

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
14 June 2007 (14.06.2007)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2007/067222 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:

A61B 5/00 (2006.01) A61B 5/0404 (2006.01)
A61B 5/0205 (2006.01) H04M 1/725 (2006.01)
G06F 19/00 (2006.01) A61B 5/22 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2006/029276

(22) International Filing Date: 27 July 2006 (27.07.2006)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:

11/296,370 8 December 2005 (08.12.2005) US

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **SONY ERICSSON MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS AB** [SE/SE]; Nya Vattentornet, S-221 88 Lund (SE).

(72) Inventor; and

(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): **NICHOLL, Richard Vincent** [US/US]; 218 Lafayette Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 (US).

(74) Agent: **HARRITY, Paul A.**; Harrity Snyder, LLP, 11350 Random Hills Road, Suite 600, Fairfax, Virginia 22030 (US).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

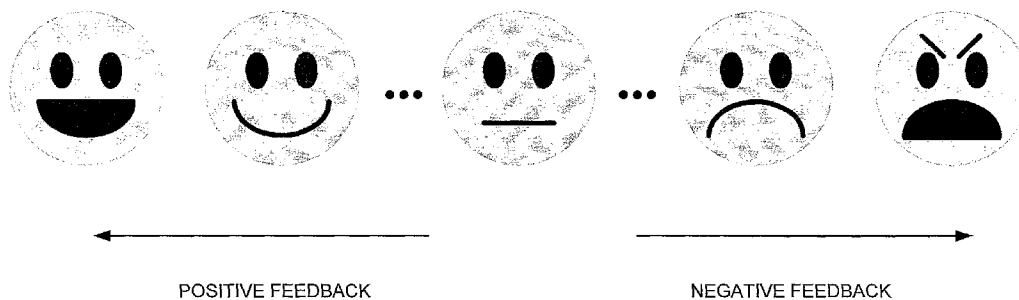
(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE THAT PROVIDES HEALTH FEEDBACK



(57) Abstract: A mobile communication device obtains health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication device, determines whether a health goal has been reached based on the health-related information, provides negative feedback to the user when the health goal has not been reached, and provides positive feedback to the user when the health goal has been reached.



WO 2007/067222 A1

MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE THAT PROVIDES HEALTH FEEDBACK

BACKGROUNDField of the Invention

Implementations described herein relate generally to mobile communication devices and, more particularly, to a mobile communication device that provides health feedback.

Description of Related Art

Individuals are constantly trying to improve their health. They regularly begin diet and exercise programs. Oftentimes, the diet and exercise programs fail within a few weeks or a few months. The main reason that these programs fail is that the individuals lack the feedback that they need to continue on the programs.

SUMMARY

According to one aspect, a method performed by a mobile communication device may include obtaining health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication device; determining whether a health goal has been reached based on the health-related information; providing negative feedback to the user when the health goal has not been reached; and providing positive feedback to the user when the health goal has been reached.

According to another aspect, a mobile communication device may include means for obtaining real time health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication device; means for setting a threshold; means for determining whether the health-related information exceeds the threshold; means for providing negative feedback to the user when the health-related information does not exceed the threshold; and means for providing positive feedback to the user when the health-related information exceeds the threshold.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate an embodiment of the invention and, together with the description, explain the invention. In the drawings,

Fig. 1 is a diagram of an exemplary mobile communication device according to an implementation consistent with the principles of the invention;

Fig. 2 is a diagram of exemplary components of the mobile communication device of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a flowchart of an exemplary process for providing health feedback;

Figs. 4 and 5 are exemplary diagrams of visual feedback that may be provided;

Fig. 6 is an exemplary diagram of varying degrees of feedback that may be provided;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart of an exemplary implementation consistent with the principles of the invention; and

Figs. 8 and 9 are exemplary diagrams of feedback that may be provided for the exemplary implementation of Fig. 7.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The following detailed description of the invention refers to the accompanying drawings. The same reference numbers in different drawings may identify the same or similar elements. Also, the following detailed description does not limit the invention.

The description to follow will describe a mobile communication device. As used herein, a "mobile communication device" may include a radiotelephone; a personal communications system (PCS)

terminal that may combine a cellular radiotelephone with data processing, a facsimile, and data communications capabilities; a personal digital assistant (PDA) that can include a radiotelephone, pager, Internet/intranet access, web browser, organizer, calendar, and/or global positioning system (GPS) receiver; and a laptop and/or palmtop receiver or other appliance that includes a radiotelephone transceiver.

5 EXEMPLARY MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICE

Fig. 1 is a diagram of an exemplary mobile communication device 100 according to an implementation consistent with the principles of the invention. As shown in Fig. 1, device 100 may include a housing 110, a speaker 120, a display 130, control buttons 140, a keypad 150, and a microphone 160. Housing 110 may protect the components of device 100 from outside elements. Speaker 120 may provide audible information to a user of device 100. Display 130 may provide visual information to the user. For example, display 130 may provide information regarding incoming or outgoing calls, games, phone books, the current time, etc. In an implementation consistent with the principles of the invention, display 130 may provide the user with health feedback information. Control buttons 140 may permit the user to interact with device 100 to cause device 100 to perform one or more operations. Keypad 150 may include a standard telephone keypad. Microphone 160 may receive audible information from the user.

