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2003 08 09  
10-0394509  
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(22) 2000 01 27

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(43) 2001 08 16

(73)

575

(72)

206-1306

101-306

(74)

:

(54)

(1)  $\left[ \text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{OR}_1)(\text{OR}_2)(\text{OR}_3)(\text{R}_4) \right]_n$  (p-OC10C10-PPV) (long chain),  
 R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub> 가, 가, 가, 가, R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub>  
 OC10C10-PPV  
 (2)  $\left[ \text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{OR}_1)(\text{OR}_2)(\text{OR}_3)(\text{R}_4) \right]_x \text{CO} \left[ \text{C}_6\text{H}_2(\text{MeO})(\text{OC}_{10}) \right]_y$   
 R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub> 가, 가, 가, 가, R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub>  
 y 0.9 0.1 가, PPV (defect) 504nm (color t  
 (greenish blue), OC10C10, (voltage) 3V

uning) 가 m/W	,	(voltage) 2.3V,	23000cd/m <sup>2</sup> ,	1.22l
1				
1				
2	3	( )	( )	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR
3	6	( )		<sup>1</sup> H-NMR
4	7	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) <sup>1</sup> H-
NMR				
5	9	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
<sup>1</sup> H-NMR				
6		/ (buffer layer)/	/ / /	
7	7	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) UV-
Visible	, PL(photoluminescence)		[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/A
l]	EL(electroluminescence)			
8	7	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	-	(voltage-current density)
	(diagram)			
9	7	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	-	(luminance-current density)
	(diagram)			
10	7	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	-	(luminance-voltage)
	(diagram)			
11	8	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) -co-{1,4(2-
-5-	) }	UV-Visible	, PL(photoluminescence)	,
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	EL(electroluminescence)	
12	8	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) -co-{1,4(2-
-5-	) }		[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]
-	(voltage-current density)		(diagram)	
13	8	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) -co-{1,4(2-
-5-	) }		[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]
-	(luminance-current density)		(diagram)	
14	8	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	) -co-{1,4(2-
-5-	) }		[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]
-	(luminance-voltage density)		(diagram)	
15	9	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
UV-Visible	, PL(photoluminescence)		[ITO/PEDOT/	
/Ca/Al]	EL(electroluminescence)			
16	9	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	-	(voltage-current densi
ty)	(diagram)			
17	9	{1,4(2-	-3,5,6-	)
	[ITO/PEDOT/	/Ca/Al]	-	(luminance-current de
nsity)	(diagram)			

18 nsity) 9 [ITO/PEDOT/ (diagram) {1,4(2- /Ca/Al] -3,5,6- ) (luminance-voltage de

(green color) 가 가 (color tuning) 가 4

hoton) (electron) (electron) (photon) 가 (optoelectronic device)

(electroluminescence display) 가 (backlight) GaN, ZnS, SiC (EL) 200V 가 (hole) (electroluminescence, EL) 가 (Eastmann Kodak) Tang Vanslyke 10V 1963 Pope (alumina-quinone, Alq<sub>3</sub>) 가 1%, 가 1000cd/m<sup>2</sup> 가 (Joule) 가 (full color) 가 (band gap) ( - conjugated polymer)' Cambridge (p- ) (poly (p-phenylenevinylene): PPV) 가 1990 가 Full-color Red, Green, Blue 가 1 2 LED 가 PPV 가 Full-color (polymer electroluminescent display, ELD) (precursor) PPV PPV 가 (ethylhexyloxy) PPV가 (dimethylsilyloxy) Gilch (Dehydrogenhalogenation) (electron donor) 가 (electronic effect) (red-shift) (orange) 가 EL EL 가 가

poly(arylene vinylene) (yellowish green)  
 가 (dialkoxy-PPV)

, device 가 PPV 가  
 5 6

PPV , PPV (effective conjugation length)  
 , Gilch 가

etric) 가 가 가 (defect) (asymm EL

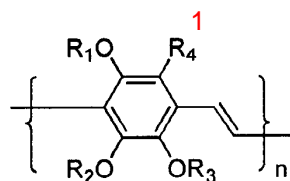
PPV 가 4

PPV

가

-5- C10-PPV) ) PPV , 4 가 {1,4(2- OC1

가 1 (1) 4 (p- 가 )(PPV) , (long chain)

