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(54) **ULTRASOUND SYSTEM AND SIGNAL PROCESSING UNIT CONFIGURED FOR TIME GAIN AND LATERAL GAIN COMPENSATION --.**

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ABSTRACT

The present invention provides an ultrasound system, which comprises: a signal acquiring unit to transmit an ultrasound signal to an object and acquire an echo signal reflected from the object; a signal processing unit to control TGC (Time Gain Compensation) and LGC (Lateral Gain Compensation) of the echo signal; a TGC/LGC setup unit adapted to set TGC and LGC values based on TGC and LGC curves inputted by a user; and an image producing unit adapted to produce an ultrasound image of the object based on the echo signal. The signal processing unit is further adapted to control the TGC and the LGC of the echo signal based on the TGC and LGC values set by the TGC/LGC setup unit.

100

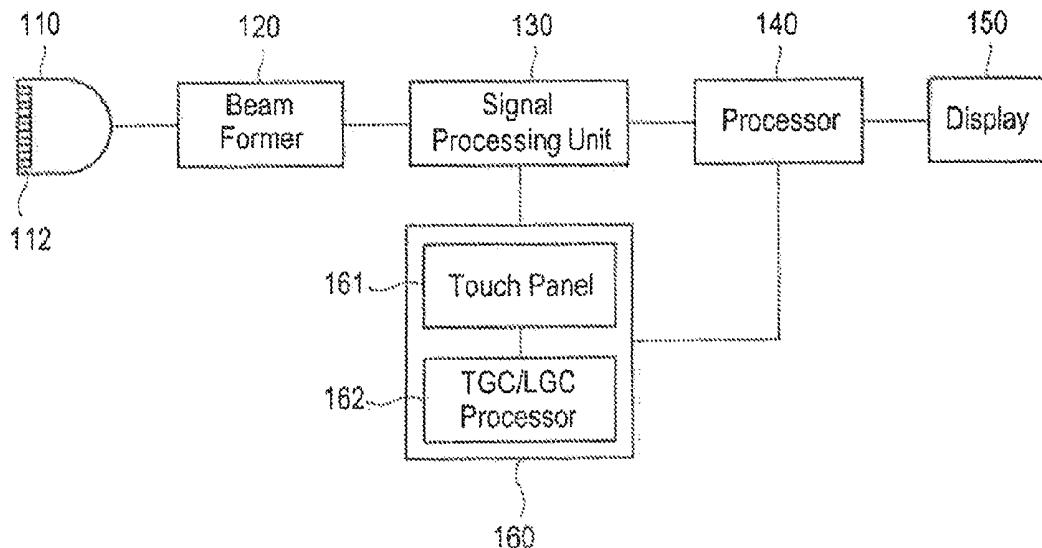


FIG. 1

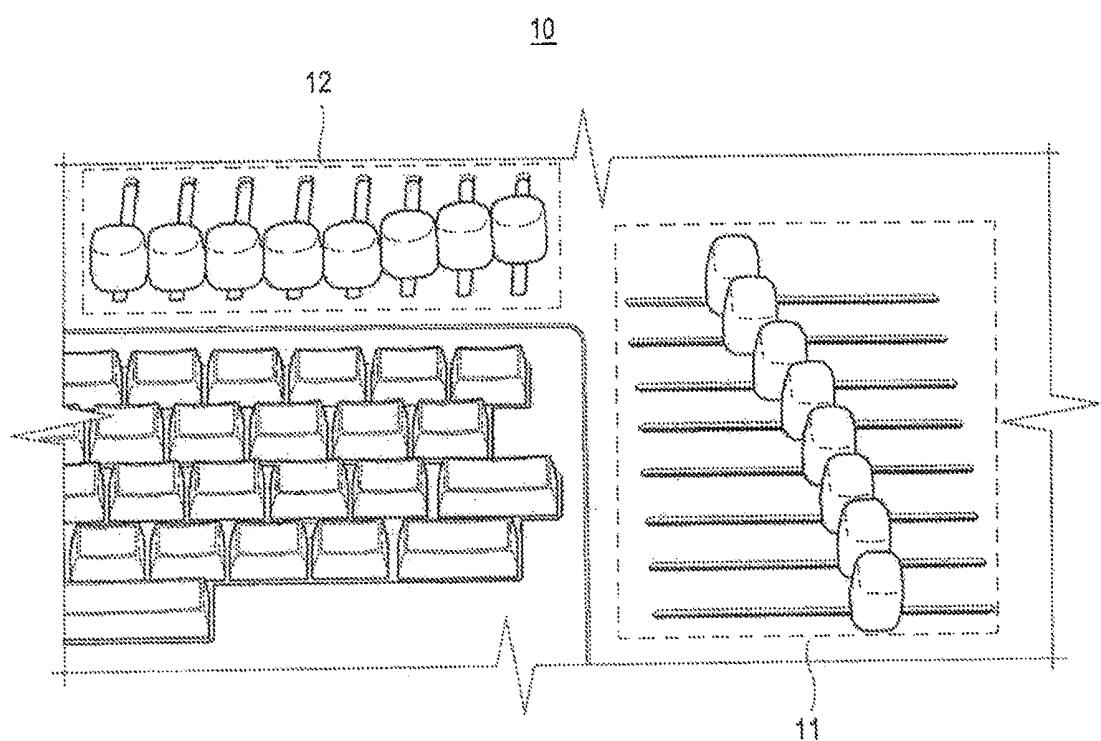


FIG. 2

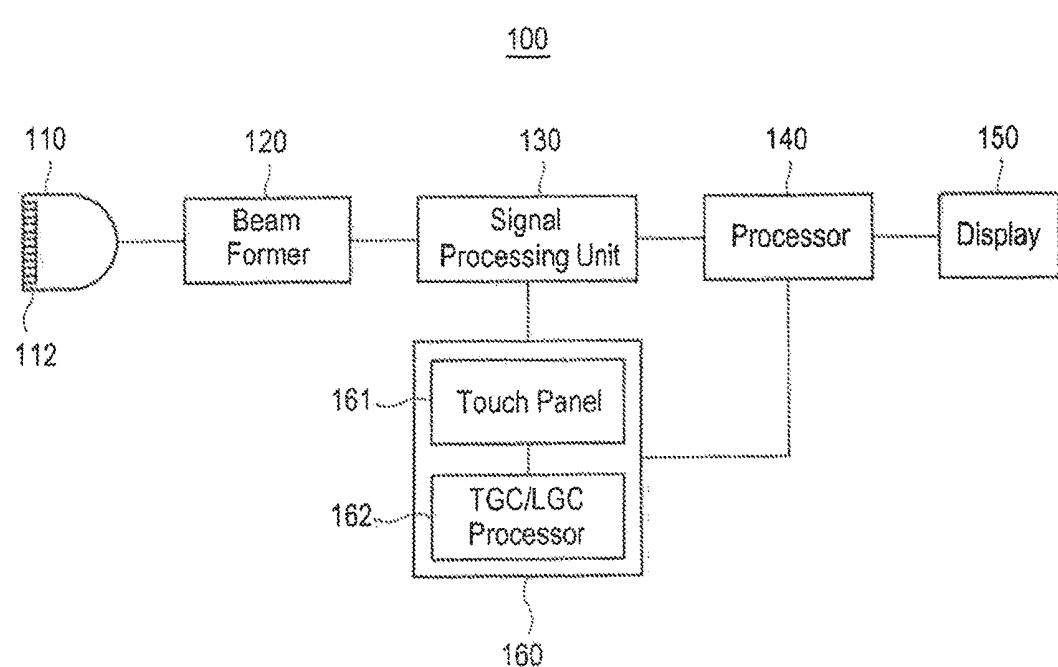


FIG. 3

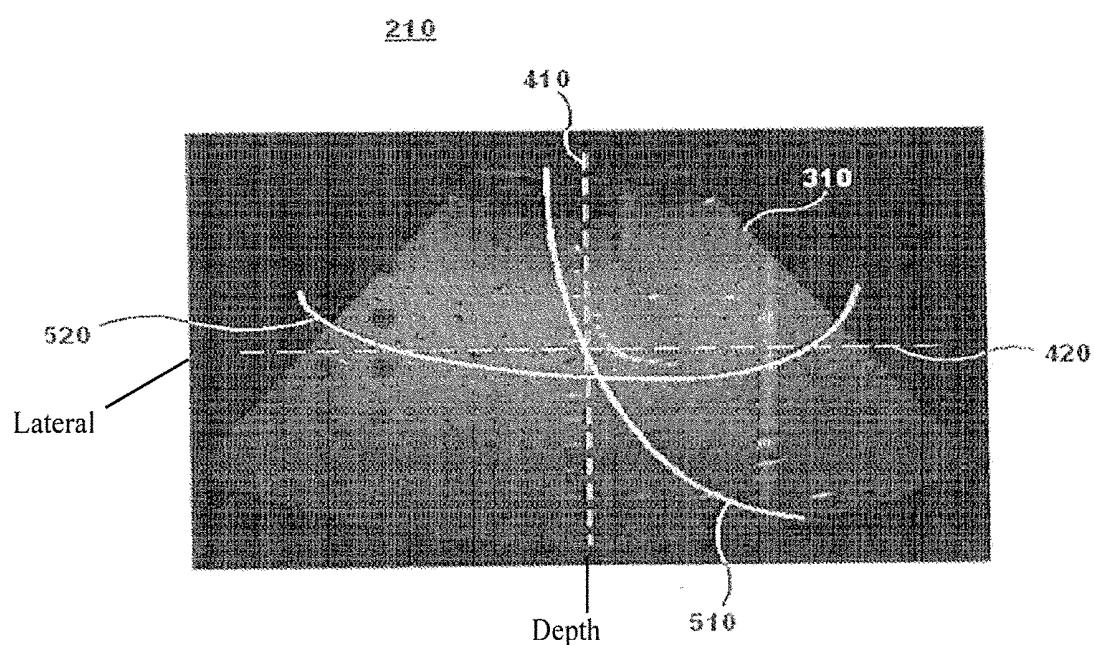


FIG. 4

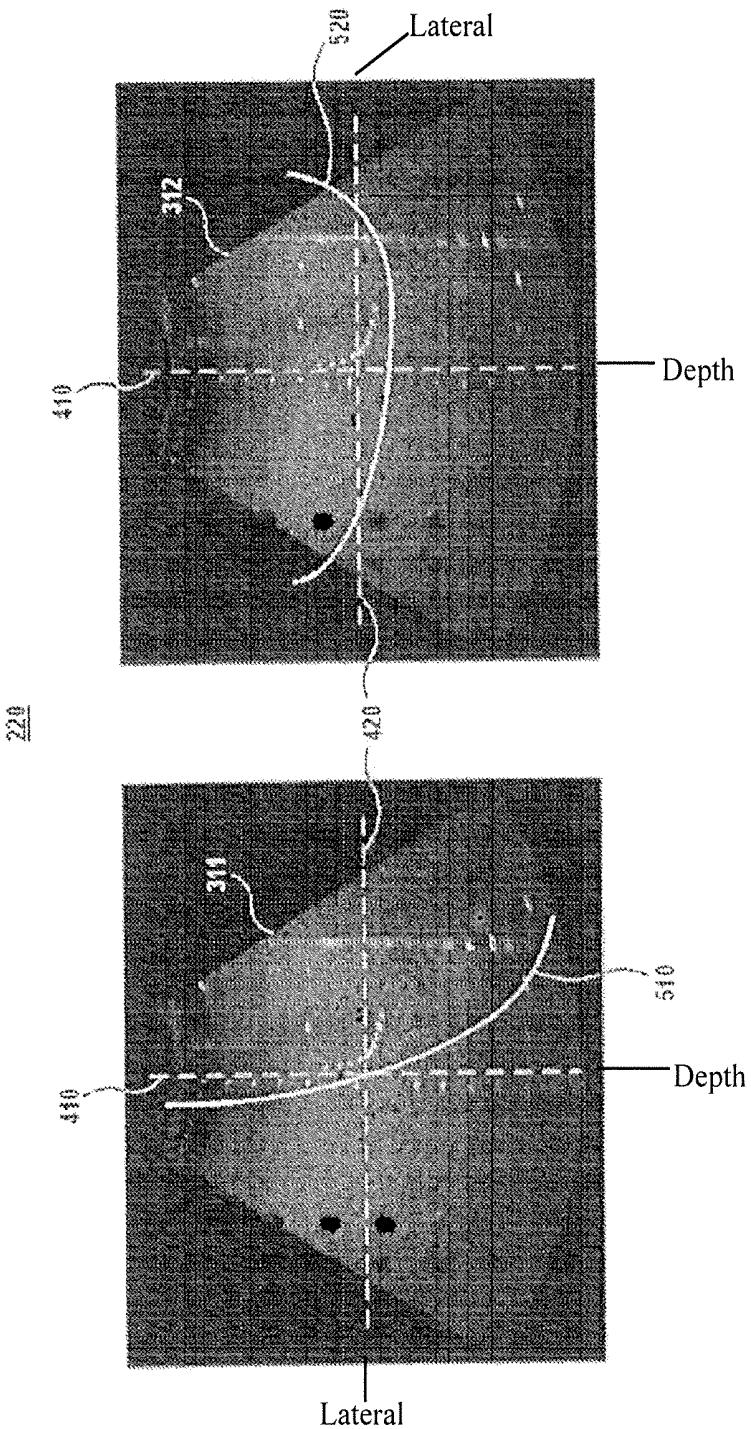


FIG. 5

