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EP 1 593 338 B1

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to a recording medium attached to a portable terminal and using the portable terminal as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus and to a blood glucose monitoring system. More specifically, the present invention relates to a recording medium attached to a portable terminal that can be connected to a network and using the portable terminal as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus that can be connected to the network, and to a blood glucose monitoring system.

Description of the Background Art

[0002] Control of blood glucose level is a basic treatment of diabetes. For proper control of the blood glucose level, it is necessary to monitor variation in blood glucose level on a day-to-day basis to see if the level is well controlled.

[0003] Recently, apparatuses for Self-Monitoring of Blood Glucose (SMBG) that enables monitoring of blood glucose level, which was possible only at a medical institution in the past, in a simple manner by the user become commercially available. Thus, it is possible to monitor the blood glucose level at home in a simple manner.

[0004] The apparatuses for self-monitoring of blood glucose can be roughly classified into ones that use electrode method in which taken blood is caused to react with a glucose oxidizing enzyme fixed on an electrode or a test paper, and a current resulting from the reaction is measured, and ones that use paper test in which the taken sample is put on a test paper, and the blood glucose level is measured from the degree of color change on the test paper.

[0005] Generally, most of the commercially available apparatuses for self-monitoring of blood glucose adopt the electrode method in view of measurement accuracy or the like.

[0006] Known apparatuses of self-monitoring of blood glucose using the electrode method include various types such as the type in which skin is punctuated by a puncturing device with a puncture needle, blood sample thus obtained is put on a test paper, and the test paper is mounted on a monitoring apparatus for monitoring, the type in which puncturing and monitoring functions are integrated, and the non-invasive type that utilizes gingival crevice fluid or near-infrared ray to eliminate the necessity of the puncture needle.

[0007] Further, among the commercially available apparatuses for self-monitoring of blood glucose using the electrode method, some have a data output function enabling output of the data of measurement, so that, when connected to a dedicated connecting apparatus, the measurement data can be transmitted, for example, to a

personal computer, enabling data management by the personal computer.

[0008] The above described apparatuses for self-monitoring of blood glucose are, basically, used as stand alone apparatuses. A user of the apparatus for self-monitoring of blood glucose controls his/her blood glucose level and manages the tendency of the blood glucose level, by dietetic therapy or by determining dose of insulin, based on the measured value displayed at a display unit of the apparatus for self-monitoring of blood glucose.

[0009] It is possible, however, that a patient of diabetes needs immediate consultation with a physician dependent on the result of measured blood glucose level, and further, there may be an emergency case that because of the abnormality in blood glucose level, physical condition of a patient so deteriorates that the patient cannot by himself/herself visit a hospital nearby, after he/she has measured the blood glucose level by the above described apparatus for self-monitoring of blood glucose.

[0010] In such a case, it is impossible to ask for immediate diagnosis by a physician, for example, when the user uses the apparatus for self-monitoring of blood glucose of the above described type. Even when the apparatus for self-monitoring of blood glucose that can be connective to a personal computer described above, a dedicated connector apparatus is necessary for connecting the self-monitoring apparatus with the personal computer. Therefore, it is impossible to cope with the above described urgent situation when the user is away from home.

[0011] The apparatuses for self-monitoring of blood glucose described above all require a display device for displaying measured values and a power supply battery for driving internal devices. Therefore, there is a problem that the apparatuses are large.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0012] WO9749077 describes an auxiliary unit, to be coupled to a mobile station, which comprises a basic element containing components necessary for data transmission, analyses and storage, as well as a sensor element containing a sensor suitable for the non-invasive measuring of a person's bodily functions and the special electronics required by the sensor. This means that different kinds of non-invasive measurements, such as ECG, EEG, EMG, blood pressure and respiratory flow, can be taken by changing the mere sensor element.

[0013] EP0970655 describes a portable and reduced size apparatus having an analyser for analysing the glucose in the blood, and providing a series of values. Said values can be processed in situ by a microprocessor and displayed on a screen of a personal computer connected to the glucose analyser. The telematic control system for patients provided with the apparatus of the invention would provide, simultaneously, that the data calculated in the portable apparatus would be transmitted to a central unit for the remote interpretation of the data through

a mobile telephone which is also interconnected with the microprocessor and the analyser. Said transmission may be a direct bidirectional transmission (central unit-patient et vice versa) or a multidirectional transmission (central unit-peripheral units-patient) with as many connections as desired.

[0014] The object of the present invention is to provide a blood glucose monitoring system including a recording medium which is mounted on a portable terminal to use the portable terminal as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus and which is used in a system having the portable terminal and a server managing blood glucose level data received from the portable terminal connected to a network for providing bi-directional service between the terminal and the server, and the portable terminal to which the recording medium is mounted.

[0015] The object is attained by a remote medical system according to claim 1. Further developments of the invention are specified in the dependent claims, respectively.

[0016] The foregoing and other objects, features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description of the present invention when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0017]

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram representing the concept of the blood glucose monitoring system using the recording medium in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 2 shows an appearance of the recording medium used in the blood glucose monitoring system shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram representing a configuration of the recording medium used in the blood glucose monitoring system shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 4 is a block diagram representing a configuration of a monitoring system including a portable telephone and a recording medium, used in the blood glucose monitoring system shown in Fig. 1.

Fig. 5 is a schematic diagram representing a concept of the telemedicine system, using the blood glucose monitoring system shown in Fig. 1.

Figs. 6, 7 and 8 are first to third flow charts representing the process steps performed by the telemedicine system shown in Fig. 5.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0018] Embodiments of the present invention will be described in detail with reference to the figures. In the figures, the same or corresponding portions are denoted by the same reference characters, and description thereof will not be repeated.

[0019] Fig. 1 shows a concept of a blood glucose monitoring system usable on a network, in which blood glucose level data measured by mounting the recording medium in accordance with the present invention on a portable terminal is transmitted from the portable terminal through a network to a server.

[0020] Referring to Fig. 1, the blood glucose monitoring system 100 includes a recording medium 1, a portable telephone 2, a wireless base station 3, a server 4, and a network 5 to which wireless base station 3 and server 4 are connected.

[0021] Recording medium 1 includes a blood glucose sensor for measuring glucose level of blood therein, and it is in compliance with the specification of a commercially available compact memory card that can be used mounted on a portable telephone or other personal digital assistant. Recording medium 1 is mounted on portable telephone 2 that accommodates the above described compact memory card, and operates while receiving power from portable telephone 2. Recording medium 1 monitors, while mounted on portable telephone 2, the blood glucose level by detecting a current that is generated in accordance with the level of glucose contained in the blood absorbed by a test paper 6, and stores and holds the blood glucose level data. The recording medium 1 stores the blood glucose level data in a non-volatile memory unit, and therefore the blood glucose level data is not lost even when recording medium 1 is detached from portable telephone 2 after measurement of the blood glucose level.

[0022] Recording medium 1 measures the blood glucose level when it is mounted on portable telephone 2, and transmits the blood glucose level data to portable telephone 2. Upon request from the user of portable telephone 2, recording medium 1 also transmits blood glucose level data measured in the past and stored and held therein to portable telephone 2.

[0023] Portable telephone 2 is a commercially available portable telephone connectable to a network, on which recording medium 1 can be mounted. When recording medium 1 is mounted, the portable telephone 2 supplies power for operation of recording medium 1, and displays on its display unit the blood glucose level data measured by recording medium 1. Further, portable telephone 2 transmits measured data of blood glucose level received from recording medium 1 through wireless base station 3 and network 5 to server 4.

[0024] Wireless base station 3 is a relay station connecting portable telephone 2 to network 5. Server 4 receives the blood glucose level data measured by recording medium 1 from portable telephone 2 through wireless base station 3 and network 5, and stores and manages the received blood glucose level data. Network 5 is one that is capable of bi-directional communication, such as the Internet.

[0025] In this manner, the personally measured blood glucose level data is transmitted through network 5 to server 4. Further, blood glucose monitoring system 100

may provide various services based on the blood glucose level data received by server 4.

[0026] Recording medium 1 used for blood glucose monitoring system 100 measures the blood glucose level of the blood on a test paper 6, with the test paper 6 to which obtained blood sample is applied being mounted on the medium.

[0027] Fig. 2 shows the manner how the test paper 6 is mounted on recording medium 1. The user of recording medium 1 puts a small amount of blood on a prescribed tip end of test paper 6, inserts the test paper 6 into an inlet port of recording medium 1, and blood glucose level is measured by recording medium 1 with test paper 6 inserted, mounted on portable telephone 2. A disposable test paper used for one measurement only is used as test paper 6. The blood sample is applied to test paper 6 by putting a puncture needle on one's finger tip, for example, by a dedicated puncture device having a puncture needle at a tip end, thus obtaining a small amount of blood.

[0028] Referring to Fig. 3, recording medium 1 includes a sensor circuit unit 11, a signal processing unit 12, a control unit 13, an EEPROM (Electrically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory) 14 as a non-volatile memory unit, an RAM (Random Access Memory) 15 as a volatile memory unit, a communication control unit 16, a bus 17 and a power supply control unit 18. Recording medium 1 further includes an inlet port 191, a data input/output terminal 192 and a power supply terminal 193.