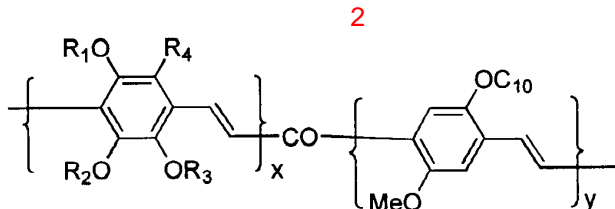


R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub> 가 , R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-20</sub>

-PPV(tetraalkoxy-PPV) -PPV(trialkoxyalkyl-PPV) (defect) 가 4 가 4

(1)  
 (2)

OC1C10-PPV



$R_1, R_2, R_3$  가,  $C_{1-20}$  가,  $C_{1-20}$  가,  $R_4$  가,  $C_{1-20}$  가  
 $y = 0.9$ ,  $0.1$  (1) OC1C10-PPV 가,  $3V$ ,  $23000cd/m^2$ ,  
 $1.22 lm/W$ , OC1C10-PPV  
 (Wittig condensation) (Mn)  
 $10,000$ ,  $10,000$ ,  $1,000,000$  가  $1.5$   $5.0$   
 PPV, 4 가  
 (EL diode) OC1C10-PPV  
 6 / (buffer layer) / / /  
 11 / / / (buffer layer) / / / (buffer layer) / /  
 / / / (buffer layer) / / / / (buffer layer) / /  
 / / / ITO  
 (work function)가 Al, Al:Li, Ca  
 (polythiophene), (polyaniline), (polyacetylene), (polypyrrole),  
 LiF MgF<sub>2</sub> 가

**1**: Trimethoxyphenol (1)  
 $1000Ml$  (trimethoxybenzaldehyde) 29.4g (150mmol) (dichloro  
 methane) 500Ml 0 m-CPBA 40g(180mmol) 가  
 $200Ml$  (sodiumbicarbonate) 300Ml  
 $10$  (dichloromethane) 300Ml  
 가 MgSO<sub>4</sub> (fil  
 tering) (column chromatography) (  
 n- / = 4/1) (trimethoxyphenol) 22g(119mmol, 79%)  
 $^1H-NMR$   $^1H-NMR(CDCl_3)$ : 3.79(s, 3H), 3  
 .82(s, 3H), 3.828(s, 3H), 5.46(br, 1H), 6.56(s, 1H), 6.59(s, 1H)

**2**: Trimethoxy(dimethyloctyloxy)benzene (2)  
 $22g$  (119mmol) DMF 300Ml, K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> 49g(357mmol) KI(10g)  
 가 (dimethyloctylbromide) 52g(238mmol) 가 150 12  
 $300Ml$  . 10% NaOH 300Ml 가 10  
 n- 300Ml 가  
 MgSO<sub>4</sub> ( : n- ) 25g(77.1 mmol)  
 $^1H-NMR$   $^1H-NMR(CDCl_3)$ : 0.85 0.95(m, 9H),  
 1.14 1.32(m, 6H), 1.52 1.78(m, 3H), 1.83 1.93(m, 1H), 3.83(s, 3H), 3.837(s, 3H), 3.84(s, 3H), 3.97 4.03(  
 m, 2H), 6.59(s, 1H), 6.60(s, 1H)

**3**: Bis(chloromethyl)trimethoxy(dimethyloctyloxy)benzene (3)  
 $25g$ (77.1mmol) (chloromethyl methylether)(31g, 385 mmol)  
 가 5 Ml . 8 50 , 300Ml n- 300Ml 가  
 $10$  n- 300Ml  
 가 MgSO<sub>4</sub> ( : n- / = 10/1) ( )  
 ) 7g(16.6mmol, 22%)  $^1H-NMR$  . 1  
 $H-NMR(CDCl_3)$ : 0.85 0.90(m, 6H), 0.96 0.99(m, 3H), 1.17 1.37(m, 6H), 1.52 1.78(m, 3H), 1.83 1.