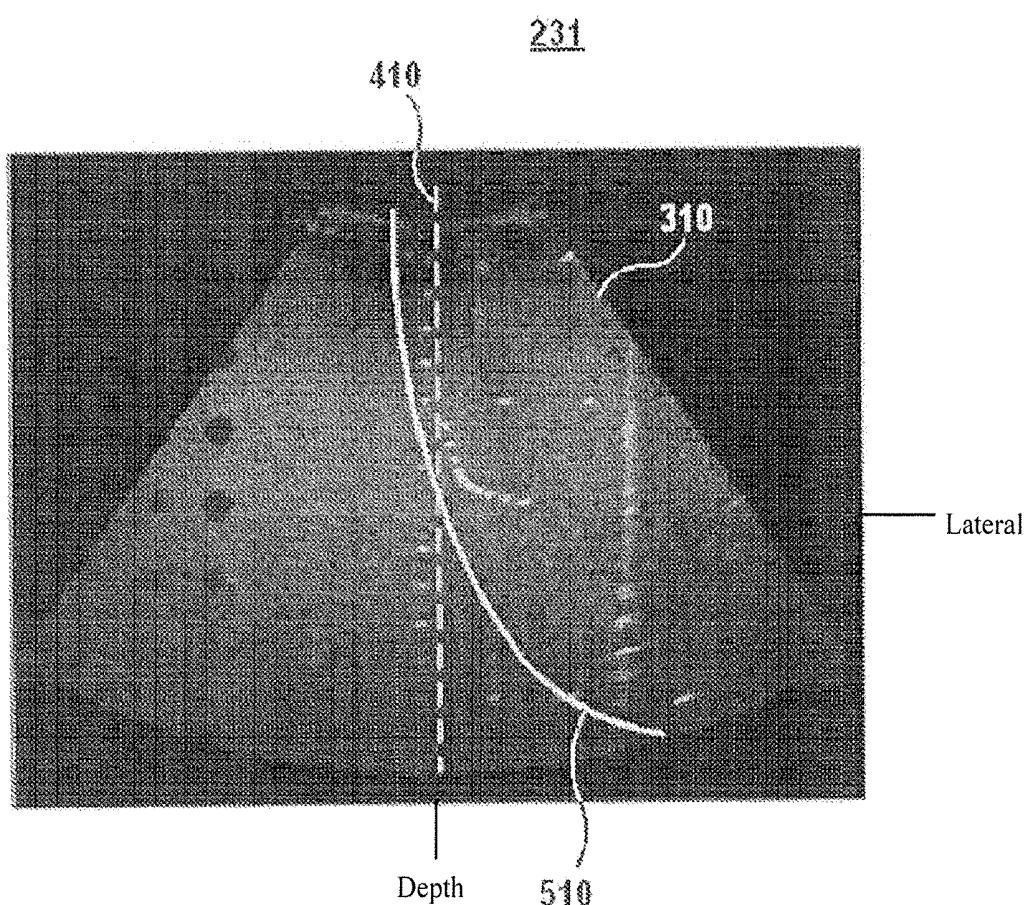


FIG. 6

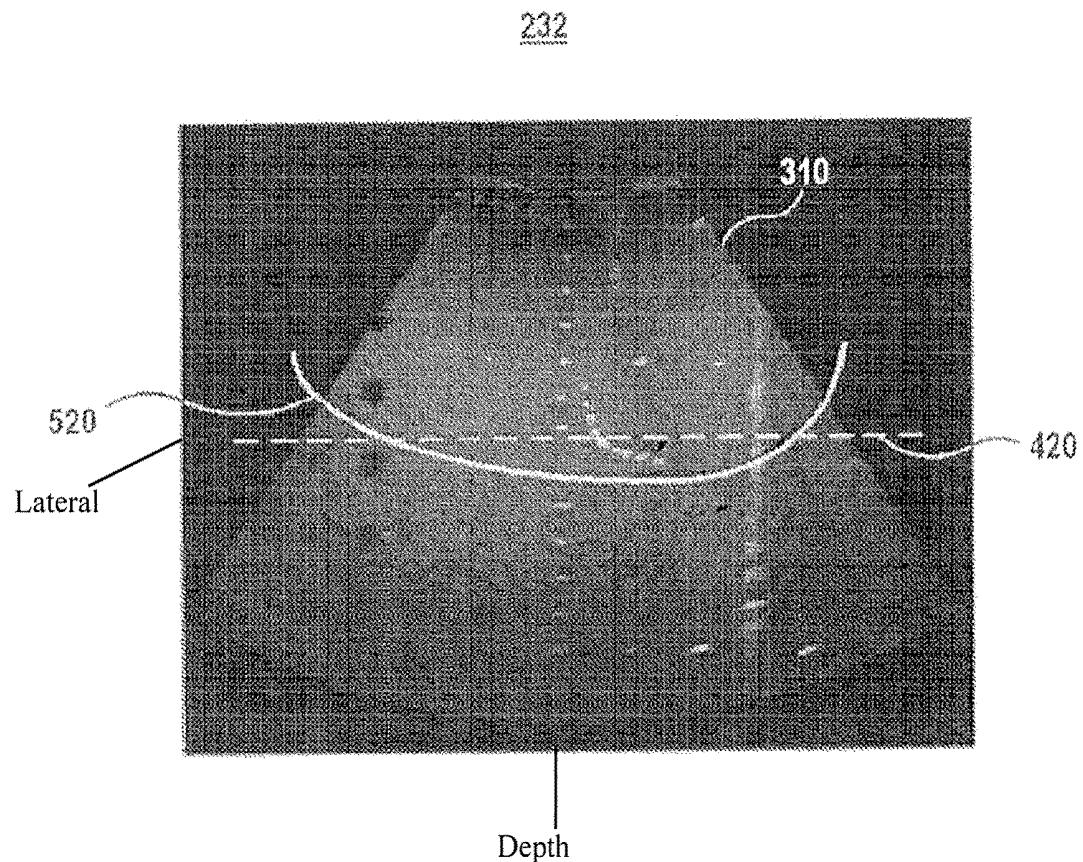


FIG. 7

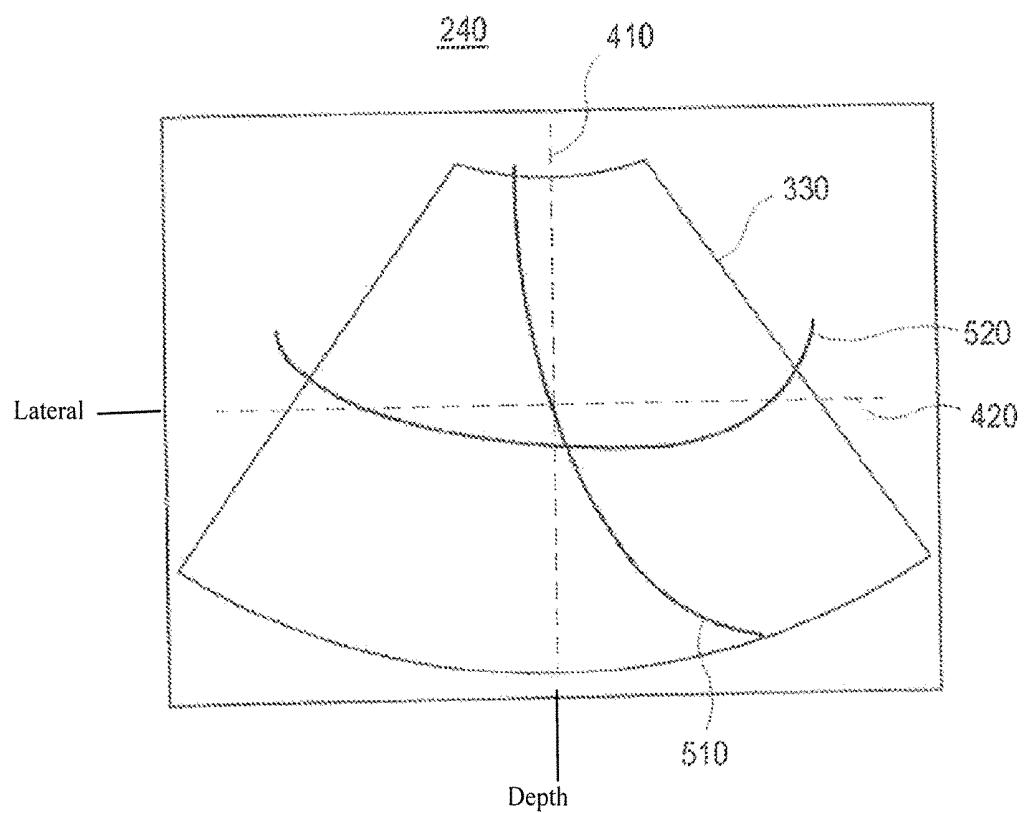
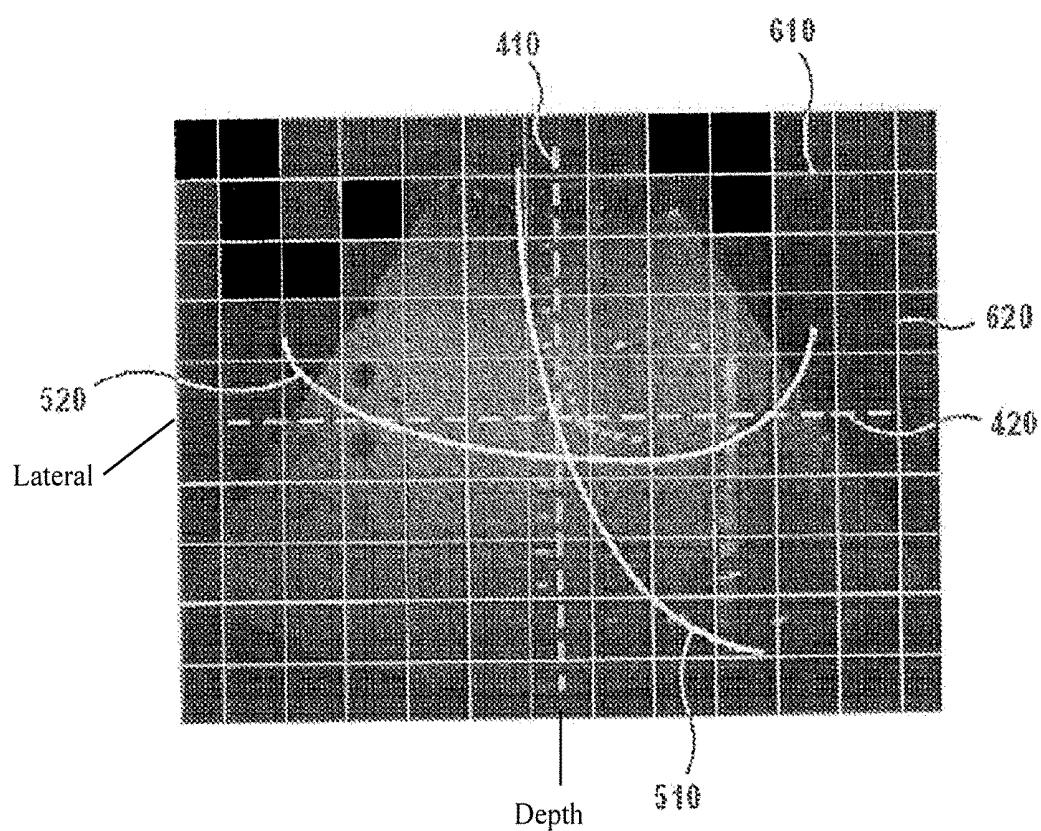


FIG. 8



ULTRASOUND SYSTEM AND SIGNAL PROCESSING UNIT CONFIGURED FOR TIME GAIN AND LATERAL GAIN COMPENSATION --.

[0001] The present application claims priority from Korean Patent Application No. 10-2006-0123752 filed on Dec. 7, 2006, the entire subject matter of which is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

[0002] The present invention generally relates to an ultrasound system, and more particularly to an ultrasound system adapted to precisely and easily perform TGC (Time Gain Compensation) and LCGC (Lateral Gain Compensation).

2. Background

[0003] An ultrasound system has become an important and popular diagnostic tool since it has a wide range of applications. Specifically, due to its non-invasive and non-destructive nature, the ultrasound system has been extensively used in the medical profession. Modern high-performance ultrasound systems and techniques are commonly used to produce two or three-dimensional diagnostic images of internal features of an object.

[0004] In order to transmit and receive ultrasound signals, the ultrasound system is generally provided with a probe including a wideband transducer. When the transducer is electrically stimulated, it produces ultrasound signals and transmits them into a human body. The ultrasound signals transmitted into the human body are reflected from borders between human tissues and then returned to the transducer. The returned ultrasound echo signals are converted into electric signals. Thereafter, ultrasound image data for imaging the tissues is produced by amplifying and signal-processing the echo signals.