Fig. 2 is a diagram of exemplary components of mobile communication device 100. As shown in Fig. 2, device 100 may include processing logic 210, storage 220, user interface 230, communication interface 240, antenna assembly 250, and health-related information gatherer 260. Processing logic 210 may include a processor, microprocessor, an application specific integrated circuit (ASIC), field programmable gate array (FPGA), or the like. Processing logic 210 may include data structures or software programs to control operation of device 100 and its components. Storage 220 may include a random access memory (RAM), a read only memory (ROM), and/or another type of memory to store data and instructions that may be used by processing logic 210.

User interface 230 may include mechanisms for inputting information to device 100 and/or for outputting information from device 100. Examples of input and output mechanisms might include a speaker (e.g., speaker 120) to receive electrical signals and output audio signals, a microphone (e.g., microphone 160) to receive audio signals and output electrical signals, buttons (e.g., control buttons 140 and/or keys of keypad 150) to permit data and control commands to be input into device 100, a display (e.g., display 130) to output visual information, and/or a vibrator to cause device 100 to vibrate.

Communication interface 240 may include, for example, a transmitter that may convert baseband signals from processing logic 210 to radio frequency (RF) signals and/or a receiver that may convert RF signals to baseband signals. Alternatively, communication interface 240 may include a transceiver to perform functions of both a transmitter and a receiver. Communication interface 240 may connect to antenna assembly 250 for transmission and reception of the RF signals. Antenna assembly 250 may include one or more antennas to transmit and receive RF signals over the air. Antenna assembly 250 may receive RF signals from communication interface 240 and transmit them over the air and receive RF signals over the air and provide them to communication interface 240.

Health-related information gatherer 260 may obtain health-related information from a user. In one implementation, the health-related information may correspond to the amount of exercise that the user gets during a time period. In this case, health-related information gatherer 260 may include a pedometer that may use pendulum technology, an accelerometer, and/or electronics to count the number of footsteps a user takes over a period of time. Alternatively, health-related information gatherer 260 may include global

positioning system (GPS) technology to track the distance traveled by the user. In another implementation, the health-related information may correspond to the user's heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat. In this case, health-related information gatherer 260 may include a sensor to obtain a reading of the user's heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat. In yet another implementation, the health-related information
5 may correspond to dietary information associated with the user. In this case, health-related information gatherer 260 may include a keyboard or another type of input buttons (e.g., control buttons 140 and/or keys of keypad 150) that permits the user to enter information regarding what the user has eaten.

As will be described in detail below, mobile communication device 100, consistent with the principles of the invention, may perform certain operations relating to the providing of health feedback.

10 Device 100 may perform these operations in response to processing logic 210 executing software instructions of a health feedback application contained in a computer-readable medium, such as storage 220. A computer-readable medium may be defined as a physical or logical memory device and/or carrier wave.

The software instructions may be read into storage 220 from another computer-readable medium
15 or from another device via communication interface 240. The software instructions contained in storage 220 may cause processing logic 210 to perform processes that will be described later. Alternatively, hardwired circuitry may be used in place of or in combination with software instructions to implement processes consistent with the principles of the invention. Thus, implementations consistent with the principles of the invention are not limited to any specific combination of hardware circuitry and software.

20 EXEMPLARY PROCESSING

Fig. 3 is a flowchart of an exemplary process for providing health feedback. Processing may begin with the starting of a health feedback application on device 100. In one implementation, the health feedback application may be started when instructed by a user of device 100. In another implementation, the health feedback application may be started automatically, such as when device 100 powers on.

25 Health-related information may be obtained (block 310). As explained above, the health-related information may correspond to a count of the number of footsteps taken by the user, a determination of the distance traveled by the user, a reading of the user's heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat, and/or dietary information. The health-related information may be regularly or periodically obtained. For example, health-related information gatherer 260 may count the user's footsteps as the user walks
30 throughout the day. Alternatively, health-related information gatherer 260 may read the user's heart rate when instructed by the user.

It may be determined whether a health goal has been reached (block 320). With regard to footsteps taken or distance traveled, processing logic 210 may determine whether the number of footsteps taken by the user and/or the distance traveled by the user over a predetermined time period matches or
35 exceeds a threshold. With regard to heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat, processing logic 210 may determine whether the user's heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat readings are within one or more thresholds. With regard to dietary information, processing logic 210 may determine whether the user's food intake has not exceeded one or more thresholds and/or satisfies one or more other thresholds.

The threshold may be set by the user or automatically set based on general health guidelines. For
40 example, general health guidelines might indicate that a user should walk 10,000 steps a day or travel at least approximately 8 kilometers a day. General health guidelines might indicate healthy readings for the resting heart rate (e.g., 60-100 beats per minute), blood pressure (e.g., below 120/80), and body fat (e.g.,

20-22%). General health guidelines might indicate that a user should not exceed 1600 to 2800 calories a day and/or a user should get certain amounts of protein, vitamins, thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, folacin, calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, iron, zinc, iodine, and/or selenium per day.

The health goal may be periodically reset. For example, the health goal might be set on a daily, 5 weekly, or monthly basis. In this case, processing logic 210 may use an internal clock and/or calendar of device 100 to determine when to reset the health goal. With regard to footsteps taken or distance traveled, processing logic 210 may reset the health goal on a daily or weekly basis. With regard to heart rate, blood pressure, and/or body fat, processing logic 210 may reset the health goal on a monthly or semi-monthly basis. With regard to dietary information, processing logic 210 may reset the health goal on a daily basis.