93(m, 1H), 3.88(s, 3H), 3.92(s, 3H), 3.93(s, 3H), 3.92 3.95(m, 2H), 4.70(s, 4H)

**4** : Trimethoxyphenylpropanol (4)

2,4,5- (2,4,5-trimethoxycinnamic acid) 5g (21mmol) (200Mℓ), LiAlH<sub>4</sub>

1.2g (31mmol) 가 , 6 가 , 300Mℓ 가 가

MgSO<sub>4</sub> 가 2Mℓ 가 , 300Mℓ 가 가 ( : n- / = 1/4) 2.61g(11.5 mmol)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR . 1.76 1.85(m, 2H), 2.65(t, 2H), 3.57(t, 2H), 3.82 3.88(m, 9H), 6.52(s, 1H), 6.87(s, 1H)

**5** : Dimethyloctyloxypropyltrimethoxybenzene (5)

2.61g(11.5mmol) THF 30Mℓ HMPA 6Mℓ NaH 0.55g(7.5mmol) 0 (dimethyloctyl bromide) 5g(23 mmol)

가 .80 1 가 , 10 가 , MgSO<sub>4</sub> 4 ( : n- / = 10/1)

2.7g(7.5mmol, 65%) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR

0.86 0.91(m, 9H), 1.14 1.32(m, 6H), 1.52 1.78(m, 4H), 1.82 1.87(m, 2H), 2.63(t, 2H), 3.43(m, 4H), 3.81(s, 3H), 3.84(s, 3H), 3.89(s, 3H), 6.52(s, 1H), 6.72(s, 1H)

**6** : Bis(chloromethyl)dimethyloctyloxypropyltrimethoxybenzene (6)

2.7g(7.5mmol) (3.1g, 38.5 mmol) 가 0.5

Mℓ .8 50 , 100Mℓ n- 100Mℓ 가 10 MgSO<sub>4</sub> 4 ( : n- / = 10/1)

540mg (1.16 mmol, 16%) ( )

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR . 0.87 0.95(m, 9H), 1.14 1.42(m, 7H), 1.52 1.78(m, 3H), 1.83 1.93(m, 2H), 2.76 2.82(m, 2H), 3.47(t, 4H), 3.89(s, 3H), 3.93(s, 3H), 3.97(s, 3H), 4.70(s, 2H), 4.73(s, 2H)

**7** : Poly{1,4(2-dimethyloctyloxy,3,5,6-trimethoxy)phenylene vinylene (7)

3 (3) 430mg(1mmol) (anhydrous) THF 63Mℓ (0.016M solution) 0 (potassium tert-butoxide) 4Mℓ(1.0mol solution in THF, 1.5 2.0

4 ) 가 , 1.5 2.0 (500Mℓ)

Soxhlet ( 70%). 200,000 300,000

**8** : Poly{1,4 (2-dimethyloctyloxy-3,5,6-trimethoxy) phenylene-co- (1'-methoxy-4'-dimethyloctyloxy)phenylene vinylene (8)(Tetraalkoxy-PP-co-OC1OC10-PPV)

3 (3) 2,5- ( )-1- -4- 가 (1 .0mol solution in THF, 4 ) 가 . 1.5 2.0 (500Mℓ)

Soxhlet ( 70%). 20

0,000 300,000

**9** : Poly{1,4(2-dimethyloctyloxypropyl-3,5,6-trimethoxy)phenylene vinylene (9)

6 (6) 170mg(0.37mmol) THF 23Mℓ (0.016M solution) 0 1.47Mℓ(1.0mol solution in THF, 4 ) 가

1.5 2.0 (100Mℓ) Soxhlet ( 40%).

