	FLT1	fms-related tyrosine kinase 1 (vascular endothelial growth factor/vascular permeability factor receptor)
34129_at	D86358	0.99953	2.211	STXBP5L	syntaxin binding protein 5-like
1103_at	HG4740	0.99952	3.141	ANG	angiogenin, ribonuclease, RNase A family, 5
255_s_at	X52009	0.99950	2.761	INHHA	inhibin, alpha
1650_g_at	U01134	0.99948	2.745	SMOX	spermine oxidase
1964_g_at	M74297	0.99946	2.331	FLT1	fms-related tyrosine kinase 1 (vascular endothelial growth factor/vascular permeability factor receptor)
32298_at	L35848	0.99940	2.894	ADAM2	a disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 2 (fertilin beta)
33995_at	M77144	0.99939	5.997	GUCA2A	guanylate cyclase activator 2A (guanylin)
32892_at	AF058989	0.99937	2.014	RPS6KA2	ribosomal protein S6 kinase, 90 kDa, polypeptide 2
41577_at	W27723	0.99910	2.361	PPP1R16B	protein phosphatase 1, regulatory (inhibitor) subunit 16B
40790_at	X53004	0.99903	2.169	BHLHB2	basic helix-loop-helix domain containing, class B, 2
41024_f_at	AF055033	0.99891	2.617	GYPE	glycophorin E
36426_g_at	AF052095	0.99879	1.981	NEBL	nebulette
34800_at	L37362	0.99868	2.943	LRIG1	leucine-rich repeats and immunoglobulin-like domains 1
36979_at	L26953	0.99868	2.389	SLC2A3	solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 3
31382_f_at	AF091582	0.99851	2.065	UGT2B28	UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family, polypeptide B28
40357_at	U20350	0.99831	3.380	INHBA	inhibin, beta A (activin A, activin AB alpha polypeptide)
1963_at	U01134	0.99822	2.714	FLT1	fms-related tyrosine kinase 1 (vascular endothelial growth factor/vascular permeability factor receptor)
35865_at	AB001915	0.99815	2.632	NR5A2	nuclear receptor subfamily 5, group A, member 2
39051_at	X86400	0.99814	1.805	NNAT	neuronatin
33642_s_at	X68733	0.99807	3.236	SLC6A8	solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, creatine), member 8
33182_at	X63759	0.99804	2.698	NTRK2	neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor, type 2
33639_g_at	U17986	0.99802	1.694	ERBB3	v-erb-b2 erythroblastic leukemia viral oncogene homolog 3 (avian)
34483_at	AL039458	0.99793	2.234	SIGLEC6	sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin 6
1511_at	S77812	0.99793	1.771	SHC3	src homology 2 domain containing transforming protein C3
38280_s_at	U43753	0.99787	3.286	NTRK2	neurotrophic tyrosine kinase, receptor, type 2
41420_at	AB020630	0.99785	2.479	IGFBP5	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 5
34088_at	AB023223	0.99783	2.009	NXPH4	neurexophilin 4
36284_at	Y17673	0.99781	2.978	LY6D	lymphocyte antigen 6 complex, locus D
33825_at	M97496	0.99777	2.575	SERPINA3	serine (or cysteine) proteinase inhibitor, clade A (alpha-1 antiproteinase, antitrypsin), member 3
36533_at	D83402	0.99742	2.354	PTGIS	prostaglandin I2 (prostacyclin) synthase
37813_at	AL079273	0.99735	2.073	DDX51	DEAD (Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp) box polypeptide 51
39202_at	W26403	0.99731	1.667	TRAF3IP1	TNF receptor-associated factor 3 interacting protein 1
368_at	Z29083	0.99721	1.904	TPBG	trophoblast glycoprotein
500_at	U37143	0.99716	1.751	CYP2J2	cytochrome P450, family 2, subfamily J, polypeptide 2
38078_at	AF042166	0.99699	1.774	FLNB	filamin B, beta (actin binding protein 278)
41608_at	X58022	0.99693	2.906	CRHBP	corticotropin releasing hormone binding protein

TABLE 2-continued

Summary of predictive genes					
Affy Probe	Genbank	Probability	Gene		Gene Name
			Fold	Symbol	
1734_at	M60556	0.99656	2.200	—	Human transforming growth factor beta-3 gene, 5 end
1945_at	M25753	0.99644	1.747	CCNB1	cyclin B1
31990_at	AF009624	0.99636	1.496	KIF17	kinesin family member 17
36933_at	D87953	0.99618	2.050	NDRG1	N-myc downstream regulated gene 1
32562_at	X72012	0.99610	1.941	ENG	endoglin (Osler-Rendu-Weber syndrome 1)
32565_at	U66619	0.99606	2.098	SMARCD3	SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, subfamily d, member 3
1369_s_at	M28130	0.99601	3.111	IL8	interleukin 8
1678_g_at	M65062	0.99589	2.334	IGFBP5	insulin-like growth factor binding protein 5
37887_at	AF086904	0.99572	1.887	CHEK2	CHK2 checkpoint homolog (<i>S. pombe</i>)
40690_at	X54942	0.99568	1.913	CKS2	CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2
40926_at	U52111	0.99559	2.068	SLC6A8	solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, creatine), member 8
34898_at	M30704	0.99558	2.179	AREG	amphiregulin (schwannoma-derived growth factor)
33748_at	D86976	0.99546	2.523	HA-1	minor histocompatibility antigen HA-1
35940_at	X64624	0.99536	2.086	POU4F1	POU domain, class 4, transcription factor 1
32632_g_at	J03060	0.99526	2.108	GBAP	glucosidase, beta; acid, pseudogene
33792_at	AF043498	0.99518	2.318	PSCA	prostate stem cell antigen
38566_at	X60382	0.00495	0.730	COL10A1	collagen, type X, alpha 1 (Schmid metaphyseal chondrodysplasia)
31740_s_at	AB008913	0.00488	0.637	PAX4	paired box gene 4
33359_at	AB018311	0.00485	0.547	LPHN3	latrophilin 3
38519_at	U68233	0.00476	0.483	NR1H4	nuclear receptor subfamily 1, group H, member 4
33046_f_at	X68879	0.00473	0.492	EMX1	empty spiracles homolog 1 (<i>Drosophila</i>)
39108_at	U22526	0.00472	0.616	LSS	lanosterol synthase (2,3-oxidosqualene-lanosterol cyclase)
33693_at	M76482	0.00451	0.499	DSG3	desmoglein 3 (pemphigus vulgaris antigen)
834_at	U40462	0.00436	0.615	ZNFN1A1	zinc finger protein, subfamily 1A, 1 (Ikaros)
34575_f_at	U10689	0.00416	0.480	MAGEA5	melanoma antigen, family A, 5
33379_at	AB023140	0.00407	0.432	SSX2IP	synovial sarcoma, X breakpoint 2 interacting protein
31599_f_at	U10691	0.00390	0.420	MAGEA3	melanoma antigen, family A, 3
32935_at	AL080157	0.00389	0.512	WDR21	WD repeat domain 21
33072_at	AF041245	0.00361	0.809	HCRTR2	hypocretin (orexin) receptor 2
36777_at	AJ001687	0.00357	0.525	KLRK1	killer cell lectin-like receptor subfamily K, member 1
36269_at	AB002364	0.00356	0.538	ADAMTS3	a disintegrin-like and metalloprotease (repolysin type) with thrombospondin type 1 motif, 3
38095_i_at	M83664	0.00351	0.596	HLA-DPB1	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DP beta 1
36272_r_at	X62167	0.00319	0.335	PMP2	peripheral myelin protein 2
494_at	U31120	0.00307	0.610	IL13	interleukin 13
34698_at	M60165	0.00300	0.522	GNAO1	guanine nucleotide binding protein (G protein), alpha activating activity polypeptide O
39646_at	S60415	0.00291	0.414	CACNB2	calcium channel, voltage-dependent, beta 2 subunit
36049_at	W27899	0.00278	0.497	—	CDNA clone IMAGE: 4940887, partial cds
37039_at	J00194	0.00277	0.602	HLA-DRA	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DR alpha
37588_s_at	U62317	0.00262	0.621	MAPK8IP2	mitogen-activated protein kinase 8 interacting protein 2
33846_at	AA620377	0.00260	0.522	—	Cluster Incl. AA620377: ae57a07.s1 <i>Homo sapiens</i> cDNA, 3 end /clone = IMAGE-950964
36416_g_at	AI688589	0.00259	0.512	CASK	calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase (MAGUK family)

TABLE 2-continued

Summary of predictive genes					
Affy Probe	Genbank	Probability	Gene		Gene Name
			Fold	Symbol	
1298_at	X86816	0.00256	0.447	—	Human estrogen receptor mRNA, alternatively spliced transcript H, partial cds.
40646_at	U27699	0.00235	0.562	CX3CR1	chemokine (C—X3—C motif) receptor 1
37108_at	X72755	0.00229	0.529	—	MRNA; cDNA DKFZp779B1535 (from clone DKFZp779B1535)
32997_at	AI018523	0.00228	0.363	GAGEB1	G antigen, family B, 1 (prostate associated)
35028_at	AB002314	0.00227	0.438	GABRB1	gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) A receptor, beta 1
40679_at	AB004066	0.00213	0.458	SLC6A12	solute carrier family 6 (neurotransmitter transporter, betaine/GABA), member 12
39498_at	AA044910	0.00213	0.497	—	Cluster Incl. X86400: <i>H. sapiens</i> mRNA for gamma subunit of sodium potassium ATPase
38833_at	U31767	0.00199	0.670	HLA-DPA1	major histocompatibility complex, class II, DP alpha 1
35031_r_at	AF030514	0.00183	0.281	KIAA0316	KIAA0316 gene product
36911_at	M20681	0.00180	0.433	TYRP1	tyrosinase-related protein 1
31494_at	L12691	0.00175	0.434	—	Cluster Incl. D25272: <i>Homo sapiens</i> mRNA, clone-RES4-16
37782_at	AB000381	0.00170	0.654	SST	somatostatin
36767_at	X51420	0.00164	0.302	CYP1A1	cytochrome P450, family 1, subfamily A, polypeptide 1
35539_at	AB019246	0.00159	0.386	IMPG1	interphotoreceptor matrix proteoglycan 1
38330_at	X00457	0.00159	0.371	FRDA	Friedreich ataxia
35061_at	AF047492	0.00152	0.272	CXCL11	chemokine (C—X—C motif) ligand 11
34002_at	AL080151	0.00139	0.627	HSD3B2	hydroxy-delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, 3 beta- and steroid delta-isomerase 2
32017_at	U38805	0.00139	0.531	PARD6B	par-6 partitioning defective 6 homolog beta (<i>C. elegans</i>)
31398_at	D25272	0.00132	0.440	ABCB11	ATP-binding cassette, sub-family B (MDR/TAP), member 11
32451_at	X96744	0.00131	0.556	MS4A3	membrane-spanning 4-domains, subfamily A, member 3 (hematopoietic cell-specific)
34045_at	AF043469	0.00131	0.503	LOC196993	hypothetical protein LOC196993
36428_at	K03191	0.00130	0.569	VMD2	vitelliform macular dystrophy (Best disease, bestrophin)
AFFX-DapX-3_a	M33197	0.00122	0.469	—	L38424 B subtilis dapB, jojF, jojG genes corresponding to nucleotides 1358-3197 of L38424
31324_at	AF016492	0.00116	0.484	—	U82303: <i>Homo sapiens</i> unknown protein mRNA
32474_at	X85106	0.00111	0.644	PAX7	paired box gene 7
37219_at	AI636761	0.00098	0.395	CXCL9	chemokine (C—X—C motif) ligand 9
31506_s_at	AL080207	0.00097	0.288	DEFA1	defensin, alpha 1, myeloid-related sequence
378_s_at	W28432	0.00075	0.529	GML	GPI anchored molecule like protein
41820_s_at	D85376	0.00073	0.570	CDC2L5	cell division cycle 2-like 5 (cholinesterase-related cell division controller)
31310_at	U82303	0.00061	0.523	GLRA1	glycine receptor, alpha 1 (startle disease/hyperekplexia, stiff man syndrome)
39502_at	J03634	0.00046	0.553	DPYSL4	dihydropyrimidinase-like 4
35024_at	X14767	0.00031	0.272	OPRK1	opioid receptor, kappa 1
36220_at	Y12642	0.00030	0.346	DDAH1	dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 1
204_at	M13981	0.00022	0.601	HOXA4	homeo box A4
750_at	L38424	0.00021	0.389	TRHR	thyrotropin-releasing hormone receptor
33478_at	AA584202	0.00009	0.296	TNP2	transition protein 2 (during histone to protamine replacement)
1412_g_at	D84361	0.00008	0.560	CYP11B1	cytochrome P450, family 11, subfamily B, polypeptide 1

*Genes selected with a 1.0% false positive error rate for a total of 127 gene, 65 of these upregulated. Genes with no Locuslink classification are labeled with Genbank accession numbers

A hierarchical clustering of the Affymetrix patient data was performed using Cluster and Treeview, (by Michael Eisen, Stanford University) (FIG. 3). The samples labeled as P are preeclamptic patients and the samples labeled as N are normal pregnant patients. The dataset was filtered from 12625 to 3564 genes using presence and expression criteria, and the resulting set was median-centered and normalized for genes and arrays. We used hierarchical clustering to analyze possible classes in genes. The above cluster includes sFlt1 along with other genes confirmed in literature.

From the predictive gene set, we found that expression of the gene for the following secreted polypeptides was upregulated in blood samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia: follistatin related protein, interleukin 8, inhibin A, VEGF-C, angiogenin, beta fertilin, hypothetical protein (#AL039458), leukocyte associated Ig-like receptor secreted protein, erythroid differentiation protein, adipogenesis inhibitory factor, corticotropin releasing factor binding protein, alpha-1 anti-chymotrypsin, insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5, CD33L, cytokine receptor like factor 1, platelet derived endothelial growth factor, lysyl hydroxylase isoform 2, stanniocalcin precursor, secreted frizzled related protein, and galectin-3. We have also discovered that expression levels of the gene for the following secreted polypeptides were decreased in blood samples taken from women with pre-eclampsia: alpha defensin, ADAM-TS3, cholecystokinin precursor, interferon stimulated T-cell alpha chemoattractant precursor, and azurocidin. In addition we also found the following intracellular polypeptides or enzymes that are increased in preeclamptic placenta sperminine oxidase, UDP glycosyltransferase 2 family polypeptide B28, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, neutral endopeptidase, CDC28 protein kinase regulatory subunit 2 and beta glucosidase. The following intracellular gene products/enzymes are decreased in preeclamptic placentas are: lanosterol synthase, calcium/calmodulin-dependent serine protein kinase, estrogen receptor-alternatively spliced transcript H, chemokine (CX3C motif) receptor 1, tyrosinase-related protein 1, hydroxy-delta delta-5-steroid dehydrogenase, dihydropyrimidinase-like-4, and cytochrome P450-family 11.

Example 2

mRNA Expression of Flt-1 and sFlt-1 in Pre-Eclampsia

As the above cluster identified sFlt1 along with other genes confirmed in the literature, we chose to confirm the ability of

the array to identify predictive markers of pre-eclampsia using sFlt-1. For these experiments, mRNA expression of placental sFlt-1 from 3 patients with pre-eclampsia (P1, P2, P3) and three normotensive term pregnancies (N1, N2, N3) were determined by northern blot analysis (FIG. 4). The higher band (7.5 kb) is the full length Flt-1 mRNA and the lower, more abundant band (3.4 kb) is the alternatively spliced sFlt-1 mRNA. Actin is included as a control and 28S is shown as arrowhead. These results show the increased expression of the gene for sFlt-1 in pre-eclamptic patients and confirm the use of the predictive gene set identified by the array as markers for pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or the propensity to develop pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

Example 3

Immunohistochemistry Analysis of Flt-1 Expression in Normal and Pre-Eclamptic Patients

In order to visualize Flt-1 expression in placental samples from normal and pre-eclamptic patients, a monoclonal antibody against human Flt-1 was used for immunohistochemistry analysis. Increased expression of Flt-1 by the syncytiotrophoblasts of the preeclamptic placenta was detected (FIG. 5), further confirming the ability of the array to identify genes that can be used as markers for pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or the propensity to develop pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.

OTHER EMBODIMENTS

The description of the specific embodiments of the invention is presented for the purposes of illustration. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the scope of the invention to the specific forms described herein. Although the invention has been described with reference to several embodiments, it will be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art that various modifications can be made without departing from the spirit and the scope of the invention, as set forth in the claims. All patents, patent applications, and publications referenced herein are hereby incorporated by reference. Other embodiments are in the claims.

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gaatagtttt tcattgtacc atgaaatata cagaacatac ttatatgtaa agtattattt	3600
atgtgaatct acaaaaaaca acaataaatt tttaaatata aggatatttc tagatattgc	3660
acgggagaat atacaatat gaaaattggg ccaagggcc aagagaatata cgaactttaa	3720
tttcaggaat tgaatgggtt tgctagaatg tgatatttga agcatcacat aaaaatgatg	3780
ggacaataaa ttttgccata aagtcaaat tagctgaaa tcttgattt ttttctgtta	3840
aatctggcaa cctagtctg ctagccagga tccacaagtc cttgttccac tgtgccttgg	3900
tttctccttt atttctaagt ggaaaaagta ttaccacca tcttaccctca cagtgatgtt	3960
gtgaggacat gtggaagcac ttttaagttt ttcatacata cataaattat tttcaagtgt	4020
aaactattaa cctatttatt atttatgtat ttatttaagc atcaaatatt tgtgcaagaa	4080
tttgaaaaa tagaagatga atcattgatt gaatagtatt aaagatgtta tagtaaat	4140
attttatttt agatattaaa tgatgtttta ttagataaat ttcaatcagg gtttttagat	4200
taaacaaaca aacaattggg taccaggtta aattttcatt tcagatac acaaaataat	4260
tttttagtat aagtacatta ttgtttatct gaaattttaa ttgaactaac aatcctagtt	4320
tgatactccc agtcttctca ttgocagctg tgttgtagt gctgtgttga attacggaat	4380
aatgagttag aactattaaa acagccaaaa ctccacagtc aatattagta atttcttctg	4440
ggttgaaact tgtttattat gtacaaatag attcttataa tattatttaa atgactgcat	4500
ttttaaatac aaggctttat atttttaact ttagtgtttt tatgtgctct ccaattttt	4560

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tctactgttt ctgattgtat ggaaatataa aagtaaatat gaaacattta aaatataatt 4620
tgttgtcaaa gtaatcaagt gtttgccttt tttttagttt tagcttattg ggattctctt 4680
tgtttatatt taaaattata ctttgattta gaaaacataa atgcttcccc ttagcatttt 4740
gttatggaaa attacaaact tttattttta gaaaacagaa ctctttcca gaaatagggt 4800
acaaacagta gtgtctccca cagaatggtt gaaatgtttt caactcccca ctgtatacta 4860
tcttgctaata aagtctgtct tcagatttcg attaacgggt ttgtatgtct gtgcacttta 4920
gcatagctgg acattaaaga ggaagagag tacatattat aagttgotta tcagtaactg 4980
aggagtaaaa ctgataaatg tgaggcaaaag aagtttaaaa tatggtaaaa goctaagcat 5040
atttgcaaac aaatcaaaa atactctgag aagtaaaaac ataattattt aattaacaaa 5100
tttcagtga taaattttat aacaaattag acacagtga aaataaaatt agaaaactag 5160
aaaatagaac aaaagaaact tctggaattc a 5191

