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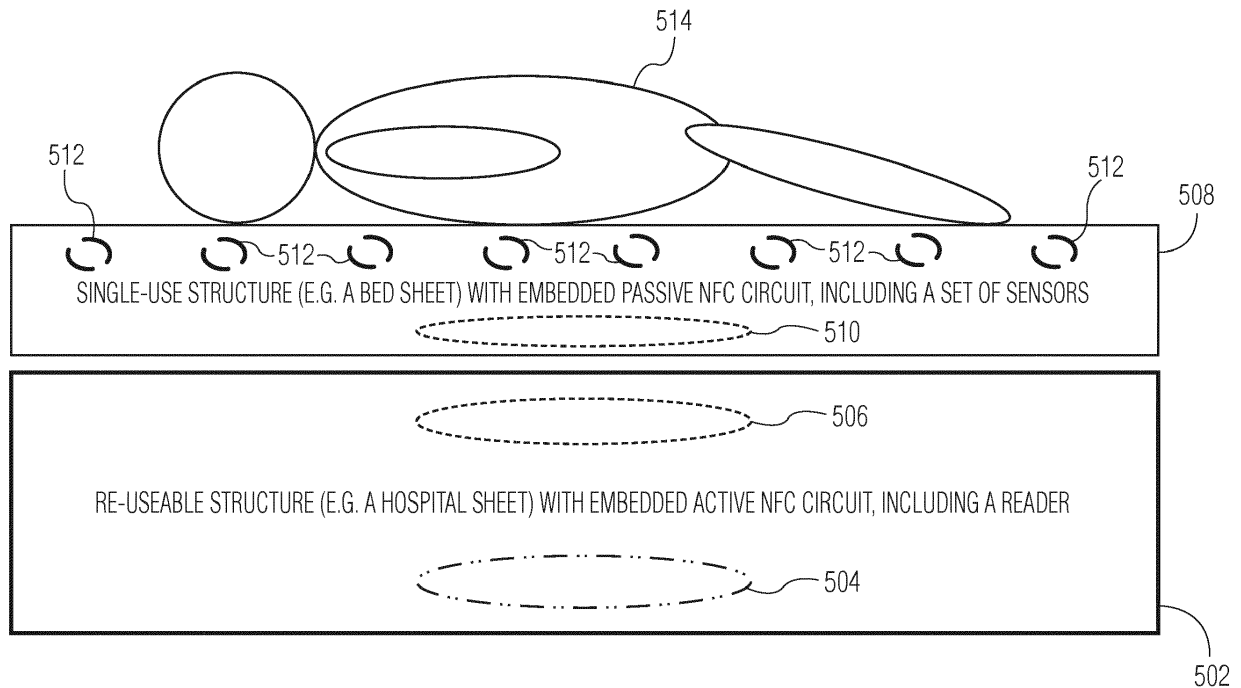
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(54) **HEALTH MONITORING DEVICE**

(57) One example discloses a health monitoring device (102, 108, 402, 502), including: a communications circuit configured to receive a set of health sensor data

based on a body surface; and a near-field antenna (110, 510), coupled to the circuit, and conformally coupled to the body surface.



**FIG. 5**

## Description

[0001] The present specification relates to systems, methods, apparatuses, devices, articles of manufacture and instructions for body monitoring.

[0002] Collection of data from wearable devices can be a challenge, particularly for single use, disposable devices in a hospital or care facility. For example, sensors for incontinence monitoring provides benefits for both a patient (better profiling, avoidance of leaks, personalized care...) and caregiver (better hygiene, avoidance of leaks...).

[0003] Also, adding an active device inside a disposable diaper requires some form of disposable battery, adding to the diaper's total cost and causing a higher environmental impact due to the battery chemicals and metal.

[0004] An active device could be plugged into the diaper and then unplugged after use of the diaper, however this requires additional handling by a caregiver and raises hygiene concerns.

[0005] Passive (i.e. non-powered) circuits inside a diaper may be used in conjunction with a mobile handheld tag reader; however, this solution requires manual scanning and does not allow for an automatic alarm function since it still requires the caregiver to perform regular manual checks using the mobile tag reader.

## SUMMARY

[0006] According to an example embodiment, a health monitoring device, comprising: a communications circuit configured to receive a set of health sensor data based on a body surface; and a near-field antenna, coupled to the circuit, and configured to be conformally coupled to the body surface.

[0007] In another example embodiment, the body surface has a maximum cross-section; and the near-field antenna has at least one spatial dimension greater than or equal to the maximum cross-section.

[0008] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna is configured to surround at least one of: the body surface, a waist, a torso, an arm, a leg, a lower body region, a wound, a chest, or a head.

[0009] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna includes at least one of: an air core or a ferrite core.

[0010] In another example embodiment, a shape of the near-field antenna is at least one of: a solenoid, a dipole, a closed shape, a spiral or a loop.

[0011] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna includes a detachable electrical coupling between a first and second antenna segments.

[0012] In another example embodiment, further including a single-use structure having a set of sensors configured to generate the set of health sensor data based on the body surface; and the single-use structure includes only externally powered passive circuits.

[0013] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna is embedded in at least one of: an item of clothing, a sock, an undergarment, a diaper, a bandage, a tape, a splint, a cast, a bed sheet, a cushion, or a covering.

[0014] In another example embodiment, at least one of the sensors is: a humidity sensor, a temperature sensor, a pressure sensor, a gas sensor, molecular sensor, a microbial sensor, a stress sensor, a position sensor, or a proximity sensor.

[0015] In another example embodiment, further including: a re-useable structure having a near-field reader configured to process the set of health sensor data based on the body surface.

[0016] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna is embedded in at least one of: an item of clothing, a belt, a shirt, pants, a chest strap, a necklace, a bed, a chair, or a piece of furniture.