20,000

**10** : Poly{1,4 (2-dimethyloctyloxypropyl-3,5,6-trimethoxy) phenylene-co- (1'-methoxy-4'-dimethyl octyloxy)phenylene vinylene (10) (Trialkoxyalkyl-PP-co-OC1OC10-PPV)

6 (6) 2,5- ( )-1- -4- 가 THF (0.016M solution) 0

(1.0mol solution in THF, 4 ) 가 . 1.5 2.0 (500Mℓ)

Soxhlet ( 70%). 200,000 300,  
 000  
11 :  
 7, 8, 9, 10 EL device ITO(indium-tin oxide) EL device  
 6 ITO (photoresist resin) (etchant) (pa  
 ttering) (conductive buffer layer) Bayer Batron P  
 4083 500 , 180 1 (baking)  
 0.2 $\mu$ m (spin rate) (thermoevaporator) 50 500nm  
 (insulating layer) (crystal sensor)  
 4mm<sup>2</sup> (forward bias voltage)

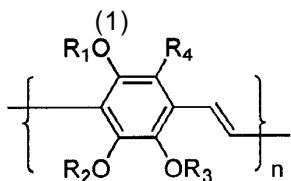
12 : UV-Visible, PL(photoluminescence)  
 7, 8, 9, 10 (glass)  
 , UV Photoluminescence(PL) (pin hole)  
 7 UV PL 7, 11, 15  
 PL -PPV , UV 446nm , 446nm  
 11 PL 506nm , shoulder가 541nm  
 , Tetraalkoxy-co-OC10C10-PPV(10:1) UV 451nm  
 0-PPV(1:1) UV PL 581nm , Tetraalkoxy-co-OC10C1  
 588nm PL 486nm , 486nm PL  
 15 -PPV UV 399nm , 399nm  
 PL PL 493nm , shoulder가 527nm  
 Trimethoxyalkyl-co-OC10C10-PPV(1:1) UV 475nm , 475nm  
 PL PL 585nm

13 : 가  
 7, 8 9 EL device 가 8 10,  
 12 14 16 18 ITO/PEDOT/ /Ca/Al EL  
 (rectifying diode) Tetraalkoxy-PPV (turn-on voltage) 10  
 2.9 V , 28900 cd/m<sup>2</sup> 0.58 lm/W . Trialko  
 xyalkyl-PPV 18 6.3 V , 8600 cd/m<sup>2</sup>  
 0.77 lm/W Tetraalkoxy-co-OC1C10-PPV(10:1) 3.6 V  
 , 12500 cd/m<sup>2</sup> 1.22 lm/W  
 가 Tetraalkoxy-co-OC1C10-PPV(1:1) 2.3 V  
 , 24400 cd/m<sup>2</sup> 0.53 lm/W 10  
 Trialkoxyalkyl-co-OC1C10-PPV(1:1) 2.6 V , 12  
 570 cd/m<sup>2</sup> 1.10 lm/W EL -

(p- ) (PPV) , 4  
 OC1C10-PPV ,

(57)  
 1.

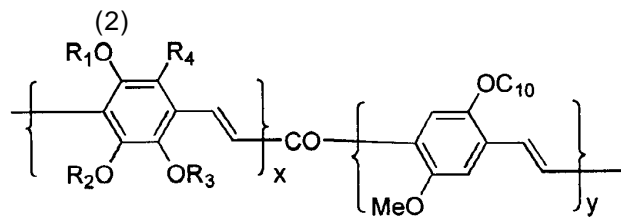
(p- ) (PPV) , 4 가 (1)



R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-15</sub> 가 , R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-15</sub>

2.

1 OC1C10-PPV , (2)



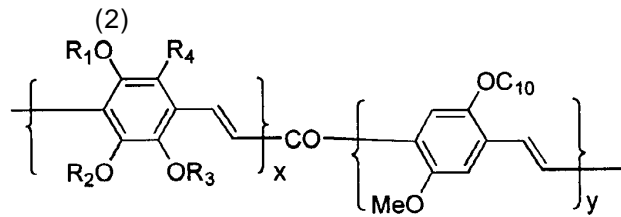
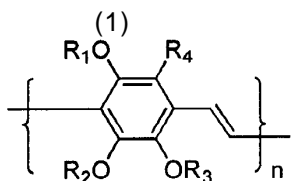
R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-15</sub> 가 , R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-15</sub>  
y 0.9 0.1 .

3.

1 2 , 10,000 1,000,000 , 가 1.5  
5.0 .

4.

(buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/  
(buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/ (buffer layer)/  
4 가 (1) , (p- ) (PPV) , O  
C1C10-PPV , (2)



R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>1-15</sub> 가 , R<sub>4</sub> C<sub>1-15</sub>  
y 0.9 0.1 .

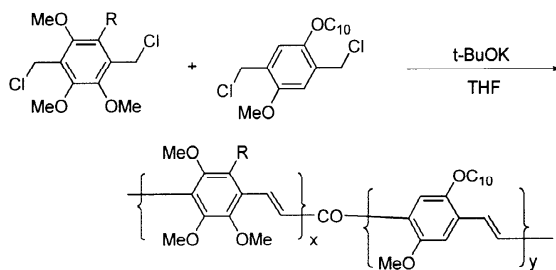
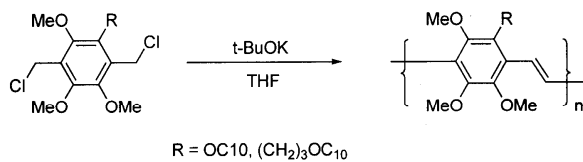
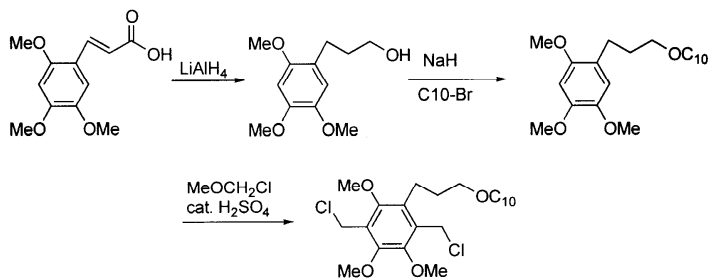
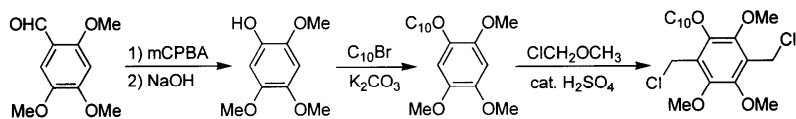
5.

4 , (polythiophene), (polyaniline), (polyacetylene),  
(polypyrrole),

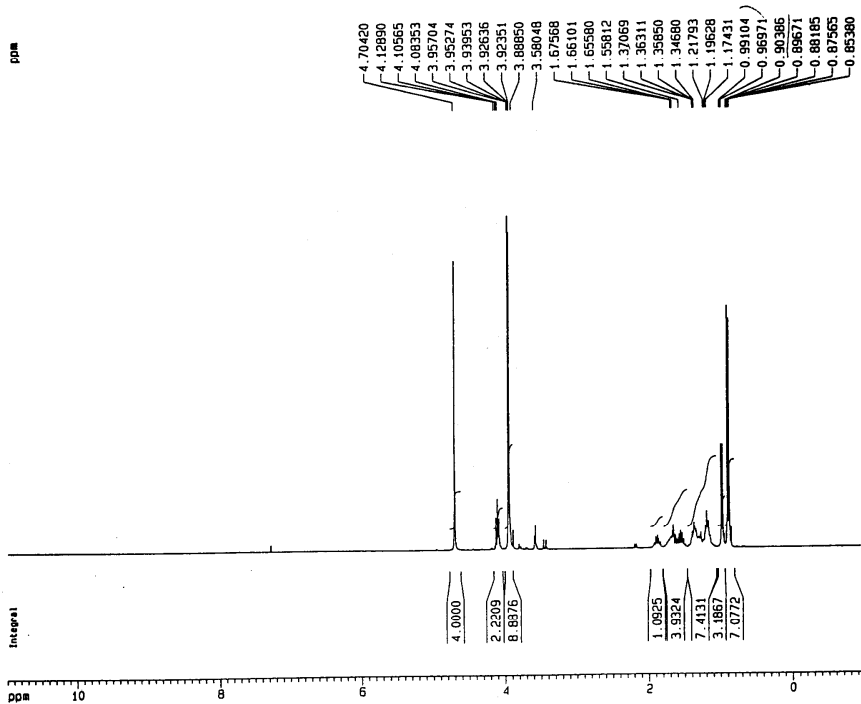
6.