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<210> SEQ ID NO 5

<211> LENGTH: 366

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

```

Met Val Leu His Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Thr Pro Gln Gly Gly
1          5          10          15
His Ser Cys Gln Gly Leu Glu Leu Ala Arg Glu Leu Val Leu Ala Lys
20          25          30
Val Arg Ala Leu Phe Leu Asp Ala Leu Gly Pro Pro Ala Val Thr Arg
35          40          45
Glu Gly Gly Asp Pro Gly Val Arg Arg Leu Pro Arg Arg His Ala Leu
50          55          60
Gly Gly Phe Thr His Arg Gly Ser Glu Pro Glu Glu Glu Asp Val
65          70          75          80
Ser Gln Ala Ile Leu Phe Pro Ala Thr Asp Ala Ser Cys Glu Asp Lys
85          90          95
Ser Ala Ala Arg Gly Leu Ala Gln Glu Ala Glu Glu Gly Leu Phe Arg
100         105         110
Tyr Met Phe Arg Pro Ser Gln His Thr Arg Ser Arg Gln Val Thr Ser
115        120        125
Ala Gln Leu Trp Phe His Thr Gly Leu Asp Arg Gln Gly Thr Ala Ala
130        135        140
Ser Asn Ser Ser Glu Pro Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Pro Gly
145        150        155        160
Gly Pro Val Ala Val Pro Met Ser Leu Gly His Ala Pro Pro His Trp
165        170        175
Ala Val Leu His Leu Ala Thr Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu Thr His Pro
180        185        190
Val Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Arg Cys Pro Leu Cys Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg
195        200        205
Pro Glu Ala Thr Pro Phe Leu Val Ala His Thr Arg Thr Arg Pro Pro
210        215        220
Ser Gly Gly Glu Arg Ala Arg Arg Ser Thr Pro Leu Met Ser Trp Pro
225        230        235        240
Trp Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Arg Leu Leu Gln Arg Pro Pro Glu Glu Pro
245        250        255
Ala Ala His Ala Asn Cys His Arg Val Ala Leu Asn Ile Ser Phe Gln

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	260		265		270										
Glu	Leu	Gly	Trp	Glu	Arg	Trp	Ile	Val	Tyr	Pro	Pro	Ser	Phe	Ile	Phe
	275						280					285			
His	Tyr	Cys	His	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Leu	His	Ile	Pro	Pro	Asn	Leu	Ser
	290					295					300				
Leu	Pro	Val	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ala	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Leu
305				310					315						320
Leu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Pro	Cys	Cys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Met	Arg
			325					330						335	
Pro	Leu	His	Val	Arg	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Lys	Tyr
			340					345					350		
Glu	Thr	Val	Pro	Asn	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	His	Cys	Ala	Cys	Ile		
	355						360					365			

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
 <211> LENGTH: 1338
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <400> SEQUENCE: 6

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gaaggactgg ggaagactgg atgagaaggg tagaagaggg tgggtgtggg atggggaggg      60
gagagtggaa aggccctggg cagaccctgg cagaaggggc acggggcagg gtgtgagttc      120
cccactagca gggccagggtg agctatgggtg ctgcacctac tgcttcttctt gctgctgacc      180
ccacaggggtg ggcacagctg ccaggggctg gagctggccc gggaaactgt tctggccaag      240
gtgagggccc tgttcttgga tgccttgggg cccccgctgg tgaccagggg aggtggggac      300
cctggagtca ggcggctgcc ccgaagacat gccttggggg gcttcacaca caggggctct      360
gagcccaggg aagaggagga tgtctcccaa gccatccttt tcccagccac agatgccagc      420
tgtgaggaca agtcagctgc cagagggctg gccccaggagg ctgaggaggg cctcttcaga      480
tacatgttcc ggccatccca gcatacacgc agccgcccagg tgacttcagc ccagctgtgg      540
ttccacaccg ggtggacag gcagggcaca gcagcctcca atagctctga gccctgcta      600
ggcctgctgg cactgtcacc gggaggaccc gtggctgtgc ccatgtcttt gggccatgct      660
ccccctcact gggcctgctg gcacctggcc acctctgctc tctctctgct gaaccacccc      720
gtcctggtgc tctgctgctg ctgtcccctc tgtacctgct cagcccggcc tgaggccacg      780
cccttcctgg tggcccacac tcggaccaga ccaccagtg gaggggagag agcccgaagc      840
tcaactcccc tgatgtcctg gccttgggtc ccctctgctc tgcgctgct gcagaggcct      900
cggaggaac cggctgcccc tgccaactgc cacagagtag cactgaacat ctcttccag      960
gagctgggct gggaaagggtg gatcgtgtac cctcccagtt tcatcttcca ctactgtcat      1020
ggtggttggt ggtgcacat cccacaaaac ctgtcccttc cagtccctgg ggetccccct      1080
accccagccc agccctaact cttgctgcca ggggcccagc cctgctgtgc tgetctccca      1140
gggaccatga gggccctaca tgtccgcacc acctcggatg gaggttactc tttcaagtat      1200
gagacagtgc ccaaccttct cagcagcac tgtgcttcta tctaagggtg gggggtcttc      1260
cttcttaatc ccatggtggt tggcccagcc cccaccatca tcagctggga gaaaggcag      1320
agttgggaaa tagatggc                                     1338
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
 <211> LENGTH: 419
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

Met His Leu Leu Gly Phe Phe Ser Val Ala Cys Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Leu Leu Pro Gly Pro Arg Glu Ala Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Phe
 20 25 30
 Glu Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Ala Glu Pro Asp Ala Gly Glu Ala
 35 40 45
 Thr Ala Tyr Ala Ser Lys Asp Leu Glu Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Val Ser
 50 55 60
 Ser Val Asp Glu Leu Met Thr Val Leu Tyr Pro Glu Tyr Trp Lys Met
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Lys Cys Gln Leu Arg Lys Gly Gly Trp Gln His Asn Arg Glu Gln
 85 90 95
 Ala Asn Leu Asn Ser Arg Thr Glu Glu Thr Ile Lys Phe Ala Ala Ala
 100 105 110
 His Tyr Asn Thr Glu Ile Leu Lys Ser Ile Asp Asn Glu Trp Arg Lys
 115 120 125
 Thr Gln Cys Met Pro Arg Glu Val Cys Ile Asp Val Gly Lys Glu Phe
 130 135 140
 Gly Val Ala Thr Asn Thr Phe Phe Lys Pro Pro Cys Val Ser Val Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Cys Gly Gly Cys Cys Asn Ser Glu Gly Leu Gln Cys Met Asn Thr
 165 170 175
 Ser Thr Ser Tyr Leu Ser Lys Thr Leu Phe Glu Ile Thr Val Pro Leu
 180 185 190
 Ser Gln Gly Pro Lys Pro Val Thr Ile Ser Phe Ala Asn His Thr Ser
 195 200 205
 Cys Arg Cys Met Ser Lys Leu Asp Val Tyr Arg Gln Val His Ser Ile
 210 215 220
 Ile Arg Arg Ser Leu Pro Ala Thr Leu Pro Gln Cys Gln Ala Ala Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Thr Cys Pro Thr Asn Tyr Met Trp Asn Asn His Ile Cys Arg Cys
 245 250 255
 Leu Ala Gln Glu Asp Phe Met Phe Ser Ser Asp Ala Gly Asp Asp Ser
 260 265 270
 Thr Asp Gly Phe His Asp Ile Cys Gly Pro Asn Lys Glu Leu Asp Glu
 275 280 285
 Glu Thr Cys Gln Cys Val Cys Arg Ala Gly Leu Arg Pro Ala Ser Cys
 290 295 300
 Gly Pro His Lys Glu Leu Asp Arg Asn Ser Cys Gln Cys Val Cys Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Lys Leu Phe Pro Ser Gln Cys Gly Ala Asn Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu
 325 330 335
 Asn Thr Cys Gln Cys Val Cys Lys Arg Thr Cys Pro Arg Asn Gln Pro
 340 345 350
 Leu Asn Pro Gly Lys Cys Ala Cys Glu Cys Thr Glu Ser Pro Gln Lys
 355 360 365
 Cys Leu Leu Lys Gly Lys Lys Phe His His Gln Thr Cys Ser Cys Tyr
 370 375 380
 Arg Arg Pro Cys Thr Asn Arg Gln Lys Ala Cys Glu Pro Gly Phe Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Tyr Ser Glu Glu Val Cys Arg Cys Val Pro Ser Tyr Trp Lys Arg Pro
 405 410 415

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Gln Met Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 8
 <211> LENGTH: 2015
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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cgcggggtgt tctggtgtcc cccgccccgc ctctccaaaa agctacaccg acgcggaccg      60
cggcggcgtc ctccctcgcc ctcgcttcac ctcgcgggct ccgaatgcgg ggagctcgga      120
tgtccggttt cctgtgagge ttttacctga caccgcgcgc ctttccccgg cactggctgg      180
gagggcgccc tgcaaagtgt ggaacgcgga gccccggacc cgctcccgcc gcctccggct      240
cgcccagggg gggtcgcccc gaggagcccc ggggagaggg accaggaggg gcccgcgccc      300
tcgcaggggc gcccgcccc ccacccctgc ccccgccagc ggaecggctc cccacccccg      360
gtccttccac catgcacttg ctgggcttct tctctgtggc gtgttctctg ctgcgcgtg      420
cgctgtctcc gggctctcgc gaggcgcccc ccgcccgcgc cgcttcgag tccggactcg      480
acctctcgga cgcggagccc gacgcgggcg aggccacggc ttatgcaagc aaagatctgg      540
aggagcagtt acggtctgtg tccagtgtag atgaactcat gactgtactc taccagaat      600
attggaaaat gtacaagtgt cagctaagga aaggaggctg gcaacataac agagaacagg      660
ccaaacctca ctcaaggaca gaagagacta taaaatttgc tgcagcacat tataatacag      720
agatcttgaa aagtattgat aatgagtgga gaaagactca atgcatgcca cgggaggtgt      780
gtatagatgt ggggaaggag tttggagtcg cgacaaacac cttctttaa cctccatgtg      840
tgtccgtcta cagatgtggg ggttctgca atagtgggg gctgcagtgc atgaacacca      900
gcacgagcta cctcagcaag acgttatttg aaattacagt gcctctctct caaggcccca      960
aaccagtaac aatcagtttt gccaatcaca cttcctgccg atgcatgtct aaactggatg     1020
tttacagaca agttcattcc attattagac gttccctgcc agcaacta ccacagtgtc     1080
aggcagcgaa caagacctgc cccaccaatt acatgtggaa taatcacatc tgcagatgcc     1140
tggctcagga agattttatg ttttctcgg atgctggaga tgactcaaca gatggattcc     1200
atgacatctg tggacaaaac aaggagctgg atgaagagac ctgtcagtgt gtctgcagag     1260
cggggcttcg gcctgccagc tgtggacccc acaaagaact agacagaaac tcatgccagt     1320
gtgtctgtaa aaacaaactc tccccagcc aatgtggggc caaccgagaa tttgatgaaa     1380
acacatgcca gtgtgtatgt aaaagaacct gcccagaaa tcaacccta aatcctggaa     1440
aatgtgcctg tgaatgtaca gaaagtccac agaaatgctt gttaaaagga aagaagttec     1500
accaccaaac atgcagctgt tacagacggc catgtacgaa ccgccagaag gcttgtgagc     1560
caggattttc atatagttaa gaagtgtgtc gttgtgtccc ttcatttgg aaaagaccac     1620
aaatgagcta agattgtact gttttccagt tcatcgattt tctattatgg aaaactgtgt     1680
tgccacagta gaactgtctg tgaacagaga gacccttgtg ggtccatgct aacaaagaca     1740
aaagtctgtc tttcctgaac catgtggata actttacaga aatggactgg agctcatctg     1800
caaaaggcct cttgtaaaga ctggttttct gccaatgacc aaacagcaa gattttctc     1860
ttgtgatttc tttaaaagaa tgactatata atttatttcc actaaaaata ttgtttctgc     1920
attcattttt atagcaacaa caattggtaa aactcactgt gatcaatatt tttatatcat     1980
gcaaaatag tttaaaataa aatgaaaatt gtatt                                     2015

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<210> SEQ ID NO 9

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<211> LENGTH: 147

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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Met Val Met Gly Leu Gly Val Leu Leu Leu Val Phe Val Leu Gly Leu
1           5           10           15
Gly Leu Thr Pro Pro Thr Leu Ala Gln Asp Asn Ser Arg Tyr Thr His
20           25           30
Phe Leu Thr Gln His Tyr Asp Ala Lys Pro Gln Gly Arg Asp Asp Arg
35           40           45
Tyr Cys Glu Ser Ile Met Arg Arg Gly Leu Thr Ser Pro Cys Lys
50           55           60
Asp Ile Asn Thr Phe Ile His Gly Asn Lys Arg Ser Ile Lys Ala Ile
65           70           75           80
Cys Glu Asn Lys Asn Gly Asn Pro His Arg Glu Asn Leu Arg Ile Ser
85           90           95
Lys Ser Ser Phe Gln Val Thr Thr Cys Lys Leu His Gly Gly Ser Pro
100          105          110
Trp Pro Pro Cys Gln Tyr Arg Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Arg Asn Val Val
115          120          125
Val Ala Cys Glu Asn Gly Leu Pro Val His Leu Asp Gln Ser Ile Phe
130          135          140
Arg Arg Pro
145

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10

<211> LENGTH: 4668

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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tgtttgcatt aagttcatag attataattt gtaatggaat caacacccaaa tgcaaattag      60
aaagagagcc cactttgctc acccagtcac gtcttcccat gtaaccatag aacgttgggg      120
tctgtgtctt ttctagatcc acagtcttgc tctcagaaca ggctagccac accacaggcc      180
tagtgccagg acccatggcc tttttttaag ctcagactcc cttctgtgaa cagcaaatcc      240
cccacaactt gtacaacatt ggtgcttctc gcaagggcta cagaactatt tgatacgaaa      300
atgttcattg acttacacac aagagaagca caaaaataaaa aattaataat taatttaatg      360
tctttgaaaa tgtaccattt atttttacat ttgggggtcat aagaattgta ttacacttaa      420
gaatgcaata caatttgaag atcagatttt tctcccttg tgagaatttc tcagtatgtg      480
tgatgactac caagaaatca tagccagtca taaattcagt gagttactca taaacgaaca      540
agaaccacct acttcttggg gaggtaggtc tgettccctt caactcagga tacaactgct      600
ttcaactgct ttcttcacat tagctgacta attagctaga agcctgtcgt aaacaatttt      660
atggttgact ccttccctgg gctcagggtt ccctagaaca gagaggctcc caaatcccgg      720
tctgtggcct gtcgcctaa gctctgcctc ctgccagatc agcaggcagc attagattct      780
cataggagct ggagcctat tgtgaactgc gcatgtgcgg gatccagatt gtgactctt      840
tatgagaatc taactaatgc ttgatgatct atctgaacca gaacaatttc atcctgaaac      900
catccccac caatccatag aaatactgtc ttccacaaaa atgatccctg gtgccaaaaa      960
tgtagagac cactccccta aaactctctt cttagctctc acctoctgta ttactatctc     1020
atctcagtac attgaagccc ccatcttttc ccatggatg cctcatttcc tattaggagg     1080

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gcattttttt attttttgtt tttatttttt tccgagacgg agtctcgtc tgctcgccaag	1140
gctggagtgc agtggcgega tctcggtcca ctgcaagctc cgcctcccgg gttcacgcca	1200
ttctcctgcc tcagcctccc aagtagctgg gactacaggc gcccgacta cgccccgcta	1260
atTTTTtGta tttttagtag agacgggggtt tcaccgtggg agccaggatg gtctcgatct	1320
cctgacctcg tgatccgecc gccttggcct cccaaagtgc tgggattaca ggcgtgagac	1380
cgccccggc cgtcatttgg tatgtcttaa tgtgcctcag gacctagcac agtccctggg	1440
accagtaga gacctatgta atgttcgtta ttcaataata aatacatgaa ttaaagagtg	1500
agagtggatt ttgtaatgtt acgactgata gagaaatact cagtattctt aaggatggg	1560
gaagaacggt tggagctaga ggttgtgctc aggaaactat taaatagacg ttccgagga	1620
agggattgac gaagtgtgag gttaatgagg aagggaaaat agaataaaa atttgggtgg	1680
ggaaaagatc tgattcatga tgccgtgtca gagagcaaag ctctgtcct tttggcctaa	1740
tttggatgat ctgttcttgg gtctaccaca cctccttttg cctccgcag gacctgtgt	1800
tggaagagat ggtgatgggc ctgggcgttt tgttgttggg ctctcgtcgtg ggtctgggtc	1860
tgacccacc gacctggct caggataact ccaggtaac acacttctg acccagcact	1920
atgatgcaa accacagggc cgggatgaca gatactgtga aagcatcatg aggagacggg	1980
gcctgacctc acctgcaaaa gacatcaaca cttttattca tggcaacaag cgcagcatca	2040
aggccatctg tgaacaag aatggaaacc ctccagaga aaacctaga ataagcaagt	2100
cttctttcca ggtcaccact tgcaagctac atggagggtc cccctggcct ccatgccagt	2160
accgagccac agcgggggtc agaaacgttg ttgttcttg tgaatatggc ttacctgtcc	2220
acttggatca gtcaatttcc cgtcgtccgt aaccagcggg cccctggcca agtctggct	2280
ctgctgtcct tgccctccat ttccctctg caccagaac agtggggcca acattcattg	2340
ccaagggccc aaagaagag ctacctggac cttttgttt ctgtttgaca acatgttaa	2400
taaaataaaa tgtcttgata tcagtaagaa tcagagtctt ctactgatt ctgggcatat	2460
tgatctttcc cccattttct ctacttggct gctccctgag aggactgcat aggatagaaa	2520
tgcccttttc tttcttttcc gttttttttt tttttttttt ttgagatgga gtctcactct	2580
gtcggccagg cttaagtga atggcacaat ctcggtcac tgcaacctct ctctcctggg	2640
ttcaagtgat tctcctgcct cagcctcca aatagctgag attacaggca tgcaccacca	2700
cacctggcta atttttgtgt ttttagtaga gacagggttt caccgttttg gccaggttgg	2760
tcttgaactc ctgacctcgg gagatccgc cacttggcc tctctttgtg ctgggattac	2820
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gggaggtaga ctttacctct ctgtgaagga aagtatggta tgttgatcta cagagagaga	2940
tggaaaaatt ccagggctcg tagctactaa gcagaatttc caagataggc aaattgtttt	3000
ttctgtcaaa taataagcta atattacttc tacaatatg agacctgga gagaagtctc	3060
caaggaccaa gtaccaacat accaacagat tattatagtt tctctcactc ttacacacac	3120
acacacacat atacacatat gtaatccagc atgaatacca aaattcattc agggtagcca	3180
ccttttgtct taatcgagag ataattttga tgtttgaatg gaatgtccc aggatattct	3240
cttgtcatgg ttattttata taaaattcaa aaaccaatta cattatttcc tctgtaactc	3300
tttactttat caactaatgt ctggcaagtg tgatgttttg gggagttat agaagattcc	3360
ggccaggcgc ttatctcagc cttgtaatcc agcacttttg gaagctgagg cggacagatc	3420
acgaggtcaa gagatcaaga ccatcctgga caacatgggt aaacctgtc tctactaaaa	3480

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atgtgaaaat tagctgggcg tggtaggcaca cacctatagt cccagctact cgggaggctg 3540
aggcaggaga atcgcttgaa cctaggaggc ggaggttgca ctgagccgag atcacgccac 3600
tgcactccag cctgggcgac agagcgagac tccatctcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagaaaga 3660
tcccagttta tcccagttta tcccttattc ttctcaatt ctcaagattt gtttttaagt 3720
taacataact taggttaaca cactctttgt aaaatacact gttcaatcta cagactcagt 3780
ggttagcttc ctgtaacta atttctgtg acaggtactt ggatatttta ttagaaaagt 3840
ggttgccaat aaattagtta taagtcgcca gtttcactgc cttgtgaaca cataattatt 3900
gtggtctcag tattccctat ggtggcttct cctgctcctg gtattgcctt gaaatgggct 3960
aaaagccgtg gctccccaat gctcaggtta tagaacattg tccaggtacc acctaggaga 4020
gcccagcctc actgaaagta ttcaaattta ggaatgggtt tgagaagtag gtagctggta 4080
tgtgcttagc acaagaatct ctcttccttg ggttagtctg tttcaaaact gaaaacactg 4140
tcattcctta agaaaatagg aaaaagtatt ccaaactctc gtcaactagaa aatttgccat 4200
attaccaaat ctcaaaaacc tctcaggaaa tgagaaagtc ccagtctctg gtaaactatt 4260
tgggcccttt tctcaagttc tcttccagtc gctatttctc tgaggtgagg caaagttact 4320
caagatcctc gctgccactc aaggccttga tagggcaagt gaaaggcatg gaccattatt 4380
atattgatca cagcataagc tgtgaaaacc cacatcttct ccaaacatct gcttgagca 4440
ttatcctcgc atagtttgcg ctggtgttca gggaaatcgc tgtttcatag gaaatcacat 4500
ggcagtgagg tgggagtgtt tctgacctg ccgatggtac tggcacctga gcaagcattc 4560
ctagtctctt ttggtctggg cctctgttcc taccacaacc acaagctgtt taaaataaaa 4620
acgtcaagtc acaggcaggt cattttatcc tgcgtgaatc aattgaag 4668
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 11
<211> LENGTH: 734
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 11
    
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Met Trp Val Leu Phe Leu Leu Ser Gly Leu Gly Gly Leu Arg Met Asp
1           5           10           15

Ser Asn Phe Asp Ser Leu Pro Val Gln Ile Thr Val Pro Glu Lys Ile
20          25          30

Arg Ser Ile Ile Lys Glu Gly Ile Glu Ser Gln Ala Ser Tyr Lys Ile
35          40          45

Val Ile Glu Gly Lys Pro Tyr Thr Val Asn Leu Met Gln Lys Asn Phe
50          55          60

Leu Pro His Asn Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Tyr Ser Gly Thr Gly Ile Met
65          70          75          80

Lys Pro Leu Asp Gln Asp Phe Gln Asn Phe Cys His Tyr Gln Gly Tyr
85          90          95

Ile Glu Gly Tyr Pro Lys Ser Val Val Met Val Ser Thr Cys Thr Gly
100         105         110

Leu Arg Gly Val Leu Gln Phe Glu Asn Val Ser Tyr Gly Ile Glu Pro
115         120         125

Leu Glu Ser Ser Val Gly Phe Glu His Val Ile Tyr Gln Val Lys His
130         135         140

Lys Lys Ala Asp Val Ser Leu Tyr Asn Glu Lys Asp Ile Glu Ser Arg
145         150         155         160

Asp Leu Ser Phe Lys Leu Gln Ser Ala Glu Pro Gln Gln Asp Phe Ala
165         170         175
    
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Lys Tyr Ile Glu Met His Val Ile Val Glu Lys Gln Leu Tyr Asn His
 180 185 190
 Met Gly Ser Asp Thr Thr Val Val Ala Gln Lys Val Phe Gln Leu Ile
 195 200 205
 Gly Leu Thr Asn Ala Ile Phe Val Ser Phe Asn Ile Thr Ile Ile Leu
 210 215 220
 Ser Ser Leu Glu Leu Trp Ile Asp Glu Asn Lys Ile Ala Thr Thr Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Ala Asn Glu Leu Leu His Thr Phe Leu Arg Trp Lys Thr Ser Tyr
 245 250 255
 Leu Val Leu Arg Pro His Asp Val Ala Phe Leu Leu Val Tyr Arg Glu
 260 265 270
 Lys Ser Asn Tyr Val Gly Ala Thr Phe Gln Gly Lys Met Cys Asp Ala
 275 280 285
 Asn Tyr Ala Gly Gly Val Val Leu His Pro Arg Thr Ile Ser Leu Glu
 290 295 300
 Ser Leu Ala Val Ile Leu Ala Gln Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser Met Gly Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Tyr Asp Asp Ile Asn Lys Cys Gln Cys Ser Gly Ala Val Cys Ile
 325 330 335
 Met Asn Pro Glu Ala Ile His Phe Ser Gly Val Lys Ile Phe Ser Asn
 340 345 350
 Cys Ser Phe Glu Asp Phe Ala His Phe Ile Ser Lys Gln Lys Ser Gln
 355 360 365
 Cys Leu His Asn Gln Pro Arg Leu Asp Pro Phe Phe Lys Gln Gln Ala
 370 375 380
 Val Cys Gly Asn Ala Lys Leu Glu Ala Gly Glu Glu Cys Asp Cys Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Thr Glu Gln Asp Cys Ala Leu Ile Gly Glu Thr Cys Cys Asp Ile Ala
 405 410 415
 Thr Cys Arg Phe Lys Ala Gly Ser Asn Cys Ala Glu Gly Pro Cys Cys
 420 425 430
 Glu Asn Cys Leu Phe Met Ser Lys Glu Arg Met Cys Arg Pro Ser Phe
 435 440 445
 Glu Glu Cys Asp Leu Pro Glu Tyr Cys Asn Gly Ser Ser Ala Ser Cys
 450 455 460
 Pro Glu Asn His Tyr Val Gln Thr Gly His Pro Cys Gly Leu Asn Gln
 465 470 475 480
 Trp Ile Cys Ile Asp Gly Val Cys Met Ser Gly Asp Lys Gln Cys Thr
 485 490 495
 Asp Thr Phe Gly Lys Glu Val Glu Phe Gly Pro Ser Glu Cys Tyr Ser
 500 505 510
 His Leu Asn Ser Lys Thr Asp Val Ser Gly Asn Cys Gly Ile Ser Asp
 515 520 525
 Ser Gly Tyr Thr Gln Cys Glu Ala Asp Asn Leu Gln Cys Gly Lys Leu
 530 535 540
 Ile Cys Lys Tyr Val Gly Lys Phe Leu Leu Gln Ile Pro Arg Ala Thr
 545 550 555 560
 Ile Ile Tyr Ala Asn Ile Ser Gly His Leu Cys Ile Ala Val Glu Phe
 565 570 575
 Ala Ser Asp His Ala Asp Ser Gln Lys Met Trp Ile Lys Asp Gly Thr
 580 585 590
 Ser Cys Gly Ser Asn Lys Val Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg Cys Val Ser Ser

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595				600				605							
Ser	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Cys	Thr	Thr	Asp	Lys	Cys	Asn	Asp	Arg	Gly
610						615					620				
Val	Cys	Asn	Asn	Lys	Lys	His	Cys	His	Cys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Pro
625					630					635					640
Pro	Asp	Cys	Ser	Val	Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu	Trp	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ile	Asp
				645					650					655	
Ser	Gly	Asn	Phe	Pro	Pro	Val	Ala	Ile	Pro	Ala	Arg	Leu	Pro	Glu	Arg
			660						665					670	
Arg	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Asn	Ile	Tyr	His	Ser	Lys	Pro	Met	Arg	Trp	Pro	Phe
			675				680							685	
Phe	Leu	Phe	Ile	Pro	Phe	Phe	Ile	Ile	Phe	Cys	Val	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ile
	690					695					700				
Met	Val	Lys	Val	Asn	Phe	Gln	Arg	Lys	Lys	Trp	Arg	Thr	Glu	Asp	Tyr
705					710					715					720
Ser	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Ser	Glu	Ser	Glu	Pro	Lys	Gly		
				725						730					

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 2650
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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gacttcaagc catgtgggtc ttgtttctgc tcagcgggct cggcgggctg cggatggaca	120
gtaatttga tagtttacct gtgcaaatta cagttccgga gaaaatacgg tcaataataa	180
aggaaggaat tgaatgcgag gcatcctaca aaattgtaat tgaagggaaa ccatatactg	240
tgaatttaac gcaaaaaaac tttttacccc ataattttag agtttacagt tatagtggca	300
caggaattat gaaaccactt gaccaagatt ttcagaattt ctgccactac caagggata	360
ttgaaggtta tccaaaatct gtggtgatgg ttagcacatg tactggactc aggggcgtac	420
tacagtttga aaatgttagt tatggaatag aaccctgga gtcttcagtt ggctttgaac	480
atgtaattta ccaagtaaaa cataagaaag cagatgttcc cttatataat gagaaggata	540
ttgaatcaag agatctgtcc tttaaattac aaagcgcaga gccacagcaa gattttgcaa	600
agtatataga aatgcattgt atagttgaaa aacaattgta taatcatatg gggctctgata	660
caactgttgt cgctcaaaaa gttttccagt tgattggatt gacgaatget atttttgttt	720
catttaatat tacaattatt ctgtcttcat tggagctttg gatagatgaa aataaaattg	780
caaccactgg agaagctaag gagttattac acacattttt aagatggaaa acatcttatc	840
ttgttttacg tcctcatgat gtggcatttt tacttgttta cagagaaaag tcaaattatg	900
ttggtgcaac ctttcaaggg aagatgtgtg atgcaaaacta tgcaggaggt gttgttctgc	960
acccagaac cataagtctg gaatcacttg cagttatttt agctcaatta ttgagcctta	1020
gtatggggat cacttatgat gacattaaca aatgccagtg ctccaggagct gtctgcatta	1080
tgaatccaga agcaattcat ttcagtgggtg tgaagatctt tagtaactgc agcttcgaag	1140
actttgcaca ttttatttca aagcagaagt cccagtgtct tcacaatcag cctcgttag	1200
atcctttttt caaacagcaa gcagtgtgtg gtaatgcaaa gctggaagca ggagaggagt	1260
gtgactgtgg gactgaacag gattgtgccc ttattggaga aacatgctgt gatattgcca	1320
catgtagatt taaagccggt tcaaaactgtg ctgaaggacc atgctgcgaa aactgtctat	1380

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ttatgtcaaa agaagaatg tgtaggcctt cctttgaaga atgcgacctc cctgaatatt 1440
gcaatggatc atctgcatc tgcccagaaa accactatgt tcagactggg catccgtgtg 1500
gactgaatca atggatctgt atagatggag tttgtatgag tggggataaa caatgtacag 1560
acacatttgg caaagaagta gagtttggcc cttcagaatg ttattctcac cttaattcaa 1620
agactgatgt atctggaaac tgtggtataa gtgattcagg atacacacag tgtgaagctg 1680
acaatctgca gtgcggaaaa ttaatatgta aatatgtagg taaattttta ttacaaattc 1740
caagagccac tattatttat gccaacataa gtggacatct ctgcattgct gtggaatttg 1800
ccagtgatca tgcagacagc caaaagatgt ggataaaaga tggaaacttct tgtggttcaa 1860
ataaggtttg caggaatcaa agatgtgtga gttcttcata cttgggttat gattgtacta 1920
ctgacaaatg caatgataga ggtgtatgca ataacaaaaa gcactgtcac tgtagtgtct 1980
catatttacc tccagattgc tcagttcaat cagatctatg gcctgggtggg agtattgaca 2040
gtggcaatth tccacctgta gctataccag ccagactccc tgaaggcgc tacattgaga 2100
acatttacca ttccaacca atgagatggc ctttttctt attcattcct ttctttatta 2160
tttctgtgt actgattgct ataagtgtga aagttaattt ccaaaggaaa aaatggagaa 2220
ctgaggacta ttcaagcgat gagcaacctg aaagtgagag tgaacctaaa gggtagtctg 2280
gacaacagag atgccatgat atcacttctt ctagagtaat tatctgtgat ggatggacac 2340
aaaaaaaaatg aaagaaaaa atgtacatta cctggtttcc tgggattcaa acctgcatat 2400
tgtgatttta atttgaccag aaaatatgat atatatgtat aatttcacag ataatttact 2460
tatttaaaaa tgcagtataa tgagttttac attacaaatt tctgtttttt taaagttatc 2520
ttacgtatt tctgttggtt agtagacact aattctgtca gtaggggcat ggtataagga 2580
aatatcataa tgtaatgagg tgggtactatg attaaaagcc actgttcat tcaaaaaaa 2640
aaaaaaaaaa 2650

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<210> SEQ ID NO 13
<211> LENGTH: 718
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5)..(5)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (102)..(102)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (206)..(206)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (385)..(385)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (420)..(420)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (423)..(423)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (463)..(463)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (557)..(557)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (568)..(568)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (582)..(582)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (627)..(627)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (640)..(640)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (649)..(649)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (671)..(671)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (696)..(696)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (700)..(700)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (708)..(708)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

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agagngtcgc cccctttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttgacattta      60
taaatgaacc tttattaaag acacttcaat gccatttggt anacacttca atattttaca      120
tggttttcaa tgtacactgt accaaaatct ctataataa ataactttgt acataaaagt      180
aatactccct ctttcacatt gctcncaga agcagcaaat tcatatattt tgtggaagta      240
agattagtca gttaactgtc aagaacaaaa ttctaagtgt gcttaccttt tgaacagtga      300
tgacacctga cagtaattgt taactatttt ctcagtaact ccttcagct tttggccaaa      360
ggaacatttg aaggaccttg tttcnattta agttttacta aatgacacat tggcactcan      420
aanatggtta gctaccagtc tcaaaagtgc aaattatacc canaacccag gtcaagggct      480
gtcctttcca agtcccagct cagtttcctc tgggtcgaag gaatggcatg gacaggcctg      540
ctccgggtcc ttaatanaaa taagggtancc ctgaaaagtc anaacttccct cctttctgtc      600
ccccagggc aatgtaatac tcattanatt gggcaaaacn aaaacatcng tatagtaaaa      660
atccacaggt nccaacacca gcagccttta cttantttt aaaggccnca aaatagca      718
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 14
 <211> LENGTH: 135
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

```

Met Ser Pro His Leu Thr Ala Leu Leu Gly Leu Val Leu Cys Leu Ala
1           5           10           15
Gln Thr Ile His Thr Gln Glu Gly Ala Leu Pro Arg Pro Ser Ile Ser
20          25          30
Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Val Ile Ser Pro Gly Ser His Val Thr Phe Met
35          40          45
    