10 When the health goal has not been reached, the user may be given negative feedback (block 330). The negative feedback may be audible, visual, and/or physical. Negative audible feedback might include the playing of a sound that connotes a negative tone or message, such as a voice, a dog barking or growling, or a certain musical composition. Negative visual feedback might include an image or video that connotes a negative tone or message, such as an image or video of a sad or angry person or an image or 15 video of a dog barking meanly or growling. Fig. 4 is a diagram of negative visual feedback that may be presented to the user. In this case, the negative visual feedback corresponds to a sad person standing next to a bomb that is about to explode. Negative physical feedback might include a vibration of device 100.

When the health goal has been reached, the user may be given positive feedback (block 340). Like the negative feedback, the positive feedback may be audible, visual, and/or physical. Positive audible 20 feedback might include the playing of a sound that connotes a positive tone or message, such as a voice, a dog happily barking, or a certain musical composition. Positive visual feedback might include an image or video that connotes a positive tone or message, such as an image or video of a happy person or an image or video of a dog wagging its tail. Fig. 5 is a diagram of positive visual feedback that may be presented to the user. In this case, the positive visual feedback corresponds to a happy person who is jumping in the air and 25 clicking his heels together. Positive physical feedback might include a vibration of device 100, which may differ from any negative physical feedback that may be given to the user.

Instead of providing negative feedback when the user does not reach the health goal and positive feedback when the user reaches the health goal, processing logic 210 may provide various degrees of feedback. Fig. 6 is an exemplary diagram of varying degrees of visual feedback that may be provided. As 30 shown in Fig. 6, the face may get happier as the user approaches and finally reaches the health goal and angrier as the user falls further away from the health goal. For example, if the user has a daily goal, the face may get angrier as the day progresses and the user is not close to meeting the health goal.

EXAMPLE

Fig. 7 is a flowchart of an exemplary implementation consistent with the principles of the 35 invention. Assume, for this implementation, that health-related information gatherer 260 takes the form of a pedometer that counts the number of footsteps that a user takes. The processing of Fig. 7 may begin with the starting of the health feedback application on device 100. As explained above, the health feedback application may be started automatically when device 100 powers on or may be started when instructed by a user of device 100. In this case, assume that the health feedback application takes the form of a healthy 40 pet that resides on device 100 and provides feedback to the user on the progress of the user toward the health goal.

Once the health feedback application is started, pedometer measurements may be obtained as the user walks (block 710). It may be periodically determined whether the user has taken a predetermined number ("X") of steps (block 720). The predetermined number of steps may be set equal to or less than the health goal. The determination of block 720 may be based on certain time periods. For example, it may be determined whether the user has taken a predetermined number of steps in the period from 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. or from 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.

If the user has taken more than the predetermined number of steps, then a health count value (i.e., some measure of the user's health or progress toward the health goal, which may initially be set to zero and/or periodically reset to zero) may be increased (block 730). If the user has not taken more than the predetermined number of steps, then the health count value may be decreased (block 740).

It may be determined whether the health count value is greater than a threshold (block 750). In a simple case where the predetermined number equals the health goal, then the threshold may be set equal to zero so that an increase in the health count value increases the health count value over the threshold and a decrease in the health count value decreases the health count value below the threshold.

In a more complex case, the determination of whether the health count value is greater than the threshold may be performed periodically such that blocks 710-740 may occur multiple times for each occurrence of block 750. In this case, the predetermined number of steps may be set to a value less than the health goal and the threshold may be set to equal the health goal.

When the health count value is less than the threshold, then the user may be provided with negative feedback, such as the pet looking angry, growling, and/or barking meanly (block 760). Fig. 8 is a diagram of negative feedback that may be presented to the user. In this case, the negative feedback corresponds to an angry pet that may growl and/or bark meanly.

When the health count value is greater than the threshold, then the user may be provided with positive feedback, such as the pet wagging its tail and/or barking happily (block 770). Fig. 9 is a diagram of positive feedback that may be presented to the user. In this case, the positive feedback corresponds to a happy pet that may wag its tail and/or bark happily.

CONCLUSION

Implementations consistent with the principles of the invention may correspond to a mobile communication device that provides health feedback to its user based on real-time data collected in association with the user.

The foregoing description of preferred embodiments of the invention provides illustration and description, but is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed. Modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teachings or may be acquired from practice of the invention.

For example, while series of acts have been described with regard to Figs. 3 and 7, the order of the acts may be modified in other implementations consistent with the principles of the invention. Further, non-dependent acts may be performed in parallel.

It will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that aspects of the invention, as described above, may be implemented in many different forms of software, firmware, and hardware in the implementations illustrated in the figures. The actual software code or specialized control hardware used to implement aspects consistent with the principles of the invention is not limiting of the invention. Thus, the operation and behavior of the aspects were described without reference to the specific software code--it

Being understood that one of ordinary skill in the art would be able to design software and control hardware to implement the aspects based on the description herein.