[0029] Inlet port 191 is for inserting test paper 6 for mounting the test paper 6 on which obtained blood is applied, on recording medium 1.

[0030] Data input/output terminal 192 is joined to a data input/output terminal of portable telephone 2, and exchanges data between recording medium 1 and portable telephone 2.

[0031] Power supply terminal 193 is joined to a power supply output terminal of portable telephone 2, and power is supplied from power supply unit of portable telephone 2 to power supply control unit 18.

[0032] Sensor circuit 11 uses, for example, an enzyme electrode having glucose dehydrogenase fixed with a redox mediator interposed, as an electrode, and generates a current from enzyme reaction between glucose in the blood and glucose dehydrogenase. Thus, the recording medium 1 in accordance with the present invention is capable of detecting blood glucose from a very small amount of blood.

[0033] Signal processing unit 12 converts the current generated from sensor circuit unit 11 to a digital signal and outputs the same.

[0034] Control unit 13 is, for example, an MPU (Micro Processing Unit), that performs conversion of the data converted to digital data and output from signal processing unit 12 to blood glucose level data, writing of blood glucose level data to EEPROM14 storing the blood glucose level data and reading of the blood glucose level data from EEPROM14, and transmission of read glucose

level data to portable telephone 2 on which recording medium 1 is mounted.

[0035] EEPROM14 is an electrically erasable and programmable non-volatile flash memory, which stores blood glucose levels of a plurality of measurements.

[0036] RAM15 is a work memory for control unit 13.

[0037] Communication control unit 16 exchanges data between recording medium 1 and portable telephone 2 through data input/output terminal 192.

[0038] Bus 17 is a data communication path between each of sensor circuit unit 11, signal processing unit 12, control unit 13, EEPROM 14, RAM 15 and communication control unit 16.

[0039] Power control unit 18 receives power from portable telephone 2 through power supply terminal 193, as recording medium 1 itself does not have any power source, and supplies a prescribed power for operation, to sensor circuit unit 11, signal processing unit 12, control unit 13, EEPROM 14, RAM15 and communication control unit 16.

[0040] When test paper 6 with obtained blood applied is inserted to inlet port 191 of recording medium 1, sensor circuit unit 11 detects the current generated in accordance with the blood glucose level of the blood on test paper 6, and outputs the detected current to signal processing unit 12. Signal processing unit 12 converts the current generated by sensor circuit unit 11 to digital data and outputs to control unit 13. Control unit 13 temporarily writes the data received from signal processing unit 12 to RAM 15, reads the data from RAM 15, converts the read data to blood glucose level data, and writes to EEPROM 14.

[0041] Control unit 13 transmits the blood glucose level data to portable telephone 2 through communication control unit 16, so as to display the result of measurement of blood glucose level on a display unit of portable telephone 2, or to transmit the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2 to server 4 through network 5. Further, upon reception of a request for transmitting blood glucose level data of the past necessary for displaying the progress of the blood glucose level from portable telephone 2, control unit 13 successively reads the past blood glucose level data from EEPROM 14 in order, writes the read data in RAM 15 temporarily and reads the data from RAM 15 and transmits to portable telephone 2 through communication control unit 16.

[0042] Fig. 4 shows a configuration of the blood glucose monitoring system including recording medium 1 and portable telephone 2. Portable telephone 2 includes communication control units 21, 22, a control unit 23, a display unit 24, a bus 25 and a power supply unit 26. Portable telephone 2 further includes a data input/output terminal 271, a power supply terminal 272 and an antenna 273.

[0043] Data input/output terminal 271 is joined to data input/output terminal 192 of recording medium 1, and exchanges data between recording medium 1 and portable telephone 2.

[0044] Power supply terminal 272 is joined to power supply terminal 193 of recording medium 1, and supplies power from power supply unit 26 of portable telephone 2 to power supply control unit 18 of recording medium 1.

[0045] Antenna 273 transmits blood glucose level data measured by recording medium 1 to wireless base station 3. Through wireless base station 3 and network 5, the blood glucose level data is transmitted to server 4.

[0046] Communication control unit 21 exchanges data between portable telephone 2 and recording medium 1 through data input/output terminal 271.

[0047] Communication control unit 22 exchanges data between portable telephone 2 and wireless base station 3 connected to network 5, through an antenna 273.

[0048] Control unit 23 is implemented by an MPU, for example, which controls communication control units 21, 22 and display unit 24, to perform transmission/reception of data to and from the mounted recording medium 1, transmission/reception of data to and from server 4 through wireless base station 3 and network 5, and display of blood glucose level data on display unit 24, which will be described later.

[0049] Display unit 24 displays the blood glucose level data measured by recording medium 1.

[0050] Bus 25 is a data communication path between each of communication control units 21, 22, control unit 23 and display unit 24.

[0051] Power supply unit 26 supplies power for operation of communication control units 21, 22, control unit 23 and display unit 24. Power supply unit 26 further supplies power for operation of recording medium 1 to power supply control unit 18 of recording medium 1, through power supply terminal 272 and power supply terminal 193 of recording medium 1.

[0052] When test paper 6 with obtained blood applied is inserted to inlet port 191 of recording medium 1, sensor circuit unit 11 detect a current generated in accordance with the glucose level of the blood on test paper 6, and outputs the current to signal processing unit 12. Signal processing unit 12 converts the current output from sensor circuit unit 11 to digital data and outputs to control unit 13. Control unit 13 temporarily writes the data received from signal processing unit 12 to RAM15, and reads data from RAM15, converts to blood glucose level data, and writes the converted data to EEPROM14. Control unit 13 transmits the blood glucose level data to portable telephone 2 through communication control unit 16, in order to display the measured blood glucose level data on display unit 24 of portable telephone 2, or to transmit the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2 to server 4 through antenna 273, wireless base station 3 and network 5.

[0053] Upon reception of blood glucose level data from recording medium 1 through communication control unit 21, control unit 23 of portable telephone 2 outputs the blood glucose level data to display unit 24, and display unit 24 displays the blood glucose level data. Control unit 23 transmits the received blood glucose level data to

communication control unit 22, and instructs to transmit the data to server 4. Communication control unit 22 transmits blood glucose level data to wireless base station 3 through antenna 273, and the blood glucose level data is transmitted through wireless base station 3 and network 5 to server 4.

[0054] Upon reception of a request for transmitting past blood glucose level data necessary for displaying the progress of the blood glucose level from portable telephone 2 through communication control unit 16, control unit 13 of recording medium 1 successively reads the blood glucose level data of the past from EEPROM 14 and temporarily writes to RAM15, and reads the data from RAM15 and transmits to portable telephone 2 through communication control unit 16. Upon reception of the past blood glucose level data from recording medium 1 through communication control unit 21, control unit 23 of portable telephone 2 successively outputs the blood glucose level data on display unit 24, and display unit 24 displays the progress of the past blood glucose level.

[0055] A telemedicine system using a portable medical terminal would be described as an embodiment utilizing recording medium 1 of the present invention.

[0056] Fig. 5 is a schematic diagram representing a telemedicine system 200. Referring to Fig. 5, telemedicine system 200 includes portable telephone 2 on which recording medium 1 is mounted, and server 4 storing customer information on a data base. Portable telephone 2 and server 4 are connected by network 5 and wireless base station 3 described with reference to Fig. 1. In telemedicine system 200, a contract physician/medical institution 7, a hospital 8 and an advertiser 9 are connected to server 4 or portable telephone 2 through network 5, by using a portable telephone or personal computer of its own.

[0057] Server 4 has a customer database 41 holding data of customers of telemedicine system 200, and receives, in advance, profile data of the customers from portable telephones 2 of customers and stores the received data in customer database 41. Further, server 4 performs analysis and diagnosis on blood glucose level data transmitted from a portable telephone 2, and transmits to portable telephone 2 the result of diagnosis and various advise information. Further, when the blood glucose level data received from portable telephone 2 is determined to be abnormal, server 4 transmits the blood glucose level data to contract physician/medical institution 7, as will be described later. When an emergency information that the blood glucose level data received from portable telephone 2 is abnormal and urgent response is necessary is received from contract physician/medical institution 7, server 4 makes a consultation reservation of the customer at hospital 8 near the customer, or transmits customer data stored in customer data base 41, in accordance with an instruction from contract physician/medical institution 7 included in the emergency information.

[0058] Contract physician/medical institution 7 represents a contract physician or a medical institution having a contract with a managing company operating the telemedicine system 200, and the physician or institution performs analysis and diagnosis on the blood glucose level data received from server 4, and returns the result of diagnosis and various advises to server 4. When the contract physician/medical institution 7 determines that an urgent response is necessary as a result of analyzing blood glucose level data, the physician or institution transmits emergency information to server 4 including an instruction to the customer to have a consultation at hospital 8 nearby, or an instruction to transfer customer data to hospital 8.

[0059] Hospital 8 receives consultation reservation of a customer who needs urgent consultation as well as the customer data from server 4, reserves consultation of the customer, and contact to the customer, urging visit to the hospital for consultation.