```

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Cys Arg Gly Pro Val Gly Val Gln Thr Phe Arg Leu Glu Arg Glu Asp
 50 55 60
 Arg Ala Lys Tyr Lys Asp Ser Tyr Asn Val Phe Arg Leu Gly Pro Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Glu Ala Arg Phe His Ile Asp Ser Val Ser Glu Gly Asn Ala
 85 90 95
 Gly Leu Tyr Arg Cys Leu Tyr Tyr Lys Pro Pro Gly Trp Ser Glu His
 100 105 110
 Ser Asp Phe Leu Glu Leu Leu Val Lys Gly Thr Val Pro Gly Thr Glu
 115 120 125
 Ala Ser Gly Phe Asp Ala Pro
 130 135

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
 <211> LENGTH: 568
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

ccacgcgtcc ggggaccggg gccatgtctc cacacctcac tgctctcctg ggcttagtgc 60
 tctgcctggc ccagaccatc cacacgcagg agggggccct tcccagacc tccatctcgg 120
 ctgagccagg cactgtgatc tcccgggga gccatgtgac tttcatgtgc cggggcccgg 180
 ttggggttca aacattccgc ctggagaggg aggatagagc caagtacaaa gatagttata 240
 atgtgtttcg acttggcca tctgagtcag aggccagatt ccacattgac tcagtaagtg 300
 aaggaaatgc cgggctttat cgctgcctct attataagcc ccctggatgg tctgagcaca 360
 gtgacttctt ggagctgctg gtgaaagga ctgtgccagg cactgaagcc tccggatttg 420
 atgcacatg aatgaggaga aatggcctcc cgtcttgtga acttcaatgg ggagaaataa 480
 ttagaatgag caatagaaat gcacagatgc ctatacatc atatacaaat aaaaagatac 540
 gattcgcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagggc 568

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
 <211> LENGTH: 426
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

Met Pro Leu Leu Trp Leu Arg Gly Phe Leu Leu Ala Ser Cys Trp Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Val Arg Ser Ser Pro Thr Pro Gly Ser Glu Gly His Ser Ala Ala
 20 25 30
 Pro Asp Cys Pro Ser Cys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Lys Asp Val Pro
 35 40 45
 Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Met Val Glu Ala Val Lys Lys His Ile Leu Asn
 50 55 60
 Met Leu His Leu Lys Lys Arg Pro Asp Val Thr Gln Pro Val Pro Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Ala Leu Leu Asn Ala Ile Arg Lys Leu His Val Gly Lys Val Gly
 85 90 95
 Glu Asn Gly Tyr Val Glu Ile Glu Asp Asp Ile Gly Arg Arg Ala Glu
 100 105 110
 Met Asn Glu Leu Met Glu Gln Thr Ser Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Ala Glu
 115 120 125
 Ser Gly Thr Ala Arg Lys Thr Leu His Phe Glu Ile Ser Lys Glu Gly

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caggaagacg ctgcacttcg agatttccaa ggaaggcagt gacctgtcag tggtaggagcg 540
tgcagaagtc tggctcttcc taaaagtccc caaggccaac aggaccagga ccaaagtcac 600
catccgcctc ttccagcagc agaagcaccg gcagggcagc ttggacacag ggaagagggc 660
cgaggaagtg ggcttaaagg gggagaggag tgaactgttg ctctctgaaa aagtagtaga 720
cgctcggaag agcaactggc atgtcttccc tgtctccagc agcatccagc ggttgctgga 780
ccagggcaag agctcctcgg acgttcggat tgctctgtgag cagtgccagg agagtggcgc 840
cagcttggtt ctctctgggc agaagaagaa gaaagaagag gagggggaag gaaaaaagaa 900
gggcgagggt gaaggtgggg caggagcaga tgaggaaaag gagcagtcgc acagaccttt 960
cctcatgctg caggcccggc agtctgaaga ccaccctcat cgccggcgtc ggcggggctt 1020
ggagtgtgat ggaaggtca acatctgctg taagaaacag ttctttgtca gtttcaagga 1080
catcggctgg aatgactgga tcattgtccc ctctggctat catgccaact actgagaggg 1140
tgagtgcctg agccatatag caggcacgctc cgggtctca ctgtccttcc actcaacagt 1200
catcaaccac taccgcatgc ggggccatag cccctttgcc aacctcaaat cgtgctgtgt 1260
gcccaccaag ctgagaccga tgtccatggt gtactatgat gatggtcaaa acatcatcaa 1320
aaaggacatt cagaacatga tcgtggagga gtgtgggtgc tcatagagtt gccagacca 1380
gggggaaagg gagcaagagt tgtccagaga agacagtggc aaaatgaaga aatttttaag 1440
gtttctgagt taaccagaaa aatagaaatt aaaaaaaaaa caaaacaaaa aaaaaaacia 1500
aaaaaaacia aagtaaatga aaaaacaacc tgatgaaaca gatgaaacag atgaaggaag 1560
atgtggaat cttagcctgc cttagccagg gctcagagat gaagcagtga agagacagat 1620
tgggagggaa agggagaatg gtgtaccctt tatttcttct gaaatcacac tgatgacatc 1680
agttgttaa acgggttatt gtcctttccc cccttgaggt tcccttgatg gcttgaatca 1740
accaatctga tctgcagtag tgtggactag aacaacccaa atagcatcta gaaagccatg 1800
agtttgaag ggccatcac aggcacttcc ctagcctaata 1840

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<210> SEQ ID NO 18
<211> LENGTH: 199
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met Asn Cys Val Cys Arg Leu Val Leu Val Val Leu Ser Leu Trp Pro
1 5 10 15
Asp Thr Ala Val Ala Pro Gly Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Arg Val Ser
20 25 30
Pro Asp Pro Arg Ala Glu Leu Asp Ser Thr Val Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser
35 40 45
Leu Leu Ala Asp Thr Arg Gln Leu Ala Ala Gln Leu Arg Asp Lys Phe
50 55 60
Pro Ala Asp Gly Asp His Asn Leu Asp Ser Leu Pro Thr Leu Ala Met
65 70 75 80
Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Thr Arg
85 90 95
Leu Arg Ala Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Leu Arg His Val Gln Trp Leu Arg
100 105 110
Arg Ala Gly Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Pro Glu Leu Gly Thr
115 120 125
Leu Gln Ala Arg Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Met
130 135 140

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Ser Arg Leu Ala Leu Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Asp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ala Pro Pro Ser Ser Ala Trp Gly Gly Ile Arg Ala Ala His Ala
 165 170 175
 Ile Leu Gly Gly Leu His Leu Thr Leu Asp Trp Ala Val Arg Gly Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Leu Leu Lys Thr Arg Leu
 195

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 2281
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

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 gtcgcccctg gggcaccacc tggccccct cgagtctccc cagaccctcg ggcgagctg 180
 gacagcaccg tgetcctgac ccgtctctc ctggcggaca cgcggcagct ggetgcacag 240
 ctgagggaca aattcccagc tgacggggac cacaacctgg attcctgcc caccctggcc 300
 atgagtgcgg gggcactggg agctctacag ctcccagggt tgetgacaag gctgcgagcg 360
 gacctactgt cctacctgag gcactgtcag tgctgcgcc gggcaggtgg ctcttcctg 420
 aagaccctgg agcccagct gggcaccctg caggcccagc tggaccggct gctgcgccgg 480
 ctgcagctcc tgatgtccc cctggccctg ccccagccac ccccggaccc gccggcgccc 540
 ccgtggcgcc ccccctctc agcctggggg ggcactcaggg ccgcccacgc catcctgggg 600
 ggggtgcacc tgacacttga ctggcccgtg aggggactgc tgetgctgaa gactcggctg 660
 tgaccgggg cccaaagcca ccacgtctc tccaaagcca gatcttattt atttatttat 720
 ttcagtactg ggggcaaac agccagggtg tcccccgcc attatctccc cctagttaga 780
 gacagtctct ccgtgaggcc tgggggacat ctgtgcctta tttatactta tttatttcag 840
 gagcaggggt gggaggcagg tggactcctg ggtccccgag gaggagggga ctggggctcc 900
 ggattcttgg gtctccaaga agtctgtcca cagacttctg ccctggctct tcccactta 960
 ggctgggca ggaacatata ttatttattt aagcaattac ttttcatggt ggggtgggga 1020
 cggaggggaa agggaagcct gggttttgt acaaaaatgt gagaaacctt tgtgagacag 1080
 agaacaggga attaaatgtg tcatacatat ccacttgagg gcgatttgc tgagagctgg 1140
 ggctggatgc ttgggtaact ggggcagggc aggtggaggg gagacctcca ttcagtgga 1200
 ggtcccagat gggcggggca gcgactggga gatgggtcgg tcaccagac agctctgtgg 1260
 aggcagggtc tgagccttgc ctggggcccc gcaactgcata gggcogttg tttgttttt 1320
 gagatggagt ctgcctctgt tgcctaggct ggagtgcagt gaggcaatct aaggctcactg 1380
 caagctccac ctcccgggtt caagcaatc tctgctctca gcctccgat tagctgggat 1440
 cacaggtgtg caccaccatg ccagctaat tatttatttc ttttgattt ttagtagaga 1500
 cagggtttca ccatgttggc caggctgggt tcgaactcct gacctcaggt gatcctcctg 1560
 cctcggcctc ccaaagtgtc gggattacag gtgtgagcca ccacacctga cccataggtc 1620
 ttcaataaat atttaatgga aggttcaca agtcaccctg tgatcaacag taccgctatg 1680
 ggacaaagct gcaaggtcaa gatggttcat tatggctgtg ttcaccatag caaactggaa 1740
 agaatctaga tatccaacag tgaggggtaa gcaacatggt gcactctgtg atagaacacc 1800

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accagccgc cggagcagg gactgtcatt cagggaggct aaggagagag gcttgcttgg 1860
gatatagaaa gatatacctga cattggccag gcatggtggc tcacgcctgt aatcctggca 1920
cttgggagg acgaagcgag tggatcactg aagtccaaga gtttgagacc ggctgcgag 1980
acatggcaaa accctgtctc aaaaaagaaa gaatgatgtc ctgacatgaa acagcaggct 2040
acaaaaccac tgcattgctgt gatcccaatt ttgtgttttt cttctatat atggattaaa 2100
acaaaaatcc taaagggaaa tacgccaaaa tgttgacaat gactgtctcc aggtcaaagg 2160
agagaggagg gattgtgggt gacttttaat gtgtatgatt gtctgtattt tacagaattt 2220
ctgccatgac tgtgtatttt gcatgacaca ttttaaaaat aataaacact atttttagaa 2280
t 2281
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20
<211> LENGTH: 322
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 20

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Met Ser Pro Asn Phe Lys Leu Gln Cys His Phe Ile Leu Ile Phe Leu
1          5          10          15
Thr Ala Leu Arg Gly Glu Ser Arg Tyr Leu Glu Leu Arg Glu Ala Ala
20          25          30
Asp Tyr Asp Pro Phe Leu Leu Phe Ser Ala Asn Leu Lys Arg Asp Val
35          40          45
Ala Gly Glu Gln Pro Tyr Arg Arg Ala Leu Arg Cys Leu Asp Met Leu
50          55          60
Ser Leu Gln Gly Gln Phe Thr Phe Thr Ala Asp Arg Pro Gln Leu His
65          70          75          80
Cys Ala Ala Phe Phe Ile Ser Glu Pro Glu Glu Phe Ile Thr Ile His
85          90          95
Tyr Asp Gln Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Gln Gly Gly Asp Phe Leu Lys Val
100         105         110
Phe Asp Gly Trp Ile Leu Lys Gly Glu Lys Phe Pro Ser Ser Gln Asp
115         120         125
His Pro Leu Pro Ser Ala Glu Arg Tyr Ile Asp Phe Cys Glu Ser Gly
130         135         140
Leu Ser Arg Arg Ser Ile Arg Ser Ser Gln Asn Val Ala Met Ile Phe
145         150         155         160
Phe Arg Val His Glu Pro Gly Asn Gly Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Lys Thr
165         170         175
Asp Pro Asn Leu Phe Pro Cys Asn Val Ile Ser Gln Thr Pro Asn Gly
180         185         190
Lys Phe Thr Leu Val Val Pro His Gln His Arg Asn Cys Ser Phe Ser
195         200         205
Ile Ile Tyr Pro Val Val Ile Lys Ile Ser Asp Leu Thr Leu Gly His
210         215         220
Val Asn Gly Leu Gln Leu Lys Lys Ser Ser Ala Gly Cys Glu Gly Ile
225         230         235         240
Gly Asp Phe Val Glu Leu Leu Glu Gly Thr Gly Leu Asp Pro Ser Lys
245         250         255
Met Thr Pro Leu Ala Asp Leu Cys Tyr Pro Phe His Gly Pro Ala Gln
260         265         270
Met Lys Val Gly Cys Asp Asn Thr Val Val Arg Met Val Ser Ser Gly
275         280         285
    
```

-continued

Lys His Val Asn Arg Val Thr Phe Glu Tyr Arg Gln Leu Glu Pro Tyr
 290 295 300

Glu Leu Glu Asn Pro Asn Gly Asn Ser Ile Gly Glu Phe Cys Leu Ser
 305 310 315 320

Gly Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
 <211> LENGTH: 1248
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

```

ggacctccgg agcagacagc acagcagctg cagaggcaag gccagcatgt cgcccaactt    60
caaaacttcag tgtcacttca ttctcatctt cctgacggct ctaagagggg aaagccggta    120
cctagagctg agggaagcgg cggactacga tcctttcctg ctcttcagcg ccaacctgaa    180
gcgggacgtg gctggggagc agccgtaccg ccgcgctctg cggtgccctg acatgctgag    240
cctccagggc cagttcacct tcaccgccga ccggccgcag ctgcaactgg cagccttctt    300
catcagcgag cccgaggagt tcattaccat ccactacgac caggtctcca tcgactgtca    360
gggcccggac ttctgaaagg tatttgatgg ttggattctc aagggggaga agttcccag    420
ttcccaggat catcctctcc cctcagctga gcggtacata gatttctgtg agagtggctc    480
tagcaggagg agcatcagat cttcccagaa tgtggccatg atcttcttcc gagtccatga    540
accaggaaat ggattcacat taaccataaa gacagacccc aacctcttcc cttgcaatgt    600
catttctcag actccaatg gaaagtttac cctggtagtt ccacaccagc atcgaaactg    660
cagcttctcc ataatttacc ctgtggatg caaaatatct gatcttacc tgggacacgt    720
aaatggctct cagttaaaga aatcctcagc aggttgcgag ggaataggag actttgtgga    780
gctgctggag ggaactggat tggacccttc caagatgacg cctttagctg atctctgcta    840
cccctttcat ggcccggccc agatgaaagt tggctgtgac aacctgtgg tgcgcatggt    900
ctccagtgga aaacacgtaa atcgtgtgac ttttgagtat cgtcagctgg agccgtacga    960
gctggaaaac ccaaatggaa acagtatcgg ggaattctgt ttgtctggtc tttgaataac   1020
caaccagtg atttaccatg tgatagctaa gtgagttttt aatggccatt gtgtatgatt   1080
ttgatgcaca actagttaaa agcctttcat accagtcagt atttoccagc cttgagcgca   1140
cgcacacacc acacacatac acacacgcat tatttttgtt actttgcttc tttttatgtt   1200
tgtaatctgt aaatgaacac atggcagaaa ataaccctga ttggtagg                   1248
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 22
 <211> LENGTH: 442
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Thr Thr Pro Asp Arg Arg Leu Trp Asn Pro Pro Ala Thr Ser Ser Ser
 1 5 10 15

Leu Arg Gln Met Glu Arg Met Leu Pro Leu Leu Thr Leu Gly Leu Leu
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Gly Phe Cys Pro Ala Val Leu Cys His Pro Asn Ser Pro Leu
 35 40 45

Asp Glu Glu Asn Leu Thr Gln Glu Asn Gln Asp Arg Gly Thr His Val
 50 55 60

Asp Leu Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Val Asp Phe Ala Phe Ser Leu Tyr

-continued

65	70	75	80
Lys Gln Leu Val	Leu Lys Ala Pro	Asp Lys Asn Val	Ile Phe Ser Pro
	85	90	95
Leu Ser Ile Ser	Thr Ala Leu Ala	Phe Leu Ser Leu	Gly Ala His Asn
	100	105	110
Thr Thr Leu Thr	Glu Ile Leu Lys	Gly Leu Lys Phe	Asn Leu Thr Glu
	115	120	125
Thr Ser Glu Ala	Glu Ile His Gln	Ser Phe Gln His	Leu Leu Arg Thr
	130	135	140
Leu Asn Gln Ser	Ser Asp Glu Leu	Gln Leu Ser Met	Gly Asn Ala Met
	145	150	155
Phe Val Lys Glu	Gln Leu Ser Leu	Leu Asp Arg Phe	Thr Glu Asp Ala
	165	170	175
Lys Arg Leu Tyr	Gly Ser Glu Ala	Phe Ala Thr Asp	Phe Gln Asp Ser
	180	185	190
Ala Ala Ala Lys	Lys Leu Ile Asn	Asp Tyr Val Lys	Asn Gly Thr Arg
	195	200	205
Gly Lys Ile Thr	Asp Leu Ile Lys	Asp Leu Asp Ser	Gln Thr Met Met
	210	215	220
Val Leu Val Asn	Tyr Ile Phe Phe	Lys Ala Lys Trp	Glu Met Pro Phe
	225	230	235
Asp Pro Gln Asp	Thr His Gln Ser	Arg Phe Tyr Leu	Ser Lys Lys Lys
	245	250	255
Trp Val Met Val	Pro Met Met Ser	Leu His His Leu	Thr Ile Pro Tyr
	260	265	270
Phe Arg Asp Glu	Glu Leu Ser Cys	Thr Val Val Glu	Leu Lys Tyr Thr
	275	280	285
Gly Asn Ala Ser	Ala Leu Phe Ile	Leu Pro Asp Gln	Asp Lys Met Glu
	290	295	300
Glu Val Glu Ala	Met Leu Leu Pro	Glu Thr Leu Lys	Arg Trp Arg Asp
	305	310	315
Ser Leu Glu Phe	Arg Glu Ile Gly	Glu Leu Tyr Leu	Pro Lys Phe Ser
	325	330	335
Ile Ser Arg Asp	Tyr Asn Leu Asn	Asp Ile Leu Leu	Gln Leu Gly Ile
	340	345	350
Glu Glu Ala Phe	Thr Ser Lys Ala	Asp Leu Ser Gly	Ile Thr Gly Ala
	355	360	365
Arg Asn Leu Ala	Val Ser Gln Val	Val His Lys Ala	Val Leu Asp Val
	370	375	380
Phe Glu Glu Gly	Thr Glu Ala Ser	Ala Ala Thr Ala	Val Lys Ile Thr
	385	390	395
Leu Leu Ser Ala	Leu Val Glu Thr	Arg Thr Ile Val	Arg Phe Asn Arg
	405	410	415
Pro Phe Leu Met	Ile Ile Val Pro	Thr Asp Thr Gln	Asn Ile Phe Phe
	420	425	430
Met Ser Lys Val	Thr Asn Pro Lys	Gln Ala	
	435	440	

<210> SEQ ID NO 23
 <211> LENGTH: 561
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

ctgtctcaaa ataaaaataa aaaataaaaa gaaataaaaa agaaatatac caaaatgtta 60

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gctggggctct tctctgggta gtaaagtgt gggggatatt ttccaaagtc cttctttaca 120
ttctctgagt ttttccatgt tcttcaatga gtatttaata agcagataaa aactaataca 180
acaaaggatt ttttctgtgt gcttttttga cctttggagg aagagattag agctagtccc 240
ataaccaggt tatttgagta ggtctaataa gcccgatata ccagaaatta tcactctggtc 300
atttccagtc cgagaacaga acacttgggt gtctctggcat ttcccaagca gtgggaggag 360
ttctctgcag gaataaataa gcctcagcat tcatgaaaat ccactactcc agacagacgg 420
ctttggaatc caccagctac atccagctcc ctgaggcagg taatccatga tgttttacat 480
cctgggagcg gaggaatctg tttttccagg agagtttttag gcagcagcct ggagtgtgtg 540
gagtgtgagg ggtaagcaga g 561
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 24
<211> LENGTH: 272
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

```

Met Val Leu Leu Thr Ala Val Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Tyr Ala Gly
1          5          10          15
Pro Ala Gln Ser Leu Gly Ser Phe Val His Cys Glu Pro Cys Asp Glu
20          25          30
Lys Ala Leu Ser Met Cys Pro Pro Ser Pro Leu Gly Cys Glu Leu Val
35          40          45
Lys Glu Pro Gly Cys Gly Cys Cys Met Thr Cys Ala Leu Ala Glu Gly
50          55          60
Gln Ser Cys Gly Val Tyr Thr Glu Arg Cys Ala Gln Gly Leu Arg Cys
65          70          75          80
Leu Pro Arg Gln Asp Glu Glu Lys Pro Leu His Ala Leu Leu His Gly
85          90          95
Arg Gly Val Cys Leu Asn Glu Lys Ser Tyr Arg Glu Gln Val Lys Ile
100         105         110
Glu Arg Asp Ser Arg Glu His Glu Glu Pro Thr Thr Ser Glu Met Ala
115         120         125
Glu Glu Thr Tyr Ser Pro Lys Ile Phe Arg Pro Lys His Thr Arg Ile
130         135         140
Ser Glu Leu Lys Ala Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Asp Arg Arg Lys Lys Leu
145         150         155
Thr Gln Ser Lys Phe Val Gly Gly Ala Glu Asn Thr Ala His Pro Arg
165         170         175
Ile Ile Ser Ala Pro Glu Met Arg Gln Glu Ser Glu Gln Gly Pro Cys
180         185         190
Arg Arg His Met Glu Ala Ser Leu Gln Glu Leu Lys Ala Ser Pro Arg
195         200         205
Met Val Pro Arg Ala Val Tyr Leu Pro Asn Cys Asp Arg Lys Gly Phe
210         215         220
Tyr Lys Arg Lys Gln Cys Lys Pro Ser Arg Gly Arg Lys Arg Gly Ile
225         230         235         240
Cys Trp Cys Val Asp Lys Tyr Gly Met Lys Leu Pro Gly Met Glu Tyr
245         250         255
Val Asp Gly Asp Phe Gln Cys His Thr Phe Asp Ser Ser Asn Val Glu
260         265         270
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 25

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<211> LENGTH: 1303
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

tgaaaaaaaa aaaagaaaag aaagggattg aaggagcttg ccaagggtag gctgcctaaa    60
ttcacatttt cctcgggtct ttccgtgaaa tggggacacc agaaacccaa gggtcgggtc    120
tagtgccttc aactctctgg ggatgagagt cttgccttgg ggtagacaag aggcagggca    180
gggaggagca gagccctggg gtgcggccgt cctcaccgcc tgttgctcta ctcaccccag    240
tgcaaacctt cccgtggccg caagcgtggc atctgctggt gcgtggacaa gtacgggatg    300
aagctgccag gcatggagta cgttgacggg gactttcagt gccacacctt cgacagcagc    360
aacgttgagt gatgcgtccc cccccaacct ttcctcacc ccctcccacc cccagccccg    420
actccagcca gcgcctccct ccaccccagg acgccactca tttcatctca ttaagggaa    480
aaatatatat ctatctatctt gaggaaaactg aggacctcgg aatctctagc aagggtcaa    540
cttcgaaaat ggcaacaaca gagatgcaaa aagctaaaaa gacaccccc ccctttaaata    600
ggttttcttt ttgaggcaag ttggatgaac agagaagggg agagaggaag aacgagagga    660
agagaagggg aggaagtgtt tgtgtagaag agagagaaag acgaatagag ttaggaaaag    720
gaagacaagc aggtgggca gaaaggacatg caccgagacc aggcaggggc ccaactttca    780
cgtccagccc tggcctgggg tcggggagagg tgggcgctag aagatgcagc ccaggatgtg    840
gcaatcaatg acactattgg ggtttcccag gatggattgg tcagggggag aaaggaaaag    900
gcaaaacact ccaggacctc tcccggatct gtctctctct ctagccagca gtatggacag    960
ctggaccctt gaacttcctc tctcttacc tgggcagagt gttgtctctc cccaaattta   1020
taaaaactaa aatgcattcc attcctctga aagcaaaaaca aattcataat tgagtgatat   1080
taaatagaga ggttttcgga agcagatctg tgaatatgaa atacatgtgc atatttcatt   1140
ccccaggcag acatttttta gaaatcaata catgccccaa tattggaaag acttgttctt   1200
ccacgggtgac tacagtacat gctgaagcgt gccgtttcag ccctcattta attcaatttg   1260
taagtagcgc acgagcctct gtgggggagg ataggctgaa aaa                          1303
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 448
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Met Val Leu Ile Gln Ile Pro Met Tyr Asn Glu Lys Glu Val Cys Gln
1             5             10             15

Leu Ser Ile Gly Ala Ala Cys Arg Leu Ser Trp Pro Leu Asp Arg Met
20           25           30

Ile Val Gln Val Leu Asp Asp Ser Thr Asp Pro Ala Ser Lys Glu Leu
35           40           45

Val Asn Ala Glu Cys Asp Lys Trp Ala Arg Lys Gly Ile Asn Ile Met
50           55           60

Ser Glu Ile Arg Asp Asn Arg Ile Gly Tyr Lys Ala Gly Ala Leu Lys
65           70           75           80

Ala Gly Met Met His Asn Tyr Val Lys Gln Cys Glu Phe Val Ala Ile
85           90           95

Phe Asp Ala Asp Phe Gln Pro Asp Pro Asp Phe Leu Glu Arg Thr Ile
100          105          110

Pro Phe Leu Ile His Asn His Glu Ile Ser Leu Val Gln Cys Arg Trp
    
```

-continued

115				120				125							
Lys	Phe	Val	Asn	Ala	Asn	Glu	Cys	Leu	Met	Thr	Arg	Met	Gln	Glu	Met
130						135						140			
Ser	Leu	Asn	Tyr	His	Phe	Val	Ala	Glu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ser	Ile
145					150					155					160
His	Ala	Phe	Phe	Gly	Phe	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly	Val	Trp	Arg	Ile	Ala
				165					170					175	
Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ala	Gly	Gly	Trp	Lys	Asp	Arg	Thr	Thr	Val	Glu	Asp
			180					185					190		
Met	Asp	Leu	Ala	Val	Arg	Ala	Cys	Leu	His	Gly	Trp	Lys	Phe	Val	Tyr
		195					200					205			
Val	His	Asp	Val	Glu	Val	Lys	Asn	Glu	Leu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Phe	Lys	Ala
	210					215						220			
Tyr	Arg	Phe	Gln	Gln	His	Arg	Trp	Ser	Cys	Gly	Pro	Ala	Asn	Leu	Trp
225					230					235					240
Arg	Lys	Met	Thr	Met	Glu	Ile	Leu	Gln	Asn	Lys	Lys	Val	Ser	Ala	Trp
				245					250					255	
Lys	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Phe	Phe	Ile	Arg	Lys	Ile	Val
			260					265					270		
Val	His	Ile	Phe	Thr	Phe	Val	Phe	Tyr	Cys	Leu	Ile	Leu	Pro	Thr	Thr
		275						280				285			
Val	Leu	Phe	Pro	Glu	Leu	Gln	Val	Pro	Lys	Trp	Ala	Thr	Val	Tyr	Phe
	290					295					300				
Pro	Thr	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Pro	Arg	Met	Ile
305					310					315					320
Lys	Ser	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Val	Tyr	Cys	Arg	Ser	Leu	His	Leu	Leu	Val
				325					330					335	
Phe	Trp	Ile	Leu	Phe	Glu	Asn	Val	Met	Ser	Met	His	Arg	Thr	Lys	Ala
			340					345					350		
Thr	Phe	Ile	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Gly	Arg	Val	Asn	Glu	Trp	Val	Val
		355					360					365			
Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Ala
	370					375					380				
Thr	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Arg	Phe	Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Asn	Trp	Arg	Glu
385					390					395					400
Leu	Val	Val	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Phe	Phe	Cys	Gly	Cys	Tyr	Asp	Phe	Ala
			405					410					415		
Tyr	Gly	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Ser	Cys	Ala
			420					425					430		
Phe	Phe	Val	Ala	Gly	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Thr	Phe	Val	Pro	Thr	Val
		435					440					445			

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
 <211> LENGTH: 422
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <400> SEQUENCE: 27

Met	Pro	Ala	Gly	Arg	Arg	Gly	Pro	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ser	Ala	Arg	Arg	Pro
1				5				10				15			
Pro	Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Cys	Val	Leu	Gly	Ala	Pro
		20						25				30			
Arg	Ala	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala	His	Thr	Ala	Val	Ile	Ser	Pro	Gln	Asp	Pro
		35				40						45			
Thr	Leu	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ser	Val	His	Gly

-continued

50	55	60
Asp 65	Pro 70	Pro 75
Arg 85	Arg 90	Leu 95
Ala 100	Leu 105	Asn 110
Asn 115	Val 120	Cys 125
Leu 130	Tyr 135	Trp 140
Ser 145	Lys 150	Met 155
Gly 165	Thr 170	Leu 175
Trp 180	Tyr 185	Gln 190
His 195	Ser 200	Val 205
Ile 210	Trp 215	Val 220
Leu 225	Thr 230	Val 235
Val 245	His 250	Val 255
Trp 260	Val 265	Val 270
Gln 275	Ile 280	Val 285
Asp 290	Val 295	Val 300
Thr 305	Val 310	Val 315
Ser 325	Lys 330	Val 335
Ser 340	Thr 345	Val 350
Pro 355	Arg 360	Val 365
Gln 370	Phe 375	Val 380
Phe 385	Arg 390	Val 395
Thr 405	Arg 410	Val 415
Ala 420	Arg 425	Val 430

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
 <211> LENGTH: 1716
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

cgcccagcga cgtgcgggcg gcctggcccg cgcctcccg cgcccgccct gcgtcccgcg 60

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cctgcgcca cgcgcgcca gccgcagccc gccgcgcgcc cccggcagcg cgggcccac 120
gccgcgcgcc cgcgcggggcc cgcgcgcccc atccgcgcgg cggcgcgcgc cgttgctgcc 180
cctgctctg ctgctctgctg tcctcggggc gccgcgagcc ggatcaggag cccacacagc 240
tgtgatcagt ccccaggatc ccacgcttct catcggtctc tcctgctgg ccacctgctc 300
agtgcacgga gaccaccag gagccaccgc cgagggcctc tactggaccc tcaacggggc 360
cgcctgccc cctgagctct cccgtgtact caacgcctcc acctggctc tggcctggc 420
caacctcaat gggtcacagc agcggtcggg ggacaacctc gtgtgccacg cccgtgacgg 480
cagcatcctg gctggctctc gcctctatgt tggcctgccc ccagagaaac cgtcaacat 540
cagctgctgg tccaagaaca tgaaggactt gacctgccgc tggacgccag gggcccacgg 600
ggagaccttc ctccacacca actactccct caagtacaag cttaggtggt atggccagga 660
caacacatgt gagagtacc acacagtggg gcccactcc tgccacatcc ccaaggacct 720
ggctctcttt acgccctatg agatctgggt ggaggccacc aaccgcctgg gctctgcccg 780
ctccgatgta ctacgctggt atactctgga tgtggtgacc acggaccccc cgcgcgact 840
gcacgtgagc cgcgtcgggg gcctggagga ccagctgagc gtgcgctggg tgtcgcacc 900
cgccctcaag gatttctct ttaagccaa ataccagatc cgctaccgag tggaggacag 960
tgtggactgg aaggtggtgg acgatgtgag caaccagacc tcctgccgcc tggccggcct 1020
gaaacccggc accgtgtact tcgtgcaagt gcgctgcaac ccctttggca tctatggctc 1080
caagaaagcc gggatctgga gtgagtggag ccaccccaca gccgcctcca ctccccgag 1140
tgagcgcccc ggcggggggc gcggggcggt cgaaccgcgg ggcggagagc cgagctcggg 1200
gccggtgctg cgcgagctca agcagttctc gggtggctc aagaagcacg cgtactgctc 1260
caacctcagc ttccgcctct acgaccagtg gcgagcctgg atgcagaagt cgcacaagac 1320
cgcgaaccag gacgagggga tcctgccctc gggcagacgg ggcacggcga gaggtcctgc 1380
cagataagct gtgggggctc agggccacct ccctgccacg tggagacgca gaggccgaac 1440
ccaaactggg gccacctctg tacctcact tcagggcacc tgagccaccc tcagcaggag 1500
ctggggtggc cctgagctc caacggccat aacagctctg actcccacgt gaggccacct 1560
ttgggtgcac cccagtgggt gtgtgtgtgt gtgtgaggt tggttgagtt gcctagaacc 1620
cctgccaggg ctgggggtga gaaggggagt cttactccc cattacctag ggcccctcca 1680
aaagagtctc ttaaataaaa tgagctatct aggtgc 1716

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<210> SEQ ID NO 29
<211> LENGTH: 228
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 29

```

Met Leu His Val Glu Met Leu Thr Leu Val Phe Leu Val Leu Trp Met
1           5           10           15
Cys Val Phe Ser Gln Asp Pro Gly Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Asp Arg Tyr
20           25           30
Ala Val Tyr Trp Asn Ser Ser Asn Pro Arg Phe Gln Arg Gly Asp Tyr
35           40           45
His Ile Asp Val Cys Ile Asn Asp Tyr Leu Asp Val Phe Cys Pro His
50           55           60
Tyr Glu Asp Ser Val Pro Glu Asp Lys Thr Glu Arg Tyr Val Leu Tyr
65           70           75           80

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Met Val Asn Phe Asp Gly Tyr Ser Ala Cys Asp His Thr Ser Lys Gly
      85                      90                      95

Phe Lys Arg Trp Glu Cys Asn Arg Pro His Ser Pro Asn Gly Pro Leu
      100                      105                      110

Lys Phe Ser Glu Lys Phe Gln Leu Phe Thr Pro Phe Ser Leu Gly Phe
      115                      120                      125

Glu Phe Arg Pro Gly Arg Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Ile Ser Ser Ala Ile Pro
      130                      135                      140

Asp Asn Gly Arg Arg Ser Cys Leu Lys Leu Lys Val Phe Val Arg Pro
      145                      150                      155

Thr Asn Ser Cys Met Lys Thr Ile Gly Val His Asp Arg Val Phe Asp
      165                      170                      175

Val Asn Asp Lys Val Glu Asn Ser Leu Glu Pro Ala Asp Asp Thr Val
      180                      185                      190