5 No element, act, or instruction used in the present application should be construed as critical or essential to the invention unless explicitly described as such. Also, as used herein, the article "a" is intended to include one or more items. Where only one item is intended, the term "one" or similar language is used. Further, the phrase "based on" is intended to mean "based, at least in part, on" unless explicitly stated otherwise.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method performed by a mobile communication device, comprising:
obtaining health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication device;
determining whether a health goal has been reached based on the health-related information;
providing negative feedback to the user when the health goal has not been reached; and
5 providing positive feedback to the user when the health goal has been reached.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the health-related information corresponds to at least one
of a number of footsteps taken by the user, a distance traveled by the user, a heart rate associated with the
user, a blood pressure associated with the user, a body fat associated with the user, or dietary information
associated with the user; and
5 wherein obtaining health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication
device includes:
counting the number of footsteps taken by the user when the health-related information
corresponds to the number of footsteps taken by the user,
determining the distance traveled by the user using global positioning system (GPS) information
10 when the health-related information corresponds to the distance traveled by the user,
taking a sensor reading of the heart rate associated with the user when the health-related
information corresponds to the heart rate associated with the user,
taking a sensor reading of the blood pressure associated with the user when the health-related
information corresponds to the blood pressure associated with the user,
15 taking a sensor reading of the body fat associated with the user when the health-related
information corresponds to the body fat associated with the user, or
obtaining information regarding food intake associated with the user when the health-related
information corresponds to dietary information associated with the user.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein providing negative feedback to the user includes:
providing at least one of negative audible feedback, negative visual feedback, or negative physical
feedback to the user.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein providing positive feedback to the user includes:
providing at least one of positive audible feedback, positive visual feedback, or positive physical
feedback to the user.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein providing negative feedback to the user and providing
positive feedback to the user in combination includes:
providing varying degrees of positive and negative feedback to the user based on how close the
user is to reaching the health goal during a predetermined time period.
6. A mobile communication device, comprising:
means for obtaining real time health-related information associated with a user of the mobile
communication device;

- means for setting a threshold;
- 5 means for determining whether the health-related information meets or exceeds the threshold;
- means for providing negative feedback to the user when the health-related information does not meet or exceed the threshold; and
- means for providing positive feedback to the user when the health-related information meets or exceeds the threshold.

7. A mobile communication device, comprising:
- a health-related information gatherer to obtain health-related information associated with a user of the mobile communication device; and
- processing logic to:
- 5 determine whether a health goal has been reached based on the health-related information,
- provide negative feedback to the user when the health goal has not been reached, and
- provide positive feedback to the user when the health goal has been reached.

8. The mobile communication device of claim 7, wherein the health-related information gatherer includes at least one of:
- a pedometer to count a number of footsteps taken by the user,
- a global positioning system (GPS) unit to determine a distance traveled by the user,
- 5 a heart rate sensor to take a reading of a heart rate associated with the user,
- a blood pressure sensor to take a reading of blood pressure associated with the user,
- a body fat sensor to take a reading of body fat associated with the user, or
- a set of buttons to obtain information regarding food intake associated with the user.

9. The mobile communication device of claim 7, wherein when providing negative feedback to the user, the processing logic is configured to provide at least one of negative audible feedback, negative visual feedback, or negative physical feedback to the user; and
- wherein when providing positive feedback to the user, the processing logic is configured to
- 5 provide at least one of positive audible feedback, positive visual feedback, or positive physical feedback to the user.

10. The mobile communication device of claim 7, wherein when providing negative feedback to the user and providing positive feedback to the user, the processing logic is configured to provide varying degrees of positive and negative feedback to the user based on how close the user is to reaching the health goal during a predetermined time period.