4 , LiF MgF<sub>2</sub> .

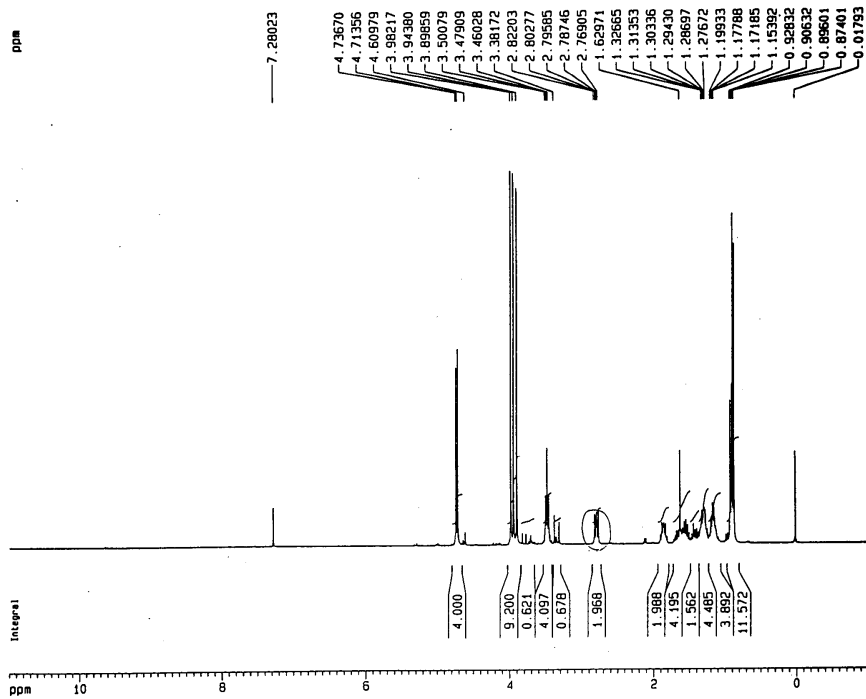
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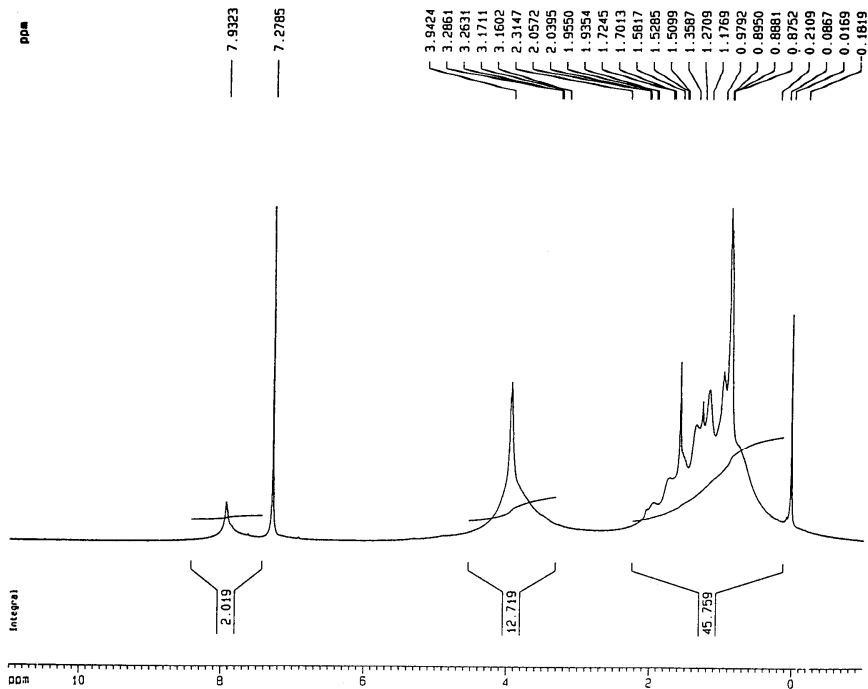
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