His Glu Ser Ala Glu Pro Ser Arg Gly Glu Asn Ala Ala Gln Thr Pro
      195                      200                      205

Arg Ile Pro Ser Arg Leu Leu Ala Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Met
      210                      215                      220

Leu Leu Thr Leu
225

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<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 737
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 30

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Met Gly Gly Cys Thr Val Lys Pro Gln Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Val
 1      5                      10                      15

Leu His Pro Trp Asn Pro Cys Leu Gly Ala Asp Ser Glu Lys Pro Ser
 20                      25                      30

Ser Ile Pro Thr Asp Lys Leu Leu Val Ile Thr Val Ala Thr Lys Glu
 35                      40                      45

Ser Asp Gly Phe His Arg Phe Met Gln Ser Ala Lys Tyr Phe Asn Tyr
 50                      55                      60

Thr Val Lys Val Leu Gly Gln Gly Glu Glu Trp Arg Gly Gly Asp Gly
 65                      70                      75                      80

Ile Asn Ser Ile Gly Gly Gly Gln Lys Val Arg Leu Met Lys Glu Val
 85                      90                      95

Met Glu His Tyr Ala Asp Gln Asp Asp Leu Val Val Met Phe Thr Glu
 100                      105                      110

Cys Phe Asp Val Ile Phe Ala Gly Gly Pro Glu Glu Val Leu Lys Lys
 115                      120                      125

Phe Gln Lys Ala Asn His Lys Val Val Phe Ala Ala Asp Gly Ile Leu
 130                      135                      140

Trp Pro Asp Lys Arg Leu Ala Asp Lys Tyr Pro Val Val His Ile Gly
 145                      150                      155                      160

Lys Arg Tyr Leu Asn Ser Gly Gly Phe Ile Gly Tyr Ala Pro Tyr Val
 165                      170                      175

Asn Arg Ile Val Gln Gln Trp Asn Leu Gln Asp Asn Asp Asp Asp Gln
 180                      185                      190

Leu Phe Tyr Thr Lys Val Tyr Ile Asp Pro Leu Lys Arg Glu Ala Ile
 195                      200                      205

Asn Ile Thr Leu Asp His Lys Cys Lys Ile Phe Gln Thr Leu Asn Gly
 210                      215                      220

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Ala Val Asp Glu Val Val Leu Lys Phe Glu Asn Gly Lys Ala Arg Ala
 225 230 235 240

Lys Asn Thr Phe Tyr Glu Thr Leu Pro Val Ala Ile Asn Gly Asn Gly
 245 250 255

Pro Thr Lys Ile Leu Leu Asn Tyr Phe Gly Asn Tyr Val Pro Asn Ser
 260 265 270

Trp Thr Gln Asp Asn Gly Cys Thr Leu Cys Glu Phe Asp Thr Val Asp
 275 280 285

Leu Ser Ala Val Asp Val His Pro Asn Val Ser Ile Gly Val Phe Ile
 290 295 300

Glu Gln Pro Thr Pro Phe Leu Pro Arg Phe Leu Asp Ile Leu Leu Thr
 305 310 315

Leu Asp Tyr Pro Lys Glu Ala Leu Lys Leu Phe Ile His Asn Lys Glu
 325 330 335

Val Tyr His Glu Lys Asp Ile Lys Val Phe Phe Asp Lys Ala Lys His
 340 345 350

Glu Ile Lys Thr Ile Lys Ile Val Gly Pro Glu Glu Asn Leu Ser Gln
 355 360 365

Ala Glu Ala Arg Asn Met Gly Met Asp Phe Cys Arg Gln Asp Glu Lys
 370 375 380

Cys Asp Tyr Tyr Phe Ser Val Asp Ala Asp Val Val Leu Thr Asn Pro
 385 390 395 400

Arg Thr Leu Lys Ile Leu Ile Glu Gln Asn Arg Lys Ile Ile Ala Pro
 405 410 415

Leu Val Thr Arg His Gly Lys Leu Trp Ser Asn Phe Trp Gly Ala Leu
 420 425 430

Ser Pro Asp Gly Tyr Tyr Ala Arg Ser Glu Asp Tyr Val Asp Ile Val
 435 440 445

Gln Gly Asn Arg Val Gly Val Trp Asn Val Pro Tyr Met Ala Asn Val
 450 455 460

Tyr Leu Ile Lys Gly Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Glu Met Asn Glu Arg Asn
 465 470 475 480

Tyr Phe Val Arg Asp Lys Leu Asp Pro Asp Met Ala Leu Cys Arg Asn
 485 490 495

Ala Arg Glu Met Gly Val Phe Met Tyr Ile Ser Asn Arg His Glu Phe
 500 505 510

Gly Arg Leu Leu Ser Thr Ala Asn Tyr Asn Thr Ser His Tyr Asn Asn
 515 520 525

Asp Leu Trp Gln Ile Phe Glu Asn Pro Val Asp Trp Lys Glu Lys Tyr
 530 535 540

Ile Asn Arg Asp Tyr Ser Lys Ile Phe Thr Glu Asn Ile Val Glu Gln
 545 550 555 560

Pro Cys Pro Asp Val Phe Trp Phe Pro Ile Phe Ser Glu Lys Ala Cys
 565 570 575

Asp Glu Leu Val Glu Glu Met Glu His Tyr Gly Lys Trp Ser Gly Gly
 580 585 590

Lys His His Asp Ser Arg Ile Ser Gly Gly Tyr Glu Asn Val Pro Thr
 595 600 605

Asp Asp Ile His Met Lys Gln Val Asp Leu Glu Asn Val Trp Leu Asp
 610 615 620

Phe Ile Arg Glu Phe Ile Ala Pro Val Thr Leu Lys Val Phe Ala Gly
 625 630 635 640

Tyr Tyr Thr Lys Gly Phe Ala Leu Leu Asn Phe Val Val Lys Tyr Ser
 645 650 655

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Pro Glu Arg Gln Arg Ser Leu Arg Pro His His Asp Ala Ser Thr Phe
 660 665 670
 Thr Ile Asn Ile Ala Leu Asn Asn Val Gly Glu Asp Phe Gln Gly Gly
 675 680 685
 Gly Cys Lys Phe Leu Arg Tyr Asn Cys Ser Ile Glu Ser Pro Arg Lys
 690 695 700
 Gly Trp Ser Phe Met His Pro Gly Arg Leu Thr His Leu His Glu Gly
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 Leu Pro Val Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Tyr Ile Ala Val Ser Phe Ile Asp
 725 730 735

Pro

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 3503
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

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gtcataactg tagcaacaaa agaaagtgat ggattccatc gatttatgca gtcagccaaa      180
tatttcaatt atactgtgaa ggtccttggg caaggagaag aatggagagg tggatgatgga      240
attaatagta ttggaggggg ccagaaagtg agattaatga aagaagtcac ggaacactat      300
gctgatcaag atgatctggt tgtcatgttt actgaatgct ttgatgtcat atttctggt      360
gggccagaag aagttctaaa aaaattccaa aaggcaaacc acaaagtggg ctttgcagca      420
gatggaattt tgtggccaga taaaagacta gcagacaagt atcctgttgt gcacattggg      480
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caacaatgga atctccagga taatgatgat gatcagctct tttacactaa agtttacatt      600
gatccactga aaagggaaagc tattaacatc acattggatc acaaatgcaa aattttccag      660
accttaaatg gagctgtaga tgaagttggt ttaaaatttg aaaatggcaa agccagagct      720
aagaatacat tttatgaaac attaccagtg gcaattaatg gaaatggacc caccaagatt      780
ctcctgaatt attttgaaa ctatgtaccc aattcatgga cacaggataa tggctgcaact      840
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gggtatttta tgtacatctc taatagacat gaatttgaa ggctattatc cactgctaatt     1560
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ccaacaaaaa tactTgtTga cttgatTttt tatcacttct ctaagtaagg ttgaaatata 3360
cttattgtag ctactgtttt taatgtaaag gttaaacttg aaaagaaatt cttaatcag 3420
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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 3503

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 247
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 32

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Met Leu Gln Asn Ser Ala Val Leu Leu Val Leu Val Ile Ser Ala Ser
1             5             10             15
Ala Thr His Glu Ala Glu Gln Asn Asp Ser Val Ser Pro Arg Lys Ser
20             25             30
Arg Val Ala Ala Gln Asn Ser Ala Glu Val Val Arg Cys Leu Asn Ser
35             40             45

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Ala Leu Gln Val Gly Cys Gly Ala Phe Ala Cys Leu Glu Asn Ser Thr
 50 55 60
 Cys Asp Thr Asp Gly Met Tyr Asp Ile Cys Lys Ser Phe Leu Tyr Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Ala Lys Phe Asp Thr Gln Gly Lys Ala Phe Val Lys Glu Ser Leu
 85 90 95
 Lys Cys Ile Ala Asn Gly Val Thr Ser Lys Val Phe Leu Ala Ile Arg
 100 105 110
 Arg Cys Ser Thr Phe Gln Arg Met Ile Ala Glu Val Gln Glu Glu Cys
 115 120 125
 Tyr Ser Lys Leu Asn Val Cys Ser Ile Ala Lys Arg Asn Pro Glu Ala
 130 135 140
 Ile Thr Glu Val Val Gln Leu Pro Asn His Phe Ser Asn Arg Tyr Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Asn Arg Leu Val Arg Ser Leu Leu Glu Cys Asp Glu Asp Thr Val Ser
 165 170 175
 Thr Ile Arg Asp Ser Leu Met Glu Lys Ile Gly Pro Asn Met Ala Ser
 180 185 190
 Leu Phe His Ile Leu Gln Thr Asp His Cys Ala Gln Thr His Pro Arg
 195 200 205
 Ala Asp Phe Asn Arg Arg Arg Thr Asn Glu Pro Gln Lys Leu Lys Val
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Arg Asn Leu Arg Gly Glu Glu Asp Ser Pro Ser His Ile Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Thr Ser His Glu Ser Ala
 245

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 3901
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

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 cagtgtatcc agatccacat cttcactcaa gccaggagag ggaaagagga aaggggggca 240
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 tcaacagtgc tctacaggtc ggctgccccg cttttgcatg cctggaaaac tccacctgtg 480
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 aggtcttctc cgccattcgg aggtgtctcca ctttccaaag gatgattgct gaggtgcagg 660
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 ctgaggctgt ccagctgccc aatcacttct ccaacagata ctataacaga cttgtccgaa 780
 gcctgctgga atgtgatgaa gacacagtca gcacaatcag agacagcctg atggagaaaa 840
 ttgggcctaa catggcccag ctcttcacaa tcctgcagac agaccactgt gcccaaacac 900
 acccagagc tgacttcaac aggagacgca ccaatgagcc gcagaagctg aaagtctctc 960

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t caggaacct c cgaggtgag gaggactctc cctcccacat caaacgcaca tcccatgaga	1020
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tgacacacca attttgagtg tactgtgctt ggtttgattt ttttaaagta gttcctattt	1140
tctatcccc ttaaagaaaa ttgcatgaaa ctaggcttct gtaatcaata tcccaacatt	1200
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ttaaatgtc ataagatgt taaatggaat tcgtgttatg aatctgtgct ggccatggac	1500
gaatatgaat gtcacatttg aattcttgat ctctaatgag ctagtgtctt atggcttga	1560
tctccaatg tctaattttt tttccgacac atttaccaaa ttgcttgagc ctggctgtcc	1620
aaccagactt tgagctgca tctcttgca tctaatgaaa aacaaaaagc taacatcttt	1680
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cagaggactc tgcttaaaca aagcagtata taataacttt attgcatata gatttagttt	1860
tgtaacttag ctttattttt cttttcctgg gaatggaata actatctcac ttccagatat	1920
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aacatcaaaa cttaagatgg gcctgtatga gacaggaaaa accaacaggt ttatctgaag	2040
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ttttttttt tttttggctg tgacctctc aaaccgtgg accccccctt ttctcccac	3360

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gatgatctct atatatgtat ctacaataca tatatctaca catacagaaa gaagcagttc 3420
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a 3901
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 34
<211> LENGTH: 313
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<400> SEQUENCE: 34
    
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Leu Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ser Ala Ser Glu
20          25          30
Tyr Asp Tyr Val Ser Phe Gln Ser Asp Ile Gly Pro Tyr Gln Ser Gly
35          40          45
Arg Phe Tyr Thr Lys Pro Pro Gln Cys Val Asp Ile Pro Ala Asp Leu
50          55          60
Arg Leu Cys His Asn Val Gly Tyr Lys Lys Met Val Leu Pro Asn Leu
65          70          75          80
Leu Glu His Glu Thr Met Ala Glu Val Lys Gln Gln Ala Ser Ser Trp
85          90          95
Val Pro Leu Leu Asn Lys Asn Cys His Ala Gly Thr Gln Val Phe Leu
100         105         110
Cys Ser Leu Phe Ala Pro Val Cys Leu Asp Arg Pro Ile Tyr Pro Cys
115        120        125
Arg Trp Leu Cys Glu Ala Val Arg Asp Ser Cys Glu Pro Val Met Gln
130        135        140
Phe Phe Gly Phe Tyr Trp Pro Glu Met Leu Lys Cys Asp Lys Phe Pro
145        150        155        160
Glu Gly Asp Val Cys Ile Ala Met Thr Pro Pro Asn Ala Thr Glu Ala
165        170        175
Ser Lys Pro Gln Gly Thr Thr Val Cys Pro Pro Cys Asp Asn Glu Leu
180        185        190
Lys Ser Glu Ala Ile Ile Glu His Leu Cys Ala Ser Glu Phe Ala Leu
195        200        205
Arg Met Lys Ile Lys Glu Val Lys Lys Glu Asn Gly Asp Lys Lys Ile
210        215        220
Val Pro Lys Lys Lys Lys Pro Leu Lys Leu Gly Pro Ile Lys Lys Lys
225        230        235        240
Asp Leu Lys Lys Leu Val Leu Tyr Leu Lys Asn Gly Ala Asp Cys Pro
245        250        255
Cys His Gln Leu Asp Asn Leu Ser His His Phe Leu Ile Met Gly Arg
260        265        270
Lys Val Lys Ser Gln Tyr Leu Leu Thr Ala Ile His Lys Trp Asp Lys
    
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275	280	285	
Lys Asn Lys Glu Phe Lys Asn Phe Met Lys Lys Met Lys Asn His Glu			
290	295	300	
Cys Pro Thr Phe Gln Ser Val Phe Lys			
305	310		
<210> SEQ ID NO 35 <211> LENGTH: 4469 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens <400> SEQUENCE: 35			
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gcattcccgc tccttttccc tccatagcca cgtccaaaac cccagggtag ccatggcccg			1440
gtaagcaag gccatttag attaggaagg tttttaagat ccgcaatgtg gagcagcagc			1500
cactgcacag gaggaggtga caaacattt ccaacagcaa cacagccact aaaacacaaa			1560
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tccattatct aatagtgaca gcaaggagc caggggagag gcattgcctt ctctgccacc			1860
agtctttccg tgtgattgtc tttgaatctg aatcagccag tctcagatgc cccaaagttt			1920

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gctgagaagg cagtagtttt caaacacat agttaaaaa gaaacaaatg aaaaaattt	2100
tagaacagtc cagcaaattg ctatgcaggg tgaattgtga aattgggtga agagcttagg	2160
attctaactc catgtttttt ccttttcaca tttttaaaag aacaatgaca aacacccact	2220
tatttttcaa ggttttaaaa cagtctacat tgagcatttg aaagggtgac tagaacaagg	2280
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ggaggcggat ttccctggta gtgtagctgt gtggtttcc ttctgaaga gtcctgtgtt	2400
gccctagaac ctaaccccc ctagcaaaa tcacagagct ttccgttttt ttctttcctg	2460
taaagaaaca ttctcttga acttgattgc ctatggatca aagaaatca gaacagcctg	2520
cctgttcccc cgcacttttt acatatattt gtttcatttc tgcagatgga aagttgacat	2580
gggtgggggt tccccatca gcgagagagt ttcaaaagca aaacatctct gcagtttttc	2640
ccaagtacc tgagatactt cccaaagccc ttatgtttaa tcagcgatgt atataagcca	2700
gttcacttag acaactttac ccttctgtgc caatgtacag gaagtagttc taaaaaaat	2760
gcataatatt ttcttcccc aaagccggat tcttaattct ctgcaacact ttgaggacat	2820
ttatgattgt cctctgggg caatgcttat acccagtgag gatgctgag tgaggctgta	2880
aagtggcccc ctgcccct agcctgaccc ggagaaaagga tggtagattc tgttaactct	2940
tgaagactcc agtatgaaa tcagcatgcc cgctagtta cctaccggag agttatcctg	3000
ataaattaac ctctcagat tagtgatcct gtccttttaa cacctttttt gtgggtttct	3060
ctctgacctt tcctcgtaaa gtgctgggga ccttaagtga tttgctgta attttggatg	3120
attaaaaaat gtgtatatat attagctaatt tagaaatatt ctacttctct gttgtcaaac	3180
tgaaattcag agcaagttcc tgagtgcgtg gatctgggtc ttagtctctg ttgattcact	3240
caagagtcca gtgctcatac gtatctgctc attttgacaa agtgccctcat gcaaccgggc	3300
cctctctctg cggcagagtc cttagtggag gggtttacct ggaacataag tagttaccac	3360
agaatacggg agagcagggt actgtgctgt gcagctctct aaatgggaat tctcaggtag	3420
gaagcaacag cttcagaaa agctcaaaa aaattggaaa tgtgaatcgc agctgtgggt	3480
tttaccaccg tctgtctcag agtcccagga ccttgagtgat cattagttac tttattgaag	3540
gttttagacc catagcagct ttgtctctgt cacatcagca atttcagaac caaaaggag	3600
gctctctgta ggcacagagc tgcactatca cgagcctttg tttttctcca caaagtatct	3660
aacaaaacca atgtgcagac tgattggcct ggtcattggt ctccgagaga ggaggtttgc	3720
ctgtgatttg cctgtgattt cctaattatc gctagggcca aggtgggatt tgtaaagctt	3780
tacaataatc attctggata gagtccctgg aggtccttgg cagaactcag ttaaatcttt	3840
gaagaatatt tgtagtatc ttagaagata gcatgggagg tgaggattcc aaaaacattt	3900
tatttttaa atactctgt taacacttgg ctcttggtac ctgtgggtta gcatcaagtt	3960
ctccccaggg tagaattcaa tcagagctcc agtttgattt tggatgtgta aattacagta	4020
atcccatttc ccaaacctaa aatctgtttt tctcactcaga ctctgagtaa ctggttctg	4080
tgtcataact tcatagatgc agggagctca ggtgatctgt ttgaggagag caccctaggc	4140
agcctgcagg gaataacata ctggccgttc tgacctgttg ccagcagata cacaggacat	4200
ggatgaaatt cccgtttcct ctagtctctt cctgtagtac tctctttta gatcctaagt	4260
ctcttcaaaa agctttgaat actgtgaaaa tgttttacat tccatttcat ttgtgtgtt	4320

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tttttaactg cattttacca gatgttttga tgttatcgct tatgttaata gtaattcccg 4380
tacgtgttca ttttattttc atgctttttc agccatgtat caatattcac ttgactaaaa 4440
tcactcaatt aatcaatgaa aaaaaaaaaa 4469

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<210> SEQ ID NO 36
<211> LENGTH: 250
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 36

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```

Met Ala Asp Asn Phe Ser Leu His Asp Ala Leu Ser Gly Ser Gly Asn
1           5           10           15
Pro Asn Pro Gln Gly Trp Pro Gly Ala Trp Gly Asn Gln Pro Ala Gly
20           25           30
Ala Gly Gly Tyr Pro Gly Ala Ser Tyr Pro Gly Ala Tyr Pro Gly Gln
35           40           45
Ala Pro Pro Gly Ala Tyr Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Pro Gly Ala Tyr His
50           55           60
Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala Tyr Pro Gly Ala Pro Ala Pro Gly Val Tyr Pro
65           70           75           80
Gly Pro Pro Ser Gly Pro Gly Ala Tyr Pro Ser Ser Gly Gln Pro Ser
85           90           95
Ala Pro Gly Ala Tyr Pro Ala Thr Gly Pro Tyr Gly Ala Pro Ala Gly
100          105          110
Pro Leu Ile Val Pro Tyr Asn Leu Pro Leu Pro Gly Gly Val Val Pro
115          120          125
Arg Met Leu Ile Thr Ile Leu Gly Thr Val Lys Pro Asn Ala Asn Arg
130          135          140
Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe Gln Arg Gly Asn Asp Val Ala Phe His Phe Asn
145          150          155          160
Pro Arg Phe Asn Glu Asn Asn Arg Arg Val Ile Val Cys Asn Thr Lys
165          170          175
Leu Asp Asn Asn Trp Gly Arg Glu Glu Arg Gln Ser Val Phe Pro Phe
180          185          190
Glu Ser Gly Lys Pro Phe Lys Ile Gln Val Leu Val Glu Pro Asp His
195          200          205
Phe Lys Val Ala Val Asn Asp Ala His Leu Leu Gln Tyr Asn His Arg
210          215          220
Val Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Ile Ser Lys Leu Gly Ile Ser Gly Asp Ile
225          230          235          240
Asp Leu Thr Ser Ala Ser Tyr Thr Met Ile
245          250

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<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 914
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 37

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```

ccagccaacg agcggaaaaat ggcagacaat ttttcgctcc atgatgctt atctgggtct 60
ggaaacccaa accctcaagg atggcctggc gcatggggga accagcctgc tggggcaggg 120
ggctaccacg gggcttcta tctgggggc taccctgggc aggcaccccc aggggcttat 180
cctggacagg cactctcagg cgcctaccat ggagcacctg gagcttatcc cggagcacct 240
gcacctggag tctaccagg gccaccagc ggcctgggg cctaccatc ttctggacag 300

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ccaagtgcc ccgagccta cctgccact ggcccctatg ggcacctgc tgggccactg 360
attgtgctt ataactgcc tttgctggg ggagtgggtc ctgcatgct gataacaatt 420
ctgggcacgg tgaagcccaa tgcaaacaga attgctttag atttccaaag agggaatgat 480
gttgccctcc actttaacc acgcttcaat gagaacaaca ggagagtcat tgtttgcaat 540
acaaagctgg ataataactg ggaagggaa gaaagacagt cggttttccc atttgaagt 600
gggaaacat tcaaaataca agtactgggt gaacctgacc acttcaaggt tgcagtgaat 660
gatgctcact tgtgacgta caatcatcgg gttaaaaaac tcaatgaaat cagcaaactg 720
ggaatttctg gtgacataga cctcaccagt gcttcatata ccatgatata atctgaaagg 780
ggcagattaa aaaaaaaaaa aaagaatcta aaccttcat gtgtaaagg ttcattgttca 840
ctgtgagtga aaatttttac atccatcaat atccctcttg taagtcatct acttaataaa 900
tattacagtg aaag 914

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<210> SEQ ID NO 38
<211> LENGTH: 94
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 38
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Met Arg Thr Leu Ala Ile Leu Ala Ala Ile Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Gln
 1             5             10             15
Ala Gln Ala Glu Pro Leu Gln Ala Arg Ala Asp Glu Val Ala Ala Ala
          20             25             30
Pro Glu Gln Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Pro Glu Val Val Val Ser Leu Ala
          35             40             45
Trp Asp Glu Ser Leu Ala Pro Lys His Pro Gly Ser Arg Lys Asn Met
          50             55             60
Asp Cys Tyr Cys Arg Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Ala Gly Glu Arg Arg Tyr
65             70             75             80
Gly Thr Cys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu Trp Ala Phe Cys Cys
          85             90

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```

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
<211> LENGTH: 3710
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 39
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```

gaattccctg taagccctgt tacaggggct gcaccccaga tacaacctga cctgtgtcca 60
aggcgggcaa ctcaaccctt agatattgaa tgggtcccat ggcaccaatg cttaaacacc 120
agcagccctc acaaccacag atcgtgtttt aaggatgagg aggtagtctt ctggatgcac 180
aggcttcaat ccaaatgggc tcatgacgcc gcagcacaca cccagtctgc agcctgaaga 240
gttgaggcat tgcattcaca gaaagcatcc agacatgac atgggctcag ggatacacct 300
gttctccgat gtgtaccagt gaaggatgga aactcctatg cctcccagaa agcaccactc 360
aagcttttgc tgaatgcttc tctgaaggcc cacaaggctg agaggctgtg caacaccagc 420
agtaaagtga atgccagac tcccactcc tttcttgggt ggccatctgg aaaggccact 480
cccacctga tggctaatic ctgagaccag ttcttggccc agatgacct agacaattgt 540
ttaagcttaa actgttcatt ggccaagcaa acaggtgata gtacctctgg ggaaccacat 600
gcccgctgta catccagatc tcaggagaac ccaaaaatgt ctgttccaca tagcaacaga 660
agcccaggta gcaactcagtc tcacctgggt gttctccaac atcccagctc agccaaatgg 720

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ctttcattag tttttatggt tagaccccag gtcctcggga cactgcttta gaaacacatt	780
ccaaatcctc ctctgtgtgc aggtggcatt cctatcccaa tctctttgca gggcgtatac	840
tgtgatacgc agccaggctg tcccagaggc cttaaatatt cccttggtgc aggtagtcca	900
gcttagccac agccaatgca tcacagggtc aactgtgtta ggagccattg agaatccata	960
gttggttgc gctcgggct gcccagggtc gaccaaggta gatgagaggt tctctgtgg	1020
agttctactt taacctcacc ttcccaccaa atttctcaac tgccttgcc accacaatta	1080
tttaatggac ccaacgaaa gtaaccccg aaattaggac acctcatccc aaaagacctt	1140
taaatagggg aagtccact gtgcacggt gctccttgc atagaagacc tgggacagag	1200
gactgctgtc tgcctctct ggteaccctg cctagctaga ggatctgtaa gtactacaaa	1260
acttaaacct tacactgagt tttcatcatt gaagctatgc ctccaactcg acctctgact	1320
gtggggcgc cccagaggga cccagcgggt gaatccctgc taggaacgtc tgcctggacc	1380
tctggtgact gctggggacg atggcttoca gctaacttaa tagagaaact caagcagttt	1440
ccttctaat acacatgtca catgtcctgg ttgacatgtc cagtaagaag actatcacag	1500
gtctttgaa cattcttttg agagaaacct atttaggtcc ttggtctggt tttcaatcag	1560
gttgtttgat ttttgcatt gagttgttg aattccttat gtattcagat atttgcctt	1620
tctgcatgt aggttttgca aatattttct ctcattttct gggttatctt ttcactcgg	1680
tgattgtttc ctttgcctg cagatgcttt agcgttaaat gaagccacac ttgtctat	1740
tcccttttat tgcctgtgct tttggtgtca tagccaagaa atcattacct acatcaatgt	1800
caaaagcttt atccttctat acacttctag tagtttatgg tttcagttgt tacatttagg	1860
ttttcaattc attctgagtt gatgttccta catggtgtga gataaagatt taatacata	1920
catatataaa atcatgaggt agtgtacact ataaatatac aattgttaat tgttactcaa	1980
gtctaagtag aggtggaat aataaacctt ctttttttta cttaaacac tctgtgtcac	2040
tgagctgatt tcacctttag cctgataaaa tcattgtcct ctccacctg attcctacag	2100
gagactactc accccataac ctcaaaaacc tcttcatgag gatggtaagt cacctgaatc	2160
ctgaagtcaa ttactgccta ttccattgga actcatatag gacaccagaa tctagacctc	2220
cagagaacag caggaccat cttcagaaaa taagaagcat ttgttccctg agcctgttga	2280
atcaaagtgc aatttctatt ctttttgcaa tgttaaaaag tgaatcataa tatttaagca	2340
ggatgaacca cgagtaacat agcagggctc ttcttgcct tattagctcc aacctagcac	2400
agacattaaa ggtacagatg tatactagca tgaactggg agaacaggag cattcagaca	2460
accttgagac caatgggctc ctcttataaa atgcacacct cctctcactg agattgagga	2520
aggtttcttg tctccgagcc ttctcccagt agagctataa atccaggctg gctcctcct	2580
ccccacacag ctgctcctgc tctcctcct ccaggtgacc ccagccatga ggaccctcgc	2640
catccttgc gccattctcc tgggtggcct gcaggcccag gctgagccac tccaggcaag	2700
agctgatgag gttgctgcag ccccgagca gattgcagcg gacatcccag aagtggttgt	2760
ttccttgca tgggacgaaa gcttggtccc aaagcatcca ggtgagagag gcaggcatgc	2820
agagctgcta agtctagagg gaaggacggg agagaggctc cagagttggg tctcagcagt	2880
ctatgtcact gaggtggctt cacttagaat ctctgggcat tgattttctc atctagaaat	2940
tgaacagaga gccaaataaa cctgagaaac tttatttctc caaagacttg attccaagaa	3000
acatctgtga aattcactaa gttaagata tgaagagaca gactagtat tctggatct	3060
aaacaagtag acttagttgt aaagagaaca ttttactcta tctacagaag agcttttaaa	3120