100 →

FIG. 1

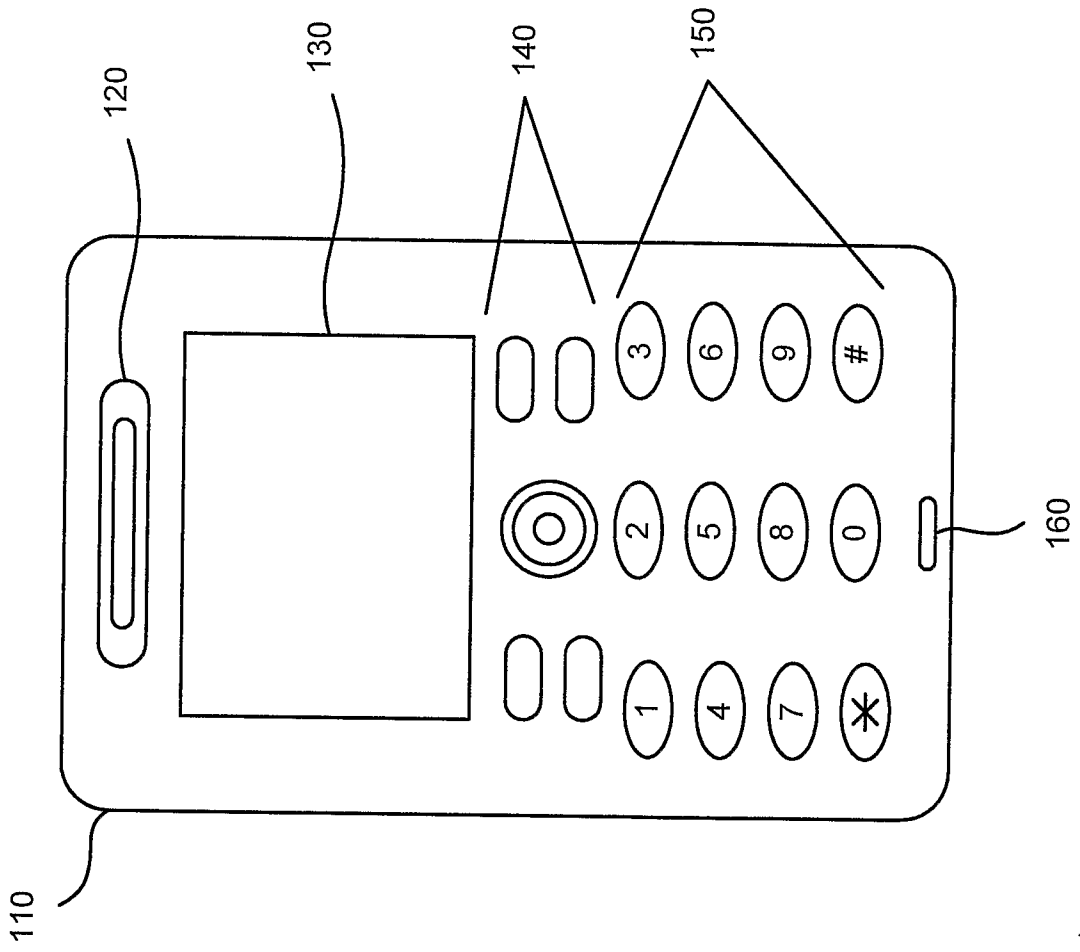


FIG. 2

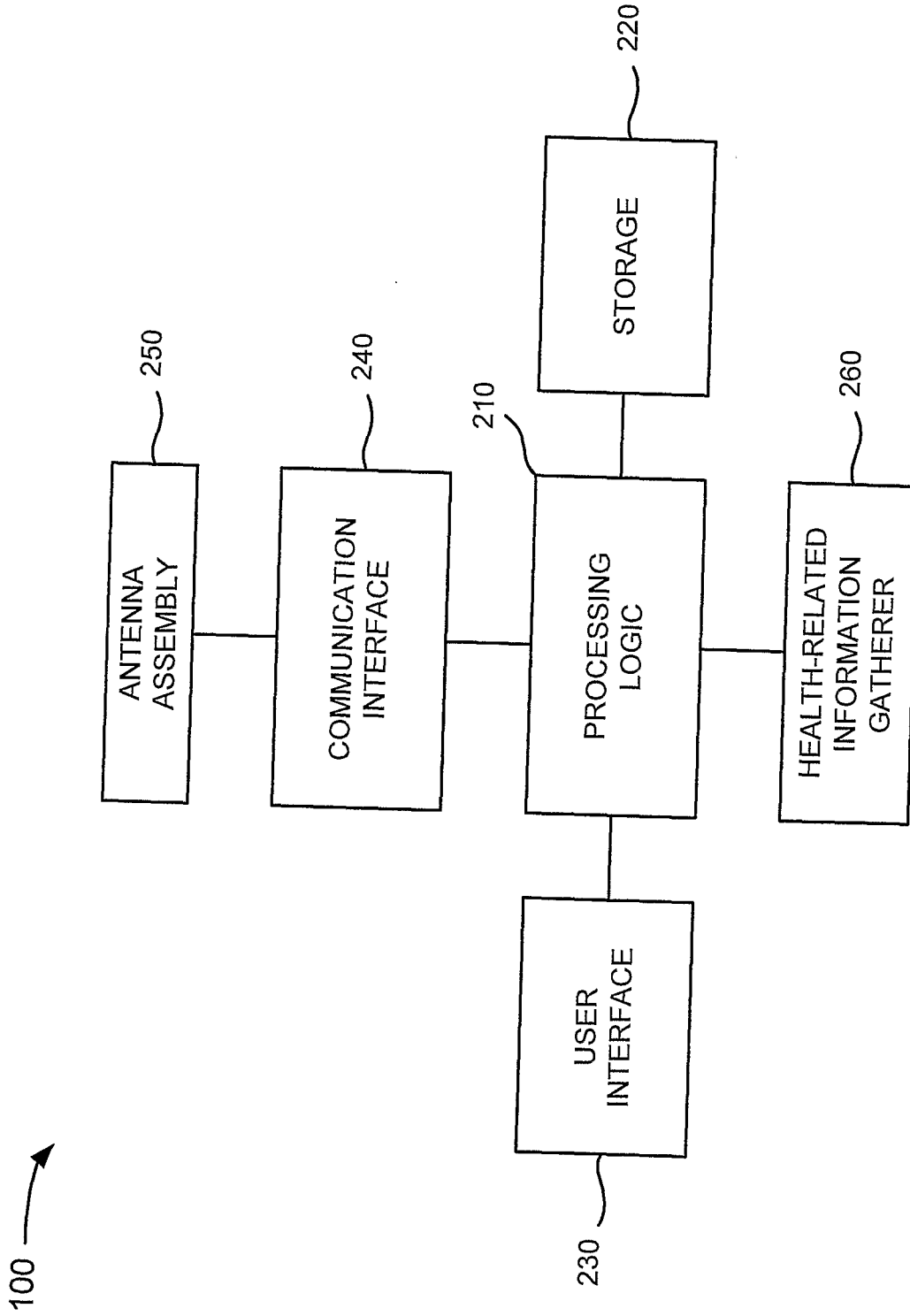
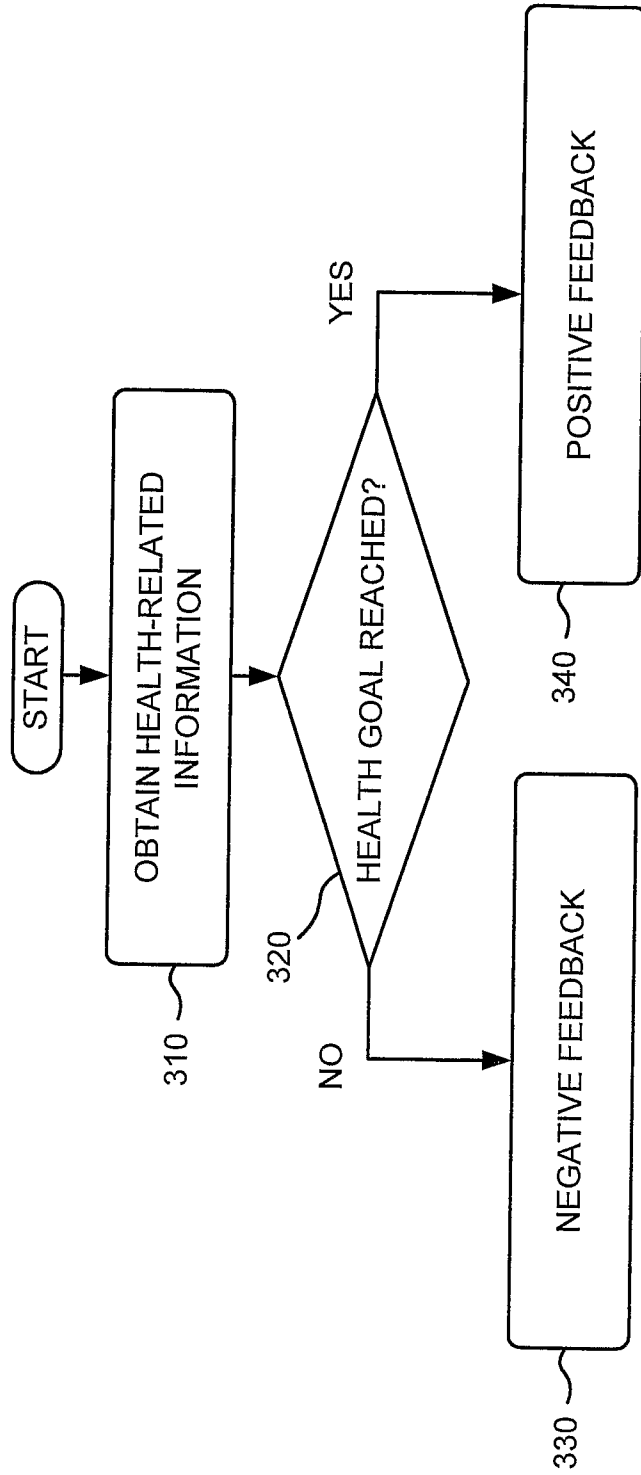