[0060] The customer of telemedicine system 200, who is the user of portable telephone 2, obtains blood sample and puts the blood on test paper 6, inserts the test paper to recording medium 1, and measures the blood glucose level, by mounting recording medium 1 on portable telephone 2. The customer connects portable telephone 2 to server 4, and transmits the measured blood glucose level data to server 4. Alternatively, portable telephone 2 may be adopted to automatically connect to server 4 and to transmit blood glucose level data, so as to prevent failure to transmit the measured blood glucose level data.

[0061] Server 4 stores the blood glucose level data received from portable telephone 2 in customer database 41, in association with profile data of the customer. The profile data of the customer includes information identifying the customer such as name, age and sex, clinical history of the customer, past diagnosis, contact address in case of emergency, and contact address of the customer's family in case of emergency. Server 4 makes a diagnosis on the blood glucose level data of the customer received from portable telephone 2, and transmits the result of diagnosis and various advise information in accordance with the result of diagnosis, to portable telephone 2. Further, when it is determined that the blood glucose level data of the customer is abnormal, server 4 transmits the abnormal blood glucose level data to contract physician/medical institution 7, and asks for diagnosis on the blood glucose level data.

[0062] Contract physician/medical institution 7 performs analysis and diagnosis of the abnormal blood glucose level data, and transmits the result of diagnosis and related advice information to server 4. Upon reception of the result of diagnosis and advise information on the abnormal blood glucose level data from contract physician/medical institution 7, server 4 transmits the result and information to portable telephone 2. When the contract physician/medical institution 7 determines, as a result of diagnosis on the abnormal blood glucose level data, that an urgent response is necessary, the physician or institution

transmits emergency information to server 4, including an instruction for the customer to have a consultation at a hospital 8 nearby, in addition to the result of diagnosis and the advise information.

[0063] Upon reception of the emergency information from contract physician/medical institution 7, server 4 transmits an emergency report based on the emergency information to portable telephone 2, as well as to the contact address of the customer's family stored in the customer database. Further, server 4 transmits information including consultation reservation of the customer, profile data of the customer, the abnormal blood glucose level data measured this time, and a result of diagnosis made by the contract physician/medical institution 7, to hospital 8 nearby, designated by contract physician/medical institution 7.

[0064] Upon reception of the information of a customer requiring urgent consultation from server 4, the hospital 8 reserves consultation, in accordance with the instruction from contract physician/medical institution 7 and makes a contact to the customer, or when it is impossible for the customer to visit the hospital 8 by himself/herself, delivers an ambulance to the customer. Thus, the customer has a consultation at the hospital 8.

[0065] A process flow of the above described telemedicine system 200 will be described in detail with reference to Figs. 6 to 8.

[0066] Referring to Fig. 6, the customer receiving the service of telemedicine system 200 transmits, in advance, profile data of the customer from portable telephone 2 to server 4 (step S1), and server 4 registers the profile data of the customer received from portable telephone 2 in a customer data server 41 (step S2). The customer puts the obtained blood sample on test paper 6, inserts the test paper 6 to recording medium 1, and mounts the recording medium 1 on portable telephone 2 to measure the blood glucose level (step S3). When measurement of the blood glucose level ends, the customer accesses from portable telephone 2 to server 4, and transmits the measured blood glucose level data to server 4 (step S4).

[0067] Server 4 receives the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2 (step S5), analyzes the blood glucose level data, and makes a diagnosis of "normal", "slightly problematic", "problematic" and "abnormal" (step S6).

[0068] When it is diagnosed that the received blood glucose level data is "normal" (step S7), the server 4 transmits the result of diagnosis and various advise information based on the analysis/diagnosis to portable telephone 2 (step S8). The customer, who have sent the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2, receives the result of diagnosis and advise information on the transmitted blood glucose level data, from server 4 (step S9).

[0069] When it is diagnosed that the blood glucose level data is not "normal" (step S7), the server 4 further requests additional measurement of the blood glucose level

el, and an answer to a questionnaire transmitted as attached, to portable telephone 2 (step S10).

[0070] When the customer receives at portable telephone 2 the request of additional measurement and attached questionnaire from server 4 (step S11), the customer again obtains a blood sample, applies it to test paper 6, inserts the test paper 6 to recording medium 1, mounts recording medium 1 on portable telephone 2, and measures the blood glucose level (step S12). Then, the customer accesses from portable telephone 2 to server 4, and transmits the re-measured blood glucose level data and the answer to the questionnaire received from server 4, to server 4 (step S13).

[0071] Upon reception of the re-measured blood glucose level data and the answer to the questionnaire from portable telephone 2 (step S14), server 4 again analyzes the received blood glucose level data, and again makes a diagnosis of "normal", "slightly problematic", "problematic" and "abnormal" (step S15).

[0072] Referring to Fig. 7, when the re-measured blood glucose level data is diagnosed as not "abnormal" (step S16), the server 4 transmits the result of diagnosis and various advise information based on the analysis/diagnosis to portable telephone 2 (step S17). The customer who again transmitted the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2 receives the result of diagnosis and the advice information on the re-transmitted blood glucose level data from server 4 (step S18).

[0073] When the read glucose level data is diagnosed again as "abnormal" (step S16), the server 4 determines that consultation with a physician is necessary, and transmits the blood glucose level data that is diagnosed to be abnormal to a contract physician/medical institution 7 that has a contract to make diagnoses on the abnormal blood glucose level data (step S19). When the contract physician/medical institution 7 receives the measurement data diagnosed to be abnormal from server 4 (step S20), a contract physician or a physician at the contract medical institution performs analysis and diagnosis of the blood glucose level data (step S21).

[0074] Based on the result of diagnosis, when the contract physician or the physician in charge determines that emergency measures are not necessary (step S22), the contract physician or the physician in charge returns the result of diagnosis and advice information to server 4 (step S23). Upon reception of the result of diagnosis and advice information on the abnormal blood glucose level data from contract physician/medical institution 7 (step S24), server 4 stores the result of diagnosis and advice information in a customer data base of server 4 in association with the customer profile data, and transmits the result of diagnosis and advice information to portable telephone 2 (step S25). The customer, who has re-transmitted the blood glucose level data from portable telephone 2, receives at portable telephone 2, the result of diagnosis and advice information from the physician, from server 4 (step S26).

[0075] When the contract physician/medical institution

7 determines, based on the result of diagnosis of the blood glucose level data received from the server 4, that an emergency measures must be taken (step S22), the contract physician/medical institution 7 transmits, in addition to the result of diagnosis and advice information, specific emergency information including an instruction of a consultation at a hospital 8 in the customer's neighborhood (step S27). Upon reception from the emergency information from contract physician/medical institution 7 (step S28), server 4 transmits an emergency notification to portable telephone 2, notifying an urgent consultation at hospital 8 is necessary (step S29). The customer who has re-transmitted the blood glucose level data receives the emergency notification from server 4, at portable telephone 2 (step S30). Here, the server 4 may be adopted to read a contact address of the customer's family included in the customer profile data of data base 41, and may notify the emergency to the family of the customer.

[0076] Referring to Fig. 8, the server 4 that has transmitted the emergency notification to portable telephone 2 transmits, based on the emergency information received from contract physician/medical institution 7, consultation reservation for the customer, customer data stored in customer data base 41, the abnormal blood glucose level data measured this time, the result of diagnosis made by the contract physician/medical institution 7 and the like, to hospital 8 in the customer's neighborhood designated by contract physician/medical institution 7 (step S31). Receiving the consultation reservation for the customer and customer data and the like (step S32), the hospital 8 reserves a consultation for the customer, and contacts to the portable telephone 2 to urge the customer to have consultation immediately (step S33). The customer, receiving the request for consultation from hospital 8 (step S34), visits hospital 8 and receives consultation (step S35).

[0077] When it is determined from the customer data received from server 4 and the like that it is impossible for the customer to visit hospital 8 by himself/herself, hospital 8 may deliver an ambulance to the address of the customer, based on the customer data. Hospital 8 transmits the result of consultation for the customer to the contract physician/medical institution 7 that has made initial diagnosis (step S36), and the contract physician/medical institution 7 receives the result of consultation for the customer to whom consultation with hospital 8 was instructed, from hospital 8 (step S37).

[0078] In this manner, a telemedicine system is realized using the recording medium 1 in accordance with the present invention and the portable telephone 2 connectable to the network and functions as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus with recording medium 1 mounted thereon.

[0079] Telemedicine system 200 further provides services including provision of information on medicine and medical equipment to customer, and advertisement of companies manufacturing and selling such medicine and medical equipment.

[0080] Again referring to Fig. 8, an advertiser 9 request customer data from server 4, using a personal computer connected to network 5, for example (step S41). Upon reception of the request for customer data from advertiser 9 (step S42), server 4 reads the customer data from customer data base 41 and transmits the read data to advertiser 9 (step S43).

[0081] Receiving the customer data from server 4 (step S44), advertiser 9 transmits, based on the blood glucose level data, medical history, past diagnosis and the like of the customer, information on appropriate medicine or medical equipment and company advertisement of advertiser 9, to server 4 (step S45).

