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(54) Title: HEAD HARNESS & WIRELESS EEG MONITORING SYSTEM

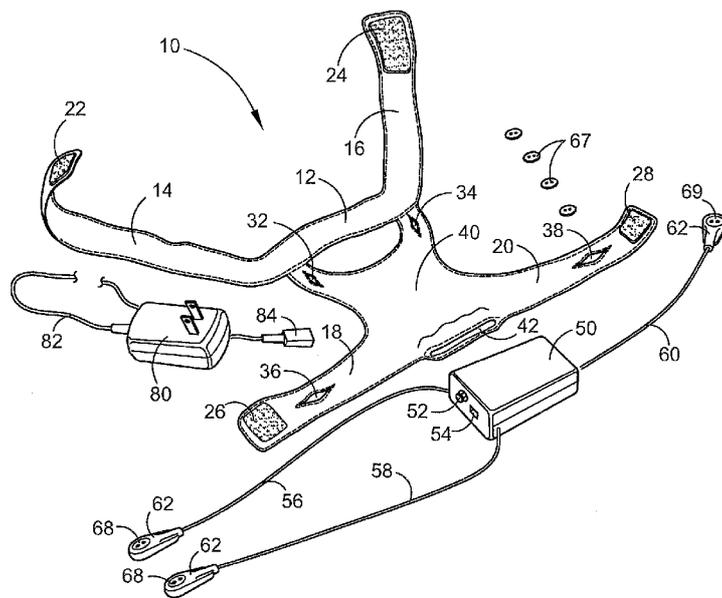


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: An assembly and system for collection and assessment of physiological data is provided. The assembly includes a physiological data acquisition module that may be used in combination with a head harness for the collection, recordation, storage and transmission of quality physiological data. The assembly integrates easy to use, self-applied electrodes in a user-friendly system resulting in less data artifacts than commonly seen in conventional methods and techniques for collecting physiological data. The assembly and system captures high-quality physiological data for display, storage, processing and analysis.



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**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

**INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION**

**FOR**

**HEAD HARNESS AND WIRELESS EEG MONITORING SYSTEM**

By

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HEAD HARNESS & WIRELESS EEG MONITORING SYSTEM

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Kevin Liu

CROSS REFERENCES

[0001] This application claims priority from United States Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 61/255,343 filed on October 27, 2009 incorporated herein in its entirety by this reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to devices for the acquisition of physiological data. More particularly the present invention is directed to a physiological data acquisition assembly that may be used in combination with a head harness, applied by a user without assistance and that acquires quality physiological data including but not limited to EEG, EKG, EMG, and EOG signals.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] An electroencephalogram (EEG) is the graphic record of brain action potentials. The EEG supplies important information about the brain function of a patient. Conventional monitoring and diagnostic equipment is structured in such a way that several electrodes are mounted on the subject, which tap the brain signals and transmit the signals via cables to amplifier units. Normally, separate electrodes are used for each measurement parameter and usually require that numerous electrodes be placed on a patient's head. Proper placement of the electrodes is important and usually follows the International 10/20 System, which is the widely

accepted method describing the placement of the electrodes on the patient's head. As a result, EEG data is often gathered in a clinical setting where the electrodes can be properly placed with technical assistance.

[0004] Due to the nature of the conventional methods applied in EEG examinations, many cables are suspended on the patient. The cables are troublesome in that they constrict the patient and greatly limit the freedom of movement. In addition, the process of properly placing numerous electrodes is time consuming and often, due to the number of wires and electrodes, will result in ineffective adhesion and loss of contact with the scalp of the patient.

[0005] These conventional methods are often a problem in monitoring patients in sleep centers. The complications associated with the cumbersome nature of the conventional detection and recording devices coupled with the subject being in a foreign environment greatly hinders monitoring a patient's sleep stage. The combination of the cables and sleep center environment will have a bearing on the patient's ability to sleep and subsequent results of the exam. If a subject has the ability to be monitored comfortably from home without restricting their freedom of movement, anxiety is reduced therefore producing more accurate results.