FIG. 3



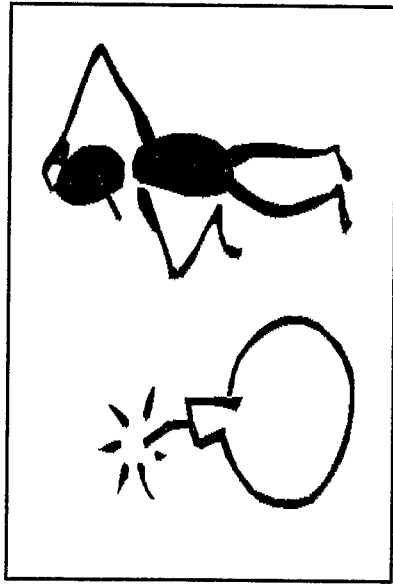
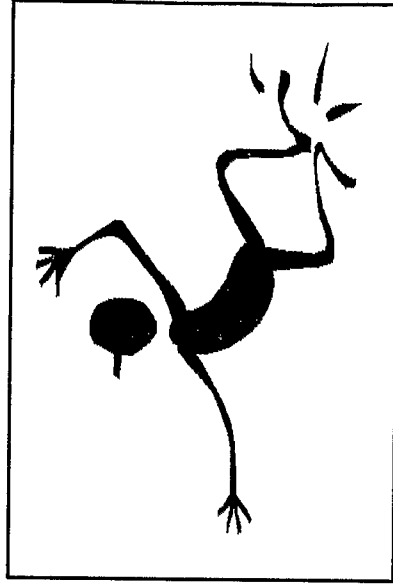