[0082] When server 4 receives from advertiser 9 the information on medicine or medical equipment for the customer and the company advertisement of the advertiser (step S46), the server 4 transmits the received information and the customer advertisement to portable telephone 2 of the customer (step S47). The customer receives the information of the medicine or medical equipment suitable for him/her and company advertisement of the company providing the information on portable telephone 2 (step S48).

[0083] Though not shown, utilizing telemedicine system 200, recording medium 1 may be mounted on various devices related to diabetes such as a medicine (insulin) administering device or a next generation pen device, so that measurement of blood glucose level and administration of medicine can be integrated. More specifically, server 4 calculates the dose of medicine to be administered to the customer, based on the blood glucose level data transmitted from portable telephone 2 and customer data stored in customer data base 41. Server 4 then transmits the dose data related to the calculated dose to portable telephone 2.

[0084] Upon reception of the dose data of the medicine that corresponds to the measured blood glucose level data from server 4, portable telephone 2 transmits the received dose data to recording medium 1, and recording medium 1 records and holds the received dose data. The customer, receiving the dose data of medicine at the recording medium 1 from server 4, mounts the recording medium 1 to a medicine administering device that can accommodate the recording medium 1. Then, the medicine is administered to the customer, based on the dose data of medicine recorded on recording medium 1.

[0085] The portable telephone 2 described in the embodiments above may be a PDA (Personal Digital Assistance), a portable personal computer, a digital camera, a portable television or other communication terminal, provided that it can accommodate the recording medium 1 and connectable to a network.

[0086] According to the embodiments of the present invention, as the recording medium 1 is mounted on a network connectable portable telephone 2 to be used as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus, it becomes possible for a diabetes patient who needs monitoring of blood glucose level to transmit the measured blood glucose

level data directory from portable telephone 2 through network 5 to a server 4 that is installed at a medical institution or the like, and to receive various medical services from server 4, through network 5.

[0087] Further, according to the embodiments of the present invention, as the blood glucose level can be monitored using recording medium 1 mounted on a commercially available portable telephone 2 as a blood glucose monitoring apparatus, it becomes unnecessary to have a dedicated blood glucose monitoring apparatus. Therefore, a trouble such as failure in monitoring resulting from malfunction of the dedicated blood glucose monitoring apparatus can be prevented, and the cost can also be reduced, as the dedicated blood glucose monitoring apparatus is unnecessary.

[0088] Further, according to the embodiments of the present invention, as measured blood glucose level data is directly recorded on recording medium 1, when recording medium 1 is mounted on various devices related to diabetes such as medicine (insulin) administering device or a next generation pen device, the blood glucose level data can be shared among the devices, and very convenient treatment of diabetes such as artificial pancreas that has the functions of measuring blood glucose level and administration of medicine integrated becomes possible.

[0089] Further, according to the embodiments of the present invention, the display unit of portable telephone 2 on which recording medium 1 is mounted is used as the display unit for displaying the measured blood glucose level, and the power supply battery of portable telephone 2 on which recording medium 1 is mounted is used as an operational power supply of recording medium 1, and therefore, the recording medium 1 itself does not require any display unit or a power supply battery. Therefore, recording medium 1 itself can be made very compact, and a blood glucose monitoring apparatus which is highly portable is realized.

[0090] Although the present invention has been described and illustrated in detail, it is clearly understood that the same is by way of illustration and example only and is not to be taken by way of limitation.

Claims

1. A remote medical system, comprising:

- a network (5) through which bidirectional communication is allowed;
- a first portable terminal (2) connected to said network (5) through a wireless base station (3);
- a recording medium (1) operating mounted on said first portable terminal (2); and
- a server (4) connected to said network (5);

wherein said recording medium (1) includes

a first communication control unit (16) exchanging data with said first portable terminal (2),
 a sensor circuit unit (11) generating a current in accordance with a blood glucose level of taken blood,
 a signal processing unit (12) converting said generated current to a digital data and outputting the data,
 an electrically erasable and programmable non-volatile memory unit (14) storing blood glucose level data converted based on the data output from said signal processing unit (12),
 a first control unit (13) converting the data output from said signal processing unit (12) to said blood glucose level data, writing the converted data to said memory unit (14), reading said blood glucose level data from said memory unit (14) and transmitting the data to said first portable terminal (2) through said first communication control unit (16), and
 a power supply control unit (18) receiving power from said first portable terminal (2) and supplying power to said sensor circuit unit (11), said signal processing unit (12), said memory unit (14), said first communication control unit (16) and said first control unit (13),

said first portable terminal (2) transmits said blood glucose level data to said server (4) through said wireless base station (3) and said network (5), and said server (4) performs analysis and diagnosis on said blood glucose level data transmitted from said first portable terminal (2) in association with customer information and transmits the result of diagnosis and various advice information to said first portable terminal (2) through said network (5) and said wireless base station (3);

said remote medical system further comprising:

a second portable terminal (7) owned by a physician or a medical institution having a contract in advance and connected to said network (5),

wherein when it is determined that said blood glucose level data is abnormal based on a result of analysis of said blood glucose level data, said server (4) transmits said blood glucose level data to said second portable terminal (7) through said network (5), and when said server (4) receives emergency information from said second portable terminal (7) through said network (5) indicating that the physician or medical institution has determined that an urgent response is necessary as a result of analyzing the blood glucose data transmitted from said server (4) to said second portable terminal (7), said server (4) notifies said first portable terminal (2) of the emergency through said network (5) and said wireless base station (3).

2. The remote medical system according to claim 1, wherein said first portable terminal (2) includes

a second communication control unit (21) exchanging data with said recording medium (1),
 a power supply unit (26) supplying power to said recording medium (1),
 a third communication control unit (22) exchanging data with said wireless base station (3), and
 a second control unit (23) controlling said second and third communication control units (21, 22).

3. The remote medical system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein when said recording medium (1) measures said blood glucose level, said first portable terminal (2) obtains blood glucose level data corresponding to the measured blood glucose level from said recording medium (1) and automatically transmits the blood glucose level data to said server (4) through said wireless base station (3) and said network (5).

4. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 3, further comprising:

a third portable terminal (8) owned by a hospital and connected to said network (5),

wherein said server (4) transmits information necessary for consultation at the hospital to said third portable terminal (8) through said network (5) upon receiving said emergency information from said second portable terminal (7).

5. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 4, further comprising

a fourth portable terminal (9) owned by an advertiser serving to provide information on a medical product or medical equipment or to provide advertisement of a company manufacturing and marketing a medical product or medical equipment and connected to said network (5),

wherein said server (4) transmits said customer information to said fourth portable terminal (9) through said network (5) in response to a request from said fourth portable terminal (9), and when the server (4) receives the information on the medical product or medical equipment and the advertisement corresponding to the customer information from said fourth portable terminal (9) through said network (5), said server (4) transmits the received information and advertisement to said first portable terminal (2) through said network (5) and said wireless base station (3).

6. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein
 said server (4) calculates dose of medicine to be

administered to a corresponding customer based on said blood glucose level data received from said first portable terminal (2) and said customer information, and transmits dose data related to the calculated dose to said first portable terminal (2) through said network (5) and said wireless base station (3), said first portable terminal (2) transmits the dose data received from said server (4) to said recording medium (1), and said recording medium (1) stores the dose data received from said first portable terminal (2) in said memory unit (14).

7. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein said sensor circuit unit (11) includes an enzyme electrode, and generates a current in accordance with said blood glucose level from enzyme reaction between glucose in said taken blood and enzyme fixed to said enzyme electrode.
8. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein said recording medium (1) further includes an inlet port (191) for inserting test paper (6) for mounting said test paper (6) on which said taken blood is applied.
9. The remote medical system according to any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein said first portable terminal (2) displays said measured blood glucose level data.

Patentansprüche

1. Medizinisches Fernsystem, umfassend:

ein Netzwerk (5), durch welches eine bidirektionale Kommunikation gestattet wird;
ein erstes tragbares Terminal (2), das über eine drahtlose Basisstation (3) mit dem Netzwerk (5) verbunden ist;
ein Aufzeichnungsmedium (1), das auf dem ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) angebracht in Betrieb geht; und
einen Server (4), der mit dem Netzwerk (5) verbunden ist;

wobei das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1)
eine erste Kommunikationssteuereinheit (16), die mit dem ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) Daten austauscht,
eine Sensorschaltungseinheit (11), die in Übereinstimmung mit einem Blutglukosespiegel von entnommenem Blut einen Strom erzeugt,
eine Signalprozessiereinheit (12), die den erzeugten Strom in digitale Daten umwandelt und die digitalen Daten ausgibt,
eine elektronisch löschbare und programmierbare, nichtflüchtige Speichereinheit (14), die die Blutglu-