[0006] There is therefore a need for a new and improved physiological data acquisition system and apparatus that facilitates application of electrodes by the patient without technical assistance and that collects quality physiological data, including but not limited to EEG, EKG, EMG, and EOG signals from a single active electrode.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The present invention provides for a system and assembly for acquiring physiological data that can be applied by a user without technical assistance and acquire quality physiological data including but not limited to EEG, EKG, EMG, and EOG signals. The present invention is primarily used in conjunction with sleep centers for the examination, diagnoses and treatment of sleep disorders.

[0008] In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness is provided. The physiological data acquisition assembly comprises a physiological data acquisition module adapted to be removably housed by the head harness, wherein the head harness includes a base strap adapted to be adjustably secured around the circumference of a user's head, an upper portion housing the physiological data acquisition module and a plurality of longitudinally extending straps for detachably securing the housing for the physiological data acquisition module to the base strap. The physiological data acquisition assembly also comprises at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on an active electrode and at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on a biased ground electrode.

[0009] According to another embodiment of the present invention, a physiological data acquisition assembly is provided comprising, at least a single channel of physiological data wherein at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are in close proximity. The physiological data acquisition assembly also comprises a singular sensor patch wherein the at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are located but not electrically coupled.

[0010] According to yet another embodiment of the present invention, a system for acquiring physiological data is provided comprising a physiological data acquisition module coupled to at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on an active electrode and at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on a reference electrode. The system also comprises a head harness for housing the physiological data acquisition module, wherein the head harness includes a base strap adapted to be adjustably secured around the circumference of a user's head, an upper portion housing the physiological data acquisition module and a plurality of longitudinally extending straps for detachably securing the housing for the physiological data acquisition module to the base strap. The system also comprises a means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing data transmitted by the physiological data acquisition module.

[0011] According to yet another embodiment of the present invention, a system for acquiring physiological data is provided comprising at least a single channel of physiological data wherein at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are in close proximity. The system also comprises a singular sensor patch wherein the at least one active electrode and the at least one reference electrode are located but not electrically coupled. The system also comprises a means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing encrypted data transmitted by the physiological data acquisition module.

[0012] It is contemplated that any method, system or information described herein can be implemented with respect to any other method, system or information described herein.

[0013] Unless otherwise defined, all terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Methods and materials are described herein for use of the present invention; other suitable methods and materials known in the art can also be used. The materials and methods, and examples are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting. All publications, patent applications, patents and other references mentioned herein, are incorporated by reference in their entirety. In case of conflict, the present specification, including definitions will control.

[0014] These and other embodiments of the invention will be better appreciated and understood when considered in conjunction with the following description and the accompanying drawings. It should be understood, however, that the following description, while indicating various embodiments of the invention and numerous specific details thereof, is given by way of illustration and not of limitation. Many substitutions, modifications, additions and/or rearrangements may be made within the scope of the invention without departing from the spirit thereof, and the invention includes all such substitutions, modifications, additions and/or rearrangements.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0015] The present invention, both as to its organization and manner of operation, together with further objects and advantages, thereof, may best be understood with reference to the following description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings in which:

[0016] FIG. 1 is a drawing of an exploded perspective view of the physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness.

[0017] FIG.2 is a drawing of a front perspective view of the physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness as applied to a patient.

[0018] FIG. 3 shows a flowchart of the system according to the present invention. The device contains the components below without limiting the general idea of the invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0019] The ability to monitor physiological data for the study of brain performance during the normal course of daily activities including but not limited to sleep, in the past, has required cumbersome detection and analysis equipment and in many instances has required the need for technical assistance. The present invention disclosed herein provides a benefit over existing conventional methods by allowing the collection of data related to a physiological event from the comfort of the patient's home. The present invention employs a novel physiological data acquisition assembly and easy to follow system that is user friendly and overcomes the disadvantages of the conventional monitoring methods.