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aactgcagcc aagcctgagg gtaagttcag gtgtgtgtgt gatggggcag gaatgcaaaa 3180
atgagagcaa aggagaatga gtctcaaatt ctgtgtgaca agcactgctc tgcgtgttta 3240
ttcctatcga ctgaggttgt tcgtgctacc ggctgcaatg cagccagcat cacctgtcag 3300
ctagcatgtg acttccccga gattcttttt cttaccact gctaactcca tactcaattt 3360
ctcatgctct cctgtccca ggctcaagga aaaacatgga ctgctattgc agaataaccag 3420
cgtgcattgc aggagaactg cgctatggaa cctgcatcta ccagggaaga ctctgggcat 3480
tctgctgctg agcttgcaga aaaagaaaaa tgagctcaaa atttgctttg agagctacag 3540
ggaattgcta ttactcctgt accttctgct caatttctt tctcatctc aaataaatgc 3600
cttgttacaa gatttctgtg ttccacctc tttaatgtgt gatatgtgtc tgtgtcaaga 3660
cacttgggat acacgtacca aaacgcaaaa tcaaattttt gaacaatata 3710
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 40
<211> LENGTH: 1201
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<400> SEQUENCE: 40
    
```

```

Ser Leu Trp Leu Ile Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Glu Val Arg Thr Ser Ala
1           5           10           15
Asp Gly Gln Ala Gly Asn Glu Glu Met Val Gln Ile Asp Leu Pro Ile
20          25          30
Lys Arg Tyr Arg Glu Tyr Glu Leu Val Thr Pro Val Ser Thr Asn Leu
35          40          45
Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Ser His Thr Leu Ser Ala Ser His Lys Lys Arg
50          55          60
Ser Ala Arg Asp Val Ser Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Leu Phe Phe Asn Ile
65          70          75          80
Thr Ala Phe Gly Lys Asp Phe His Leu Arg Leu Lys Pro Asn Thr Gln
85          90          95
Leu Val Ala Pro Gly Ala Val Val Glu Trp His Glu Thr Ser Leu Val
100         105         110
Pro Gly Asn Ile Thr Asp Pro Ile Asn Asn His Gln Pro Gly Ser Ala
115         120         125
Thr Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Thr Glu Pro Leu Gln Thr Asn Cys Ala Tyr
130         135         140
Val Gly Asp Ile Val Asp Ile Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Ala Ile Ser Asn
145         150         155         160
Cys Asp Gly Leu Ala Gly Met Ile Lys Ser Asp Asn Glu Glu Tyr Phe
165         170         175
Ile Glu Pro Leu Glu Arg Gly Lys Gln Met Glu Glu Glu Lys Gly Arg
180         185         190
Ile His Val Val Tyr Lys Arg Ser Ala Val Glu Gln Ala Pro Ile Asp
195         200         205
Met Ser Lys Asp Phe His Tyr Arg Glu Ser Asp Leu Glu Gly Leu Asp
210         215         220
Asp Leu Gly Thr Val Tyr Gly Asn Ile His Gln Gln Leu Asn Glu Thr
225         230         235         240
Met Arg Arg Arg Arg His Ala Gly Glu Asn Asp Tyr Asn Ile Glu Val
245         250         255
Leu Leu Gly Val Asp Asp Ser Val Val Arg Phe His Gly Lys Glu His
260         265         270
Val Gln Asn Tyr Leu Leu Thr Leu Met Asn Ile Val Asn Glu Ile Tyr
    
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275					280					285					
His	Asp	Glu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Ile	Asn	Val	Val	Leu	Val	Arg	Met
290						295					300				
Ile	Met	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ile	Glu	Arg	Gly	Asn
305					310					315					320
Pro	Ser	Arg	Ser	Leu	Glu	Asn	Val	Cys	Arg	Trp	Ala	Ser	Gln	Gln	Gln
				325					330					335	
Arg	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asn	His	Ser	Glu	His	His	Asp	His	Ala	Ile	Phe	Leu
			340					345					350		
Thr	Arg	Gln	Asp	Phe	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Met	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Val
			355				360					365			
Thr	Gly	Met	Cys	His	Pro	Val	Arg	Ser	Cys	Thr	Leu	Asn	His	Glu	Asp
	370					375					380				
Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser	Ala	Phe	Val	Val	Ala	His	Glu	Thr	Gly	His	Val	Leu
385					390					395					400
Gly	Met	Glu	His	Asp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Asn	Arg	Cys	Gly	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala
				405					410					415	
Met	Gly	Ser	Val	Met	Ala	Pro	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Phe	His	Arg	Tyr
			420					425						430	
His	Trp	Ser	Arg	Cys	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	Leu	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Ile	His	Ser
		435					440					445			
Tyr	Asp	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asp	Asp	Pro	Phe	Asp	His	Asp	Trp	Pro	Lys	Leu
	450					455					460				
Pro	Glu	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Met	Asp	Glu	Gln	Cys	Arg	Phe
465						470					475				480
Asp	Phe	Gly	Val	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Met	Cys	Thr	Ala	Phe	Arg	Thr	Phe	Asp
				485					490					495	
Pro	Cys	Lys	Gln	Leu	Trp	Cys	Ser	His	Pro	Asp	Asn	Pro	Tyr	Phe	Cys
			500					505					510		
Lys	Thr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Pro	Pro	Leu	Asp	Gly	Thr	Glu	Cys	Ala	Ala	Gly
			515				520					525			
Lys	Trp	Cys	Tyr	Lys	Gly	His	Cys	Met	Trp	Lys	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gln	Gln
	530					535					540				
Lys	Gln	Asp	Gly	Asn	Trp	Gly	Ser	Trp	Thr	Lys	Phe	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser
545						550					555				560
Arg	Thr	Cys	Gly	Thr	Gly	Val	Arg	Phe	Arg	Thr	Arg	Gln	Cys	Asn	Asn
				565					570					575	
Pro	Met	Pro	Ile	Asn	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asp	Cys	Pro	Gly	Val	Asn	Phe	Glu
			580					585					590		
Tyr	Gln	Leu	Cys	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Cys	Gln	Lys	His	Phe	Glu	Asp	Phe
		595					600					605			
Arg	Ala	Gln	Gln	Cys	Gln	Gln	Arg	Asn	Ser	His	Phe	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Asn
	610					615						620			
Thr	Lys	His	His	Trp	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Glu	His	Pro	Asp	Pro	Lys	Lys	Arg
625						630					635				640
Cys	His	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Ser	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asp	Val	Ala	Tyr	Met
				645					650					655	
Lys	Gln	Leu	Val	His	Asp	Gly	Thr	His	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Pro	Tyr
			660					665					670		
Ser	Ile	Cys	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Cys	Val	Lys	Val	Gly	Cys	Asp	Lys	Glu
		675					680					685			
Ile	Gly	Ser	Asn	Lys	Val	Glu	Asp	Lys	Cys	Gly	Val	Cys	Gly	Gly	Asp
						695						700			

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Asn	Ser	His	Cys	Arg	Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Thr	Phe	Thr	Arg	Thr	Pro	Arg	705	710	715	720
Lys	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Met	Phe	Asp	Ile	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Arg	His	725	730	735	
Val	Leu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Ala	Ser	Pro	His	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ile	Lys	740	745	750	
Asn	Gln	Ala	Thr	Gly	His	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Gly	Glu	Glu	Ala	755	760	765	
Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Phe	Ile	Asp	Leu	Gly	Val	Glu	Trp	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Ile	770	775	780	
Glu	Asp	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Leu	His	Thr	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	His	Asp	Pro	785	790	795	800
Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Ile	Ile	Pro	Gln	Glu	Asn	Asp	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ser	Leu	805	810	815	
Thr	Tyr	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Ile	His	Glu	Asp	Ser	Val	Pro	Thr	Ile	Asn	Ser	820	825	830	
Asn	Asn	Val	Ile	Gln	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Phe	Glu	Trp	Ala	Leu	Lys	835	840	845	
Ser	Trp	Ser	Gln	Val	Ser	Lys	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly	Phe	Gln	Tyr	Thr	850	855	860	
Lys	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Arg	Arg	Lys	Ser	Asp	Asn	Lys	Met	Val	His	Arg	Ser	865	870	875	880
Phe	Cys	Glu	Ala	Asn	Lys	Lys	Pro	Lys	Pro	Ile	Arg	Arg	Met	Cys	Asn	885	890	895	
Ile	Gln	Glu	Cys	Thr	His	Pro	Leu	Trp	Val	Ala	Glu	Glu	Trp	Glu	His	900	905	910	
Cys	Thr	Lys	Thr	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Arg	Thr	Val	Arg	915	920	925	
Cys	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gly	Thr	Asn	Arg	Ser	Val	His	Ser	Lys	930	935	940	
Tyr	Cys	Met	Gly	Asp	Arg	Pro	Glu	Ser	Arg	Arg	Pro	Cys	Asn	Arg	Val	945	950	955	960
Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Gln	Trp	Lys	Thr	Gly	Pro	Trp	Ser	Glu	Cys	Ser	Val	965	970	975	
Thr	Cys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Thr	Glu	Val	Arg	Gln	Val	Leu	Cys	Arg	Ala	Gly	980	985	990	
Asp	His	Cys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Lys	Pro	Glu	Ser	Val	Arg	Ala	Cys	Gln	Leu	995	1000	1005	
Pro	Pro	Cys	Asn	Asp	Glu	Pro	Cys	Leu	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ser	Ile	Phe		1010	1015	1020	
Cys	Gln	Met	Glu	Val	Leu	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Ile	Pro	Gly	Tyr		1025	1030	1035	
Asn	Lys	Leu	Cys	Cys	Glu	Ser	Cys	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu		1040	1045	1050	
Pro	Pro	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Thr	His	Asp	Asp	Val		1055	1060	1065	
Ile	Ser	Asn	Pro	Ser	Asp	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ser	Leu	Val	Met	Pro	Thr		1070	1075	1080	
Ser	Leu	Val	Pro	Tyr	His	Ser	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Lys	Lys	Met	Ser		1085	1090	1095	
Leu	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ser	Val	Gly	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Ala		1100	1105	1110	
Phe	Arg	Pro	Asn	Ser	Lys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ala	Asn	Leu	Arg	Gln	Arg		1115	1120	1125	

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Ser	Ala	Gln	Gln	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Thr	Val	Arg	Leu	Val	Thr	Val
1130						1135					1140			
Pro	Ser	Ser	Pro	Pro	Thr	Lys	Arg	Val	His	Leu	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser
1145						1150					1155			
Gln	Met	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ser	Phe	Phe	Ala	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ile	Gly
1160						1165					1170			
Ala	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ala	Arg	Thr	Ser	Lys	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ile
1175						1180					1185			
Asp	Asn	Arg	Arg	Pro	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Glu	Arg		
1190						1195					1200			

<210> SEQ ID NO 41
 <211> LENGTH: 5774
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

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ggtgactcca gtcagcacia atctagaagg acgctatctc tcccatactc tttctgagag    180
tcacaaaaag aggtcagcga gggacgtgtc ttccaacctc gagcagttgt tctttaacat    240
cacggcattt ggaaaagatt ttcactctgc actaaagccc aacctcaac tagtagctcc    300
tggggctggt gtggagtggc atgagacatc tctggtgcct gggaaataaa ccgateccat    360
taacaacctt caaccaggaa gtgctacgta tagaatccgg aaaacagagc ctttgagagc    420
taactgtgct tatgttgggt acatcgtgga cattccagga acctctgttg ccatcagcaa    480
ctgtgatggt ctggctggaa tgataaaaa tgataatgaa gagtatttca ttgaaccctt    540
ggaaagaggt aaacagatgg aggaagaaaa aggaaggatt catgttgtct acaagagatc    600
agctgtagaa caggctccca tagacatgtc caaagacttc cactacagag agtcggacct    660
ggaaggcctt gatgatctag gtactgttta tggcaacatc caccagcagc tgaatgaaac    720
aatgagacgc cgcagacacg cgggagaaaa cgattacaat atcgaggtag tgctgggagt    780
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cccatccaga agcttgagga atgtgtgtcg ctgggcgtcc caacagcaaa gatctgatct   1020
caaccactct gaacaccatg accatgcaat ttttttaacc aggcaagact ttggacctgc   1080
tggaatgcaa ggatatgctc cagtcaccgg catgtgtcat ccagtgagaa gttgtaccct   1140
gaatcatgag gatggttttt catctgcttt tgtagtagcc catgaaacgg gccatgtggt   1200
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catggctccc ttggtacaag cagcattcca tcgttaccac tggccccgat gcagtggcca   1320
agaactgaaa agatatatcc attcctatga ctgtctcctt gatgacctt ttgateatga   1380
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gctgtggtgt agccatcctg ataacccta cttttgtaag actaaaaagg gacctccact   1560
tgatgggact gaatgtgctg ctggaaaatg gtgctataag ggtcattgca tgtggaagaa   1620
tgctaatacag caaaaaacaag atggcaattg ggggtcatgg actaaatttg gctcctgttc   1680
    
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tggacatgt ggaactggtg ttcgtttcag aacacgccag tgcaataatc ccatgcccat	1740
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atgccaaaa cactttgagg acttcagagc acagcagtggt cagcagcgaa actcccactt	1860
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gcatgatgga acgcactggt cttacaaaga tccatatagc atatgtgtgc gaggagagtg	2040
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ctgtggagga gataattccc actgccgaac cgtgaagggg acatttacca gaactcccag	2160
gaagcttggg taccttaaga tgtttgatat accccctggg gctagacatg tgtaaatcca	2220
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tctgtaattg gaagaacaga aagtgtggc tcactttcta gttgcttca tctcctttt	3780
gttctgcatt gactcattta ccagaattca ttggaagaaa tcaccaaga ttattacaaa	3840
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caattgtgca tatcagctga cttttgttt gttttagaaa agttacagta aaaattaaaa	3960
agagatacca atggtttaca ctttaacaag aaattttgga tatggaacaa agaattctta	4020
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cattctatag gttaattttc aaagcagagt attacaaaag agaagttaga attacagcta 4260
ctgacaatat aaagggtttt gttgaatcaa caatgtgata cgtaaattat agaaaaagaa 4320
aagaaacaca aaagctatag atatacagat atcagcttac ctattgcctt ctatacttat 4380
aatttaaagg attggtgtct tagtacctt gtggtcacag ggatcaacga atagtaaata 4440
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catacatctc atccacaggg gaagataaag atggtcacac aaacagtttc cataaagatg 5640
tacaatttca ttatacttct gacctttggg ctttcttttc tactaagcta aaaattcctt 5700
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tgtaacaaa atat 5774

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<210> SEQ ID NO 42
<211> LENGTH: 629
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (596)..(596)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<400> SEQUENCE: 42

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agatgaagaa aacattttgt ctccatttg cacaattctg gtgaggtgtg tggttgcaact 120
ggacaatctt acagacacat ttttcacatt gagaacttaa taaatagata catacaatgt 180
caaaactccac agacaatgag ttatgagtgt gattgttttc ttattctgcc tcctctgggt 240
tgggaggttg cttcccggtg ggctgatggc ggctgggtcc tctaggaggg gtactcatac 300

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tctctggcac tgcgacggcc aaaatccatc cagcccatgt agtcccggtc acttatectg 360
tggetggggg ccaggttctg caggttctta acgatggaca ttcgtccaga aggagetttc 420
cgggctgctt ggatgtatct tgccagcagg gcgcccaggt gcgctcggga ctcgccatcc 480
gttctctgcg ataccctcag ctgcctacgg ggcgcctcct ctgcccgtcg cagcccggag 540
cccgcgggat ctgcggggagg caccggctgc gtcagggcgc cagccgccag taccgncatc 600
agcagcaca ggcacacgcc gctgttcat 629

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
<211> LENGTH: 94
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

```

Met Ser Val Lys Gly Met Ala Ile Ala Leu Ala Val Ile Leu Cys Ala
1           5           10           15
Thr Val Val Gln Gly Phe Pro Met Phe Lys Arg Gly Arg Cys Leu Cys
20          25          30
Ile Gly Pro Gly Val Lys Ala Val Lys Val Ala Asp Ile Glu Lys Ala
35          40          45
Ser Ile Met Tyr Pro Ser Asn Asn Cys Asp Lys Ile Glu Val Ile Ile
50          55          60
Thr Leu Lys Glu Asn Lys Gly Gln Arg Cys Leu Asn Pro Lys Ser Lys
65          70          75          80
Gln Ala Arg Leu Ile Ile Lys Lys Val Glu Arg Lys Asn Phe
85          90

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
<211> LENGTH: 1371
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

```

ctccttccaa gaagagcagc aaagctgaag tagcagcaac agcaccagca gcaacagcaa 60
aaaacaaaca tgagtgtgaa gggcatggct atagccttgg ctgtgatatt gtgtgctaca 120
gttgttcaag gcttccccat gttcaaaaga ggacgctgtc tttgcatagg cctgggggta 180
aaagcagtga aagtggcaga tattgagaaa gcctccataa tgtaccaag taacaactgt 240
gacaaaatag aagtgattat tacctgaaa gaaaaataag gacaacgatg cctaaatccc 300
aatcgaagc aagcaaggct tataatcaaa aaagttgaaa gaaagaattt ttaaaaatat 360
caaaaacatat gaagtcctgg aaaagggcat ctgaaaaacc tagaacaagt ttaactgtga 420
ctactgaaat gacaagaatt ctacagtagg aaactgagac ttttctatgg ttttgtgact 480
ttcaactttt gtacagttat gtgaaggatg aaagtggtg gaaaggacca aaaacagaaa 540
tacagtcttc ctgaatgaat gacaatcaga attccactgc ccaaaggagt ccagcaatta 600
aatggatttc taggaaaagc taccttaaga aaggctggtt accatcggag ttacaaaagt 660
gctttcacgt tcttacttgt tgtattatac attcatgcat ttctaggcta gagaaccttc 720
tagatttgat gcttacaact attctgttgt gactatgaga acatttctgt ctctagaagt 780
tatctgtctg tattgatctt tatgctatat tactatctgt gggtacagtg gagacattga 840
cattattact ggagtcaagc ccttataagt caaaagcctc tatgtgtcgt aaagcattcc 900
tcaaacatth tttcatgcaa atacacaytt ctttcccaa atatcatgta gcacatcaat 960
atgtagggaa acattcttat gcatcatttg gtttgtttta taaccaattc attaaatgta 1020

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attcataaaa tgtactatga aaaaaattat acgctatggg atactggcaa cagtgcacat 1080
attcataaac caaattagca gcaccggctt taatttgatg tttttcaact tttattcatt 1140
gagatgtttt gaagcaatta ggatagtgtg gtttactgta ctttttgttt tgatccgttt 1200
gtataaatga tagcaatata ttggacacat ttgaaatata aaatgttttt gtctacaaa 1260
gaaaaatggt gaaaaataag caaatgtata cctagcaatc acttttactt tttgtaatto 1320
tgtctcttag aaaaatacat aatctaataca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 1371

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
 <211> LENGTH: 251
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

```

Met Thr Arg Leu Thr Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Ala Ser
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Ser Arg Ala Gly Ser Ser Pro Leu Leu Asp Ile Val Gly Gly Arg Lys
20          25          30
Ala Arg Pro Arg Gln Phe Pro Phe Leu Ala Ser Ile Gln Asn Gln Gly
35          40          45
Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala Arg Phe Val Met Thr
50          55          60
Ala Ala Ser Cys Phe Gln Ser Gln Asn Pro Gly Val Ser Thr Val Val
65          70          75          80
Leu Gly Ala Tyr Asp Leu Arg Arg Arg Glu Arg Gln Ser Arg Gln Thr
85          90          95
Phe Ser Ile Ser Ser Met Ser Glu Asn Gly Tyr Asp Pro Gln Gln Asn
100         105         110
Leu Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Leu Gln Leu Asp Arg Glu Ala Asn Leu Thr
115         120         125
Ser Ser Val Thr Ile Leu Pro Leu Pro Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr Val Glu
130         135         140
Ala Gly Thr Arg Cys Gln Val Ala Gly Trp Gly Ser Gln Arg Ser Gly
145         150         155         160
Gly Arg Leu Ser Arg Phe Pro Arg Phe Val Asn Val Thr Val Thr Pro
165         170         175
Glu Asp Gln Cys Arg Pro Asn Asn Val Cys Thr Gly Val Leu Thr Arg
180         185         190
Arg Gly Gly Ile Cys Asn Gly Asp Gly Gly Thr Pro Leu Val Cys Glu
195         200         205
Gly Leu Ala His Gly Val Ala Ser Phe Ser Leu Gly Pro Cys Gly Arg
210         215         220
Gly Pro Asp Phe Phe Thr Arg Val Ala Leu Phe Arg Asp Trp Ile Asp
225         230         235         240
Gly Val Leu Asn Asn Pro Gly Pro Gly Pro Ala
245         250

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46
 <211> LENGTH: 5002
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

```

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ggaaactgag gatcagtgca gaatgtaggg ggagcccagg ctggcccagg gagcagttgg 120

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cgggtggagc cttgggcaat ttcccggtt cccactgagt ggggctgtcc ctgggcctgg	180
gcggggacgc caccaactgc caaggcctgt gtataagggc agccgccc cc ttagccacag	240
acctgccccg ccatgaccgc gctgacagtc ctggccctgc tggctggtct gctggcatcc	300
tcgagggcgc gtgagtgcct ctctgtgccc gtggtccccc atctgtgcta gggcccggct	360
gccagggcag aactcagact taaagcacag agaaggcaag cggcttggcc tgggtcacac	420
agccagcccc gcctggacga tcccgcgaaa ggcgtgaggg cggacggtgt gcgggactca	480
ggggccccct gtctcttag ggagtgggac gatgggggag ggtgggtccc cccgcagccc	540
cactgggtgg atagagctga ggctgcagct tcacacgccc tcccggccac tgtgtggatt	600
cttggggatc tcagagctgt ctcccccca cccaggctcc agccccctt tggacatcgt	660
tggcgcccg aagggcaggg cccgccagtt cccgttctg gcctccattc agaatcaagg	720
caggcacttc tgcgggggtg ccctgatcca tgcgccttc gtgatgacc cggccagctg	780
cttccaaagc cagtgagggg tccctggggag ggggcctagg gggcattggg gctcagagaa	840
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agggggctcag atgggggagg cccagagaaag ggaaggggct cagatggagg agggggccca	1140
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ctcagatgga ggaggtgacg agaagggaaag ggccctcagat ggaggaggtg cggagaaggg	1380
aagggggtca gatggaggag gtgcagagaa gggaaagggg tcagatgggg gagggccagg	1440
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cccagggaaag ggaaggggct cagatggggg aggcgcagag aagggaaagg ggtcagatgg	1560
aggaggtgca gagaagggaa gggggtcaga tgggggaggc ccagataagg gaatggggtc	1620
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ccctaatttg caagccggct tgctctgtgc ccaggccca gcctggtgtc ctccctctgc	1980
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caacatggcc aaactcagtc tctacaaaaa tatatatgtg tgtgtgtgtg tgtgtgtgtg	2400
tgtgtgtgtg tgtgtatctt gccgggtgag gtggctcatg cctgtaatcc cagcattttg	2460
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gccggctggg ggagccagcg cagtgggggg cgtctctccc gttttcccag gtttgtcaac	3300
gtgactgtga cccccaggga ccagtgtcgc cccaacaacg tgtgcaccgg tgtgctcacc	3360
cgcccggtg gcactctgcaa tgtgagtgtc ccctgtggcg ggaggagggg tctgagagg	3420
tactgagctc tccgtggcag gagaagcaa gtgcaggctg agggcggcac agcagggggg	3480
ccccaggatt gagcattttc acggtaggag aaacagtatc tttttttttt tttttgagac	3540
agagtctcgc tctgtcgcgc aggctggagt gtagtggcgt gatctcggcg gctcaetgca	3600
acctccgctc cctgggttca agcgattctc ctgcctcagc ctccaaagta gctgggatta	3660
caggcatgcg ccaccacgccc cggctaattt tgtattttta gtagagacag ggtttctcca	3720
tgtgggtcag gctggtctcg aactcctgac ctcatgatcg acccaccctg gcctcccaaa	3780
gtgttaggat aacaggcatg agccaccgtg cctggctgag aaacagtacg tatcaaacgc	3840
cggctgtgag ccacgtctgt gctggggggt ggggaccag caggcatggt agagccggtc	3900
actgagggac tcaggcgtgt gattgccagg ggaggggacac ctggcccagc ctggaggtgc	3960
caggaagctc cagaaaagcaa ctgatcccaa agtccactag cagttaacca gggcagagaa	4020
agagaagagc catgcaaaag ccctggggct ggatcaggac ttgtaggttc caggggcagc	4080
aagaggcctc tgcagttctg ggggtggcgtg ggagccaggc cctgggacgc cctgacacag	4140
ctgctgcctg cccaggggga cgggggcacc cccctcgtct gcgagggcct ggcccacggc	4200
gtggcctcct tttccctggg gccctgtggc cgaggccctg acttcttcac ccgagtggcg	4260
ctcttccgag actggatgca tgggtgtctc aacaaccggt gaccggggcc agcctagggg	4320
ggcctgtgac ctcccattga gccccagccc cgcctccac acctccggcg ctccgcaccc	4380
acctcccacg gcccccccc tgcccccgct ccggccagag gggccctggc tgtaaataag	4440
aagccgatct ctectctgct cctgggttct gttcattggt gggggagggg gctgtgggga	4500
cgcgtgagtg gcaccttcac cggccttagg ggcaccacc gcaggtgcac tgcctgtgca	4560
gatgtcagat gttcagagat tccctcaaa cccggggaag caggggctgg tgttatctgc	4620
accgacagc ggggtgttgg ggggaggccc aggttcagag aggttgggtg gctgccaga	4680
ggtcacacag tgaatgccgc ccagcacttt gggaggccga ggtgggcgga tcacctgagg	4740
tcaggagtgc aagaccagcc cggccaacct ggtgaaacct catctctata aaaatacaaa	4800
aattagccgg gcactgatggc gggcgcctgt aatcccagtt acttgggagg ctgaggcagg	4860
agaatcacct gaacccggga gggggagggt gcagcgaacc gagatggcgc cactgcactc	4920

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cagcctgggc gacagcgaga ctccagctca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaccacgg gagaaaacgg 4980
 ggaacattct cctcttggat cc 5002

<210> SEQ ID NO 47
 <211> LENGTH: 687
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

Met Val Ser Tyr Trp Asp Thr Gly Val Leu Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Cys Leu Leu Leu Thr Gly Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Lys Leu Lys Asp Pro
 20 25 30
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Lys Gly Thr Gln His Ile Met Gln Ala Gly Gln Thr
 35 40 45
 Leu His Leu Gln Cys Arg Gly Glu Ala Ala His Lys Trp Ser Leu Pro
 50 55 60
 Glu Met Val Ser Lys Glu Ser Glu Arg Leu Ser Ile Thr Lys Ser Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Cys Gly Arg Asn Gly Lys Gln Phe Cys Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Asn Thr
 85 90 95
 Ala Gln Ala Asn His Thr Gly Phe Tyr Ser Cys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Val
 100 105 110
 Pro Thr Ser Lys Lys Lys Glu Thr Glu Ser Ala Ile Tyr Ile Phe Ile
 115 120 125
 Ser Asp Thr Gly Arg Pro Phe Val Glu Met Tyr Ser Glu Ile Pro Glu
 130 135 140
 Ile Ile His Met Thr Glu Gly Arg Glu Leu Val Ile Pro Cys Arg Val
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Ser Pro Asn Ile Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Lys Phe Pro Leu Asp Thr
 165 170 175
 Leu Ile Pro Asp Gly Lys Arg Ile Ile Trp Asp Ser Arg Lys Gly Phe
 180 185 190
 Ile Ile Ser Asn Ala Thr Tyr Lys Glu Ile Gly Leu Leu Thr Cys Glu
 195 200 205
 Ala Thr Val Asn Gly His Leu Tyr Lys Thr Asn Tyr Leu Thr His Arg
 210 215 220
 Gln Thr Asn Thr Ile Ile Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Thr Pro Arg Pro Val
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Leu Leu Arg Gly His Thr Leu Val Leu Asn Cys Thr Ala Thr Thr
 245 250 255
 Pro Leu Asn Thr Arg Val Gln Met Thr Trp Ser Tyr Pro Asp Glu Lys
 260 265 270
 Asn Lys Arg Ala Ser Val Arg Arg Arg Ile Asp Gln Ser Asn Ser His
 275 280 285
 Ala Asn Ile Phe Tyr Ser Val Leu Thr Ile Asp Lys Met Gln Asn Lys
 290 295 300
 Asp Lys Gly Leu Tyr Thr Cys Arg Val Arg Ser Gly Pro Ser Phe Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Val Asn Thr Ser Val His Ile Tyr Asp Lys Ala Phe Ile Thr Val
 325 330 335
 Lys His Arg Lys Gln Gln Val Leu Glu Thr Val Ala Gly Lys Arg Ser
 340 345 350
 Tyr Arg Leu Ser Met Lys Val Lys Ala Phe Pro Ser Pro Glu Val Val
 355 360 365

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Trp Leu Lys Asp Gly Leu Pro Ala Thr Glu Lys Ser Ala Arg Tyr Leu
 370 375 380