kosespiegel-Daten speichert, die auf der Basis der aus der Signalprozessiereinheit (12) ausgegebenen Daten umgewandelt wurden,
eine erste Steuereinheit (13), die die aus der Signalprozessiereinheit (12) ausgegebenen Daten in die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten umwandelt, die umgewandelten Daten in die Speichereinheit (14) schreibt, die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten aus der Speichereinheit (14) ausliest und die Daten über die erste Kommunikationssteuereinheit (16) an das erste tragbare Terminal (2) überträgt, und
eine Leistungszufuhrsteuereinheit (18), die Leistung vom ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) empfängt und Leistung an die Sensorschaltungseinheit (11), die Signalprozessiereinheit (12), die Speichereinheit (14), die erste Kommunikationssteuereinheit (16) und die erste Steuereinheit (13) liefert,
einschließt,
wobei das erste tragbare Terminal (2) die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten über die drahtlose Basisstation (3) und das Netzwerk (5) an den Server (4) überträgt, und
wobei der Server (4) Analyse und Diagnose zu den vom ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) übertragenen Blutglukosespiegel-Daten in Verbindung mit einer Kundeninformation ausführt und das Ergebnis der Diagnose und weitere Ratschlagsinformation über das Netzwerk (5) und die drahtlose Basisstation (3) an das erste tragbare Terminal (2) überträgt;
wobei das medizinische Fernsystem ferner aufweist:

ein zweites tragbares Terminal (7), das einem Arzt oder einer medizinischen Institution gehört, der bzw. die bereits unter Vertrag steht und mit dem Netzwerk (5) verbunden ist,

wobei, wenn festgestellt wird, dass die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten auf der Basis eines Ergebnisses der Analyse der Blutglukosespiegel-Daten abnormal ist, der Server (4) die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten über das Netzwerk (5) an das zweite tragbare Terminal (7) überträgt, und, wenn der Server (4) über das Netzwerk (5) vom zweiten tragbaren Terminal (7) eine Notfallinformation empfängt, dabei anzeigend, dass der Arzt oder die medizinische Institution festgestellt hat, dass als ein Ergebnis der Analyse der vom Server (4) zum zweiten tragbaren Terminal (7) übertragenen Blutglukose-Daten eine dringende Reaktion erforderlich ist, der Server (4) über das Netzwerk (5) und die drahtlose Basisstation (3) das erste tragbare Terminal (2) über den Notfall benachrichtigt.

2. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß Anspruch 1, wobei das erste tragbare Terminal (2)
eine zweite Kommunikationssteuereinheit (21), die mit dem Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) Daten austauscht,

eine Leistungszufuhreinheit (26), die an das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) Leistung liefert, eine dritte Kommunikationseinheit (22), die über die drahtlose Basisstation (3) Daten austauscht, und eine zweite Steuereinheit (23), die die zweiten und dritten Kommunikationssteuereinheiten (21, 22) steuert, einschließt.

3. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß Anspruch 1 oder 2, wobei, wenn das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) den Blutglukosespiegel misst, das erste tragbare Terminal (2) die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten, die dem vom Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) gemessenen Blutglukosespiegel entsprechen, erhält und die Blutglukosespiegel-Daten über die drahtlose Basisstation (3) und das Netzwerk (5) automatisch an den Server (4) überträgt.

4. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 3, ferner umfassend:

ein drittes tragbares Terminal (8), das einem Krankenhaus gehört und mit dem Netzwerk (5) verbunden ist,

wobei der Server (4) beim Empfang der Notfallinformation vom zweiten tragbaren Terminal (7) eine Information, die zum Aufsuchen des Krankenhauses erforderlich ist, über das Netzwerk (5) an das dritte tragbare Terminal (8) überträgt.

5. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4, ferner umfassend:

ein viertes tragbares Terminal (9), das einem Werbenden gehört, der im Dienst steht, Information über ein medizinisches Produkt oder eine medizinische Ausrüstung zu liefern oder eine Werbung eines Herstellerunternehmens und das Marketing eines medizinischen Produkts oder einer medizinischen Ausrüstung zu liefern, und das mit dem Netzwerk (5) verbunden ist,

wobei der Server (4) die Kundeninformation über das Netzwerk (5) als Reaktion auf eine Anforderung vom vierten tragbaren Terminal (9) die Kundeninformation an das vierte tragbare Terminal (9) überträgt, und dass, wenn der Server (4) die Information über das medizinische Produkt oder die medizinische Ausrüstung und die der Kundeninformation entsprechende Werbung vom vierten tragbaren Terminal (9) über das Netzwerk (5) empfängt, der Server (4) die empfangene Information und Werbung über das Netzwerk (5) und die drahtlose Basisstation (3) an das erste tragbare Terminal (2) überträgt.

6. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der

Ansprüche 1 bis 5, wobei

der Server (4) eine Dosis einer Medizin, die einem entsprechenden Kunden zu verabreichen ist, auf der Basis der vom ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) empfangenen Blutglukosespiegel-Daten und der Kundeninformation berechnet und die auf die berechnete Dosis bezogenen Dosisdaten über das Netzwerk (5) und die drahtlose Basisstation (3) an das erste tragbare Terminal (2) überträgt, das erste tragbare Terminal (2) die vom Server (4) empfangenen Dosisdaten an das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) überträgt, und das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) die vom ersten tragbaren Terminal (2) empfangenen Dosisdaten in der Speichereinheit (14) speichert.

7. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 6, wobei die Sensorschaltungseinheit (11) eine Enzymelektrode einschließt und einen Strom in Übereinstimmung mit dem Blutglukosespiegel aus einer Enzymreaktion zwischen Glukose im entnommenen Blut und einem an der Enzymelektrode fixierten Enzym erzeugt.

8. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 7, wobei das Aufzeichnungsmedium (1) ferner einen Einlassanschluss (191) zum Einführen von Prüfpapier (6) zum Montieren des Prüfpapiers (6), auf das das entnommene Blut appliziert ist, einschließt.

9. Medizinisches Fernsystem gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 8, wobei das erste tragbare Terminal (2) die gemessenen Blutglukosespiegel-Daten anzeigt.

Revendications

1. Système médical à distance, comprenant :

un réseau (5) par le biais duquel une communication bidirectionnelle est permise ;
un premier terminal portable (2) connecté audit réseau (5) par le biais d'une station de base sans fil (3) ;
un support d'enregistrement (1) pouvant fonctionner monté sur ledit premier terminal portable (2) ; et
un serveur (4) connecté audit réseau (5) ;

dans lequel ledit support d'enregistrement (1) comprend une première unité de commande de communication (16) échangeant des données avec ledit premier terminal portable (2),
une unité de circuit de détecteur (11) générant un courant selon un taux de glucose sanguin du sang prélevé,

une unité de traitement des signaux (12) convertissant ledit courant généré en données numériques et délivrant en sortie les données,
 une unité de mémoire non-volatile électriquement effaçable et programmable (14) stockant des données de taux de glucose converties sur la base des données délivrées en sortie par ladite unité de traitement de signaux (12),
 une première unité de commande (13) convertissant les données délivrées en sortie par ladite unité de traitement de signaux (12) en lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin, écrivant les données converties sur ladite unité de mémoire (14), lisant lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin depuis ladite unité de mémoire (14) et transmettant les données audit premier terminal portable (2) par l'intermédiaire de ladite première unité de commande de communication (16), et
 une unité de commande d'alimentation (18) recevant de l'électricité depuis ledit premier terminal portable (2) et alimentant l'électricité à ladite unité de circuit de détecteur (11), ladite unité de traitement de signaux (12),
 ladite unité de mémoire (14), ladite première unité de commande de communication (16) et ladite première unité de commande (13) ;
 ledit premier terminal portable (2) transmet lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin audit serveur (4) par l'intermédiaire de ladite station de base sans fil (3) et par ledit réseau (5), et
 ledit serveur (4) effectue une analyse et un diagnostic desdites données de taux de glucose sanguin transmises depuis ledit premier terminal portable (2) en association avec lesdites informations client et transmet le résultat du diagnostic et diverses informations de conseil audit premier terminal portable (2) par l'intermédiaire dudit réseau (5) et ladite station de base sans fil (3) ;
 ledit système médical à distance comprenant en outre :

un deuxième terminal portable (7) détenu par un médecin ou une institution médicale ayant un contrat à l'avance et connecté audit réseau (5),

dans lequel il est déterminé que lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin sont anormales en fonction d'un résultat d'analyse desdites données de taux de glucose, ledit serveur (4) transmet lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin audit deuxième terminal portable (7) par le biais dudit réseau (5), et lorsque ledit serveur (4) reçoit des informations d'urgence dudit deuxième terminal portable (7) par le biais dudit réseau (5) indiquant que le médecin ou l'institution médicale a déterminé qu'une réponse urgente est nécessaire en résultat de l'analyse des données de glucose sanguin transmises par ledit

serveur (4) audit deuxième terminal portable (7), ledit serveur (4) avertit ledit premier terminal portable (2) de l'urgence par le biais dudit réseau (5) et par ladite station de base sans fil (3).

2. Système médical à distance selon la revendication 1, dans lequel,
 ledit premier terminal portable (2) comprend une seconde unité de commande de communication (21) échangeant des données avec ledit support d'enregistrement (1),
 une unité d'alimentation (26) fournissant de l'électricité audit support d'enregistrement (1),
 une troisième unité de commande de communication (22) échangeant des données avec ladite station de base sans fil (3), et
 une seconde unité de commande (23) commandant lesdites deuxième et troisième unités de commande de communication (21, 22).