[0017] In another example embodiment, further comprising a wireless antenna configured to transmit the set of health sensor data using at least one of: a wifi signal, a cellular signal, a Bluetooth signal, or a zigbee signal.

[0018] In another example embodiment, the re-useable structure is configured to transmit an alarm signal over the wireless antenna in response to a threshold value within the set of health sensor data.

[0019] In another example embodiment, a first near-field antenna in the re-useable structure is configured to communicate with a second near-field antenna in a single-use structure having a set of sensors configured to generate the set of health sensor data based on the body surface; and the single-use structure is wholly powered by a near-field signal from the re-useable structure.

[0020] In another example embodiment, the first near-field antenna is spatially positioned with respect to the second near-field antenna so as to maximize a coupling factor between the first and second near-field antennas.

[0021] In another example embodiment, the near-field antenna has at least one spatial dimension greater than or equal to a cross-section of the body surface.

[0022] The above discussion is not intended to represent every example embodiment or every implementation within the scope of the current or future Claim sets. The Figures and Detailed Description that follow also exemplify various example embodiments.

[0023] Various example embodiments may be more completely understood in consideration of the following Detailed Description in connection with the accompanying Drawings, in which:

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

### [0024]

Figure 1 is an example set of health monitoring devices.

Figure 2A is an example set of health monitoring devices applied to a set of body surfaces.

Figure 2B is an example first cross-section.

Figure 2C is an example second cross-section.

Figure 3 is an example coupling factor between a first health monitoring device and a second health monitoring device.

Figure 4 is an example first health monitoring device embedded in a belt and a second health monitoring device embedded in a diaper, for incontinence monitoring.

Figure 5 is an example first health monitoring device embedded in a re-usable bed and a second health monitoring device embedded in a single-use or limited-use sheet, for incontinence monitoring.

Figures 6A and 6B show example antenna designs embedded within a health monitoring device.

**[0025]** While the disclosure is amenable to various modifications and alternative forms, specifics thereof have been shown by way of example in the drawings and will be described in detail. It should be understood, however, that other embodiments, beyond the particular embodiments described, are possible as well. All modifications, equivalents, and alternative embodiments falling within the spirit and scope of the appended claims are covered as well.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

**[0026]** Combining a re-usable active health monitoring device with a single-use passive health monitoring device, wherein both devices communicate using an NFC or other near-field signal would enable the low-cost single-use device to be disposed of, while relying on the re-usable device for relaying patient health data from the single-use device sensors to a remote caregiver.

**[0027]** For example, by using health monitoring devices (e.g. wearable devices such as a belt or a necklace) which contain an active (i.e. self-powered) NFC (or near-field) reader in conjunction with a passive NFC circuit embedded in a single-use structure (e.g. an incontinence diaper) with various sensors, remote patient monitoring is enabled in an inexpensive and convenient manner.

**[0028]** Patient and/or caregiver intervention is not required since the re-usable active health monitoring device autonomously reads out sensor information (e.g. a humidity level) from the NFC-powered sensors and circuits in the single-use structure (e.g. diaper). The re-usable active health monitoring device then forwards this set of health sensor data through an additional wireless interface (e.g. wifi, zigbee, bluetooth, etc.) to a remote caregiver.

**[0029]** Since the sensors in the single-use structure are powered from the NFC field, no battery is required and a total cost of the single-use structure is minimized. Additionally, no batteries need to be disposed of, which reduces the environmental impact as well.

**[0030]** In one set of example embodiments, the re-usable active health monitoring device with the reader can

be embedded into *articles of clothing worn by the patient and/or user* (e.g. a sock, a belt, a neckless, a wallet, pants, shirt, shoes, and additional undergarments). In alternate example embodiments, the reader could be embedded into *articles and structures nearby by the patient* (e.g. a chair, a bed, a table, a cup, a plate).

**[0031]** **Figure 1** is an example set of *health monitoring devices*. A first active health monitoring device 102 (e.g. a re-useable structure) includes a wireless antenna 104, a first NFC antenna 106, an NFC reader (not shown), a battery (not shown), and various other communication, logic and/or memory circuits (not shown). This re-useable structure 102 includes at least one internally powered active circuit. In example embodiments, the NFC antenna 106 is embedded in at least one of: an item of clothing, a belt, a shirt, pants, a chest strap, a necklace, a bed, a chair, or a piece of furniture.

**[0032]** Also in example embodiments, the wireless antenna 104 is configured to transmit an alarm and/or a set of health sensor data using at least one of: a wifi signal, a cellular signal, a Bluetooth signal, or a zigbee signal. This information can be received by a variety of devices including: a local Wifi hotspot, a smartphone, a server, or a cellular node, thereby enabling caregivers to be notified and respond to a patient condition indicated by the set of health sensor data.

**[0033]** A second passive health monitoring device 108 (e.g. single-use structure) includes a second NFC antenna 110, a set of sensors 112 for providing a set of health sensor data from or within sensing distance of a body surface, and various other communication, logic and/or memory circuits (not shown). In one example, the passive single-use structure 108 includes only externally powered passive circuits. In various examples, the second NFC antenna 110 can be embedded in: an item of clothing, a sock, an undergarment, a diaper, a bandage, a tape, a splint, a cast, a bed sheet, a cushion, or a covering.

**[0034]** Also, the set of sensors 112 can include: a humidity sensor, a temperature sensor, a pressure sensor, a gas sensor, molecular sensor, a microbial sensor, a stress sensor, a position sensor, or a proximity sensor.

**[0035]** The first and second health monitoring devices 102, 108 communicate using the first and second NFC antennas 106, 110 based on coupling factor 114. In one example, the second passive health monitoring device 108 is periodically powered and queried by the first active health monitoring device 102 using an NFC reader integrated into the device 102.