Thr Arg Gly Tyr Ser Leu Ile Ile Lys Asp Val Thr Glu Glu Asp Ala
 385 390 395 400

Gly Asn Tyr Thr Ile Leu Leu Ser Ile Lys Gln Ser Asn Val Phe Lys
 405 410 415

Asn Leu Thr Ala Thr Leu Ile Val Asn Val Lys Pro Gln Ile Tyr Glu
 420 425 430

Lys Ala Val Ser Ser Phe Pro Asp Pro Ala Leu Tyr Pro Leu Gly Ser
 435 440 445

Arg Gln Ile Leu Thr Cys Thr Ala Tyr Gly Ile Pro Gln Pro Thr Ile
 450 455 460

Lys Trp Phe Trp His Pro Cys Asn His Asn His Ser Glu Ala Arg Cys
 465 470 475 480

Asp Phe Cys Ser Asn Asn Glu Glu Ser Phe Ile Leu Asp Ala Asp Ser
 485 490 495

Asn Met Gly Asn Arg Ile Glu Ser Ile Thr Gln Arg Met Ala Ile Ile
 500 505 510

Glu Gly Lys Asn Lys Met Ala Ser Thr Leu Val Val Ala Asp Ser Arg
 515 520 525

Ile Ser Gly Ile Tyr Ile Cys Ile Ala Ser Asn Lys Val Gly Thr Val
 530 535 540

Gly Arg Asn Ile Ser Phe Tyr Ile Thr Asp Val Pro Asn Gly Phe His
 545 550 555 560

Val Asn Leu Glu Lys Met Pro Thr Glu Gly Glu Asp Leu Lys Leu Ser
 565 570 575

Cys Thr Val Asn Lys Phe Leu Tyr Arg Asp Val Thr Trp Ile Leu Leu
 580 585 590

Arg Thr Val Asn Asn Arg Thr Met His Tyr Ser Ile Ser Lys Gln Lys
 595 600 605

Met Ala Ile Thr Lys Glu His Ser Ile Thr Leu Asn Leu Thr Ile Met
 610 615 620

Asn Val Ser Leu Gln Asp Ser Gly Thr Tyr Ala Cys Arg Ala Arg Asn
 625 630 635 640

Val Tyr Thr Gly Glu Glu Ile Leu Gln Lys Lys Glu Ile Thr Ile Arg
 645 650 655

Gly Glu His Cys Asn Lys Lys Ala Val Phe Ser Arg Ile Ser Lys Phe
 660 665 670

Lys Ser Thr Arg Asn Asp Cys Thr Thr Gln Ser Asn Val Lys His
 675 680 685

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
 <211> LENGTH: 2651
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

g c g g a c a c t c c t c t c g g c t c c t c c c c g g c a g c g g c g g c g g c t c g g a g c g g g c t c c g g g g c 60

t c g g g t g c a g c g g c c a g e g g c c c t g g c g g c g a g g a t t a c c c g g g a a g t g g t t g t e t c e t 120

g g c t g g a g c c g c g a g a c g g g c g c t a g g g c g c g g g g c c g g c g g c g g c a a c g a g a g g a c g 180

g a c t c t g g c g g c c g g g t g t g t g g c c g g g g a g c g c g g g g c a c c g g g c g a g c a g g c c c g c t c 240

g c g c t c a c c a t g g t c a g c t a c t g g g a c a c c g g g g t c c t g c t g t g c g c g c t g c t c a g c t g t 300

c t g t t c t c a c a g g a t c t a g t t c a g g t t c a a a t t a a a a g a t c c t g a a c t g a g t t t a a a a 360

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ggcaccagc acatcatgca agcaggccag acactgcac tccaatgcag gggggaagca 420
gccataaat ggtcctttgcc tgaaatggtg agtaaggaaa gcgaaaggct gagcataact 480
aaatctgcct gtggaagaaa tggcaaaaa ttctgcagta ctttaacctt gaacacagct 540
caagcaaacc acactggctt ctacagctgc aaatatctag ctgtacctac ttcaaagaag 600
aaggaaacag aatctgcaat ctatatattt attagtata caggtagacc tttcgttagag 660
atgtacagtg aaatccccga aattatacac atgactgaag gaaggagct cgtcattccc 720
tgccgggta cgtcacctaa catcactggt actttaaaa agtttccact tgacactttg 780
atccctgatg gaaaacgcct aatctgggac agtagaaagg gcttcatcat atcaaatgca 840
acgtacaag aaatagggct tctgacctgt gaagcaacag tcaatgggca tttgtataag 900
acaaactatc tcacacatcg acaaaccaat acaatcatag atgtccaaat aagcacacca 960
cgcccagtc aattacttag aggccatact cttgtcctca attgtactgc taccactccc 1020
ttgaacacga gagttcaaat gacctggagt taccctgatg aaaaaataa gagagcttcc 1080
gtaaggcgac gaattgacca aagcaattcc catgccaca tattctacag tgttcttact 1140
attgacaaaa tgcagaacaa agacaaagga ctttatactt gtcgtgtaag gagtggacca 1200
tcattcaaat ctgttaaac ctcagtgcat atatatgata aagcattcat cactgtgaaa 1260
catcgaaac agcagggtgct tgaaaccgta gctggcaagc ggtcttacc gctctctatg 1320
aaagtgaagg catttccctc gccggaagtt gtatggttaa aagatgggtt acctgcgact 1380
gagaaatctg ctcgctattt gactcgtggc tactcgttaa ttatcaagga cgtaactgaa 1440
gaggatgcag ggaattatac aatcttgctg agcataaaac agtcaaatgt gtttaaaac 1500
ctcactgcc a cttaattgt caatgtgaaa ccccagattt acgaaaaggc cgtgtcatcg 1560
tttccagacc cggctctcta cccactgggc agcagacaaa tctgacttg taccgcatat 1620
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gcaaggtgag acttttggcc caataatgaa gagtccttta tctggatgc tgacagcaac 1740
atgggaaaca gaattgagag catcactcag cgcattggca taatagaagg aaagaataag 1800
atggctagca ccttggttgt ggctgactct agaattctg gaatctacat ttgcatagct 1860
tccaataaag ttgggactgt ggaagaaac ataagctttt atatcacaga tgtgccaaat 1920
gggtttcatg ttaacttggg aaaaatgccg acggaaggag aggacctgaa actgtcttgc 1980
acagttaaca agttcttata cagagacggt acttgattt tactgctggc agttaataac 2040
agaacaatgc actacagat tagcaagcaa aaaatggcca tcaactaagga gcactccatc 2100
actctaatc ttaccatcat gaatgtttcc ctgcaagatt caggcaccta tgctgcaga 2160
gccaggaatg tatacacagg ggaagaaatc ctccagaaga aagaaattac aatcagaggt 2220
gagcactgca acaaaaaggc tgttttctct cggatctcca aatttaaaag cacaaggaat 2280
gattgtacca cacaaagtaa tgtaaaacat taaaggactc attaaaaagt aacagtgtgc 2340
tcataatcctc ttgatttatt gtcactggtt ctaactttca ggctcggagg agatgctcct 2400
cccaaatga gttcggagat gatagcagta ataagagac ccccggtctc cagctctggg 2460
cccccatc aggcagagg ggctgctccg gggggccgac ttggtgcacg tttggatttg 2520
gaggatccct gcactgcctt ctctgtgttt gttgctcttg ctgtttctc ctgcctgata 2580
aacaacaact tgggatgato ctttccattt tgatgccaac ctctttttat ttttaagcgg 2640
cgcctatag t 2651

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<210> SEQ ID NO 49
<211> LENGTH: 1321
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

Met Ser Asp Ser Val Ile Leu Arg Ser Ile Lys Lys Phe Gly Glu Glu
1      5      10      15
Asn Asp Gly Phe Glu Ser Asp Lys Ser Tyr Asn Asn Asp Lys Lys Ser
20     25     30
Arg Leu Gln Asp Glu Lys Lys Gly Asp Gly Val Arg Val Gly Phe Phe
35     40     45
Gln Leu Phe Arg Phe Ser Ser Ser Thr Asp Ile Trp Leu Met Phe Val
50     55     60
Gly Ser Leu Cys Ala Phe Leu His Gly Ile Ala Gln Pro Gly Val Leu
65     70     75     80
Leu Ile Phe Gly Thr Met Thr Asp Val Phe Ile Asp Tyr Asp Val Glu
85     90     95
Leu Gln Glu Leu Gln Ile Pro Gly Lys Ala Cys Val Asn Asn Thr Ile
100    105   110
Val Trp Thr Asn Ser Ser Leu Asn Gln Asn Met Thr Asn Gly Thr Arg
115    120   125
Cys Gly Leu Leu Asn Ile Glu Ser Glu Met Ile Lys Phe Ala Ser Tyr
130    135   140
Tyr Ala Gly Ile Ala Val Ala Val Leu Ile Thr Gly Tyr Ile Gln Ile
145    150   155   160
Cys Phe Trp Val Ile Ala Ala Ala Arg Gln Ile Gln Lys Met Arg Lys
165    170   175
Phe Tyr Phe Arg Arg Ile Met Arg Met Glu Ile Gly Trp Phe Asp Cys
180    185   190
Asn Ser Val Gly Glu Leu Asn Thr Arg Phe Ser Asp Asp Ile Asn Lys
195    200   205
Ile Asn Asp Ala Ile Ala Asp Gln Met Ala Leu Phe Ile Gln Arg Met
210    215   220
Thr Ser Thr Ile Cys Gly Phe Leu Leu Gly Phe Phe Arg Gly Trp Lys
225    230   235   240
Leu Thr Leu Val Ile Ile Ser Val Ser Pro Leu Ile Gly Ile Gly Ala
245    250   255
Ala Thr Ile Gly Leu Ser Val Ser Lys Phe Thr Asp Tyr Glu Leu Lys
260    265   270
Ala Tyr Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Val Ala Asp Glu Val Ile Ser Ser Met
275    280   285
Arg Thr Val Ala Ala Phe Gly Gly Glu Lys Arg Glu Val Glu Arg Tyr
290    295   300
Glu Lys Asn Leu Val Phe Ala Gln Arg Trp Gly Ile Arg Lys Gly Ile
305    310   315   320
Val Met Gly Phe Phe Thr Gly Phe Val Trp Cys Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys
325    330   335
Tyr Ala Val Ala Phe Trp Tyr Gly Ser Thr Leu Val Leu Asp Glu Gly
340    345   350
Glu Tyr Thr Pro Gly Thr Leu Val Gln Ile Phe Leu Ser Val Ile Val
355    360   365
Gly Ala Leu Asn Leu Gly Asn Ala Ser Pro Cys Leu Glu Ala Phe Ala
370    375   380
Thr Gly Arg Ala Ala Ala Thr Ser Ile Phe Glu Thr Ile Asp Arg Lys

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Gly Tyr Ala Phe Ala Lys Ser Gly Glu Leu Leu Thr Lys Arg Leu Arg
 820 825 830

Lys Phe Gly Phe Arg Ala Met Leu Gly Gln Asp Ile Ala Trp Phe Asp
 835 840 845

Asp Leu Arg Asn Ser Pro Gly Ala Leu Thr Thr Arg Leu Ala Thr Asp
 850 855 860

Ala Ser Gln Val Gln Gly Ala Ala Gly Ser Gln Ile Gly Met Ile Val
 865 870 875 880

Asn Ser Phe Thr Asn Val Thr Val Ala Met Ile Ile Ala Phe Ser Phe
 885 890 895

Ser Trp Lys Leu Ser Leu Val Ile Leu Cys Phe Phe Pro Phe Leu Ala
 900 905 910

Leu Ser Gly Ala Thr Gln Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Gly Phe Ala Ser Arg
 915 920 925

Asp Lys Gln Ala Leu Glu Met Val Gly Gln Ile Thr Asn Glu Ala Leu
 930 935 940

Ser Asn Ile Arg Thr Val Ala Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Arg Arg Phe Ile
 945 950 955 960

Glu Ala Leu Glu Thr Glu Leu Glu Lys Pro Phe Lys Thr Ala Ile Gln
 965 970 975

Lys Ala Asn Ile Tyr Gly Phe Cys Phe Ala Phe Ala Gln Cys Ile Met
 980 985 990

Phe Ile Ala Asn Ser Ala Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Gly Gly Tyr Leu Ile Ser
 995 1000 1005

Asn Glu Gly Leu His Phe Ser Tyr Val Phe Arg Val Ile Ser Ala
 1010 1015 1020

Val Val Leu Ser Ala Thr Ala Leu Gly Arg Ala Phe Ser Tyr Thr
 1025 1030 1035

Pro Ser Tyr Ala Lys Ala Lys Ile Ser Ala Ala Arg Phe Phe Gln
 1040 1045 1050

Leu Leu Asp Arg Gln Pro Pro Ile Ser Val Tyr Asn Thr Ala Gly
 1055 1060 1065

Glu Lys Trp Asp Asn Phe Gln Gly Lys Ile Asp Phe Val Asp Cys
 1070 1075 1080

Lys Phe Thr Tyr Pro Ser Arg Pro Asp Ser Gln Val Leu Asn Gly
 1085 1090 1095

Leu Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Pro Gly Gln Thr Leu Ala Phe Val Gly
 1100 1105 1110

Ser Ser Gly Cys Gly Lys Ser Thr Ser Ile Gln Leu Leu Glu Arg
 1115 1120 1125

Phe Tyr Asp Pro Asp Gln Gly Lys Val Met Ile Asp Gly His Asp
 1130 1135 1140

Ser Lys Lys Val Asn Val Gln Phe Leu Arg Ser Asn Ile Gly Ile
 1145 1150 1155

Val Ser Gln Glu Pro Val Leu Phe Ala Cys Ser Ile Met Asp Asn
 1160 1165 1170

Ile Lys Tyr Gly Asp Asn Thr Lys Glu Ile Pro Met Glu Arg Val
 1175 1180 1185

Ile Ala Ala Ala Lys Gln Ala Gln Leu His Asp Phe Val Met Ser
 1190 1195 1200

Leu Pro Glu Lys Tyr Glu Thr Asn Val Gly Ser Gln Gly Ser Gln
 1205 1210 1215

Leu Ser Arg Gly Glu Lys Gln Arg Ile Ala Ile Ala Arg Ala Ile
 1220 1225 1230

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Val Arg Asp Pro Lys Ile Leu Leu Leu Asp Glu Ala Thr Ser Ala
1235                               1240                               1245

Leu Asp Thr Glu Ser Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Val Ala Leu Asp Lys
1250                               1255                               1260

Ala Arg Glu Gly Arg Thr Cys Ile Val Ile Ala His Arg Leu Ser
1265                               1270                               1275

Thr Ile Gln Asn Ala Asp Ile Ile Ala Val Met Ala Gln Gly Val
1280                               1285                               1290

Val Ile Glu Lys Gly Thr His Glu Glu Leu Met Ala Gln Lys Gly
1295                               1300                               1305

Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Leu Val Thr Thr Gly Ser Pro Ile Ser
1310                               1315                               1320

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<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 4776
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4208)..(4208)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4210)..(4212)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4227)..(4229)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4231)..(4231)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4253)..(4253)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4677)..(4677)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4691)..(4691)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4707)..(4707)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4721)..(4721)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4752)..(4752)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4754)..(4754)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (4772)..(4773)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t

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<400> SEQUENCE: 50

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gaatgatgaa aaccgagggtt ggaaaagggtt gtgaaacctt ttaactctcc acagtggagt      60
ccattatttc ctctggcttc ctcaaattca tattcacagg gtcgttggct gtgggttgca      120
attaccatgt ctgactcagt aattcttcga agtataaaga aatttgaga ggagaatgat      180

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ggttttgagt cagataaatc atataataat gataagaaat caaggttaca agatgagaag	240
aaaggtagtg gcgtagagtg tggcttcttt caattgttcc ggttttcttc atcaactgac	300
at ttggctga tgtttgtggg aagtttgtgt gcatttctcc atggaatagc ccagccaggc	360
gtgctactca tttttggcac aatgacagat gtttttattg actacgacgt tgagttacaa	420
gaactccaga ttccaggaaa agcactgtgtg aataacacca ttgtatggac taacagtacc	480
ctcaaccaga acatgacaaa tggaaacacgt tgtgggttgc tgaacatcga gagcgaagt	540
atcaaatttg ccagttacta tgctggaatt gctgtcgcag tacttatcac aggatatatt	600
caaatatgct tttgggtcat tgccgcagct cgtcagatag aaaaaatgag aaaattttac	660
tttaggagaa taatgagaat ggaaataggg tggtttgact gcaattcagt gggggagctg	720
aatacaagat tctctgatga tattaataaa atcaatgatg ccatagctga ccaaatggcc	780
cttttcattc agcgcagac ctcgaccatc tgtggtttcc tgttgggatt tttcaggggt	840
tggaaactga ccttggttat tatttctgtc agccctctca ttgggattgg agcagccacc	900
at tggctctga gtgtgtccaa gttttacggac tatgagctga aggcctatgc caaagcaggg	960
gtgttgctg atgaagtcac ttcatcaatg agaacagtgg ctgcttttgg tggtagaaaa	1020
agagaggttg aaaggtatga gaaaaatcct gtgttcgccc agcgttgggg aattagaaaa	1080
ggaatagtga tgggattctt tactggattc gtgtgtgtgc tcatcttttt gtgttatgca	1140
gtggccttct ggtacggctc cacacttgtc ctggatgaag gagaatatac accaggaacc	1200
cttgtccaga ttttctcag tgcctatgta ggagctttaa atcttgcaa tgcctctcct	1260
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gaaattgaat tccataatgt gaccttccat taccctcca gaccagaggt gaagattcta	1440
aatgacctca acatggatc taaaccaggg gaaatgacag ctctggtagg acccagtgga	1500
gctggaaaaa gtacagcact gcaactcatt cagcgttct atgaccctg tgaaggaatg	1560
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ggcagagaag atgcaacaat ggaagacata gtccaagctg ccaaggaggc caatgcctac	1740
aacttcatca tggacctgcc acagcaattt gacaccttg ttggagaagg aggaggccag	1800
atgagtggtg gccagaaaaa aagggtagct atcgcagag ccctcatccg aaatcccaag	1860
attctgcttt tggacatggc cacctcagct ctggacaatg agagtgaagc catggtgcaa	1920
gaagtgtgta gtaagattca gcatgggac acaatcattt cagtgtctca tcgcttgtct	1980
acggtcagag ctgcagatac catcattggt tttgaacatg gactgcagt ggaaagaggg	2040
accatgaag aattactgga aaggaaagg gtttacttca ctctagtac tttgaaaagc	2100
cagggaaatc aagctcttaa tgaagaggac ataaaggatg caactgaaga tgacatgctt	2160
gcgaggacct ttagcagagg gagctaccag gatagtttaa gggcttccat ccggcaacgc	2220
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tctacctatg aagaagatag aaaggacaag gacattcctg tgcaggaaga agttgaacct	2340
gccccagtta ggaggattct gaaattcagt gctccagaat ggccctacat gctggtaggg	2400
tctgtgggtg cagctgtgaa cgggacagtc acaccttgt atgccttttt attcagccag	2460
attcttggga ctttttcaat tctctgataaa gaggaacaaa ggtcacagat caatggtgtg	2520
tgctacttt ttgtagcaat gggctgtgta tctcttttca cccaatttct acagggatat	2580

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gcctttgcta aatctgggga gctcctaaca aaaaggctac gtaaatttgg tttcagggca 2640
atgctggggc aagatattgc ctggtttgat gacctcagaa atagccctgg agcattgaca 2700
acaagacttg ctacagatgc ttcccaagtt caaggggctg cggctctca gatcgggatg 2760
atagtcaatt ccttactaa cgtcactgtg gccatgatca ttgccttctc ctttagctgg 2820
aagctgagcc tggtcactct gtgcttcttc cccttcttgg ctttatcagg agccacacag 2880
accaggatgt tgacaggatt tgcctctcga gataagcagg ccctggagat ggtgggacag 2940
attacaaatg aagccctcag taacatccgc actgttgctg gaattggaaa ggagaggcgg 3000
ttcattgaag cacttgagag tgagctggag aagcccttca agacagccat tcagaaagcc 3060
aatatttacg gattctgctt tgcctttgcc cagtgcacat tgtttattgc gaattctgct 3120
tcctacagat atggagggta cttaatctcc aatgaggggc tccatttcag ctatgtgttc 3180
agggatgatc ctgcagttgt actgagtgca acagctcttg gaagagcctt ctcttacacc 3240
ccaagttatg caaaagctaa aatatacagc gcacgctttt ttcaactgct ggaccgacaa 3300
cccccaatca gtgtatacaa tactgcaggt gaaaaatggg acaacttcca ggggaagatt 3360
gattttgttg attgtaaat tacatatcct tctcgacctg actcgcaagt tctgaatggg 3420
ctctcagtgat cgattagctc agggcagaca ctggcgcttg ttgggagcag tggatgtggc 3480
aaaagcacta gcattcagct gttggaacgt ttctatgatc ctgatcaagg gaaggtgatg 3540
atagatggtc atgacagcaa aaaagtaaat gtccagttcc tccgctcaaa cattggaatt 3600
gtttcccagg aaccagtgtt gtttgctgt agcataatgg acaatatcaa gtatggagac 3660
aacaccaaag aaattcccat ggaagagctc atagcagctg caaacacaggc tcagctgcat 3720
gattttgtca tgtcactccc agagaaatat gaaactaacg ttgggtccca ggggtctcaa 3780
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gttgctctag acaaagccag agagggctgg acctgcattg tcattgcccc tcgcttgctc 3960
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cccacagtt gacccaatgc aagaatctca gacacacatg acgcaccagt tacagggggt 4140
gtttttaaag aaaaaaaciaa tccagcacg agggattgct gggattgttt tttcttaaa 4200
gaagaatn nntattttac ttttacnnc ntttctctac atcggaatcc aanctaattt 4260
ctaattgctc tccataataa ttctgcttta gatgtgtata cagaaaatga aagaaactag 4320
ggatccatgt agggaaaacc caatgtcaag tggcagctca gccaccactc agtgcttctc 4380
tgtgcaggag ccagtcctga ttaatatgtg ggaattagtg agacatcagg gagtaagtga 4440
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gaggcgggtc tgtaacaggc aatcaacaaa cgtttcttga gctagaccaa ggtcagattt 4560
gaaaagaaca gaaggactga agaccagctg tgtttcttaa ctaaatttgt ctttcaagtg 4620
aaaccagctt ccttcatctc taaggctaag gatagggaaa ggggtgggatg ctctcangct 4680
gagggaggca naaagggaaa gtattancat gagctttcca nttagggctg ttgatttatg 4740
ctttaacttc anantgagtg taggggtggtg anncta 4776

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<210> SEQ ID NO 51

<211> LENGTH: 138

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

Met Asp Thr Gln Thr His Ser Leu Pro Ile Thr His Thr Gln Leu His
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Asn Ser Gln Pro Gln Ser Arg Thr Cys Thr Arg His Cys Gln Thr
 20 25 30
 Phe Ser Gln Ser Cys Arg Gln Ser His Arg Gly Ser Arg Ser Gln Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ser Gln Ser Pro Ala Ser His Arg Asn Pro Thr Gly Ala His Ser
 50 55 60
 Ser Ser Gly His Gln Ser Gln Ser Pro Asn Thr Ser Pro Pro Pro Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Arg His Lys Lys Thr Met Asn Ser His His Ser Pro Met Arg Pro Thr
 85 90 95
 Ile Leu His Cys Arg Cys Pro Lys Asn Arg Lys Asn Leu Glu Gly Lys
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Lys Lys Lys Met Ala Lys Arg Ile Gln Gln Val Tyr Lys Thr
 115 120 125
 Lys Thr Arg Ser Ser Gly Trp Lys Ser Asn
 130 135

<210> SEQ ID NO 52

<211> LENGTH: 1776

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

agactcagct taatctgacc caagggctcc taccctgaac cagtagctgg gactatcccc 60
 agggatcccc tgagagctgc cccagcctgg ggtgagggta aggggtaggg ggctttgtct 120
 tggctgagcc acatctctca caccctctgt gctctggcat cataatcagc cccaactata 180
 taaccagggtg ggccctccag ggcctctgta aagctaggcc tgctgggaga ggatgaggag 240
 gaggccctgc cctcaaacgt ggcctcctat ggacaccag actcacagcc ttcctatcac 300
 ccacactcag ctccatagca actctcagcc ccaaagccgc acctgcaccc gccattgcca 360
 aaccttcagc cagagttgca gacagagcca tcgtggcagc cggagccaga gctccagcca 420
 gagcccggcc agccaccgca acccaactgg agcccacagc tcatccggcc accagagcca 480
 gagtccaac actagtccac caccaaaagc ccacaaaaag actatgaact cccaccactc 540
 tcccctgagg cccaccatcc tgcactgccg ctgcccccaag aacagaaaaga acttggaaag 600
 caagctgaaa aagaaaaaaa tggccaagag gatccagcag gtgtacaaaa ccaagacgag 660
 gagctcaggt accctttaag gaggtgggga agggccaccg agccacagat gatggagagc 720
 agaccttggg ggcagtgaga ggaaggctgc agccagggtca caaaggaacc acaggcaaga 780
 aggaagaggg agaagagaaa caatggcagt tggctagctg aatgtatgat acgttgacgg 840
 aaagtcttct ttgaaattgg atgggttgat taggaggatg gaaagatgga cagatagcag 900
 ataagctaga tgaagcatg aatggagttg agaggttggg ttgatgactg ggtgggtaaa 960
 caataaatag gttatagaaa ggatagttgg aagaatgcat tggctgaatg ataggaagtt 1020
 tggatacgat tagctggatg gatggataaa tggatgaatg cactggctgg ctagttattt 1080
 ggttggttag gtatgatgac agtttgaaga ttgtggttgg tggatgaatt ggttagaaat 1140
 agagttaaat agtttagaaa gttttgatgg gttggtttga ttggttaaat attatcttaa 1200
 tagagtaata tagagtaatt gaataaacag agagaagaat agatatctag actaatggga 1260

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tagaatggga aagaaatggt gaataaatga atggaatgag tgaactaatg aatgggtgga 1320
tgacaaatgg aagggataaa tggatggata cctggattca cataggtaa aaggacactg 1380
acggtagtct aaactctatc tatgtcccat atcaatcaca aatgagtagt tgtaagacct 1440
tacaggaggt caaggaggtc actgacttca tgaagtgctc agctattaaa ggttcctttc 1500
ccactcttat cccttaggat ggaaatccaa ctaatgagac cgcactcctt ggcttgttcc 1560
tgcgtgtttc acccaaagga gaaaatgcta ggatgaagtc aatcttcttg caggaacatg 1620
ttactatggt gattttctacg caacactaat taaagcttgt acctggaaga ctatccctga 1680
gtagtcatct tgatttcaact aataaagggt ttatgtgttt tgggggctg cacaggggca 1740
gaaatgaatg ggggtaggat gccaaagaagc ctgcag 1776
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 53
<211> LENGTH: 750
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 53

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Met Gly Lys Ser Glu Ser Gln Met Asp Ile Thr Asp Ile Asn Thr Pro
1          5          10          15
Lys Pro Lys Lys Lys Gln Arg Trp Thr Arg Leu Glu Ile Ser Leu Ser
20          25          30
Val Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Thr Ile Ile Ala Val Arg Met Ile Ala Leu
35          40          45
Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Asp Asp Gly Ile Cys Lys Ser Ser Asp Cys Ile Lys
50          55          60
Ser Ala Ala Arg Leu Ile Gln Asn Met Asp Ala Thr Thr Glu Pro Cys
65          70          75          80
Arg Asp Phe Phe Lys Tyr Ala Cys Gly Gly Trp Leu Lys Arg Asn Val
85          90          95
Ile Pro Glu Thr Ser Ser Arg Tyr Gly Asn Phe Asp Ile Leu Arg Asp
100         105         110
Glu Leu Glu Val Val Leu Lys Asp Val Leu Gln Glu Pro Lys Thr Glu
115         120         125
Asp Ile Val Ala Val Gln Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Tyr Arg Ser Cys Ile
130         135         140
Asn Glu Ser Ala Ile Asp Ser Arg Gly Gly Glu Pro Leu Leu Lys Leu
145         150         155         160
Leu Pro Asp Ile Tyr Gly Trp Pro Val Ala Thr Glu Asn Trp Glu Gln
165         170         175
Lys Tyr Gly Ala Ser Trp Thr Ala Glu Lys Ala Ile Ala Gln Leu Asn
180         185         190
Ser Lys Tyr Gly Lys Lys Val Leu Ile Asn Leu Phe Val Gly Thr Asp
195         200         205
Asp Lys Asn Ser Val Asn His Val Ile His Ile Asp Gln Pro Arg Leu
210         215         220
Gly Leu Pro Ser Arg Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Cys Thr Gly Ile Tyr Lys Glu
225         230         235         240
Ala Cys Thr Ala Tyr Val Asp Phe Met Ile Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Ile
245         250         255
Arg Gln Glu Glu Arg Leu Pro Ile Asp Glu Asn Gln Leu Ala Leu Glu
260         265         270
Met Asn Lys Val Met Glu Leu Glu Lys Glu Ile Ala Asn Ala Thr Ala
275         280         285
    