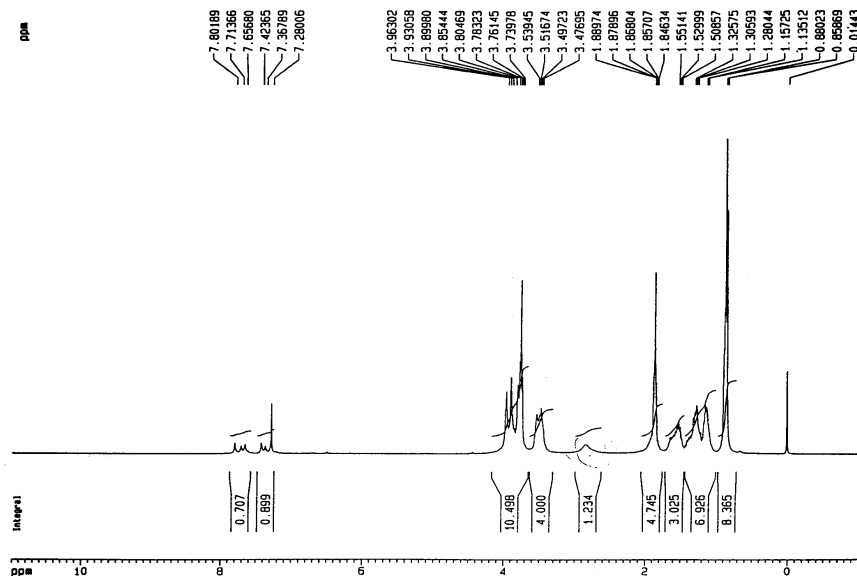
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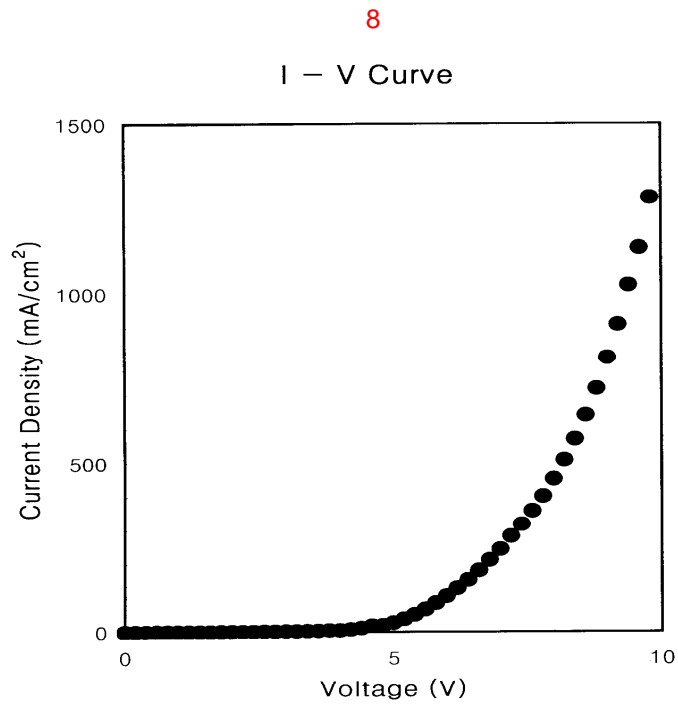
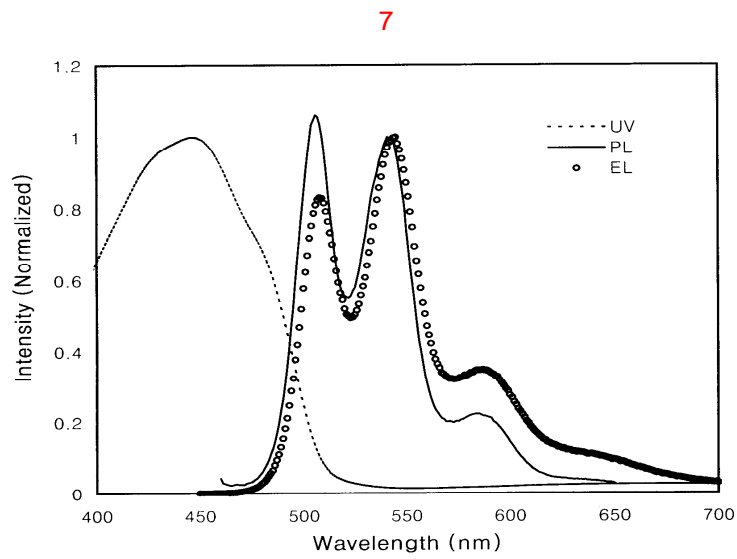
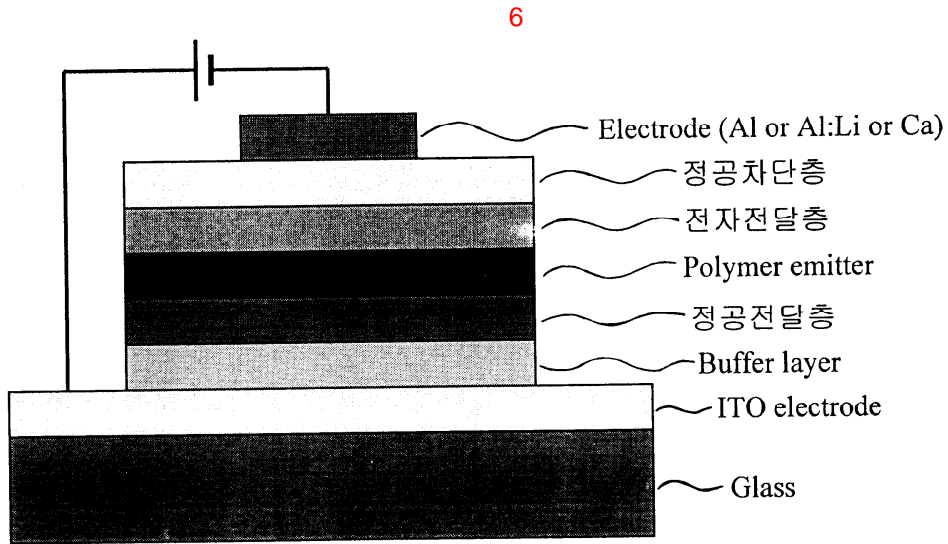