**[0036]** The communications circuits in either of the health monitoring devices 102, 108 are configured to receive the set of health sensor data based on a body surface (e.g. any location on or within sensing distance of a person's body). In one example embodiment, the second health monitoring device 108 collects the set of health data and transmits the data to the first health monitoring device 102 via NFC.

**[0037]** The first health monitoring device 102 commu-

nication circuit receives the health data via NFC and relays it via a wireless signal to a caregiver. In one example, the first health monitoring device 102 is configured to transmit an alarm signal over the wireless antenna in response to a threshold value within the set of health sensor data.

**[0038]** For maximum NFC coupling between the first and second NFC antennas 106, 110, these antennas 106, 110 and the re-useable and/or single-use structures they and the health monitoring devices 102, 108 are embedded in, are conformally coupled to the body surface to be monitored. Conformally coupled is herein defined as adapting to a set of body surface contours, such that the antenna geometry either closely or approximately takes a shape which mimics the body surface. Some examples of this conformal coupling to a body surface are shown in **Figures 2A, 2B, 4 and 5**. The degree of conformality can vary from a "snug fit" to a "loose draping", each having an effect on the coupling factor between the antennas 106, 110.

**[0039]** In one example embodiment the NFC antennas 106, 110 have at least one spatial dimension greater than or equal to a cross-section of the body surface, as shown in **Figure 2A and 2B**, and are positioned so as to maximize a **coupling factor** between the first and second NFC antennas 106, 110.

**[0040]** **Figure 2A** is an example set of health monitoring devices applied to a set of body surfaces. Shown is an idealized human body 202. Attached to the body 202 is a first set of health monitoring devices 204, show to encircle a torso of the body 202. The first monitoring devices 204 include a single-use structure 206 (e.g. a diaper) and a re-useable structure 208 (e.g. a reader embedded in a belt).

**[0041]** Similarly, attached to the body 202 is a second set of health monitoring devices 210, show to encircle a leg of the body 202. The second monitoring devices 210 include a single-use structure 212 (e.g. a bandage) and a re-useable structure 214 (e.g. a reader embedded in an elastic leg band).

**[0042]** **Figure 2B** is an example first cross-section 216. The first set of health monitoring devices 204 have a cross-sectional diameter equal to or greater than a cross-sectional diameter of the body's 202 torso. Particularly, the NFC antennas embedded in the single-use structure 206 and re-useable structure 208 are sufficiently large and sufficiently close to ensure an adequate coupling factor for NFC communication of a set of health data between the structures 206, 208.

**[0043]** **Figure 2C** is an example second cross-section 218. The second set of health monitoring devices 210 have a cross-sectional diameter equal to or greater than a cross-sectional diameter of the body's 202 leg. Particularly, the NFC antennas embedded in the single-use structure 212 and re-useable structure 214 are sufficiently large and sufficiently close to ensure an adequate coupling factor for NFC communication of a set of health data between the structures 212, 214.

**[0044]** In other examples, health monitoring devices can partially or wholly encircle other portions of the body 202 such as: a waist, an arm, a lower body region, a surface wound, an internal organ, a chest, or a head.

**[0045]** **Figure 3** is an example coupling factor (k) 302 between a first health monitoring device 304 and a second health monitoring device 306. The coupling factor 302 is plotted compared to a displacement 308 (i.e. alignment of electro-magnetic flux) between the devices 304, 306 and as compared to a distance 310 between the devices 304, 306. As shown in example **Figure 3**, mutual coupling is a strong function of the distance 310 between NFC antennas in the devices 304, 306 and their relative alignment/displacement 308.

**[0046]** In one example, robust NFC communication between the devices 304, 306 occurs when a **mutual coupling** between the first health monitoring device 304 (e.g. reader antenna coil) and the second health monitoring device 306 (e.g. the sensor antenna coil) is at least 20%.

**[0047]** **Figure 4** is an example first health monitoring device 402 embedded in a belt and a second health monitoring device 404 embedded in a diaper, for incontinence monitoring. The first health monitoring device 402 includes a reader coil 406 and NFC reader circuitry 408 embedded in a re-usable belt 410. The second health monitoring device 404 includes a sensor coil 412 and NFC sensor circuitry 414 embedded in an undergarment 416.

**[0048]** In this example, the first and second health monitoring devices 402, 404 are designed to work concentrically (e.g. belt coil 406 surrounds the diaper coil 412). These devices 402, 404 are designed so that there is a minimal distance between the coils 406, 412 and a nearly perfect angular alignment. Thus by integrating an NFC reader antenna in a specific form factor of a belt and by integrating a corresponding NFC sensor antenna in a top part of a diaper aligned to an axis of a human torso circumference, sufficient magnetic coupling between the reader and the NFC sensor is achieved.

**[0049]** A distance between the NFC reader coil 406 inside the belt and the NFC sensor coil 412 inside the diaper is typically less than 10cm, if a diameter of both NFC antennas coils is typically 40cm (corresponding to a 125cm waist circumference) depending on age, weight and sex of the patient. From **Figure 3**, this configuration results in a mutual coupling coefficient above 20% which should give robust NFC communication performance.

**[0050]** In an alternate example, the reader coil 406 includes a detachable electrical coupling at the belt buckle, which divides the reader coil 406 in to first and second antenna segments. When the belt buckle is clasped together the reader coil's 406 forms a continuous electrical antenna circuit.

**[0051]** In alternate embodiments, the reader coil 406 can be embedded in a necklace or collier. This provides good alignment in terms of displacement but creates a larger distance and a worse relative angular alignment. Alternatively, the reader coil 406 can be embedded in a

chest strap could be considered as well.