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Lys Pro Glu Asp Arg Asn Asp Pro Met Leu Leu Tyr Asn Lys Met Arg
 290 295 300
 Leu Ala Gln Ile Gln Asn Asn Phe Ser Leu Glu Ile Asn Gly Lys Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Ser Trp Leu Asn Phe Thr Asn Glu Ile Met Ser Thr Val Asn Ile
 325 330 335
 Ser Ile Thr Asn Glu Glu Asp Val Val Val Tyr Ala Pro Glu Tyr Leu
 340 345 350
 Thr Lys Leu Lys Pro Ile Leu Thr Lys Tyr Ser Ala Arg Asp Leu Gln
 355 360 365
 Asn Leu Met Ser Trp Arg Phe Ile Met Asp Leu Val Ser Ser Leu Ser
 370 375 380
 Arg Thr Tyr Lys Glu Ser Arg Asn Ala Phe Arg Lys Ala Leu Tyr Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Thr Thr Ser Glu Thr Ala Thr Trp Arg Arg Cys Ala Asn Tyr Val Asn
 405 410 415
 Gly Asn Met Glu Asn Ala Val Gly Arg Leu Tyr Val Glu Ala Ala Phe
 420 425 430
 Ala Gly Glu Ser Lys His Val Val Glu Asp Leu Ile Ala Gln Ile Arg
 435 440 445
 Glu Val Phe Ile Gln Thr Leu Asp Asp Leu Thr Trp Met Asp Ala Glu
 450 455 460
 Thr Lys Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ile Lys Glu Arg Ile
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Tyr Pro Asp Asp Ile Val Ser Asn Asp Asn Lys Leu Asn Asn Glu
 485 490 495
 Tyr Leu Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Glu Asp Glu Tyr Phe Glu Asn Ile Ile
 500 505 510
 Gln Asn Leu Lys Phe Ser Gln Ser Lys Gln Leu Lys Lys Leu Arg Glu
 515 520 525
 Lys Val Asp Lys Asp Glu Trp Ile Ser Gly Ala Ala Val Val Asn Ala
 530 535 540
 Phe Tyr Ser Ser Gly Arg Asn Gln Ile Val Phe Pro Ala Gly Ile Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Gln Pro Pro Phe Phe Ser Ala Gln Gln Ser Asn Ser Leu Asn Tyr Gly
 565 570 575
 Gly Ile Gly Met Val Ile Gly His Glu Ile Thr His Gly Phe Asp Asp
 580 585 590
 Asn Gly Arg Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Leu Val Asp Trp Trp Thr
 595 600 605
 Gln Gln Ser Ala Ser Asn Phe Lys Glu Gln Ser Gln Cys Met Val Tyr
 610 615 620
 Gln Tyr Gly Asn Phe Ser Trp Asp Leu Ala Gly Gly Gln His Leu Asn
 625 630 635 640
 Gly Ile Asn Thr Leu Gly Glu Asn Ile Ala Asp Asn Gly Gly Leu Gly
 645 650 655
 Gln Ala Tyr Arg Ala Tyr Gln Asn Tyr Ile Lys Lys Asn Gly Glu Glu
 660 665 670
 Lys Leu Leu Pro Gly Leu Asp Leu Asn His Lys Gln Leu Phe Phe Leu
 675 680 685
 Asn Phe Ala Gln Val Trp Cys Gly Thr Tyr Arg Pro Glu Tyr Ala Val
 690 695 700
 Asn Ser Ile Lys Thr Asp Val His Ser Pro Gly Asn Phe Arg Ile Ile
 705 710 715 720

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Gly Thr Leu Gln Asn Ser Ala Glu Phe Ser Glu Ala Phe His Cys Arg
725 730 735

Lys Asn Ser Tyr Met Asn Pro Glu Lys Lys Cys Arg Val Trp
740 745 750

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 5508
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

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gatttttaggt gatgggcaag tcagaaagtc agatggatat aactgatatc aacctccaa      60
agccaaagaa gaacacgcga tggactcgac tggagatcag cctctcggtc cttgtcctgc     120
tcctcaccat catagctgtg agaatgatcg cactctatgc aacctacgat gatggatttt     180
gcaagtcatc agactgcata aaatcagctg ctcgactgat ccaaaacatg gatgccacca     240
ctgagccttg tagagacttt ttcaaatatg cttgcgaggg ctggttgaaa cgtaaatgtca     300
ttcccagac cagctcccgct tacggcaact ttgacatttt aagagatgaa ctagaagtcg      360
ttttgaaaga tgccttcaa gaacccaaaa ctgaagatat agtagcagtg cagaaagcaa     420
aagcattgta caggtcttgt ataatgaat ctgctattga tagcagaggt ggagaacctc     480
tactcaaact gttaccagac atatatgggt ggccagtagc aacagaaaac tgggagcaaa     540
aatatggtgc ttcttgaca gctgaaaaag ctattgcaca actgaattct aatatgggga     600
aaaaagtcct tattaatttg tttgttgcca ctgatgataa gaattctgtg aatcatgtaa     660
ttcatattga ccaacctcga cttggcctcc cttctagaga ttaetatgaa tgcactggaa     720
tctataaaga ggcttgtaca gcatatgttg attttatgat ttctgtggcc agattgattc     780
gtcaggaaga aagattgccc atcgatgaaa accagcttgc tttggaaatg aataaagtta     840
tggaattgga aaaagaattt gccaatgcta cggctaaacc tgaagatcga aatgatccaa     900
tgcttctgta taacaagatg agattggccc agatccaaaa taacttttca ctagagatca     960
atgggaagcc attcagctgg ttgaatttca caaatgaaat catgtcaact gtgaatatta    1020
gtattacaaa tgaggaagat gtggttgttt atgctccaga atatttaacc aaacttaagc    1080
ccattcttac caaatattct gccagagatc ttcaaaattt aatgtcctgg agattcataa    1140
tggatcttgt aagcagcctc agccgaacct acaaggagtc cagaaatgct ttccgcaagg    1200
ccctttatgg tacaacctca gaaacagcaa cttggagacg ttgtgcaaac tatgtcaatg    1260
ggaatatgga aaatgctgtg gggaggcttt atgtggaagc agcatttctt ggagagagta    1320
aacatgtggt cgaggatttg attgcacaga tccgagaagt ttttattcag acttttagatg    1380
acctcacttg gatggatgcc gagacaaaaa agagagctga agaaaaggcc ttagcaatta    1440
aagaaaggat cggctatcct gatgacattg tttcaaatga taacaaactg aataatgagt    1500
acctcgagtt gaactacaaa gaagatgaat acttcgagaa cataattcaa aatttgaaat    1560
tcagccaaag taaacaactg aagaagctcc gagaaaaggt ggacaaaagat gaggggataa    1620
gtggagcagc tgtagtcaat gcattttact cttcaggaag aaatcagata gtcttccag     1680
ccggcattct gcagcccccc ttcttttagtg cccagcagtc caactcattg aactatgggg    1740
gcacggcat ggtcatagga cacgaaatca cccatggctt ccatgacaat ggcagaaact    1800
ttaacaaaga tggagacctc gttgactggt ggactcaaca gtctgcaagt aactttaagg    1860
agcaatccca gtgcatggtg tatcagatg gaaacttttc ctgggacctg gcaggtggac    1920
agcaccttaa tggaattaat acactgggag aaaacattgc tgataatgga ggtcttggtc    1980

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aagcatacag agcctatcag aattatatta aaaagaatgg cgaagaaaa ttacttctcg	2040
gacttgacct aaatcacaaa caactatfff tcttgaactt tgcacagggtg tgggtgga	2100
cctataggcc agagtatgcg gttactcca ttaaacaga tgtgcacagt ccaggcaatt	2160
tcaggattat tgggactttg cagaactctg cagagtfff agaagcfff cactgcccga	2220
agaattcata catgaatcca gaaaagaagt gccgggtttg gtgatcttca aaagaagcat	2280
tgcagccctt ggctagactt gccaacacca cagaaatggg gaattctcta atcgaaagaa	2340
aatgggcctt aggggtcact gtactgactt gaggggtgatt aacagagagg gcaccatcac	2400
aatacagata acattagggt tctctagaaa ggggtgagg ggaggaagg ggtctaaggt	2460
ctatcaagtc aatcatttct cactgtgtac ataatgctta atttctaag ataattac	2520
tgtttatffc tgtttctatc atgggtctacc agtttctga tgtccctaga aaacaatgca	2580
aaaccttga ggtagaccag gatttctaata caaaaggaa aagaagatgt tgaagaatag	2640
agttaggcac cagaagaaga gtaggtgaca ctatagtffa aaacacattg cctaactact	2700
agttttact tttatttga acatttacag tcttcaaaa tcttcaaaa gaattcttat	2760
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tcattctgtg atcatttatt ttaagcactc ttaaaagaaa aaatgaatgt ctaaaattgt	2880
ttttgtgtg acctgctttg actgatgctg agattcttca ggcttctgc aattttctaa	2940
gcaatttctt gctctatctc tcaaaacttg gtatttttca gagatttata taaatgtaaa	3000
aataataatt tttatattta attattaact acatttatga gtaactatta ttataggtaa	3060
tcaatgaata ttgaagtttc agcttaaaat aaacagttgt gaaccaagat ctataaagcg	3120
atatacagat gaaaatttga gactatttaa acttataaat catattgatg aaaagattta	3180
agcacaact ttagggtaaa aattgagatt ggacagttgt ctagagatat atatacttgt	3240
ggttttcaaa ttggacttcc aaaattaaat ctgtccttga gagtctctct gataaaagg	3300
caaatctgca cctatgtago tctgcatctc ctgtcttffc aggtttgtca tcagatggaa	3360
atattttgat aataaattga aattgtgaac tcaattgctcc ctaagactgt gacaactgtc	3420
taactttaga agtgcatttc tgaatagaaa tgggaggcct ctgatggacc ttctagaatt	3480
ataagtcaaa aagagtcttg gaaaagaact gtttactgct tgataggaat tcatctttg	3540
aggcttctgt tctctcttfc tctgtttgta ttgactattt tcttctcatta cttgattaag	3600
atfttcaaaa agaggagcac ttccaaaatt cttatttffc ctaacaaaag atgaaagcag	3660
ggaatttcta tctaaatgat gagtattagt tccctgtctc ttgaaaaatg cccatttgc	3720
tttaaaaaaa aaagttacag aaatactata acatattgac ataaattgca taagcataa	3780
gtatacagtt caataaactt aactttaact gaacaatggc cctgtagcca gcacctgtaa	3840
gaaacagagc agtaccagcg ctctaaaagc acctccttgt cactttatta ctcccagaac	3900
aacaactatc ctgacttcta atatcattca ctagcttffc ctggttttgt cttttatgca	3960
gatagaatca atcagtatgt attcttttgc gctggcttc tttctctcag ccttacattt	4020
gtgagattcc tctgtattgt gctgattgtg gatcttttca ttctcattgc agaataatgt	4080
tctattgtgg gacttattac aatttgttca tctattgtt gatgggact tgagaacttt	4140
ccattttggc gctattacaa atagtgaac tatgaatgta ctgcatgta ccatcttact	4200
tgagccttca atggacttat tcttcaaat ccttcaaaa attattataa gcattgaaat	4260
tatagtttca agccaactgt ggataccctt accttctct cctttatcac aaccaccgtt	4320
acaagtatac ttatatttcc ctaaaatata tttaaaactt acctaatgta cattttagt	4380

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tggagtaata ggagcttcca gctctaataa aacagctgtc tctaacttat tttatttcca 4440
tcattgtcaga gcaggtgaag agccagaagt gaagagtgac tagtacaat tataaaaagc 4500
cactagactc ttcactgtta gctttttaa acattaggct cccatcccta tggaggaaca 4560
actctccagt gcttgatcc cctctgtcta caaatataag atttctggg cctaaaggat 4620
agatcaaagt caaaaatagc aatgcctccc tatccctcac acatccagac atcatgaatt 4680
ttacatggta ctcttgttga gttctataga gccttctgat gtctctaaag cactaccgat 4740
tctttggagt tgcacatca gataagacat atctctaatt ccatccataa atccagttct 4800
actatggctg agttctggtc aaagaaagaa agtttagaag ctgagacaca aagggttggg 4860
agctgatgaa actcacaagt gatgtagga agaagctctc gacaataccc gttggcaagg 4920
agtctgcctc catgctgcag tgtctcagtg gattgtaggt gcaagatgga aaggattgta 4980
ggtgcaagct gtccagagaa aagagctcctt gttccagccc tattctgcca ctctgacag 5040
ggtgaccttg ggtatttga atattccttt gggcctctgc ttctctcacc taaaaaaga 5100
gaattagatt atattgggtg ttctcagcaa gagaaggagt atgtgtccaa tctgctctc 5160
ccatgaatct gtctccagt tatgaatcag tgggcaggat aaactgaaaa ctcccattta 5220
agtgtctgaa tctgagtgaga caaaatttta gtccaataa caagtaccaa agttttatca 5280
agtttgggtc tgtgctgctg ttactgttaa ccatttaagt ggggcaaac cttgctaatt 5340
ttctcaaaag catttatcat tcttgttgc acagctggag ctctcaact aaaagacatt 5400
tgttattttg gaaagaagaa agactctatt ctcaaagttt cctaatcaga aattttatc 5460
agtttccagt ctcaaaaata caaaataaaa acaaactgtt ttaatact 5508

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<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 79
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 55

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Met Ala His Lys Gln Ile Tyr Tyr Ser Asp Lys Tyr Phe Asp Glu His
1           5           10          15
Tyr Glu Tyr Arg His Val Met Leu Pro Arg Glu Leu Ser Lys Gln Val
                20           25           30
Pro Lys Thr His Leu Met Ser Glu Glu Glu Trp Arg Arg Leu Gly Val
                35           40           45
Gln Gln Ser Leu Gly Trp Val His Tyr Met Ile His Glu Pro Glu Pro
50           55           60
His Ile Leu Leu Phe Arg Arg Pro Leu Pro Lys Asp Gln Gln Lys
65           70           75

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<210> SEQ ID NO 56
<211> LENGTH: 627
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 56

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```

agtctccggc gagttgttgc ctgggctgga cgtggttttg tctgctgcgc ccgctcttcg 60
cgctctcgtt tcattttctg cagcgcgcca cgaggatggc ccacaagcag atctactact 120
cggacaagta cttcgacgaa cactacgagt accggcatgt tatgttacc agagaacttt 180
ccaaaagat acataaaact catctgatgt ctgaagagga gtggaggaga cttggtgtcc 240
aacagagtct aggtctgggtt cattacatga ttcattgagc agaaccacat attcttctct 300

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ttagacgacc tcttccaaaa gatcaacaaa aatgaagttt atctggggat cgtcaaatct 360
ttttcaaat taatgtatat gtgtatataa ggtagtatto agtgaatact tgagaaatgt 420
acaaatcttt catccatacc tgtgcatgag ctgtattctt cacagcaaca gagctcagtt 480
aatgcaact gcaagtaggt tactgtaaga tgtttaagat aaaagttctt ccagtcagtt 540
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tatgttgcat ttaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 627

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<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 5769
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (5512)..(5517)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t

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<400> SEQUENCE: 57

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cctctgggat ttaggaatct ttaccogatt ctccatccaa gtctgtcttt cgtattctag 300
gctcttccta aagttgtcat tcacatatac cctccagaat tttatagggt gtataatctg 360
taacaactcg gaggaagcca attgcccttt agaaatatgg ctgcaattgc ctcacttctc 420
gtgtcatgtg actctcctag tcatcactg acccatccac attgggaagc cagaataact 480
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attgtcacag tgcttctgga atcctggcac tggaaattaa tgaatgacag actctctttg 720
aatccagggc catcatggct ctttgagcaa ggcacagatg gaggggaggg tcgaagtga 780
aatgggtggg aagagtggg gggagcatcc tgatttgggg tgggcagaga gttgtcatca 840
gaagggttgc agggagagct gcacccaggt gtctgtgggc cttgtcctaa tgaatgtggg 900
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cagccgtac aagagcagaa gcagtgggca ttggatggag ctgagtacag gaccatacag 1500
gctaattgca ccggcacagg taaccattac acccttcacc ccccgggcca ggtgggtcc 1560
tctagaggt aaacggtgtc agtgatcacc atggagtctc tccctgggca ctgataaccc 1620
tgtggatgct ctcaggcctg ctactgatcc tgcagccaga agttocagaa agtgaaggga 1680

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tttggagggg ccgtagacaga tgcaggtgcc ctcaacatcc ttgcctgtc accccctgcc	1740
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acatagagcc actgacactt ttctttgcca attctttgga ccctgacttc tgcccatccc	1860
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ttctgtagga atcggatata acatcatctg ggtaccctat gccagctgtg acttctecat	2160
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ccacagttgg gacttgaaac ctctctaggg ctgggggtgg tagctcatgg ctataatcc	3300
agcactttgg gaaccaaggt ggggtgatca cttgaaccta aggagtcaa gatgagcctg	3360
ggaaacatgg tgaacccta actctacaaa aaaaaaata gaaaagttag ccgggtgtgg	3420
tggtggcacg ctatagtccc agtattctgg aggctaaggc gggaggtta gttgagccta	3480
ggaatttcag gctgcagtga gctatgattg tgccactgta ctccagcctg tgtgacagag	3540
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cttcccacca cctaattcag gattcctaca agaggaacta gaagttccag aagcctgtgg	3660
gcagggtcca gggtgacttg ttcttcttt gcaggtactg acagaccag aagcagctaa	3720
gtatgttcat ggtattgctg tacattggta cctggacttt ctggctccag ccaaagccac	3780
cctaaggag acacaccacc tgttcccaa caccatgctc tttgctcag aggcctgtgt	3840
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cagccacagc atcatcacag taagccacc cagtctcct tctgcaaag gagacctcag	3960
accattagat agtctcacca aagactgata gaagccctc ctgtccagct tccccaggt	4020
agcctgcct tttgcgcaac tctggggaac catgatccc tgtcttgcct tctctcaca	4080

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ggctgcaca cctcattgcc ccttttgcaa ctactgaggc acttgcagct gcctcagact 4140
tctcagctcc ccttgagatg cctggatctt cacaccccca actccttagc tactaaggaa 4200
tgtgccctca cagggctgac ctaccacagc ctgcctctcc cacatgtgac ccttacctac 4260
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cctcctgtac catgtggtcg gctggaccga ctggaaccca tcattgtaga catcaccaag 4380
cacacgtttt acaaacagcc catgttctac caccttggcc acttcagggtg agtggagggc 4440
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cttttgacc atggaggcag gaagtgacta ggtagcaaca gaaaacccca atgcctgagg 4620
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gactagggaa gctgggcccc aaactggaga ctgtttgtct ttctggaga tnnnnnctg 5520
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ccaggcacc agatgattcc tatggcacca gccaggaaaa atggcagctc ttaaaggaga 5640
aatgtttga gccagtcag tgtgagtggc tttattctgg gtggcagcac ccgtgtccgg 5700
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ttggggagt 5769
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 732
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 58

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Met Thr Glu Gly Thr Cys Leu Arg Arg Arg Gly Gly Pro Tyr Lys Thr
1          5          10          15
Glu Pro Ala Thr Asp Leu Gly Arg Trp Arg Leu Asn Cys Glu Arg Gly
20          25          30
Arg Gln Thr Trp Thr Tyr Leu Gln Asp Glu Arg Ala Gly Arg Glu Gln
35          40          45
Thr Gly Leu Glu Ala Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu Asp Thr Lys Asn Tyr Phe
50          55          60
Lys Asp Leu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ala Phe Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn Gly
65          70          75          80
    
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Met Thr Phe Tyr Val Gly Leu Gln Ala Glu Asp Gly His Trp Thr Gly
85 90 95

Asp Tyr Gly Gly Pro Leu Phe Leu Leu Pro Gly Leu Leu Ile Thr Cys
100 105 110

His Val Ala Arg Ile Pro Leu Pro Ala Gly Tyr Arg Glu Glu Ile Val
115 120 125

Arg Tyr Leu Arg Ser Val Gln Leu Pro Asp Gly Gly Trp Gly Leu His
130 135 140

Ile Glu Asp Lys Ser Thr Val Phe Gly Thr Ala Leu Asn Tyr Val Ser
145 150 155 160

Leu Arg Ile Leu Gly Val Gly Pro Asp Asp Pro Asp Leu Val Arg Ala
165 170 175

Arg Asn Ile Leu His Lys Lys Gly Gly Ala Val Ala Ile Pro Ser Trp
180 185 190

Gly Lys Phe Trp Leu Ala Val Leu Asn Val Tyr Ser Trp Glu Gly Leu
195 200 205

Asn Thr Leu Phe Pro Glu Met Trp Leu Phe Pro Asp Trp Ala Pro Ala
210 215 220

His Pro Ser Thr Leu Trp Cys His Cys Arg Gln Val Tyr Leu Pro Met
225 230 235 240

Ser Tyr Cys Tyr Ala Val Arg Leu Ser Ala Ala Glu Asp Pro Leu Val
245 250 255

Gln Ser Leu Arg Gln Glu Leu Tyr Val Glu Asp Phe Ala Ser Ile Asp
260 265 270

Trp Leu Ala Gln Arg Asn Asn Val Ala Pro Asp Glu Leu Tyr Thr Pro
275 280 285

His Ser Trp Leu Leu Arg Val Val Tyr Ala Leu Leu Asn Leu Tyr Glu
290 295 300

His His His Ser Ala His Leu Arg Gln Arg Ala Val Gln Lys Leu Tyr
305 310 315 320

Glu His Ile Val Ala Asp Asp Arg Phe Thr Lys Ser Ile Ser Ile Gly
325 330 335

Pro Ile Ser Lys Thr Ile Asn Met Leu Val Arg Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly
340 345 350

Pro Ala Ser Thr Ala Phe Gln Glu His Val Ser Arg Ile Pro Asp Tyr
355 360 365

Leu Trp Met Gly Leu Asp Gly Met Lys Met Gln Gly Thr Asn Gly Ser
370 375 380

Gln Ile Trp Asp Thr Ala Phe Ala Ile Gln Ala Leu Leu Glu Ala Gly
385 390 395 400

Gly His His Arg Pro Glu Phe Ser Ser Cys Leu Gln Lys Ala His Glu
405 410 415

Phe Leu Arg Leu Ser Gln Val Pro Asp Asn Pro Pro Asp Tyr Gln Lys
420 425 430

Tyr Tyr Arg Gln Met Arg Lys Gly Gly Phe Ser Phe Ser Thr Leu Asp
435 440 445

Cys Gly Trp Ile Val Ser Asp Cys Thr Ala Glu Ala Leu Lys Ala Val
450 455 460

Leu Leu Leu Gln Glu Lys Cys Pro His Val Thr Glu His Ile Pro Arg
465 470 475 480

Glu Arg Leu Cys Asp Ala Val Ala Val Leu Leu Asn Met Arg Asn Pro
485 490 495

Asp Gly Gly Phe Ala Thr Tyr Glu Thr Lys Arg Gly Gly His Leu Leu

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500				505				510							
Glu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ser	Glu	Val	Phe	Gly	Asp	Ile	Met	Ile	Asp	Tyr
	515					520						525			
Thr	Tyr	Val	Glu	Cys	Thr	Ser	Ala	Val	Met	Gln	Ala	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Phe
	530					535					540				
His	Lys	Arg	Phe	Pro	Glu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ile	Arg	Glu	Thr	Leu
545				550						555					560
Thr	Gln	Gly	Leu	Glu	Phe	Cys	Arg	Arg	Gln	Gln	Arg	Ala	Asp	Gly	Ser
			565						570					575	
Trp	Glu	Gly	Ser	Trp	Gly	Val	Cys	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Trp	Phe	Gly
			580						585				590		
Leu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ala	Cys	Met	Gly	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Thr	Ala
	595						600					605			
Cys	Ala	Glu	Val	Ser	Arg	Ala	Cys	Asp	Phe	Leu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gln	Met
610				615							620				
Ala	Asp	Gly	Gly	Trp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Phe	Glu	Ser	Cys	Glu	Glu	Arg	Arg
625				630						635					640
Tyr	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ser	Gln	Ile	His	Asn	Thr	Cys	Trp	Ala	Met
			645						650					655	
Met	Gly	Leu	Met	Ala	Val	Arg	His	Pro	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Arg
			660					665					670		
Gly	Val	Arg	Cys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Pro	Asn	Gly	Asp	Trp	Pro
		675					680					685			
Gln	Glu	Asn	Ile	Ala	Gly	Val	Phe	Asn	Lys	Ser	Cys	Ala	Ile	Ser	Tyr
	690					695					700				
Thr	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Asn	Ile	Phe	Pro	Ile	Trp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Arg	Phe	Ser
705				710						715					720
Gln	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	His	Pro				
			725							730					

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
 <211> LENGTH: 3206
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

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cccttgcccta ctgctcatgg gtgtggagac tgatattctg gaagactgat aggcagattt    60
actattaaca aacacatagt ctgtggccca gcaaagccac cccaatccct gcacaagggt    120
aaaaggccag cattagagca ctgcagcagc aatgacggag ggcacgtgtc tgcggcgccg    180
agggggcccc tacaagaccg agcccgccac cgacctcggc cgctggcgac tcaactgcga    240
gaggggcccg cagacgtgga cctacctgca ggacgagcgc gccggccgcg agcagaccgg    300
cctggaagcc tacgccttgg ggctggacac caagaattac ttaaggact tgcccaaagc    360
ccacaccgcc tttgaggggg ctctgaacgg gatgacattt tacgtggggc tgcaggctga    420
ggatgggca c tggacgggtg attatggtgg cccacttttc ctctgccag gcctcctgat    480
cacttgccac gtggcaccga tccctctgcc agccggatac agagaagaga ttgtgcggtg    540
cctgcggtea gtgcagctcc ctgacgggtg ctggggcctg cacattgagg ataagtccac    600
cgtgtttggg actgcgctca actatgtgtc tctcagaatt ctgggtgttg ggctgacga    660
tcctgacctg gtacgagccc ggaacattct tcacaagaaa ggtggtgctg tggccatccc    720
ctcctggggg aagttctggc tggtgtgctc gaatgtttac agctgggaag gcctcaatac    780
cctgttccca gagatgtggc tgtttcctga ctgggcaacc gcacaccctc ccactctgtg    840
    
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gtgccactgc cggcaggtgt acctgcccat gagctactgc tacgccgttc ggctgagtgc	900
cgcggaagac cegctggtec agagcctccg ccaggagctc tatgtggagg acttcgccag	960
cattgactgg ctggcgcaga ggaacaacgt ggccccgcag gagctgtaca cgcgccacag	1020
ctggctgctc cgcgtggtat atgcgctcct caacctgtat gagcaccacc acagtgccca	1080
cctgcggcag cgggcccgtgc agaagctgta tgaacacatt gtggccgacg accgattcac	1140
caagagcatc agcatcggcc cgatctcгаа aacctcaac atgcttgtgc gctggtatgt	1200
ggacgggccc gctccactg cctccagga gcatgtctcc agaatcccgg actatctctg	1260
gatgggcctt gacggcatga aatgcaggg caccaacggc tcacagatct gggacaccgc	1320
attcgcctc caggctctgc ttgaggcggg cgggcaccac aggcccgagt tttcgtcctg	1380
cctgcagaag gctcatgagt tctgaggct ctcacaggtc ccagataacc ctcccgacta	1440
ccagaagtac taccgcaga tgcgcaaggg tggttctcc ttcagtagc tggactgcgg	1500
ctggatcgtt tctgactgca cggctgaggc cttgaaggct gtgctgctcc tgcaggagaa	1560
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gctgaacatg agaatcccag atggagggtt cgcacctat gagaccaagc gtggggggca	1680
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gcacagggca gcggagatcc gggagaccct cagcaggggc ttagagtctt gtcggcggca	1860
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agaggtctcc cgggcctgtg acttctctgt gtcccggcag atggcagacg gaggtgggg	2040
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taacacatgc tgggccatga tggggctgat ggccttcgg catctgaca tcgaggccca	2160
ggagagagga gtcctgtgtc tacttgagaa acagctcccc aatggcgact ggcgcagga	2220
aaacattgct ggggtcttca acaagctctg tgccatctcc tacacgagct acaggaacat	2280
cttcccctc tgggcccctc gccctctc ccagctgtac cctgagagag cccttgctgg	2340
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tggcttagac tcttgatttt tactgtaggt tcatttctga aagtagcttg tcgggcttgg	2580
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gagcatcctg aggcctgca gcagggagcc ccatgcccct gggctgtgag cttgctcggc	2940
tatggggtgg tgtcatggag cctcatgccc ctgggtctg agctgcctg agtatggggt	3000
gggtcatgg agccgatac ccctgggttg tgagctcggc tgcatacgca ggtctgtca	3060
tggaacatcc caagtctgtg cagcaggggc cccatgccc ctgggacatg aaccacctg	3120
cgtggaatgc tgtttgtgag gtgtctacag ggtttatagt agtcttctgg acacagaaat	3180
gcacagggga cacttacgga cacaga	3206

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<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 506
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 60
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gttgatgtag ccaagttcac atcaagtcca gggttaagta cagaagatct aaagcgggaa      180
gccagtatct gtcatatgct gaaacatcca cacattgtag agttattgga gacatatagc      240
tcagatggaa tgctttacat gggtttcgaa ttgtgagtggt gtattttaat tcttaagggg      300
taaaacttga agcaatggtg gtgttgata atgctaacac ttttctcttg aaatttagca      360
gtagtttga acttatctgt tcagaaagac ctaaagtcac aagaaaaaag gattatgtca      420
tcataagggt tacagtggca aaggaagcaa aagctgggca tattcagtta ctcttcacgc      480
tttcagcatg cttcagagaa gagact                                          506