[0005] Typically, the ultrasound system is provided with a control panel including a plurality of input units in order to perform a control function of acquiring the ultrasound image, a menu control function, a measurement and annotation function, etc. The control panel is comprised of a touch panel, an image control unit, a measurement control unit, etc. The touch panel displays menus for optimizing an ultrasound image displayed on a display unit. The menus on the touch panel can be touched and selected by a user. The image control unit controls the ultrasound image, whereas the measurement control unit measures a distance to the object, a circumference of the object, etc. As illustrated in FIG. 1, the image control unit includes a plurality of TGC control keys 11 and a plurality of LGC control keys 12. The TGC control keys 11 are used to control a gain of each echo signal based on depth of the position from which the echo signal is reflected. Further, since the echo signal is attenuated at the outer right and left sides, the LGC control keys 12 are used to control a gain of the attenuated echo signal.

[0006] In the conventional system, the TGC control keys 11 and the LGC control keys 12 are arranged on different areas of the control panel. The problem associated with such an arrangement is that the size of the control panel must be inevitably increased. Further, a user of the system suffers a great inconvenience when operating the TGC control keys 11 and the LGC control keys 12. Another problem of the

conventional system is that since the TGC control keys 11 and the LGC control keys 12 are comprised of slide-type variable resistors, it is very difficult for an unskilled user to finely control TGC and LGC with the TGC control keys 11 and the LGC control keys 12.

[0007] In order to resolve the above problems, the present invention is directed to providing an ultrasound system adapted to display a setup screen used to input TGC and LGC curves on a touch panel and perform TGC and LGC based on the inputted TGC and LGC curves.

[0008] The present invention provides an ultrasound system, which comprises: a signal acquiring unit adapted to transmit an ultrasound signal to an object and acquire an echo signal reflected from the object; a signal processing unit adapted to perform TGC (Time Gain Compensation) and LGC (Lateral Gain Compensation) upon the echo signal at a coarse compensation mode based on predetermined TGC and LGC values; an image producing unit adapted to produce an ultrasound image of the object based on the TGC and LGC compensated echo signal; an input unit adapted to allow a user to provide TGC and LGC curves; and a TGC/LGC setup processor adapted to set TGC and LGC values based on the TGC and LGC curves provided by the user. The signal processing unit is further adapted to perform the TGC and LGC upon the echo signal at a fine compensation mode based on the TGC and LGC values set by the TGC/LGC setup processor.

[0009] In addition, the present invention provides an ultrasound system, which comprises: a processor adapted to configure a setup screen for display; and a touch panel adapted to display the setup screen so as to allow a user to input TGC and LGC curves. The processor is further adapted to calculate the TGC and LGC values based on the inputted TGC and LGC curves.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] Arrangements and embodiments may be described in detail with reference to the following drawings in which like reference numerals refer to like elements and wherein:

[0011] FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram illustrating conventional TGC and LGC control keys;

[0012] FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing a structure of an ultrasound system according to one embodiment of the present invention;

[0013] FIGS. 3 to 7 illustrate a setup screen according to one embodiment of the present; and

[0014] FIG. 8 illustrates an exemplary distinction between TGC and LGC curves according to one embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

[0015] A detailed description may be provided with reference to the accompanying drawings. One of ordinary skill in the art may realize that the following description is illustrative only and is not in any way limiting. Other embodiments of the present invention may readily suggest themselves to such skilled persons having the benefit of this disclosure.

[0016] Certain embodiments of the present invention will be explained below with reference to FIGS. 2 to 8.

[0017] As illustrated in FIG. 2, an ultrasound system 100 comprises: a probe 110; a beam former 120; a signal

processing unit 130; a processor 140; a display unit 150; and a TGC/LGC setup unit 160. The probe 110 includes a plurality of transducers 112. Each of the transducers 112 may be configured to transmit an ultrasound signal to an object and receive the ultrasound signal reflected from the object. The beam former 120 may be configured to focus the transmitted ultrasound signals from the transducers 112 on the object and collect the reflected ultrasound signals from the object to the transducers 112 together with corresponding time delay.

[0018] The signal processing unit 130 may be configured to amplify the signals collected by the beam former 120 and control gains of the amplified echo signals. Specifically, the signal processing unit 130 may be configured to perform TGC (Time Gain Compensation) and LGC (Lateral Gain Compensation) upon the echo signals based on predetermined TGC and LGC values at a coarse compensation mode (e.g., in an initial operation stage). The signal processing unit 130 may be further configured to perform TGC and LGC upon the echo signals based on TGC and LGC values calculated in a TGC/LGC setup unit 160 using a curve inputted by a user at a fine compensation mode (e.g., during operations).

[0019] The processor 140 may be configured to receive the echo signals from the signal processing unit 130 and produce an ultrasound image signal based on the echo signals. The display unit 150 may be adapted to receive the ultrasound image signal from the processor and display an ultrasound image based on the signal.

[0020] The TGC/LGC setup unit 160 may include a touch panel 161 and a TGC/LGC setup processor 162.