**[0052]** **Figure 5** is an example active health monitoring device (e.g. structure) 502 embedded in a re-usable bed and a passive health monitoring device 508 embedded in a single-use or limited-use sheet, for incontinence monitoring, wound care, etc. The active health monitoring device 502 (e.g. re-useable structure) includes a wireless antenna 504, a first NFC antenna 506, an NFC reader (not shown), a battery (not shown), and various other communication, logic and/or memory circuits (not shown). This active health monitoring device 502 includes at least one internally powered active circuit.

**[0053]** The passive health monitoring device 508 (e.g. single-use or limited-use structure) includes a second NFC antenna 510, a set of sensors 512 for providing a set of health sensor data from a body 514 surface, and various other communication, logic and/or memory circuits (not shown). In one example, the passive single-use or limited-use structure 508 includes only externally powered passive circuits.

**[0054]** **Figures 6A and 6B** show example antenna designs embedded within a health monitoring device. **Figure 6A** shows a ferrite core antenna coil 602 and **Figure 6B** shows a first 604 and second 606 air core antenna coil. The air core antennas can at least have a shape which is at least one of: a dipole, a closed shape, a spiral or a loop.

**[0055]** In this specification, example embodiments have been presented in terms of a selected set of details. However, a person of ordinary skill in the art would understand that many other example embodiments may be practiced which include a different selected set of these details. It is intended that the following claims cover all possible example embodiments.

## Claims

### 1. Health monitoring device, comprising:

a communications circuit configured to receive a set of health sensor data based on a body surface; and  
a near-field antenna, coupled to the circuit, and configured to be conformally coupled to the body surface.

### 2. The device of claim 1:

wherein the near-field antenna has at least one spatial dimension greater than or equal to the maximum cross-section of the body surface.

### 3. The device of claim 1 or 2:

wherein the near-field antenna is configured to surround at least one of: the body surface, a waist, a torso, an arm, a leg, a lower body region,

a wound, a chest, or a head.

### 4. The device of any preceding claim:

wherein the near-field antenna includes at least one of: an air core or a ferrite core.

### 5. The device of any preceding claim:

wherein a shape of the near-field antenna is at least one of: a solenoid, a dipole, a closed shape, a spiral or a loop.

### 6. The device of any preceding claim:

wherein the near-field antenna includes a detachable electrical coupling between a first and second antenna segments.

### 7. The device of any preceding claim, further including:

a single-use structure having a set of sensors configured to generate the set of health sensor data based on the body surface; and  
wherein the single-use structure includes only externally powered passive circuits.

### 8. The device of claim 7:

wherein the near-field antenna is embedded in at least one of: an item of clothing, a sock, an undergarment, a diaper, a bandage, a tape, a splint, a cast, a bed sheet, a cushion, or a covering.

### 9. The device of claim 7 or 8:

wherein at least one of the sensors is: a humidity sensor, a temperature sensor, a pressure sensor, a gas sensor, molecular sensor, a microbial sensor, a stress sensor, a position sensor, or a proximity sensor.

### 10. The device of any of claims 1 to 6, further including:

a re-useable structure having a near-field reader configured to process the set of health sensor data based on the body surface.

### 11. The device of claim 10:

wherein the near-field antenna is embedded in at least one of: an item of clothing, a belt, a shirt, pants, a chest strap, a necklace, a bed, a chair, or a piece of furniture.

### 12. The device of claim 10 or 11:

further comprising a wireless antenna configured to transmit the set of health sensor data using at least one of: a wifi signal, a cellular signal, a Bluetooth signal, or a zigbee signal.

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13. The device of claim 12:

wherein the re-useable structure is configured to transmit an alarm signal over the wireless antenna in response to a threshold value within the set of health sensor data.

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14. The device of any of claims 10 to 13:

wherein a first near-field antenna in the re-useable structure is configured to communicate with a second near-field antenna in a single-use structure having a set of sensors configured to generate the set of health sensor data based on the body surface; and

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wherein the single-use structure is wholly powered by a near-field signal from the re-useable structure.

15. The device of claim 14:

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wherein the first near-field antenna is spatially positioned with respect to the second near-field antenna so as to maximize a coupling factor between the first and second near-field antennas.

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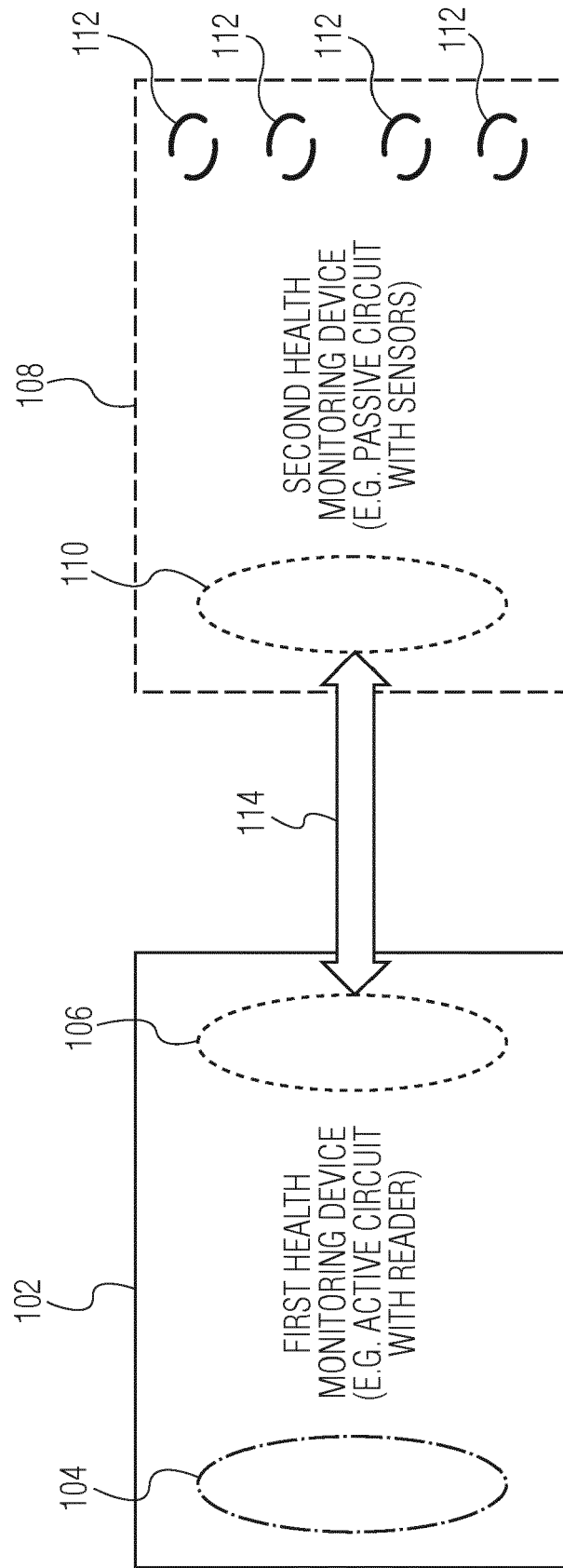