3. Système médical distant selon la revendication 1 ou la revendication 2, dans lequel ledit support d'enregistrement (1) mesure ledit taux de glucose sanguin, ledit premier terminal, portable (2) obtient des données de taux de glucose sanguin correspondant au taux de glucose sanguin mesuré à partir dudit support d'enregistrement (1) et transmet automatiquement les données de taux de glucose sanguin audit serveur (4) par l'intermédiaire de ladite station de base sans fil (3) et ledit réseau (5).

4. Système médical distant selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 3, comprenant en outre :

un troisième terminal portable (8) détenu par un hôpital et connecté audit réseau (5),

dans lequel ledit serveur (4) transmet des informations nécessaires pour une consultation à l'hôpital audit troisième terminal portable (8) par l'intermédiaire dudit réseau (5) lors de la réception desdites informations d'urgence par ledit deuxième terminal portable (7).

5. Système médical distant selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4, comprenant en outre :

un quatrième terminal portable (9) détenu par un organisme de publicité servant à fournir des informations sur un produit médical ou un équipement médical ou à fournir une publicité d'une société de fabrication et de commercialisation d'un produit médical ou d'un équipement médical et connecté audit réseau (5),

dans lequel ledit serveur (4) transmet lesdites informations client audit quatrième terminal portable (9) par le biais dudit réseau (5) en réponse à une de-

mande de la part dudit quatrième terminal portable (9), et lorsque le serveur (4) reçoit les informations sur le produit médical ou l'équipement médical et la publicité correspondant aux informations client depuis ledit quatrième terminal portable (9) par l'intermédiaire dudit réseau (5), ledit serveur (4) transmet les informations reçues et la publicité audit premier terminal portable (2) par le biais dudit réseau (5) et de ladite station de base sans fil (3).

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6. Système médical distant selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 5, dans lequel :

ledit serveur (4) calcule une dose de médicament devant être administrée à un client correspondant en fonction desdites données de taux de glucose sanguin reçues par ledit premier terminal portable (2) et lesdites informations client, et transmet des données de dose liées à la dose calculée audit premier terminal portable (2) par le biais dudit réseau (5) et ladite station de base sans fil (3),
ledit premier terminal portable (2) transmet les données de dose reçues par ledit serveur (4) audit support d'enregistrement (1), et
ledit support d'enregistrement (1) stocke les données de dose reçues par ledit premier terminal portable (2) dans ladite unité de mémoire (14).

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7. Système médical à distance selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 6, dans lequel ladite unité de circuit de détecteur (11) comprend une électrode enzymatique et génère un courant conformément audit taux de glucose sanguin et génère un courant conformément audit taux de glucose sanguin à partir de ladite réaction enzymatique entre du glucose pris dans ledit sang prélevé et une enzyme fixée sur ladite électrode enzymatique.

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8. Système médical à distance selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 7, dans lequel ledit support d'enregistrement (1) comprend en outre un orifice d'entrée (191) destiné à insérer un papier de test (6) pour monter
ledit papier de test (6) sur lequel ledit sang prélevé est appliqué.

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9. Système médical distant selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 8, dans lequel ledit premier terminal portable (2) affiche lesdites données de taux de glucose sanguin mesuré.