[0020] Referring to FIG. 1, an exploded perspective view of the physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness **10** is depicted. The head harness **10** may house one or more devices or wires. The head harness is worn over the head and hair of a patient. The head harness includes a front pad **12** having a first end **14** and second end **16**. The front pad **12** is adapted to extend across the patient's forehead. The first end **14** and

second end **16** are adapted to be adjustably secured around the circumference of a user's head using a fastener preferably a hook **22** and loop **24**. In another embodiment, the fastener may be a hook and loop, Velcro, snap, button, buckle or any other fastening device that allows for custom fit, adjustment and comfort.

[0021] The head harness also includes an upper portion **40** including longitudinally extending straps **18** and **20** for detachably securing the upper portion **40** to the base strap **12**, **14**, & **16**. The longitudinally extending straps **18** and **20** are detachably secured to the base strap at **14** & **16** using a fastener, preferably a hook **26** & **28** and loop **42**, FIG.2. In another embodiment, the fastener may be a hook and loop, Velcro, snap, button, buckle or any other fastening device that allows for custom fit, adjustment and comfort.

[0022] In a preferred embodiment, the head harness may be made of one or more layers of material to create a hollow core through all parts of the harness. The physiological data acquisition module **50** is removably received in the hollow core **42** & **44**, FIG. 2 of the upper portion **40**. In this preferred embodiment, the upper portion **40** and longitudinally extending straps **18** & **20** include a plurality of slots **32**, **34**, **36** & **38** for receiving the electrode snap connector assemblies **68** & **69** and associated lead wires **56**, **58** & **60** coupled to the physiological data acquisition module **50**.

[0023] The electrode snap connector assemblies **68** represent a combination of a biased ground electrode and a reference electrode snap connectors and in the preferred embodiment the electrodes **67** are placed behind the left and right ear of the patient, FIG. 2. The biased ground

electrode snap connector assembly and the reference electrode snap connector assembly **68** may be color coded to distinguish the two. In another embodiment of the present invention, only a reference electrode snap connector assembly is required for the acquisition of electrical physiological data. The electrode snap connector assembly **69** represents the active electrode snap connector and in the preferred embodiment the electrode **67** is placed on the forehead of the patient. The active electrode and reference/biased ground electrodes **67** may be a self-adhesive conductive electrode, a wet, dry, contact, non-contact or EKG electrode. The electrode snap connector assemblies also include a noise reducing or cancelling amplifier **62** at the electrode connection level to reduce any electrical noise that may be picked up by the lead wires **56**, **58** & **60**. To further improve the performance of the physiological data acquisition module **50**, the module or the electrode snap connector assemblies **68** & **69** are configured to continuously monitor electrode impedance and may include lights indicative of the current status of the integrity of the electrode contacts.

[0024] In another embodiment of the present invention, both active and reference electrodes **67** are placed in close proximity with respect to each other but are not electrically connected. In this embodiment, the active and reference electrodes are located on a singular sensor patch.

[0025] In a preferred embodiment, the physiological data acquisition module **50** includes a battery power component that includes a rechargeable small form factor, high capacity battery. The physiological data acquisition module **50** includes a power supply and recharging circuitry for receiving power through an electrical power cord **82** and AC unit **80**. The electrical power

cord **82** is coupled to the physiological data acquisition module for recharging the small form factor, high capacity battery through a port **54**, which may be but is not limited to USB, DB-25 or the like. The physiological data acquisition module **50** includes a power on and off function **52** for preserving the power supply of the small form factor, high capacity battery when not in use. The physiological data acquisition module **50** may also include power on and off indicator lights indicative of the current status of the physiological data acquisition module **50**. In another embodiment, the physiological data acquisition module rechargeable small form factor, high capacity battery may be recharged through a USB connection to a computer.

[0026] The physiological data acquisition module **50** is configured to record, transmit and store encrypted data collected from the electrode snap connector assembly **69** for use on an active electrode **67** applied to the forehead region of a patient. The electrode snap connector assemblies **68** for use on a reference and biased ground electrode **67** are placed behind the ears of the patient. The biased ground electrode **67** functions to stabilize the baseline and improve immunity from external interferences.