FIG. 1

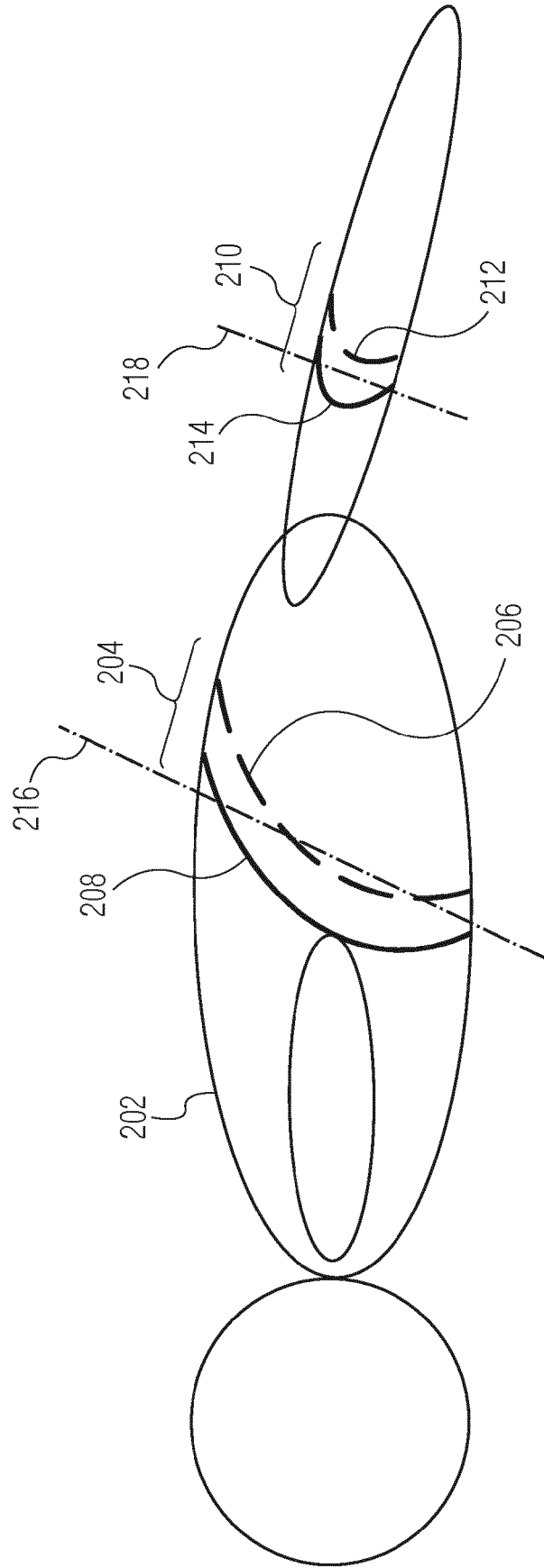


FIG. 2A

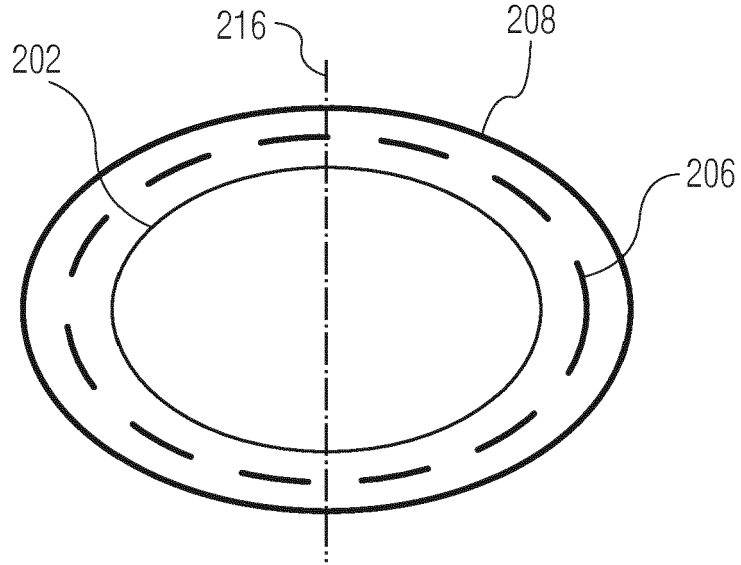


FIG. 2B

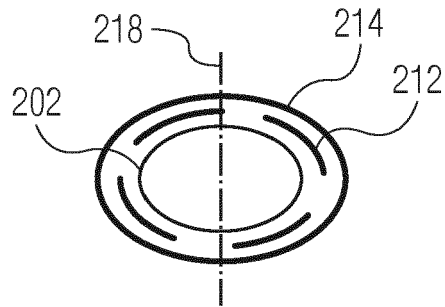


FIG. 2C

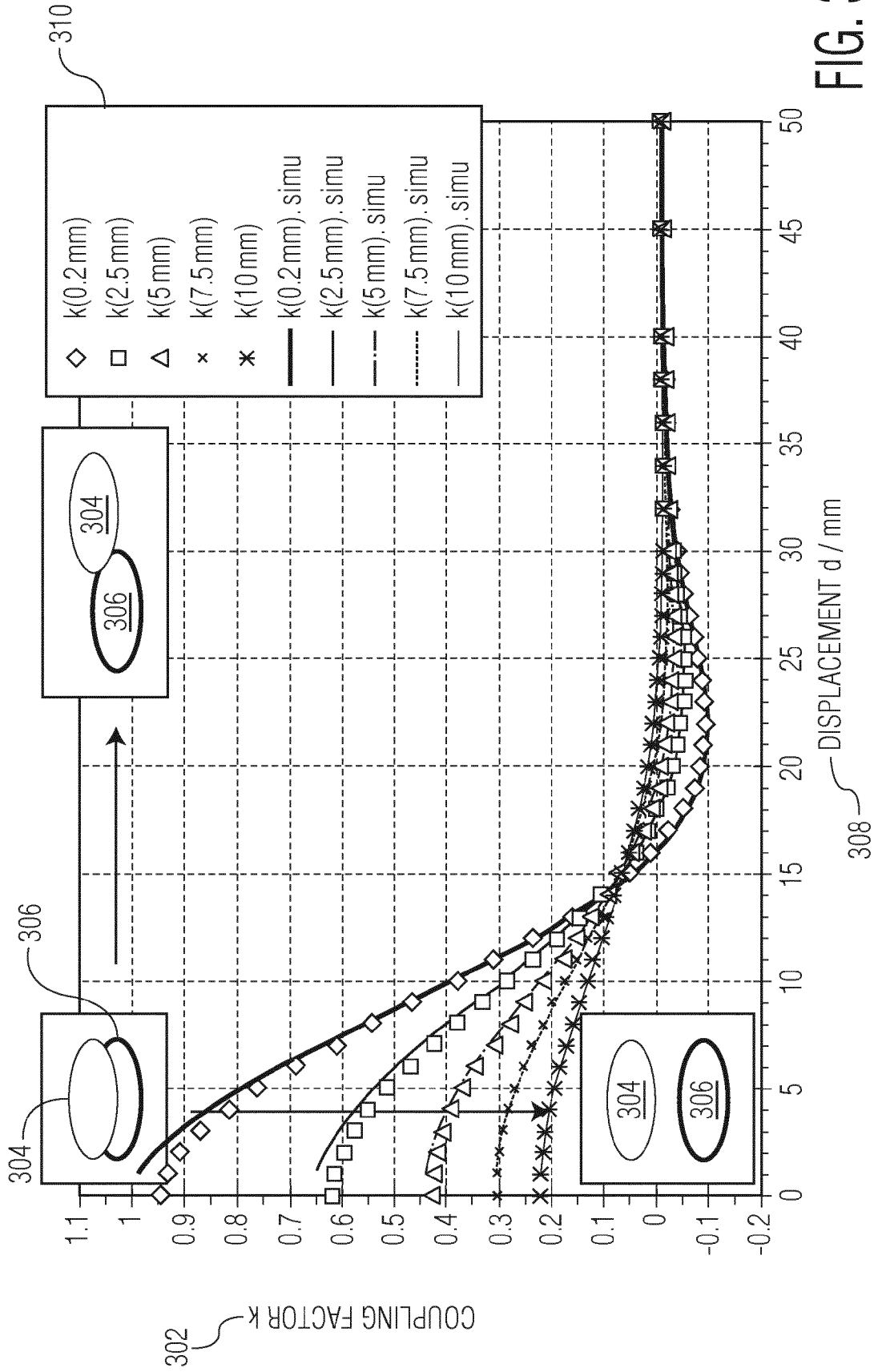


FIG. 3

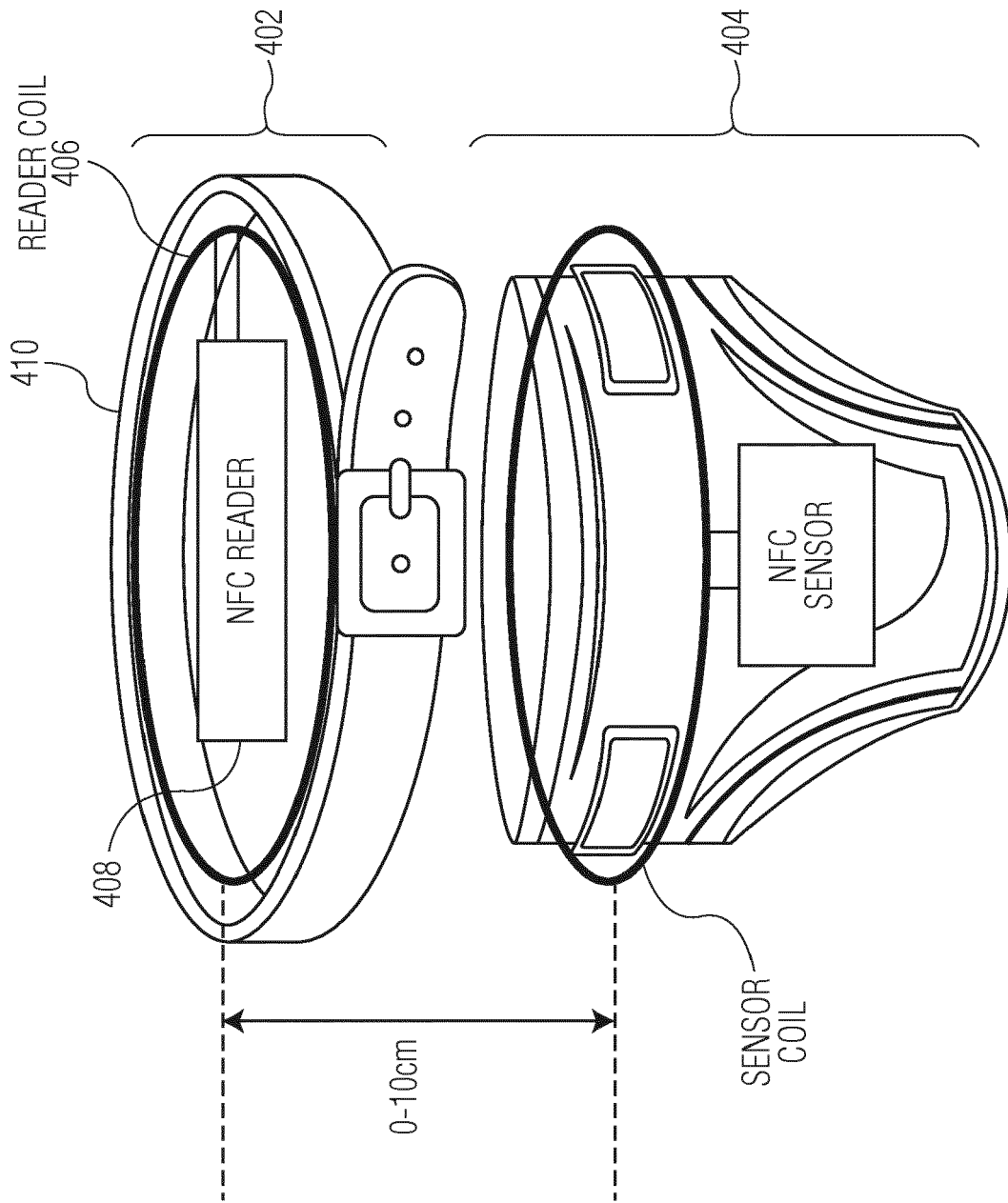


FIG. 4

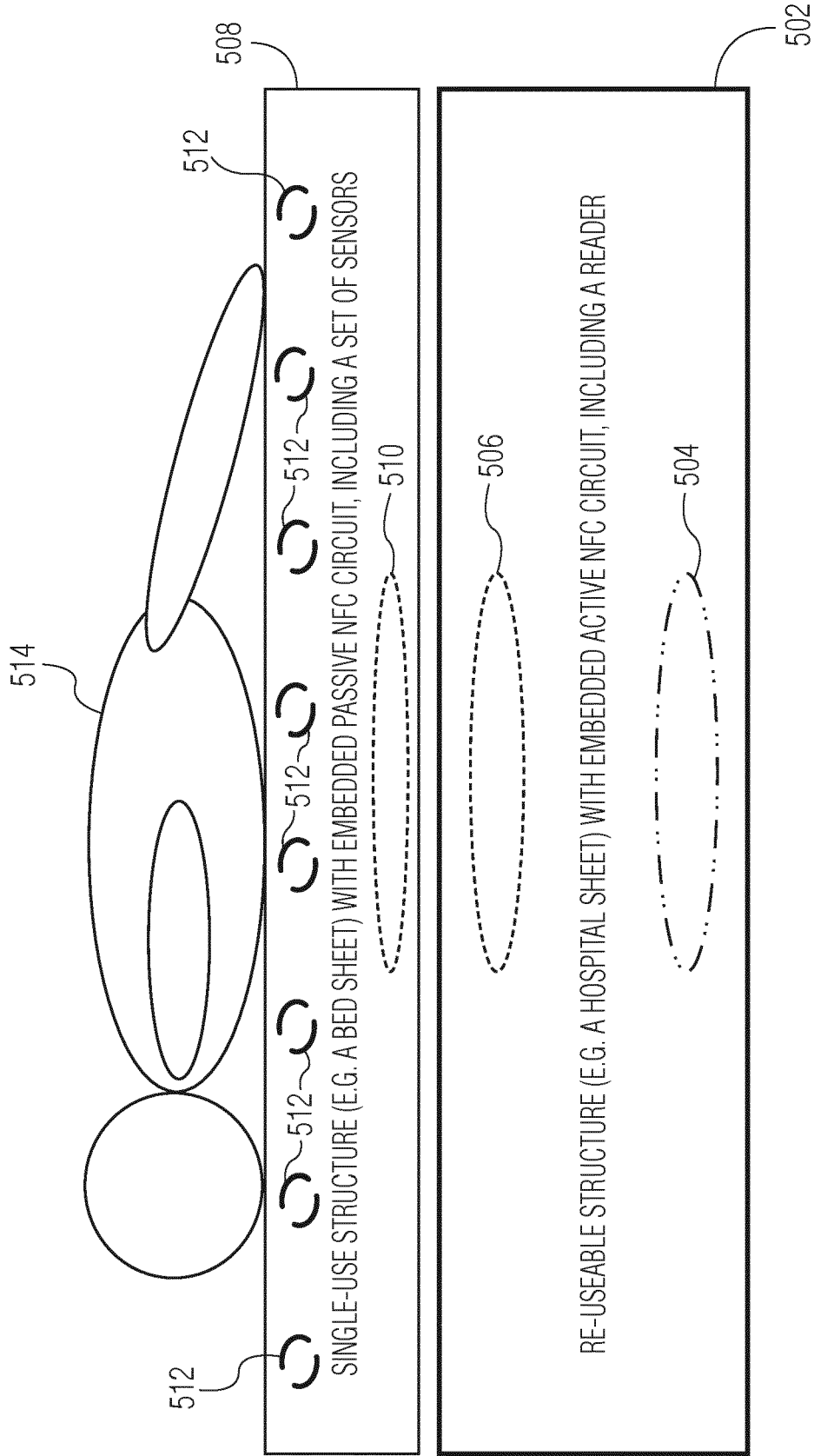


FIG. 5

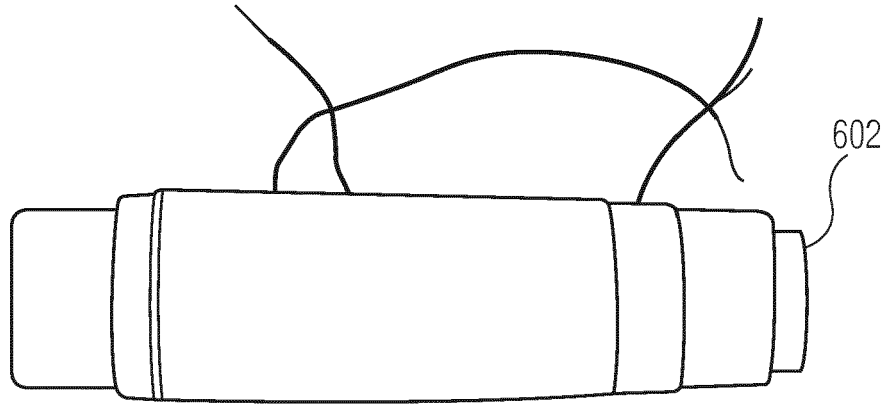