FIG. 4

FIG. 5

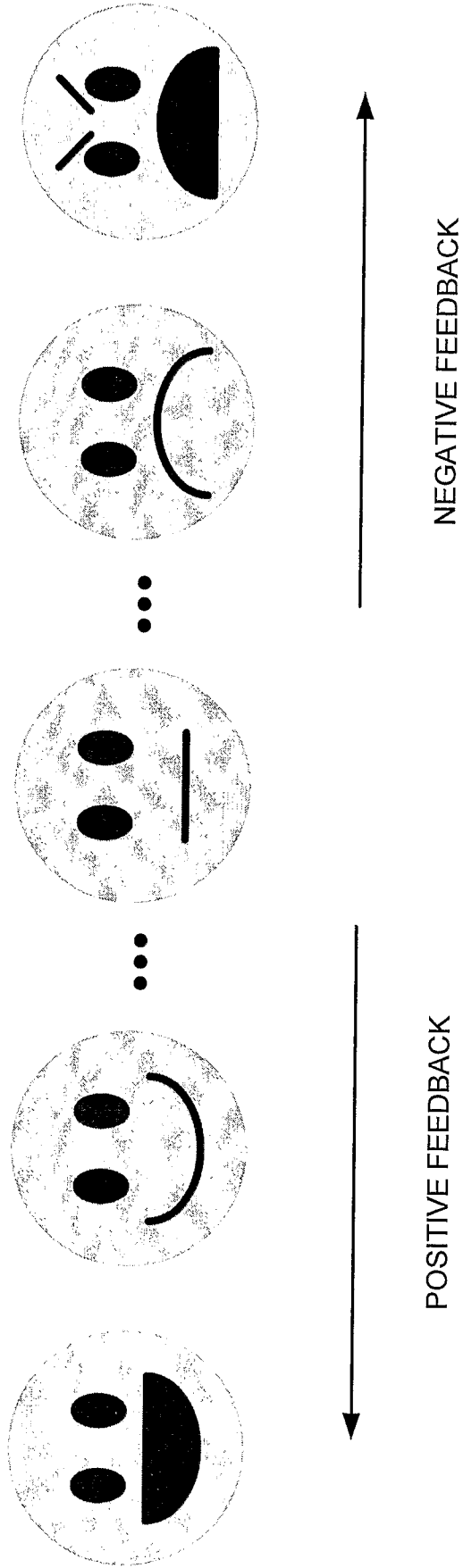
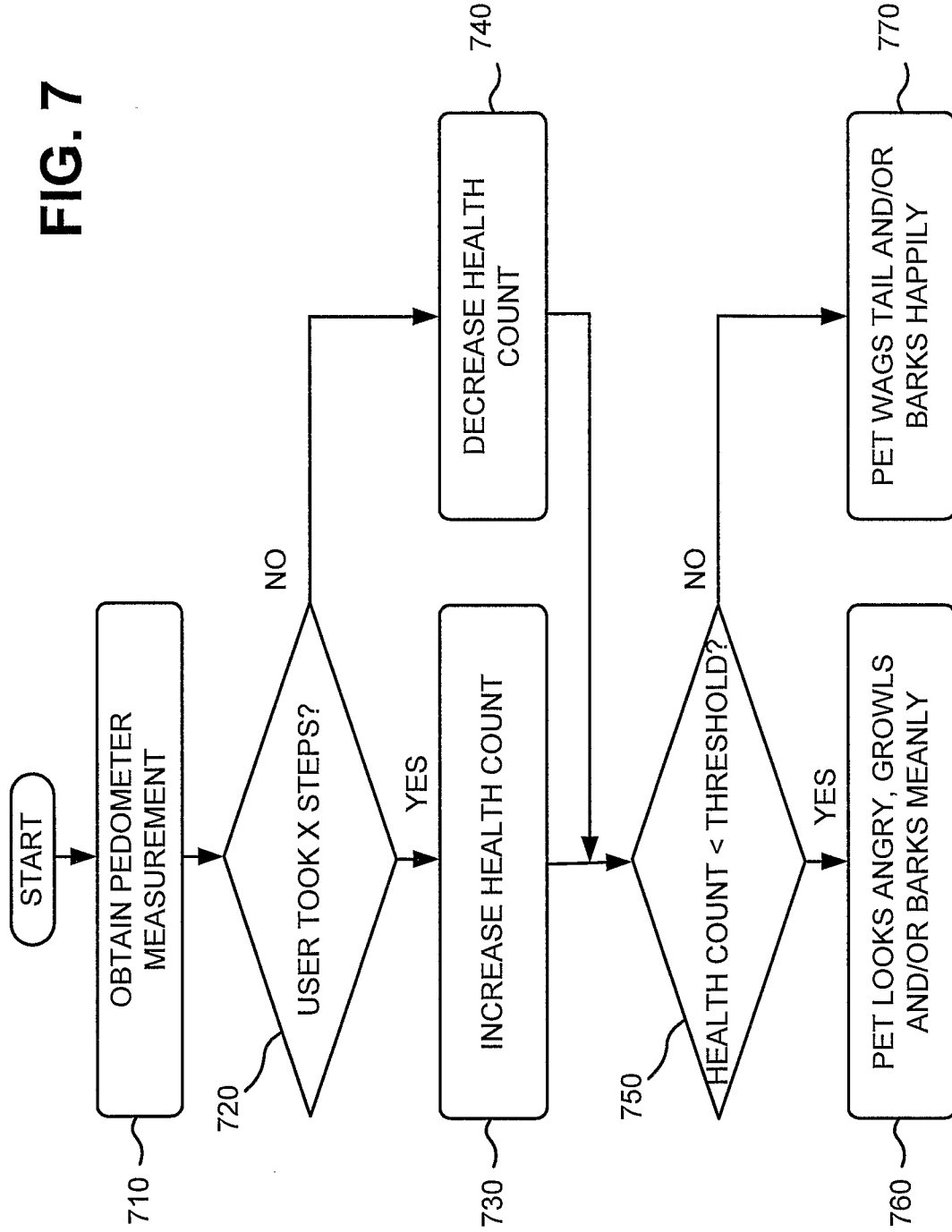


FIG. 6

FIG. 7



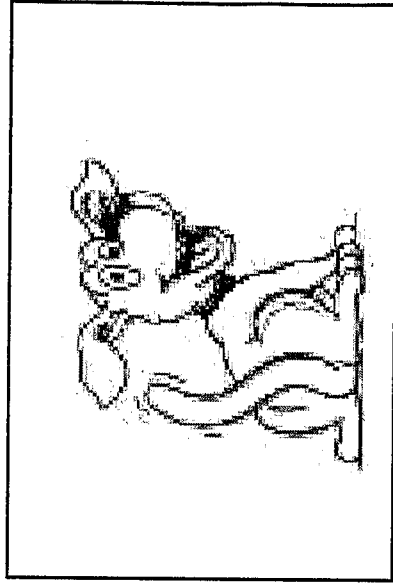


FIG. 9

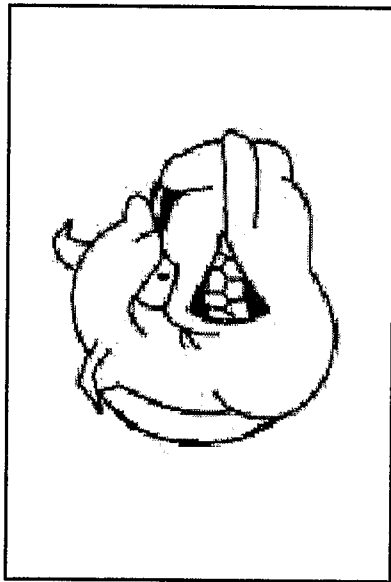


FIG. 8

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2006/029276

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 INV. A61B5/00 A61B5/0205 G06F19/00
 ADD. A61B5/0404 H04M1/725 A61B5/22