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FIG.1

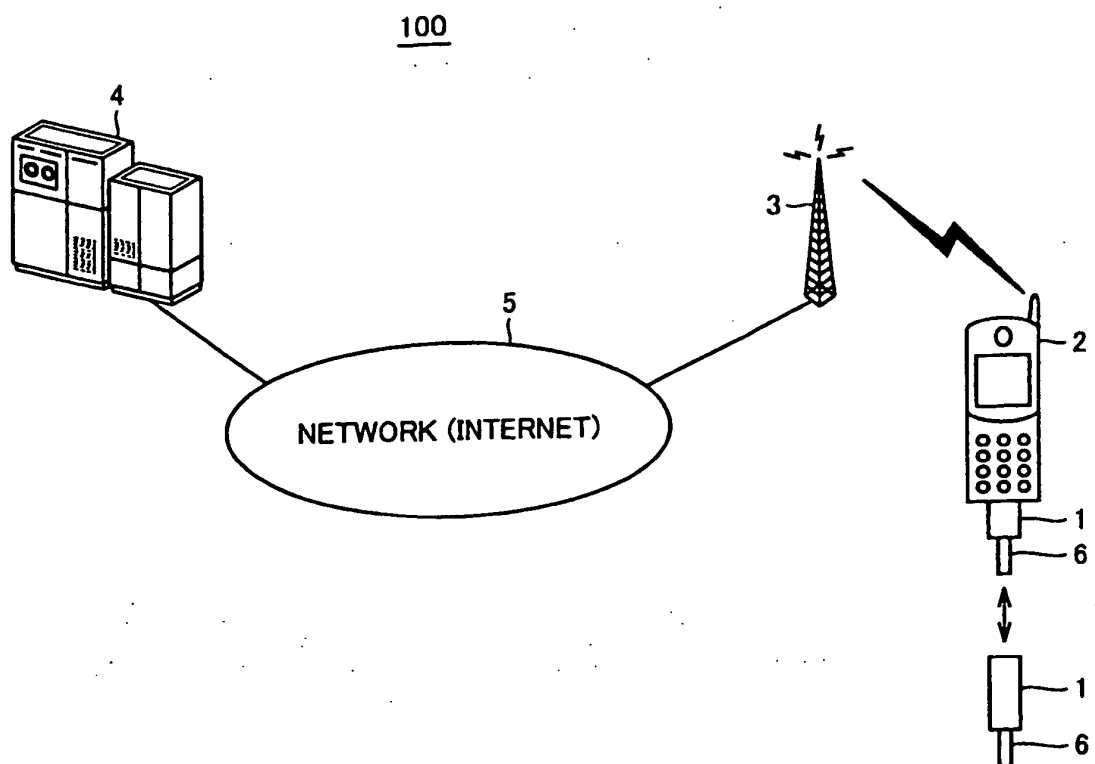


FIG.2

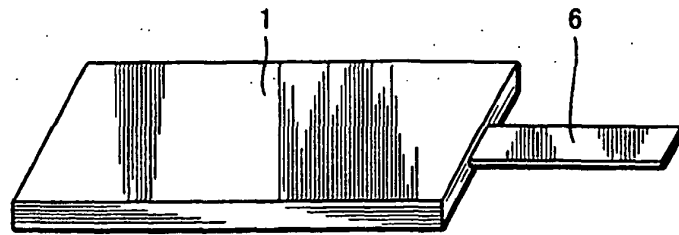


FIG.3

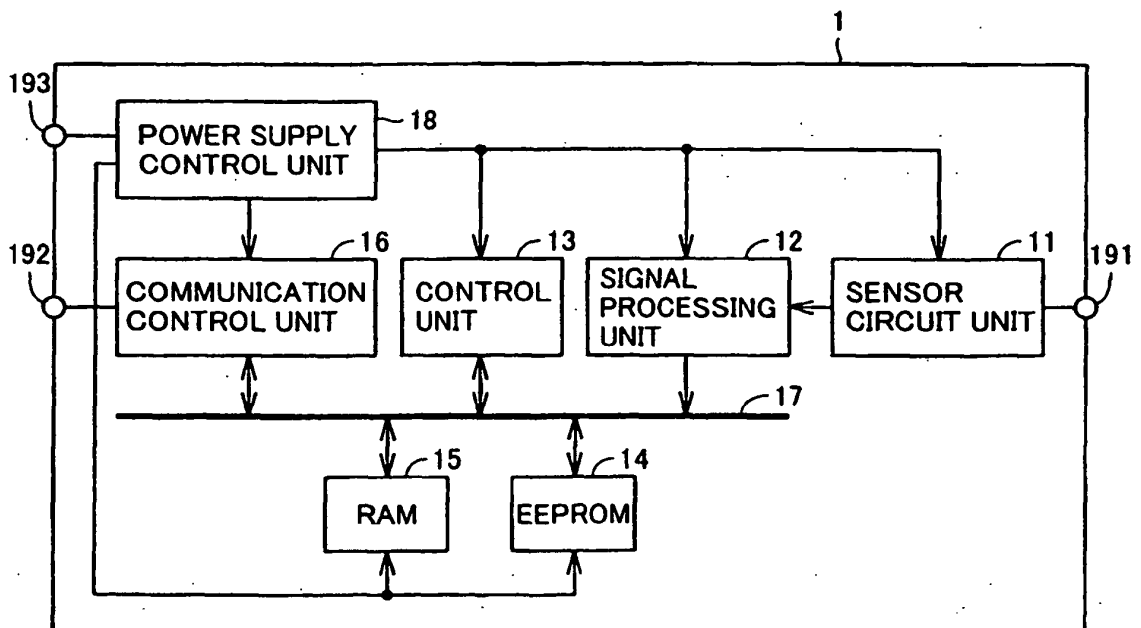
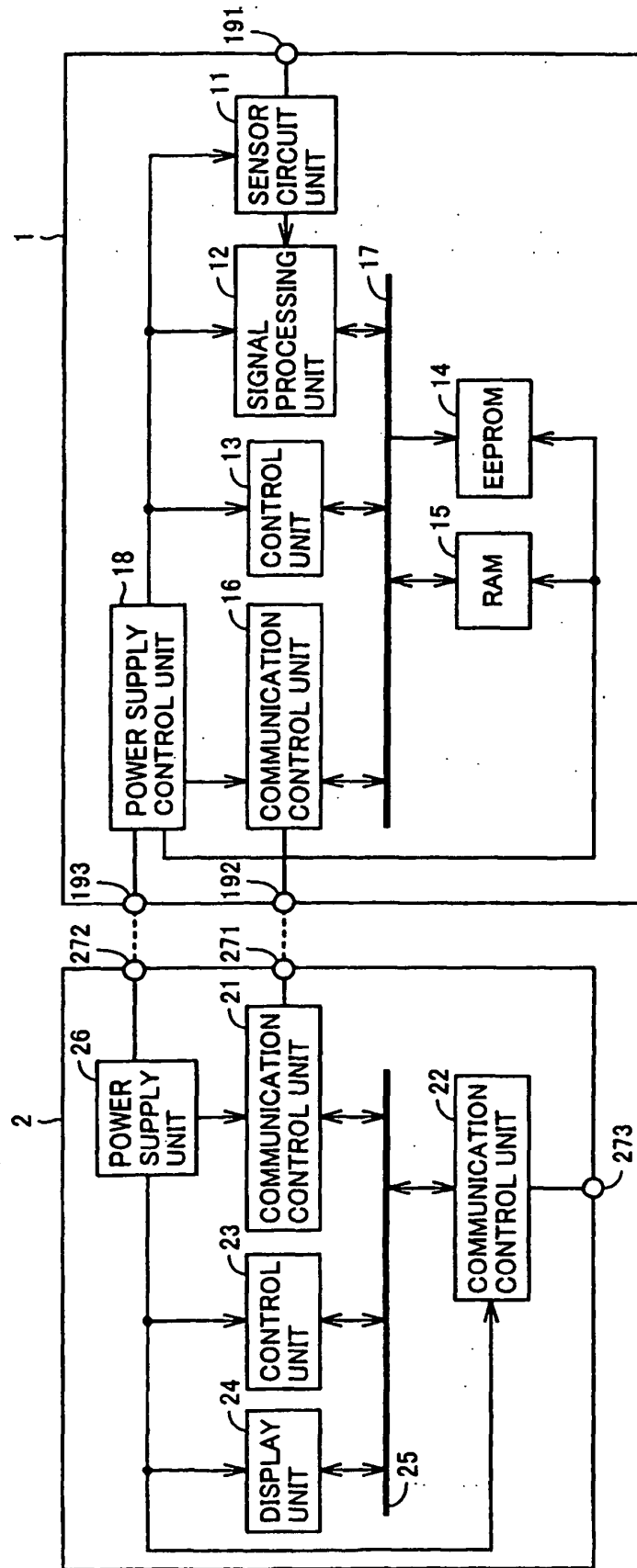
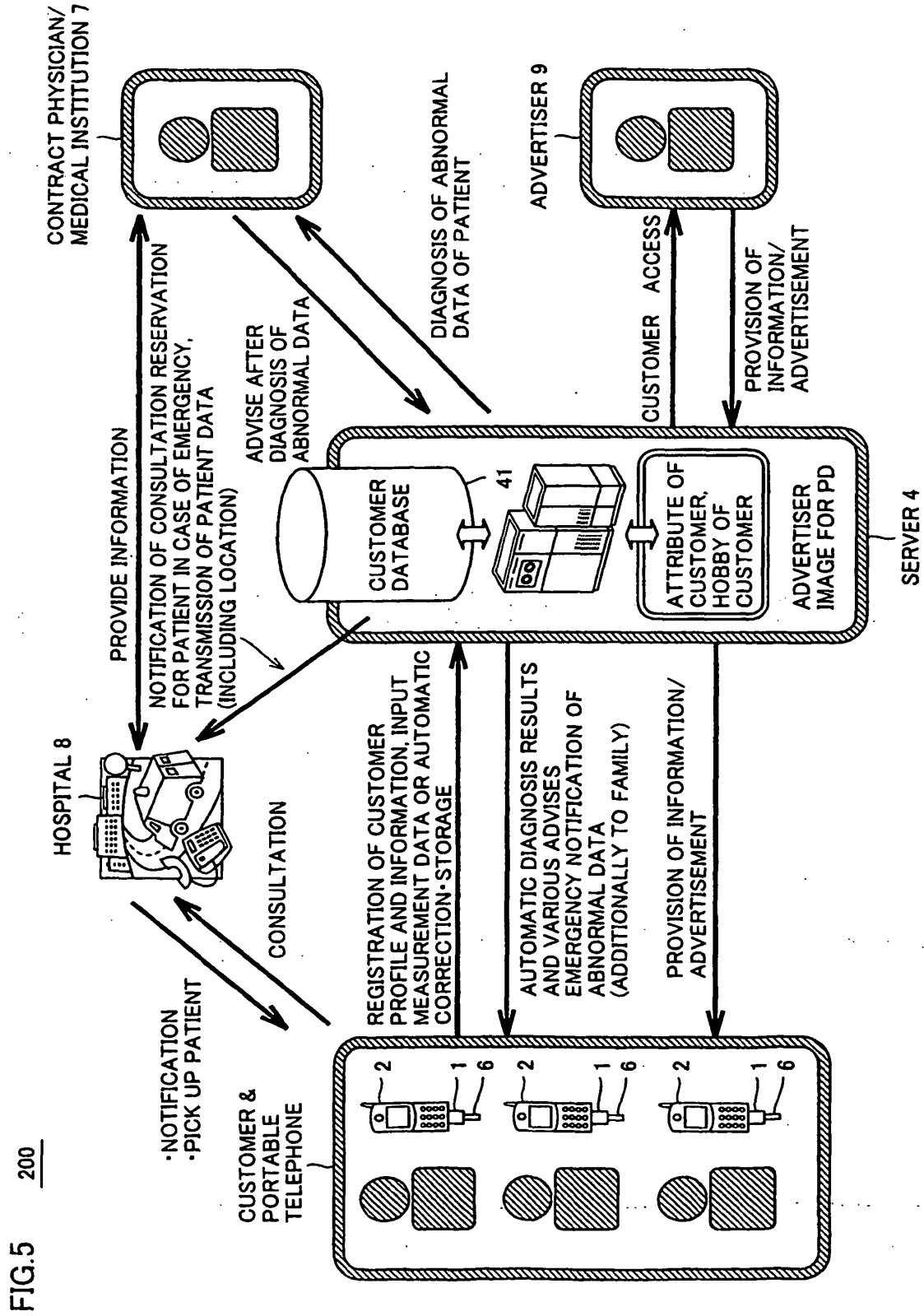