FIG. 6A

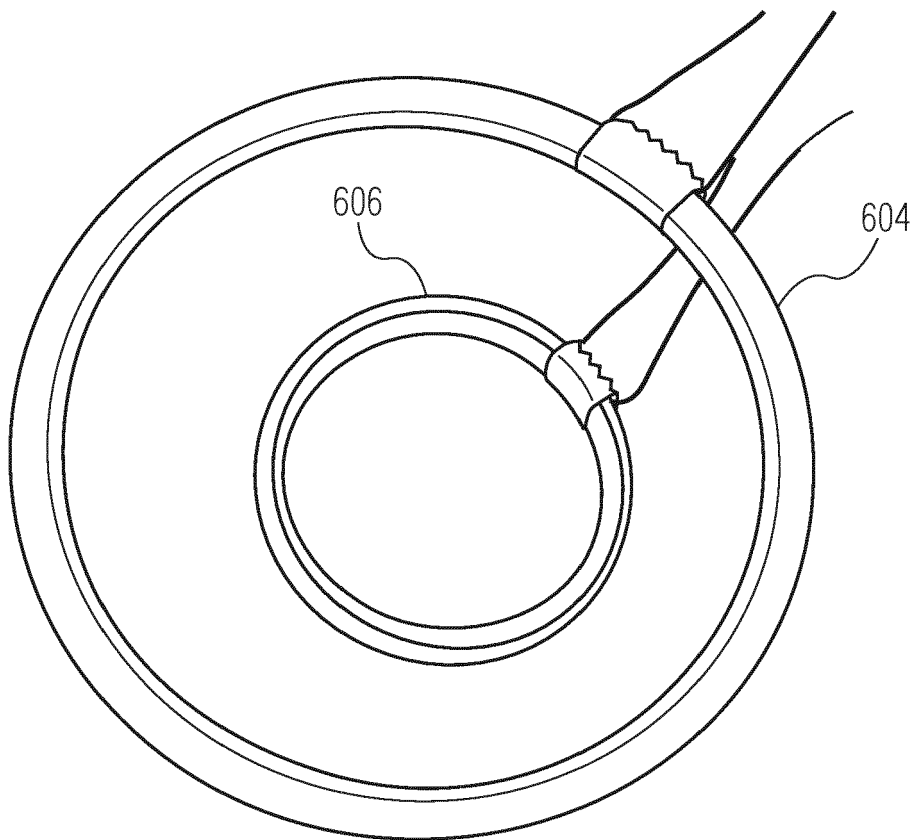


FIG. 6B



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number  
EP 16 18 0783

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Place of search <b>The Hague</b>		Date of completion of the search <b>13 January 2017</b>	Examiner <b>Visser, Robert</b>	