[0027] In a preferred embodiment, the physiological data acquisition module **50** is configured to include a wireless transmitter/receiver for transmitting wirelessly the recorded and stored encrypted data to a remote center or computer for further display, storing, processing and analysis or for transmitting wirelessly in real time the encrypted data to a remote center or computer for further display, storing, processing and analysis. In another aspect of the present invention, the recorded and stored data may be transmitted wirelessly to a device including but not limited to a cellular telephone, smart-phone, iPad® and/or computer. The wireless

transmitter/receiver may also be included on the singular sensor patch to transmit wirelessly to a device including but not limited to a cellular telephone, smart-phone, iPad® and/or computer. The recorded and stored data may also be transmitted directly to a computer, cellular telephone, smart-phone and/or iPad® via USB transfer capabilities incorporated at port **54** of the physiological data acquisition module **50**.

[0028] Referring now to FIG. 2, a front perspective view of the physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness as applied to a patient is depicted. In a preferred embodiment, the physiological data acquisition module **50** is housed in a hollow cavity **44** of the upper portion **40** of the head harness. In another embodiment, the physiological data acquisition module **50** is removably affixed to the head harness by a fastener that may be a hook and loop, Velcro, snap, button, buckle or any other fastening device that allows for custom fit, adjustment and comfort.

[0029] In yet another embodiment of the head harness there may be openings that allow access to the interior of the harness as well as allow for connections to be made from the interior of the harness and exterior components. In another embodiment the design may be independent of any specific device or wire purpose other than those listed here. The head harness allows any devices or wires or electronic components to be removed for service, replacement or safety. The head harness may be washable, cleaned or sterilized. The head harness may be disposable, independent of the devices or wires housed.

[0030] Referring now to FIG. 3, a flowchart of the system according to the present invention is depicted. In the preferred embodiment, a user is supplied with the invention and allowed to use its application in the home **100**. It is to be understood that the nature of the present invention allows the user to apply the device in any setting and is not limited to home or clinical use. At **102**, due to the ease of application, the user applies at least one electrode designated the active electrode and at least one electrode designated the reference electrode. In one embodiment, the active and reference electrode may be applied to the forehead and behind the ear respectively. In another embodiment, the active electrode is applied to the forehead while a reference electrode and a biased ground electrode are applied behind the ears of the user. In yet another embodiment, the active electrode and reference electrode are contained in close proximity on a singular sensor patch and applied to the head of the user. It is to be understood that the application of the electrodes may or may not be used in combination with a head harness.

[0031] Once the electrodes have been placed by the user, physiological electrical data is collected. At **104**, the physiological data is transmitted either wirelessly by a physiological data acquisition module **50** or is transmitted wirelessly directly from the singular sensor patch to a peripheral device that may be but is not limited to a computer, cellular telephone, smart-phone and/or iPad®. The peripheral device is configured to record and store the data **106**. Further, the peripheral device is configured to display, store, process and analyze **108** the transmitted encrypted data. The means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing may be but is not limited to a computer, cellular telephone, smart-phone and/or iPad® or any other remote display device.

[0032] In certain alternative embodiments of the present invention, the assembly and system are configured to accommodate more than one channel of physiological data. For example and not by way of limitation, the assembly and system incorporate sensors, i.e., head position sensor, airflow sensor using acoustics, nasal pneumotachometer, body temperature sensor and oximeter, alone or in various combinations for collecting data.

[0033] The assembly and system may also be in communication with a remote control device. The remote control device may function as a gateway device to other peripheral devices. In this capacity, the remote control device is configured to record and store encrypted data transmitted by the assembly and system, monitor the small form factor, high capacity battery life and recorded and stored data levels maintained by the physiological data acquisition module. Further, the remote control device in its capacity as a gateway device may transmit and receive recorded and stored encrypted data either through a wired or wireless connection with a peripheral device for display, storage, processing and analysis.

[0034] Systems and materials are described herein. However, systems and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be also used to obtain variations of the present invention. The materials, systems, and examples are illustrative only and not intended to be limiting.

[0035] It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the present invention without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention. Other embodiments of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice of the invention disclosed herein. It is intended

that the specification and examples be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit of the invention being indicated by the following claims.