FIG.4





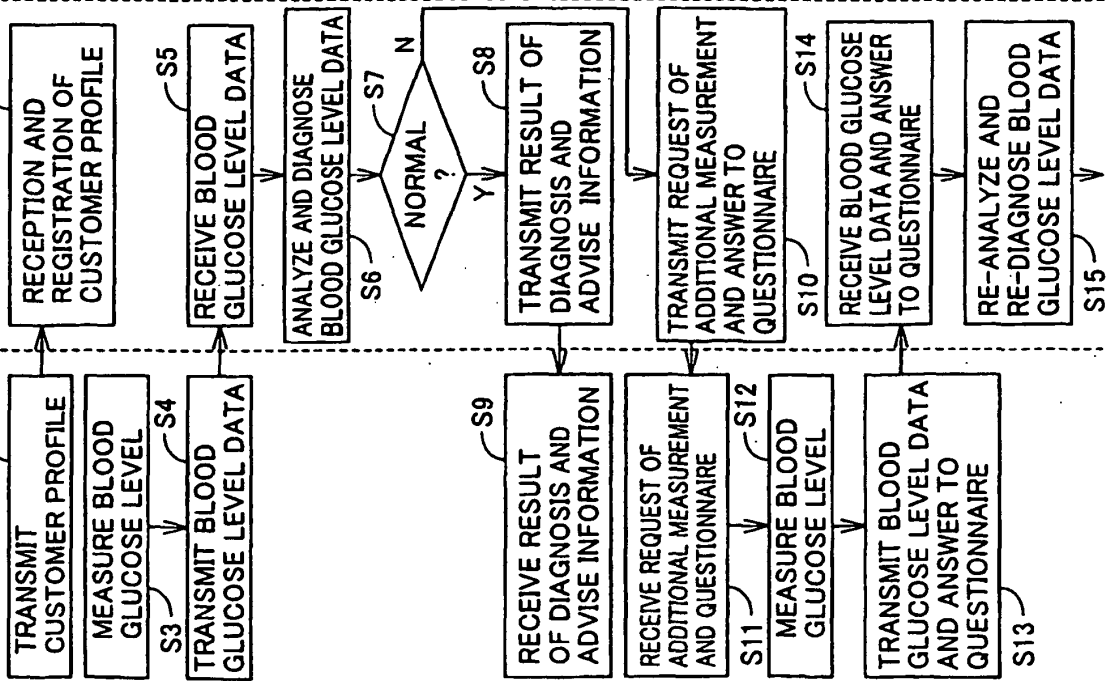
ADVERTISER 9

HOSPITAL 8

CONTRACT PHYSICIAN/
MEDICAL INSTITUTION 7

FIG. 6 CUSTOMER & PORTABLE
TELEPHONE 2 S1

SERVER 4 S2

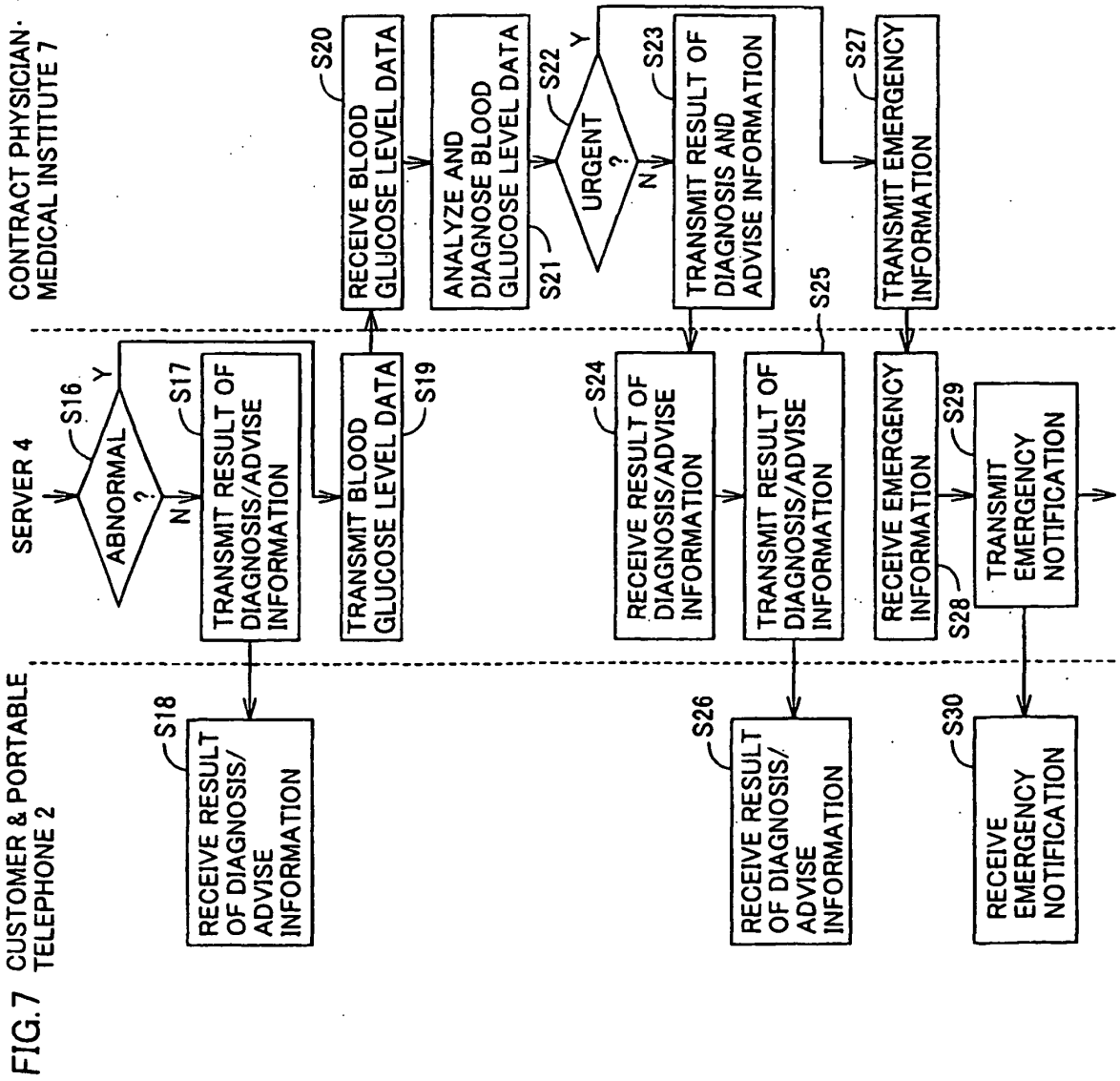


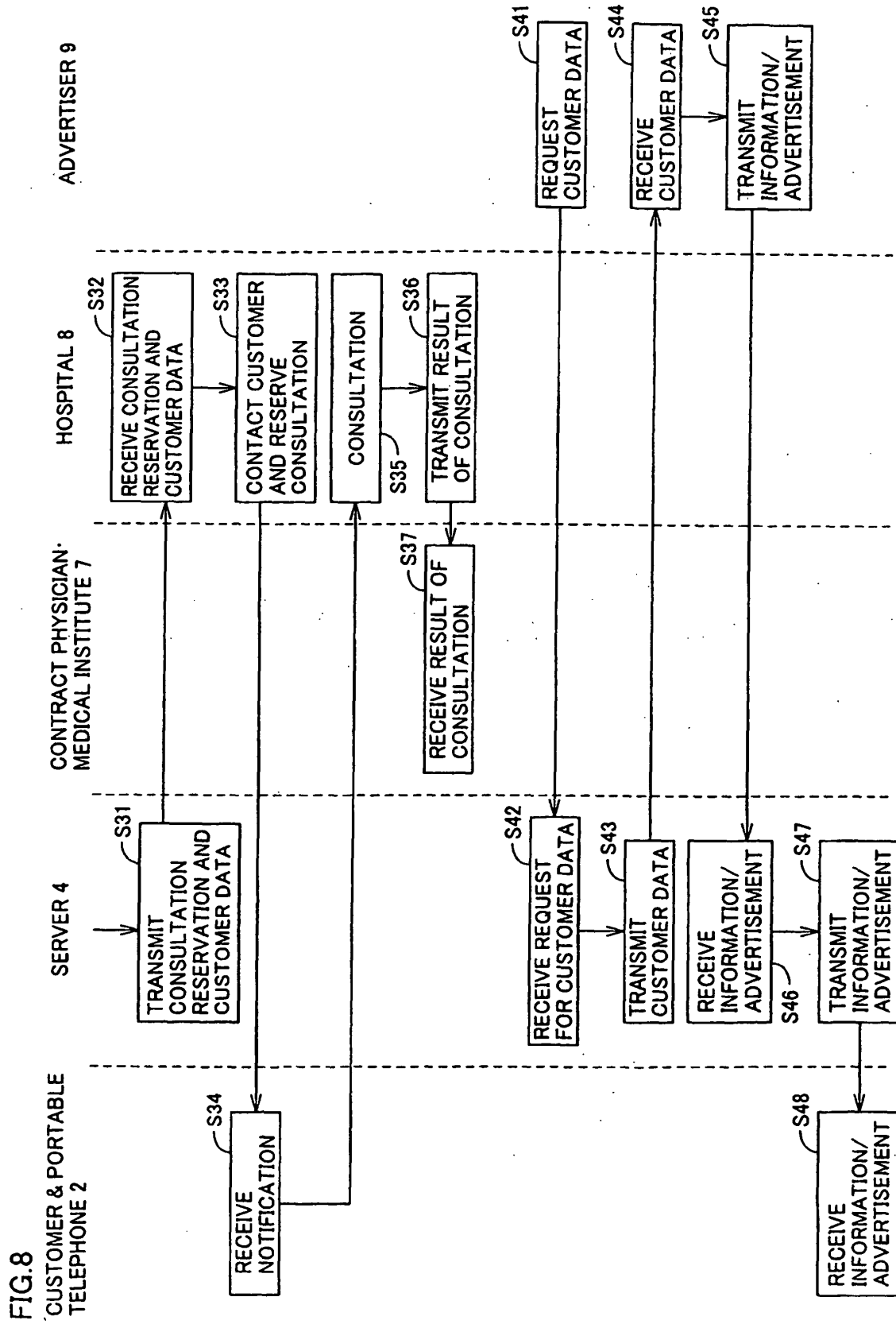
ADVERTISER 9

HOSPITAL 8

CONTRACT PHYSICIAN-
MEDICAL INSTITUTE 7

FIG. 7 CUSTOMER & PORTABLE
TELEPHONE 2





REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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专利名称(译)	远程医疗系统		
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外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

记录介质(1)包括:传感器电路单元(11),其根据血液中的血糖水平产生电流;以及控制单元(13),其根据通过数字转换所产生的电流而获得的数据来计算血糖水平数据。在信号处理单元(12)处,将计算的数据写入作为存储器单元的EEPROM(14),从EEPROM(14)读取血糖水平数据并将其发送到记录介质(1)所在的便携式终端。通过通信控制单元(16)安装。记录介质(1)还包括电源控制单元(18),其从安装有记录介质(1)的便携式终端接收电力,并向记录介质(1)中的各个部分供电。结果,当安装在便携式终端(2)上时,可以利用记录介质(1),血糖监测装置,并且记录介质(1)可以用在用于在两者之间提供双向服务的系统中。便携式终端(2)和服务(4)管理从由网络(5)连接的便携式终端(2)接收的血糖信息。

FIG.1