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document				

EPO FORM 1503 03.02 (P04C01)

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5 This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report.  
The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on  
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专利名称(译)	健康监测装置		
公开(公告)号	<a href="#">EP3135188A1</a>	公开(公告)日	2017-03-01
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发明人	THOEN, STEVEN MARK		
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摘要(译)

一个示例公开了一种健康监测设备 ( 102,108,402,502 ) , 包括 : 通信电路 , 其被配置为基于身体表面接收一组健康传感器数据;以及近场天线 ( 110,510 ) , 耦合到所述电路 , 并且共形地耦合到所述身体表面。

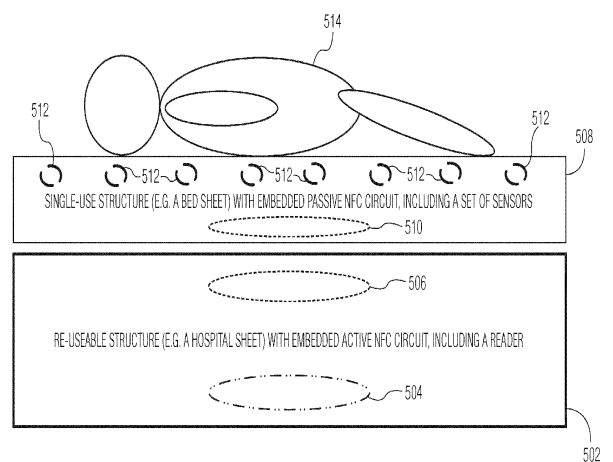


FIG. 5