[0036] The previous description of some aspects is provided to enable any person skilled in the art to make or use the present invention. Various modifications to these aspects will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, and generic principles defined herein may be applied to other aspects without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention. For, example one or more elements can be rearranged and/or combined, or additional elements may be added. Thus, the present invention is not intended to be limited to the aspects shown herein but is to be accorded the widest scope consistent with the principles and novel features disclosed herein.

We claim:

1. A physiological data acquisition assembly for use in combination with a head harness, the physiological data acquisition assembly comprising:

a physiological data acquisition module adapted to be removably housed by the head harness, wherein the head harness includes a base strap adapted to be adjustably secured around the circumference of a user's head, an upper portion housing the physiological data acquisition module and a plurality of longitudinally extending straps for detachably securing the housing for the physiological data acquisition module to the base strap;

at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on an active electrode; and

at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on a reference electrode.

2. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 1, wherein the physiological data acquisition module further comprises at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on a biased ground electrode.

3. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 2, wherein the electrode snap connector assemblies include a noise reducing or cancelling amplifier.

4. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 2, wherein the active electrode, reference electrode and biased ground electrode is a self-adhesive conductive wet, dry, contact or non-contact electrode.

5. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 1, wherein the physiological data acquisition module is configured to record, transmit and store encrypted data collected from the active electrode.

6. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 5, wherein the physiological data acquisition module includes at least one port to charge the module, transmit and receive data.

7. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 6, wherein the physiological data acquisition module further comprises a RF transmitter-receiver for transmitting encrypted data to a remote center or computer for further display, storing, processing and analysis.

8. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 7, wherein the recorded and stored encrypted data is transmitted wirelessly to a device selected from at least one member of the group consisting of a cellular telephone, smart-phone and computer.

9. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 8, wherein the RF transmitter-receiver is in wireless communication with a remote control.

10. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 9, wherein the remote control acts as a power source or docking station.

11. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 1, wherein the physiological data acquisition module includes additional components selected from at least one member of the group consisting of a head positioning sensor, nasal pneumotachometer, body temperature sensor and oximeter.

12. A physiological data acquisition assembly, the physiological data acquisition assembly comprising:

at least a single channel of physiological data wherein at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are in close proximity; and  
a singular sensor patch wherein the at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are located but not electrically coupled.

13. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 12, wherein the singular sensor patch includes a RF transmitter-receiver for transmitting encrypted data to a remote center or computer for further display, storing, processing and analysis.

14. The physiological data acquisition assembly of claim 13, wherein the wirelessly transmitted encrypted data is to a device selected from at least one member of the group consisting of a cellular telephone, smart-phone and computer.

15. A system for acquiring physiological data, the system comprising:

a physiological data acquisition module coupled to at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on an active electrode and at least one electrode snap connector assembly for use on a reference electrode;

a head harness for housing the physiological data acquisition module, wherein the head harness includes a base strap adapted to be adjustably secured around the circumference of a user's head, an upper portion housing the physiological data acquisition module and a plurality of longitudinally extending straps for detachably securing the housing for the physiological data acquisition module to the base strap; and

a means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing encrypted data transmitted by the physiological data acquisition module.

16. The system of claim 15, wherein the encrypted data transmitted by the physiological data acquisition module is transmitted by a RF transmitter-receiver to the means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing.

17. A system for acquiring physiological data, the system comprising:

a single channel of physiological data wherein at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are in close proximity;

a singular sensor patch wherein the at least one active electrode and at least one reference electrode are located but not electrically coupled; and

a means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing encrypted data transmitted by the physiological data acquisition module.

18. The system of claim 17, wherein the singular sensor patch includes a RF transmitter-receiver for transmitting encrypted data to the means for displaying, storing, processing and analyzing.