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<210> SEQ ID NO 61
<211> LENGTH: 229
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 61
gagcctcaaa tatctccaaa atctgatacc aatccttttg attgtgaatt atattctgta      60
gctaccaaag aaggaagaag aaaactagga aggagtaagc acaaatgctc cttcacattc      120
tccgggactg cggtagcaaa tatcagcaca gcacttcttg aaaaaggatg tagattttaa      180
tctgaacttt gaaccatcac tgaggtggcc cgccggttcc tgaaccttc                                          229

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<210> SEQ ID NO 62
<211> LENGTH: 614
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 62
Met Asp Gly Lys Val Ala Val Gln Glu Arg Gly Pro Pro Ala Val Ser
1          5          10         15
Trp Val Pro Glu Glu Gly Glu Lys Leu Asp Gln Glu Asp Glu Asp Gln
20        25        30
Val Lys Asp Arg Gly Gln Trp Thr Asn Lys Met Glu Phe Val Leu Ser
35        40        45
Val Ala Gly Glu Ile Ile Gly Leu Gly Asn Val Trp Arg Phe Pro Tyr
50        55        60
Leu Cys Tyr Lys Asn Gly Gly Gly Ala Phe Phe Ile Pro Tyr Phe Ile
65        70        75        80
Phe Phe Phe Val Cys Gly Ile Pro Val Phe Phe Leu Glu Val Ala Leu
85        90        95
Gly Gln Tyr Thr Ser Gln Gly Ser Val Thr Ala Trp Arg Lys Ile Cys
100       105       110
Pro Leu Phe Gln Gly Ile Gly Leu Ala Ser Val Val Ile Glu Ser Tyr
115       120       125
Leu Asn Val Tyr Tyr Ile Ile Ile Leu Ala Trp Ala Leu Phe Tyr Leu
130       135       140
Phe Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Glu Leu Pro Trp Thr Thr Cys Asn Asn Phe
145       150       155       160

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Gly Arg Asn Phe Gly Pro Ser Pro Thr Arg Glu Gly Leu Ile Ala Gly
 595 600 605

Glu Lys Glu Thr His Leu
 610

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
 <211> LENGTH: 3410
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

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gtaccggttc ggaattcccg ggtcgaccca cgcgtccgga aggetacaga gagagccagg    60
ttttggtgcc atgcacacag gaaacttag agttcagaga gggggtgta tttgcctgac    120
ctcacacagc aagttagaga ccagctcca cgactcattg tcttgctgcc cagagctgct    180
ggctcccctg tttactctga gctgacgat caccttagca cacagctggc taggagagaa    240
ccatgcagtc acttcggcca cacctgcccg ttgacccttg ctacctggc aggccttgat    300
cccttctgac ctggaggcca gaggctagc tgaggctact cagcagacat caaggacctg    360
ggcagatggg ccggctggga tggggcgag ctgtacagat aaaaaggac atgaaaatga    420
aaagcccagc cctgagtttt catcacggtt cactcctga gtggtcttgg gtgaatcact    480
tcattgcca aggcctggat ttcctcatct gaaactcag aaaactaagg ctttgccct    540
cgtcactctg cccaccagc ggggctccc aaccaccac acagccatgg acgggaaggt    600
ggcagtgcaa gacgctggc ctctgcggt ctctgggtc cccgaggagg gagagaagtt    660
ggaccaggaa gacgaggacc aggtgaagga tcggggccaa tggaccaaca agatggagtt    720
tgtgctgtca gtggccgggg agatcattgg gctgggcaat gtctggaggt ttcctatct    780
ctgtacaaa aacggaggtg gagcctctt catccctac ttcattctct tctttgtctg    840
cggcatcccg gtgttcttcc tggagggtgc gttgggccc tacaccagcc aagggagtg    900
cacagcctgg aggaagatct gccctctt ccagggcatt ggtctggcat ctgtggtcat    960
cgagtcatat ttgaatgtct actacatcat catccttgcc tgggctctct tctacctgtt 1020
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ttgcaccgac tttctgaacc actcaggagc cggcacagtg acccatttg agaattttac 1140
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gtacatcttc cagctgtttg actactatgc ttccagtggc atatgcctgc tgttctctgc 1980
    
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attgtttgaa gtggtctgca taagctgggt gtatggggcg gaccgtttct atgacaacat 2040
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ccctggactt tgccctggcca ctttctctct ctcccttgagc aagtacaccc cccccaagta 2160
caacaacgtc tatgtgtacc cgccttgggg atactccatt ggctgggtcc tgctctgtc 2220
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caggaagcgt ctgcgtcacg tcataccccc tgactccagt ctgccacagc ccaagcaaca 2340
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gatagccggg gagaaggaga cccatttgta ggggtgggccc agagcgaggc ggctcctaag 2460
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cctcttgta gagcgtactg catttgtaca cggggagagg agctataatt ggaacgcaca 2820
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tgccctagtt ccgcactgtt cttgcagtgt ttcataact cctggagcat tggaatggaa 3060
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ctccgaatgt gctccaggcg acaccatttg ccatcctgct tctaacgcaa acccctgact 3240
tcatggatga ggaacctgga gaccaaaagag acaaagggac tttttcaagt tcacatgggg 3300
accccttctc tgggggcccag agatatgact aaaaccttat ctcttctgca tcaggccagt 3360
gtcttcccat taacccctcg ccttagttaa caagtgtgta tggattgcca 3410

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<210> SEQ ID NO 64
<211> LENGTH: 496
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 64

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Met Gly Thr Gln Lys Val Thr Pro Ala Leu Ile Phe Ala Ile Thr Val
1           5           10           15
Ala Thr Ile Gly Ser Phe Gln Phe Gly Tyr Asn Thr Gly Val Ile Asn
20           25           30
Ala Pro Glu Lys Ile Ile Lys Glu Phe Ile Asn Lys Thr Leu Thr Asp
35           40           45
Lys Gly Asn Ala Pro Pro Ser Glu Val Leu Leu Thr Ser Leu Trp Ser
50           55           60
Leu Ser Val Ala Ile Phe Ser Val Gly Gly Met Ile Gly Ser Phe Ser
65           70           75           80
Val Gly Leu Phe Val Asn Arg Phe Gly Arg Arg Asn Ser Met Leu Ile
85           90           95
Val Asn Leu Leu Ala Val Thr Gly Gly Cys Phe Met Gly Leu Cys Lys
100          105          110
Val Ala Lys Ser Val Glu Met Leu Ile Leu Gly Arg Leu Val Ile Gly
115          120          125

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Leu Phe Cys Gly Leu Cys Thr Gly Phe Val Pro Met Tyr Ile Gly Glu
 130 135 140

Ile Ser Pro Thr Ala Leu Arg Gly Ala Phe Gly Thr Leu Asn Gln Leu
 145 150 155 160

Gly Ile Val Val Gly Ile Leu Val Ala Gln Ile Phe Gly Leu Glu Phe
 165 170 175

Ile Leu Gly Ser Glu Leu Trp Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Phe Thr Ile
 180 185 190

Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Gln Ser Ala Ala Leu Pro Phe Cys Pro Glu Ser
 195 200 205

Pro Arg Phe Leu Leu Ile Asn Arg Lys Glu Glu Glu Asn Ala Lys Gln
 210 215 220

Ile Leu Gln Arg Leu Trp Gly Thr Gln Asp Val Ser Gln Asp Ile Gln
 225 230 235 240

Glu Met Lys Asp Glu Ser Ala Arg Met Ser Gln Glu Lys Gln Val Thr
 245 250 255

Val Leu Glu Leu Phe Arg Val Ser Ser Tyr Arg Gln Pro Ile Ile Ile
 260 265 270

Ser Ile Val Leu Gln Leu Ser Gln Gln Leu Ser Gly Ile Asn Ala Val
 275 280 285

Phe Tyr Tyr Ser Thr Gly Ile Phe Lys Asp Ala Gly Val Gln Glu Pro
 290 295 300

Ile Tyr Ala Thr Ile Gly Ala Gly Val Val Asn Thr Ile Phe Thr Val
 305 310 315 320

Val Ser Leu Phe Leu Val Glu Arg Ala Gly Arg Arg Thr Leu His Met
 325 330 335

Ile Gly Leu Gly Gly Met Ala Phe Cys Ser Thr Leu Met Thr Val Ser
 340 345 350

Leu Leu Leu Lys Asp Asn Tyr Asn Gly Met Ser Phe Val Cys Ile Gly
 355 360 365

Ala Ile Leu Val Phe Val Ala Phe Phe Glu Ile Gly Pro Gly Pro Ile
 370 375 380

Pro Trp Phe Ile Val Ala Glu Leu Phe Ser Gln Gly Pro Arg Pro Ala
 385 390 395 400

Ala Met Ala Val Ala Gly Cys Ser Asn Trp Thr Ser Asn Phe Leu Val
 405 410 415

Gly Leu Leu Phe Pro Ser Ala Ala His Tyr Leu Gly Ala Tyr Val Phe
 420 425 430

Ile Ile Phe Thr Gly Phe Leu Ile Thr Phe Leu Ala Phe Thr Phe Phe
 435 440 445

Lys Val Pro Glu Thr Arg Gly Arg Thr Phe Glu Asp Ile Thr Arg Ala
 450 455 460

Phe Glu Gly Gln Ala His Gly Ala Asp Arg Ser Gly Lys Asp Gly Val
 465 470 475 480

Met Glu Met Asn Ser Ile Glu Pro Ala Lys Glu Thr Thr Thr Asn Val
 485 490 495

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
 <211> LENGTH: 3915
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <400> SEQUENCE: 65

gtgggggtggg gtggggctgg gggcttgcgc cctttcagg ctccaccctt tgcggagatt 60

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ataaatagtc atgatcccag cgagaccag agatgcctgt aatggtgaga ctttggatcc	120
ttcctgagga cgtggagaaa accttctgct gagaaggaca ttttgaaggt tttgttggt	180
gaaaaagctg tttctggaat caccocctaga tctttcttga agacttgaat tagattacag	240
cgatggggac acagaaggtc accccagctc tgatatttgc catcacagtt gctacaatcg	300
gctctttcca atttggtcac aacactgggg tcatcaatgc tctgagaag atcataaagg	360
aatttatcaa taaaactttg acggacaagg gaaatgcccc accctctgag gtgctgctca	420
cgtctctctg gtccctgtct gtggccatat tttccgtcgg gggatgatc ggctccttt	480
ccgtcggact cttcgtcaac cgctttggca ggcgcaatc aatgctgatt gtcaacctgt	540
tggctgtcac tgggtgctgc tttatgggac tgtgtaaagt agctaagtcg gttgaaatgc	600
tgatcctggg tcccttggtt attggcctct tctgcccact ctgcacaggt tttgtgcca	660
tgtacattgg agagatctcg cctactgccc tgcggggctc ctttggcact ctcaaccagc	720
tgggcatcgt tgttgaatt ctggtggccc agatctttgg tctggaatc atccttgggt	780
ctgaagagct atggccgctg ctactgggtt ttaccatcct tctgctatc ctacaagtg	840
cagccctcc attttgcct gaaagtccca gatttttctt cattaacaga aaagaagagg	900
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agcagctctc tgggatcaat gctgtgttct attactcaac aggaatcttc aaggatgcag	1140
gtgttcaaga gcccatctat gccaccatcg gcgcggtgt ggtaataact atcttcaactg	1200
tagtttctct atttctggtg gaaagggcag gaagaaggac tctgcatatg ataggccttg	1260
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atatcacacg ggcctttgaa gggcaggcac acggtgcaga tagatctgga aaggacggcg	1680
tcatggagat gaacagcatc gagcctgcta aggagaccac caccaatgtc taagtctgtc	1740
ctccttccac tcccctcccg gcattggaaa gccacctctc cctcaacaag ggagagacct	1800
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cactccatga gcacccaag gctgcccgtt gttggatctt caatggcttt ttaaatttta	1920
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ggattggcgc cttggcacat gacaactttg ccagcttttc ctccttggg tctgatatt	2040
gccgcactag gggatatag agaggaaaag taaggtgcag tcccccaac ctgagactta	2100
ccaggaagca gatacatag agtgtggaag ccggagggtg tttatgtaag agcaccttc	2160
tcaacttccat acagctctac tgggcaaat aacttgagtt ttatttattt taccctctgg	2220
tttaattaca taattttttt ttttttactt taagtttcag gatacatgtg ccgaatgtgc	2280
aggtttgtta cataggtata tatatgcat gatggaata tttatttttt taagcgtaat	2340
tttcccaat aataaaaaca gaaggaaatt gagattagag ggagggttt aaagagaggt	2400
tatagagtag aagatttgat gctggagagg ttaaggtgca ataagaattt agggagaaat	2460

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gttgttcatt attggagggt aatgatgtg gtgcctgagg tctgtacgtt acctctaac 2520
aatctctgtc cttcagatgg aaactcttta acttctcgta aaagtcatat acctatataa 2580
taaagctact gatttccttg gagctttttt ctttaagata atagtttaca tgtagtagta 2640
cttgaaatct aggattatta actaatatgg gcattgtagt taatgatggt tgatggggtc 2700
taattttgga tggagtccag ggaagagaaa gtgatttcta gaaagcctgt tccctcact 2760
ggatgaaata actccttctt gtagtagtct cactactttt gaagtaatcc cgccacctat 2820
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tatttttcca ctttgttctt taggagattt taggtgttga ttttctgttg tattttaact 2940
cataccttta aaggaattcc ccaagaatg tttatagcaa acttgggaatt tgtaacctca 3000
gctctgggag aggatttttt tctgagcgtat tattatctaa agtgtgttgt tgccttaggc 3060
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<210> SEQ ID NO 66
<211> LENGTH: 2862
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 66
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tgatcatctg agccgtctct gccgccccct ggcggcgacc gcgggaaggg ccggccccca 120
tccgcacccc tgaccccgga ggtcaacaac gggatggtcc ctgggtccca ggggaagaga 180
catcaccocg taggagggag tacgggtctag acagaggcca cgagggcggg agggggcgag 240
agtggagagt ggcccagctg gccagggtcg tctaagttag aggaaaaggg agagggcggg 300
tgagaccagg cctgaatto cgcgttcatc ttatcctgag gtctgtgggg acctgttgaa 360
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tcaggatggg gcggaggcaa agcggggagt gggcgaggca agtgggtctg taaacctgtg 480
cgagaagggg gcggtgactc taagggcagg aaggagccct ggtcacacac aactcccac 540
gcaaggtatt cagtgccgag tgtggccttg gtgctaggat tcaagagga aaggaagaaa 600
actttccatt ctaaaagaaa ctccacgtga ggcgaagaag atgaaatata gtcagaaaac 660

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cataccagta ggtggtaggt aaatgcagaa gtatttaaga gctcatacag gagtacctgc	720
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ataaatgatg catacgacat cctatagaag actgtcacca cccacacctca ctgatcagcc	840
ctctgcctac agccacaccc acagaacatt cagccatttc tctgtgggtt cccagcctgc	900
agcacagcgt ctgcacgtgg tgagggctcc caaatctctg aggaatgaat ggctcactgc	960
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cagttttctt acttataagc actgagattg cctgagaggg gagagatgat gcagagtgtc	1140
ccaaatgtat ttgacgtgga atccttttac cagcgaaca tctcttgggc ctgagttct	1200
gaaaaattgca ctttgaaaaa cactgctctc agctcttaca aacctcgtgt tttcatccta	1260
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taagggaggc atggtaaaaca aaacaaaaca ctttgagagt tggtaactt gctgttattt	1560
tgagctgttt ctaaaaatct cagggtagat tccctcccct gcttgcctcc ttaaccagt	1620
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gcccagggcc tctcttctc aagcatggct gatcagtcac tttccgtct atccttcatt	2220
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ggcccagtg tcccagggtg gaagaagtag gggacagctt gacgtagtgg ctgttgatca	2520
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tcaatgccag tgatgcttat ggccgttttt atgagttctg tcattttcaa atgagcaaga	2640
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ggagagggag aaaaagaaca tttcttattt ttcaaaaaag gtaatgcaa agcatcattc	2760
cacaattctc ttgtaatgaa aaaaataaat gcaacttaa gcaatccat cattctgaaa	2820
gaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aa	2862

<210> SEQ ID NO 67

<211> LENGTH: 426

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 67

Met Pro Leu Leu Trp Leu Arg Gly Phe Leu Leu Ala Ser Cys Trp Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Val Arg Ser Ser Pro Thr Pro Gly Ser Glu Gly His Ser Ala Ala
 20 25 30
 Pro Asp Cys Pro Ser Cys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Lys Asp Val Pro
 35 40 45
 Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Met Val Glu Ala Val Lys Lys His Ile Leu Asn
 50 55 60
 Met Leu His Leu Lys Lys Arg Pro Asp Val Thr Gln Pro Val Pro Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Ala Leu Leu Asn Ala Ile Arg Lys Leu His Val Gly Lys Val Gly
 85 90 95
 Glu Asn Gly Tyr Val Glu Ile Glu Asp Asp Ile Gly Arg Arg Ala Glu
 100 105 110
 Met Asn Glu Leu Met Glu Gln Thr Ser Glu Ile Ile Thr Phe Ala Glu
 115 120 125
 Ser Gly Thr Ala Arg Lys Thr Leu His Phe Glu Ile Ser Lys Glu Gly
 130 135 140
 Ser Asp Leu Ser Val Val Glu Arg Ala Glu Val Trp Leu Phe Leu Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Val Pro Lys Ala Asn Arg Thr Arg Thr Lys Val Thr Ile Arg Leu Phe
 165 170 175
 Gln Gln Gln Lys His Pro Gln Gly Ser Leu Asp Thr Gly Glu Glu Ala
 180 185 190
 Glu Glu Val Gly Leu Lys Gly Glu Arg Ser Glu Leu Leu Leu Ser Glu
 195 200 205
 Lys Val Val Asp Ala Arg Lys Ser Thr Trp His Val Phe Pro Val Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Ser Ile Gln Arg Leu Leu Asp Gln Gly Lys Ser Ser Leu Asp Val
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Ile Ala Cys Glu Gln Cys Gln Glu Ser Gly Ala Ser Leu Val Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Lys Lys Lys Lys Lys Glu Glu Glu Gly Glu Gly Lys Lys Lys
 260 265 270
 Gly Gly Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala Gly Ala Asp Glu Glu Lys Glu Gln Ser
 275 280 285
 His Arg Pro Phe Leu Met Leu Gln Ala Arg Gln Ser Glu Asp His Pro
 290 295 300
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465	470	475

What is claimed is:

1. A method of diagnosing a subject as having, or having a predisposition to, pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, said method comprising measuring the level of insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 in a sample from said subject, wherein said sample is a bodily fluid from said subject, and wherein a significant increase in the level of said insulin-like growth factor binding protein-5 as compared to the level in a normal reference, is a diagnostic indicator of said pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to said pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein said increase is at least 20%.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is further diagnosed as having, or having a propensity to develop, mild pre-eclampsia, severe pre-eclampsia, pre-eclampsia-associated gestational hypertension, pre-eclampsia-associated HELLP syndrome, or pre-eclampsia-associated pregnancy with a small for gestational age (SGA) infant.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the normal reference is a bodily fluid sample previously taken from said subject.
5. The method of claim 1, further comprising measuring the level of at least one polypeptide, or fragment thereof, selected from the group consisting of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, and PlGF in a sample from said subject.
6. The method of claim 5, further comprising comparing the level of said soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF to the level of said soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF in a reference sample, wherein an increase in the level of said soluble endoglin; or sFlt-1, or a decrease in the level of free VEGF or free PlGF in the subject sample relative to the level of said soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF in the reference sample is a diagnostic indicator of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject.
7. The method of claim 1, wherein said measuring is done using an immunological assay.
8. The method of claim 7, wherein said immunological assay is an ELISA.
9. The method of claim 1, wherein said subject is a non-pregnant human, a pregnant human, a post-partum human, or a non-human.
10. The method of claim 9, wherein said non-human is selected from the group consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a goat, a dog, or a cat.
11. The method of claim 1, wherein said method is used to diagnose pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, at least 4 weeks prior to the onset of symptoms.
12. The method of claim 1, wherein said bodily fluid is selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, amniotic fluid, saliva, serum, plasma, and cerebrospinal fluid.

13. The method of claim 6, further comprising
 - (a) calculating the relationship between said levels of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF relative to each other in said subject sample using a metric;
 - (b) calculating the relationship between said levels of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF relative to each other in a reference sample using the same metric as in step (a); and
 - (c) comparing the relationship calculated in step (a) in said subject sample with the relationship calculated in step (b) in said reference sample, wherein an alteration in the relationship calculated in step (a) as compared to the relationship calculated in step (b) is a diagnostic indicator of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject.
14. The method of claim 1, wherein said method is used to diagnose pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, prior to the development of at least one symptom of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject, said at least one symptom selected from the group consisting of a systolic blood pressure (BP)>140 mmHg and a diastolic BP>90 mmHg after 20 weeks gestation; new onset proteinuria; greater than 300 mg of protein in a 24-hour urine collection; and a single random urine sample having a protein/creatinine ratio greater than 0.3.
15. The method of claim 13, wherein said metric is selected from the group consisting of sFlt-1/PlGF, [sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF], (sFlt-1+0.25(soluble endoglin polypeptide))/PlGF, and (sFlt1+soluble endoglin)/PlGF.
16. The method of claim 1, wherein said pre-eclampsia is premature pre-eclampsia.
17. A method of diagnosing a subject as having, or having a predisposition to, pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, said method comprising measuring the level of at least one polypeptide in a sample from said subject, wherein said sample is a tissue sample from said subject and wherein said at least one polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of follistatin like 3 protein (FSTL3), beta fertilin, CD33L, neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor 2, and beta glucosidase, and wherein a significant increase in the level of said at least one polypeptide as compared to the level in a normal reference, is a diagnostic indicator of said pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to said pre-eclampsia or eclampsia.
18. The method of claim 17, wherein said increase is at least 20%.
19. The method of claim 17, wherein said subject is further diagnosed as having, or having a propensity to develop, mild pre-eclampsia, severe pre-eclampsia, pre-eclampsia-associated gestational hypertension, pre-eclampsia-associated HELLP syndrome, or pre-eclampsia-associated pregnancy with a small for gestational age (SGA) infant.
20. The method of claim 17, further comprising measuring the level of at least one polypeptide, or fragment thereof,

selected from the group consisting of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, and PlGF in a sample from said subject.

21. The method of claim 20, further comprising comparing the level of said soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF to the level of said soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF in a reference sample, wherein an increase in the level of said soluble endoglin or sFlt-1, or a decrease in the level of free VEGF or free PlGF in the reference sample is a diagnostic indicator of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject.

22. The method of claim 17, wherein said polypeptide is follistatin like 3 protein (FSTL3).

23. The method of claim 17, wherein said subject is a non-pregnant human, a pregnant human, a post-partum human, or a non-human.

24. The method of claim 23 wherein said non-human is selected from the group consisting of a cow, a horse, a sheep, a pig, a goat, a dog, or a cat.

25. The method of claim 17, wherein said method is used to diagnose pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, at least 4 weeks prior to the onset of symptoms.

26. The method of claim 21, further comprising

- (a) calculating the relationship between said levels of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF relative to each other in said subject sample using a metric;

- (b) calculating the relationship between said levels of soluble endoglin, sFlt-1, VEGF, or PlGF relative to each other in a reference sample using the same metric as in step (a); and

- (c) comparing the relationship calculated in step (a) in said subject sample with the relationship calculated in step (b) in said reference sample, wherein an alteration in the relationship calculated in step (a) as compared to the relationship calculated in step (b) is a diagnostic indicator of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject.

27. The method of claim 26, wherein said metric is selected from the group consisting of sFlt-1/PlGF, [sFlt-1/VEGF+PlGF], $(sFlt-1+0.25(\text{soluble endoglin polypeptide}))/PlGF$, and $(sFlt1+\text{soluble endoglin})/PlGF$.

28. The method of claim 17, wherein said method is used to diagnose pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, or a predisposition to pre-eclampsia or eclampsia, prior to the development of at least one symptom of pre-eclampsia or eclampsia in said subject, said at least one symptom selected from the group consisting of a systolic blood pressure (BP)>140 mmHg and a diastolic BP>90 mmHg after 20 weeks gestation; new onset proteinuria; greater than 300 mg of protein in a 24-hour urine collection; and a single random urine sample having a protein/creatinine ratio greater than 0.3.

29. The method of claim 17, wherein said pre-eclampsia is premature pre-eclampsia.

* * * * *

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 7,955,805 B2
APPLICATION NO. : 11/300928
DATED : June 7, 2011
INVENTOR(S) : Karumanchi et al.

Page 1 of 2

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Title Page, Item (56) under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, for “Davis-Smyth et al. (1996), insert onto new line to separate from Barker et al.

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in “Davis-Smyth et al. (1996), replace “Receptor” with --Receptor--.

Title Page 2, Item (56) under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Krussel et al., replace “Receptors” with --Receptors--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Oswald et al., replace “Mesanchymal” with --Mesenchymal--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Schultze-Mosgau et al., replace “Grat” with --Graft--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Schultze-Mosgau et al., replace “Site” with --Site--.

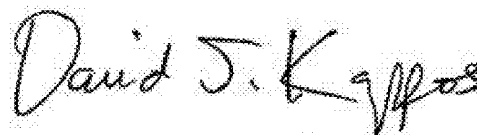
Title Page 3, Item (56) under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Barleon et al., replace “4:143-154.” with --4:143-154 (2001).--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Clark et al., replace “Endothelila” with --Endothelial--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Henry et al., replace “Admimistration” with --Administration--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Kendall et al. (1993), replace “Receptor” with --Receptor--;

Signed and Sealed this
Tenth Day of January, 2012



David J. Kappos
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

Title Page 3, Item (56) under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Kincaid-Smith, replace
“Revised” with --Revisited--.

Title Page 4, Item (56) under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Reimer et al., replace
“Epxressed” with --Expressed--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Taylor et al. , replace
“Concentyrations” with --Concentrations--;

Under OTHER PUBLICATIONS, in Taylor et al., replace “(2003.” with --(2003).--.

Column 2, Line 16, replace “alpha-i” with --alpha-1--.

Column 10, Line 5, replace “alpha-l” with --alpha-1--.

Column 18, Line 33, replace “alpha-l” with --alpha-1--.

Column 28, Line 43, replace “alpha-l” with --alpha-1--.

Column 37, Line 11, Start paragraph on new line after “Test compounds and extracts.”.

Column 41, Line 37, replace “alpha-l” with --alpha-1--.

Column 44, Line 31, replace “MCA951 S,” with --MCA951S--.

Column 47, Line 29, replace “Boemer” with --Boerner--.

Column 223, Line 43, replace “soluble endoglin; or sFlt-1,” with --soluble endoglin or sFlt-1--.

专利名称(译)	用于诊断妊娠并发症的核酸和多肽		
公开(公告)号	US7955805	公开(公告)日	2011-06-07
申请号	US11/300928	申请日	2005-12-15
申请(专利权)人(译)	贝斯以色列女执事医疗中心		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	贝斯以色列女执事医疗中心		
[标]发明人	KARUMANCHI S ANANTH SUKHATME VIKAS P		
发明人	KARUMANCHI, S. ANANTH SUKHATME, VIKAS P.		
IPC分类号	G01N33/53		
CPC分类号	C12Q1/6883 G01N33/689 G01N33/6893 C12Q2600/158 G01N2800/321 G01N2800/368		
优先权	60/636275 2004-12-15 US		
其他公开文献	US20060166277A1		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

本文公开了用于诊断或治疗妊娠相关的高血压病症的方法，包括使用多肽或编码选自以下的多肽的核酸：卵泡抑素相关蛋白，白细胞介素8，抑制素A，VEGF-C，血管生成素，β受精，假设蛋白，白细胞相关Ig样受体分泌蛋白，红细胞分化蛋白，脂肪形成抑制因子，促肾上腺皮质激素释放因子结合蛋白，α-1抗胰凝乳蛋白酶，胰岛素样生长因子结合蛋白-5，CD33L，细胞因子受体样因子1，血小板衍生的内皮生长因子，赖氨酰羟化酶异构体2，斯钙素前体，分泌的卷曲相关蛋白，半乳糖凝集素-3，α防御素，ADAM-TS3，胆囊收缩素前体，干扰素刺激的T细胞α化学引诱物前体，azurocidin，精氨酸氧化酶，UDP糖基转移酶2家族多肽B28，神经营养性酪氨酸激酶受体2，中性内肽idase，CDC28蛋白激酶调节亚基2，β葡萄糖苷酶，羊毛甾醇合成酶，钙/钙调蛋白依赖性丝氨酸蛋白激酶，雌激素受体-可变剪接转录物H，趋化因子(CX3C基序)受体1，酪氨酸酶相关蛋白1，羟基-δ-5-甾体脱氢酶，二氢吡喃酶类似物-4和细胞色素P450-家族11。

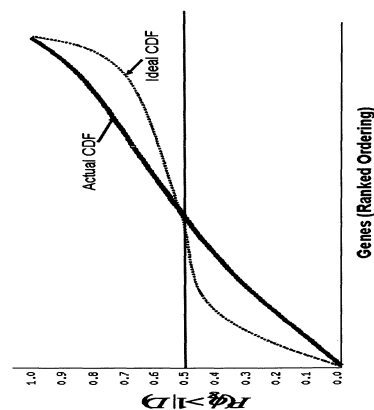


Figure 1