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
 A61B H04M G06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2005/171410 A1 (HJELT KARI [FI] ET AL) 4 August 2005 (2005-08-04) paragraphs [0028], [0031], [0032], [0035], [0055], [0064] - [0068], [0075], [0076], [0084] - [0086], [0092] - [0094], [0110], [0115] - [0119]; figures 1, 3-5, 6B, 6C, 15-18	1-10
X	US 2004/002634 A1 (NIHTILA JUKKA [FI] NIHTILAE JUKKA [FI]) 1 January 2004 (2004-01-01) paragraphs [0007] - [0013], [0024] - [0041], [0046] - [0048], [0053], [0058] - [0060], [0064] - [0067], [0071], [0072]; figures 1-3, 6	1-10
	----- -/--	

 Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
 "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
 "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
 "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
 "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
 "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
 "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
 "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

2 February 2007

Date of mailing of the international search report

13/02/2007

Name and mailing address of the ISA/

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
 Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
 Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Fischer, Olivier

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
PCT/US2006/029276

C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2004/117212 A1 (KONG DONGGEON [KR] ET AL) 17 June 2004 (2004-06-17) paragraphs [0009] - [0027], [0043], [0071] - [0078], [0084], [0096], [0140] - [0150], [0158] - [0163], [0167] - [0185]; figures 1-3,6,8,9,23b,23c,24b,24c	1-10
X	US 2001/049470 A1 (MAULT JAMES R [US] ET AL) 6 December 2001 (2001-12-06)	1-10
Y	paragraphs [0012], [0013], [0031] - [0040], [0059], [0062] - [0064]; figures 1-7,9,10	1-10
Y	US 5 989 200 A (YOSHIMURA MANABU [JP] ET AL) 23 November 1999 (1999-11-23) column 1, line 56 - column 3, line 25 column 4, lines 33-54 column 6, lines 12-53 column 10, line 55 - column 12, line 67 figures 1,5-8B,20A-26B	1-10
A	US 6 790 178 B1 (MAULT JAMES R [US] ET AL) 14 September 2004 (2004-09-14) column 4, lines 15-30 column 11, line 44 - column 12, line 52 column 13, line 56 - column 14, line 67 column 15, line 20 - column 16, line 47 column 18, lines 29-59 column 19, line 60 - column 20, line 37 figures 7-16,19,27	1-10
A	US 6 858 182 B1 (ITO YUSUKE [JP] ET AL) 22 February 2005 (2005-02-22) column 6, line 23 - column 7, line 44; figures 1-7b	1-10
A	US 6 327 495 B1 (IWABUCHI TAMOTSU [JP] ET AL) 4 December 2001 (2001-12-04) column 4, line 51 - column 6, line 9 column 7, line 30 - column 8, line 54 figures 1-5	1-10

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No PCT/US2006/029276

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 2005171410	A1	04-08-2005	EP 1708616 A1 11-10-2006
			WO 2005079667 A1 01-09-2005
			KR 20060116237 A 14-11-2006
US 2004002634	A1	01-01-2004	US 2005101845 A1 12-05-2005
US 2004117212	A1	17-06-2004	EP 1407713 A1 14-04-2004
			JP 2004130142 A 30-04-2004
			KR 20040032451 A 17-04-2004
US 2001049470	A1	06-12-2001	NONE
US 5989200	A	23-11-1999	NONE
US 6790178	B1	14-09-2004	NONE
US 6858182	B1	22-02-2005	CN 1272036 A 01-11-2000
			DE 60021016 D1 04-08-2005
			DE 60021016 T2 18-05-2006
			EP 1046910 A2 25-10-2000
			KR 20010020767 A 15-03-2001
			TW 456130 B 21-09-2001
US 6327495	B1	04-12-2001	EP 1027860 A1 16-08-2000
			JP 2000229072 A 22-08-2000

专利名称(译)	提供健康反馈的移动通信设备		
公开(公告)号	EP1959818A1	公开(公告)日	2008-08-27
申请号	EP2006788706	申请日	2006-07-27
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	索尼移动通信有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	索尼爱立信移动通信AB		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	索尼爱立信移动通信AB		
[标]发明人	NICHOLL RICHARD VINCENT		
发明人	NICHOLL, RICHARD VINCENT		
IPC分类号	A61B5/00 A61B5/0205 G06F19/00 A61B5/0404 H04M1/725 A61B5/22		
CPC分类号	A61B5/0002 A61B5/0205 A61B5/021 A61B5/024 A61B5/11 A61B5/222 A61B5/4872 A61B5/6887 G06F19/3475 G06F19/3481 G16H20/30 G16H20/60 H04M1/72522 H04M2250/12		
优先权	11/296370 2005-12-08 US		
外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

移动通信设备获得与移动通信设备的用户相关联的健康相关信息，基于健康相关信息确定是否已达到健康目标，当尚未达到健康目标时向用户提供负反馈，并在达到健康目标时向用户提供积极的反馈。