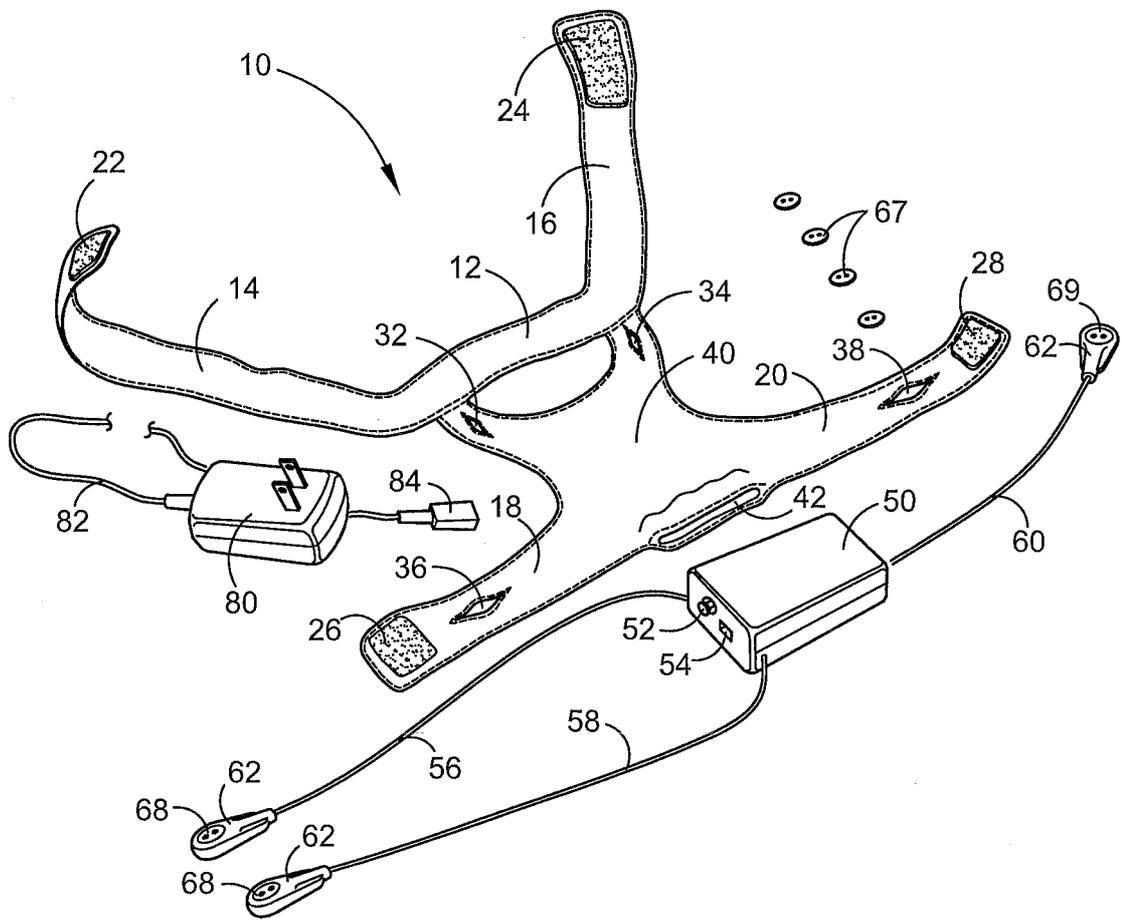


FIG. 1

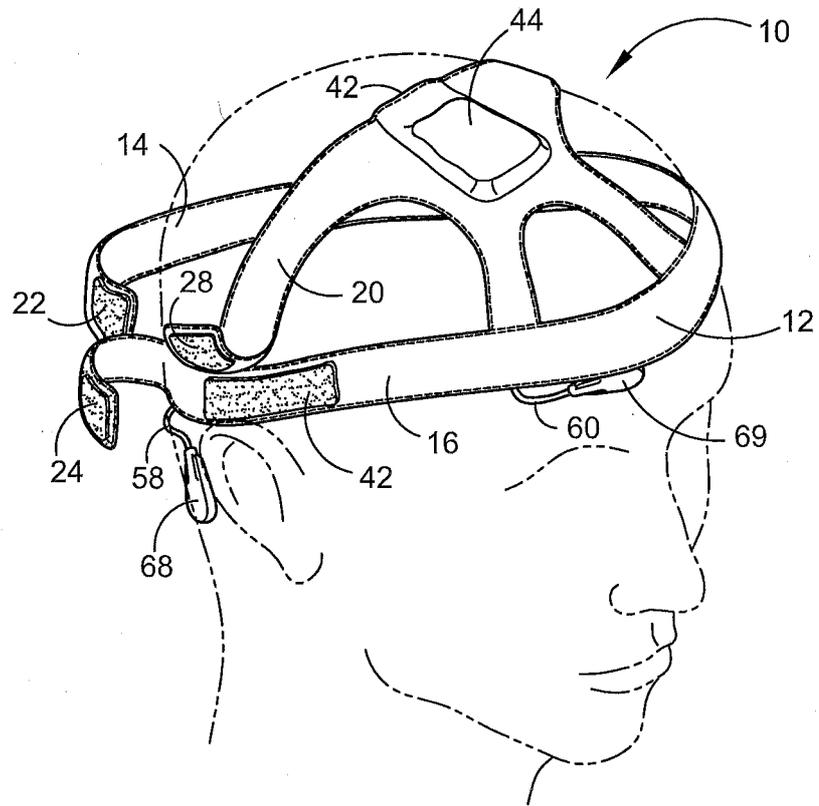


FIG. 2

3/3

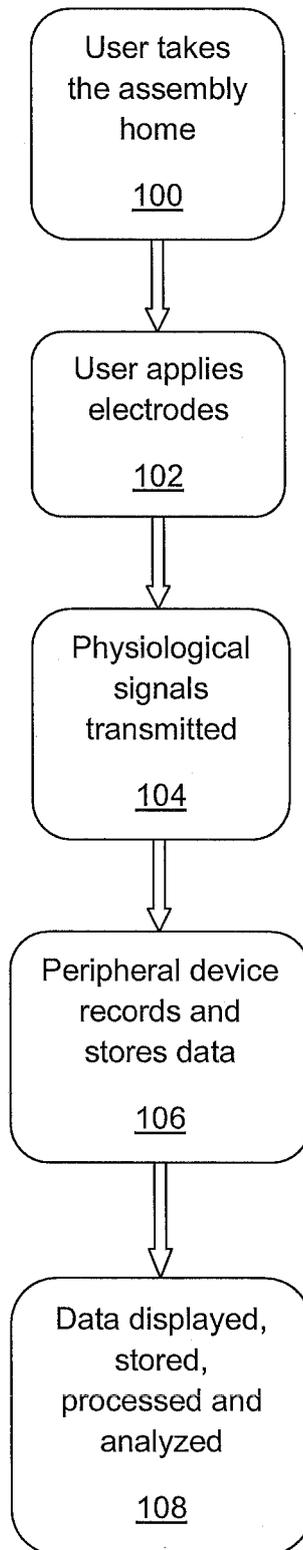


FIG. 3

专利名称(译)	头带和无线eeg监控系统		
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申请号	EP2010828911	申请日	2010-10-27
申请(专利权)人(译)	NEUROVIGIL INC.		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	NEUROVIGIL INC.		
[标]发明人	LOW PHILIP CHI YU M JOSHI SIDDAHARTH UEBELHER CHRISTOPHER DUBOIS YVON A LIU KEVIN		
发明人	LOW, PHILIP CHI, YU, M. JOSHI, SIDDAHARTH UEBELHER, CHRISTOPHER DUBOIS, YVON, A. LIU, KEVIN		
IPC分类号	A61B5/0476 A61B5/0478 A61B5/00		
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优先权	61/255343 2009-10-27 US		
其他公开文献	EP2493377A4		
外部链接	<a href="#">Espacenet</a>		

#### 摘要(译)

提供了一种用于收集和评估生理数据的组件和系统。该组件包括生理数据采集模块，其可以与头带组合使用，用于收集，记录，存储和传输高质量的生理数据。该组件在用户友好的系统中集成了易于使用的自应用电极，与传统的收集生理数据的方法和技术中常见的相比，产生的数据伪影更少。组件和系统捕获用于显示，存储，处理和分析的高质量生理数据。