[0021] The touch panel 161 may be configured to display a setup screen and detect TGC/LGC curves inputted by the user on the touch panel 161 to produce a detecting signal. The touch panel 161 detects the user's input according to either the pressure sensing method or the electromagnetic induction method. The touch panel 161 may be a touch panel included in a control panel (not shown) of the ultrasound system 100. Alternatively, it may be separate and apart from the ultrasound system 100.

[0022] In one embodiment of the present invention, the touch panel 161 may be configured to display a setup screen 210 (shown in FIG. 3) including an ultrasound image 310 and first and second reference lines 410, 420. The ultrasound image 310 is based on the echo signal, the TGC and LGC of which are controlled based on the predetermined TGC and LGC values. The first and second reference lines 410, 420 may be used to detect a TGC curve 510 and a LGC curve 520 inputted by the user (i.e., to determine whether a curve inputted by the user is a TGC curve 510 or a LGC curve 520). After inputting a curve, the user can modify a portion of the curve.

[0023] In another embodiment of the present invention, the touch panel 161 may be configured to display a setup screen 220 (shown in FIG. 4) including first and second ultrasound images 311, 312 and first and second reference lines 410, 420. The first and second ultrasound images 311, 312 are based on the echo signal, the TGC and LGC of which are controlled based on the predetermined TGC and LGC values. The first and second reference lines 410, 420 may be used to detect whether a curve inputted by the user is a TGC curve 510 or a LGC curve 520. The first ultrasound image 311 may be identical to the second initial ultrasound image 312.

[0024] In yet another embodiment of the present invention, the touch panel 161 may be configured to display a first setup screen 231 (shown in FIG. 5) including an ultrasound image 310 and a first reference line 410. The ultrasound image 310 is based on the echo signal, the TGC and LGC of which are controlled based on the predetermined TGC and LGC values. The first reference line 410 may be used to detect a TGC curve 510 inputted by the user. The touch panel may then display a second setup screen 232 (shown in FIG. 6) including the ultrasound image 310 and a second reference line 420. The second reference lines 420 may be used to detect a LGC curve 520 inputted by the user. Alternatively, the touch panel 161 may be configured to display the second setup screen 232 before the first setup screen 231.

[0025] In still yet another embodiment of the present invention, the touch panel 161 may be configured to display a setup screen 240 (shown in FIG. 7) including a virtual ultrasound image 330 and first and second reference lines 410, 420.

[0026] The TGC/LGC setup processor 162 may be configured to detect TGC and LGC curves 510, 520 inputted by the user on the touch panel 161. The TGC/LGC setup processor 162 may then calculate new TGC and LGC values in consideration of the detected TGC and LGC curves and transmit the values to the signal processing unit 130.

[0027] In one embodiment of the present invention, as illustrated in FIG. 8, the TGC/LGC setup processor 162 may be configured to establish a first group of lines 610 and a second group of lines 620. The first group of lines 610 is perpendicular to a first reference line 410 and the lines in said group are equally spaced apart from each other. The second group of lines 620 is perpendicular to a second reference line 420 and the lines in this group are equally spaced apart from each other. If it is determined that a curve inputted by the user (such as the curve 510) intersects the first group of lines more often than the second group of lines, then the TGC/LGC setup processor 162 recognizes that the curve is a TGC curve. Alternatively, if it is determined that a curve inputted by the user (such as the curve 520) intersects the second group of lines more often than the first group of lines, then the TGC/LGC setup processor 162 recognizes that the curve is a LGC curve. The TGC/LGC setup processor 162 then calculates the new TGC value corresponding to the TGC curve 510 based on the first reference line 410. It also calculates the LGC value corresponding to the LGC curve 520 based on the second reference line 420. The TGC value and the LGC value are transmitted to the signal processing unit 130.

[0028] The present invention allows the user to accurately control the TGC and LGC by using the TGC and LGC curves inputted into the touch panel, thereby improving operational accuracy and time. Further, the present invention reduces the size of the control panel to thereby improve the spatial efficiency.

[0029] Although the present invention has been described with reference to a number of preferred embodiments thereof, it should be understood that numerous other modifications and embodiments can be devised by those skilled in the art that will fall within the spirit and scope of the principles of this disclosure. More particularly, numerous variations and modifications are possible in the component parts and/or arrangements of the subject combination arrangement within the scope of the disclosure, the drawings

and the appended claims. In addition to variations and modifications in the component parts and/or arrangements, alternative uses will also be apparent to those skilled in the art.

1-13. (canceled)

14. An ultrasound system, comprising:

a probe configured for transmitting an ultrasound signal to an object and receiving echo signals reflected from the object;

a touch panel; and

a processor configured to:

generate an ultrasound image based on the echo signals; display a lateral reference line which is independent from current lateral gain compensation (LGC) values, via a first area of the touch panel;

receive a user's single touch input generating a curve via the first area of the touch panel, wherein the user's single touch input comprises a first touch input point and a second touch input point, and each of the first touch input point and the second touch input point corresponds to different lateral positions of the ultrasound image from each other; and

adjust a plurality of LGC values each of which corresponds to different lateral positions of the ultrasound image from each other,

wherein the plurality of LGC values comprises a first LGC value and a second LGC value, and the processor is further configured to adjust the first LGC value of a first lateral position corresponded to the first touch input point based on a vertical position of the first touch input point in the first area, and the second LGC value of a second lateral position corresponded to the second touch input point based on a vertical position of the second touch input point in the first area.

15. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the processor is further configured to display the curve generated by the user's single touch input via the touch panel.

16. The ultrasound system of claim 15, wherein the processor is further configured to update the displayed curve in response to receiving the user's single touch input via the touch panel.

17. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the processor is further configured to display the ultrasound image via the touch panel.

18. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the processor is further configured to display the ultrasound image via a second area of the touch panel which overlaps the first area.

19. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the processor is further configured to perform an LGC on the echo signals based on the current LGC values, and update the displayed ultrasound image based on the adjusted plurality of LGC values.

20. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a dotted line.

21. The ultrasound system of claim 14, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a solid line.

22. A method of controlling an ultrasound system, comprising:

transmitting an ultrasound signal to an object and receiving echo signals reflected from the object;

generating an ultrasound image based on the echo signals;

displaying a lateral reference line which is independent from current lateral gain compensation (LGC) values, via a first area of a touch panel;

receiving a user's single touch input generating a curve via the first area of the touch panel, wherein the user's single touch input comprises a first touch input point and a second touch input point, and each of the first touch input point and the second touch input point corresponds to different lateral positions of the ultrasound image from each other; and

adjusting a plurality of LGC values each of which corresponds to different lateral positions of the ultrasound image from each other,

wherein the plurality of LGC values comprises a first LGC value and a second LGC value, and the adjusting the plurality of LGC values comprises adjusting the first LGC value of a first lateral position corresponded to the first touch input point based on a vertical position of the first touch input point in the first area, and the second LGC value of a second lateral position corresponded to the second touch input point based on a vertical position of the second touch input point in the first area.

23. The method of claim 22, further comprising displaying the curve generated by the user's single touch input via the touch panel.

24. The method of claim 23, further comprising updating the displayed curve in response to receiving the user's single touch input via the touch panel.

25. The method of claim 22, further comprising displaying the ultrasound image via the touch panel.

26. The method of claim 22, further comprising displaying the ultrasound image via a second area of the touch panel which overlaps the first area.

27. The method of claim 22, further comprising performing an LGC on the echo signals based on the current LGC values, and updating the displayed ultrasound image based on the adjusted plurality of LGC values.

28. The method of claim 22, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a dotted line.

29. The method of claim 22, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a solid line.

30. An ultrasound system, comprising:

a probe configured for transmitting an ultrasound signal to an object and receiving echo signals reflected from the object;

a touch panel; and

a processor configured to:

generate an ultrasound image based on the echo signals;

display a lateral reference line, each positions on which corresponds to lateral positions of the ultrasound image;

receive a user's touch input generating a curve via the touch panel; and

adjust a plurality of LGC values based on a distance between the generated curve and the lateral reference line in a direction perpendicular to the lateral reference line.

31. The ultrasound system of claim 30, wherein the processor is further configured to display the curve generated by the user's touch input via the touch panel.

32. The ultrasound system of claim **31**, wherein the processor is further configured to update the displayed curve in response to receiving the user's touch input via the touch panel.

33. The ultrasound system of claim **30**, wherein the processor is further configured to display the ultrasound image via the touch panel.

34. The ultrasound system of claim **30**, wherein the processor is further configured to display the ultrasound image via a second area of the touch panel which overlaps the first area.

35. The ultrasound system of claim **30**, wherein the processor is further configured to perform an LGC on the echo signals based on the current LGC values, and update the displayed ultrasound image based on the adjusted plurality of LGC values.

36. The ultrasound system of claim **30**, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a dotted line.

37. The ultrasound system of claim **30**, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a solid line.

38. A method of controlling an ultrasound system, comprising:

transmitting an ultrasound signal to an object and receiving echo signals reflected from the object;
generating an ultrasound image based on the echo signals;
displaying a lateral reference line, each positions on which corresponds to lateral positions of the ultrasound image;

receiving a user's touch input generating a curve via the touch panel; and

adjusting a plurality of LGC values based on a distance between the generated curve and the lateral reference line in a direction perpendicular to the lateral reference line.

39. The method of claim **38**, further comprising displaying the curve generated by the user's touch input via the touch panel.

40. The method of claim **39**, further comprising updating the displayed curve in response to receiving the user's touch input via the touch panel.

41. The method of claim **38**, further comprising displaying the ultrasound image via the touch panel.

42. The method of claim **38**, further comprising displaying the ultrasound image via a second area of the touch panel which overlaps the first area.

43. The method of claim **38**, further comprising performing an LGC on the echo signals based on the current LGC values, and updating the displayed ultrasound image based on the adjusted plurality of LGC values.

44. The method of claim **38**, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a dotted line.

45. The method of claim **38**, wherein the lateral reference line is displayed in a form of a solid line.

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	超声系统和信号处理单元配置为时间增益和横向增益补偿 - 。		
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摘要(译)

本发明提供一种超声系统，包括：信号获取单元，用于将超声信号发送到物体并获取从物体反射的回波信号；信号处理单元，用于控制回波信号的TGC (时间增益补偿) 和LGC (横向增益补偿)；TGC / LGC设置单元，适于根据用户输入的TGC和LGC曲线设置TGC和LGC值；图像产生单元，适于基于回波信号产生对象的超声图像。信号处理单元还适于基于由TGC / LGC设置单元设置的TGC和LGC值来控制回波信号的TGC和LGC。