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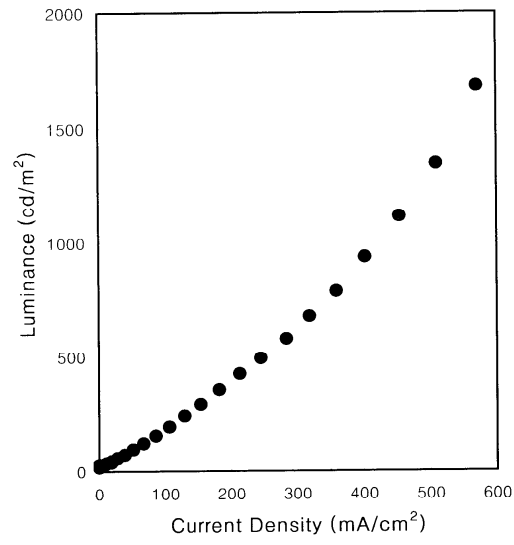
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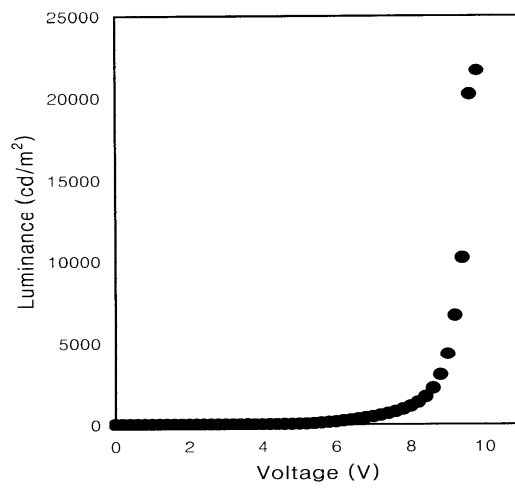
9

L - I Curve

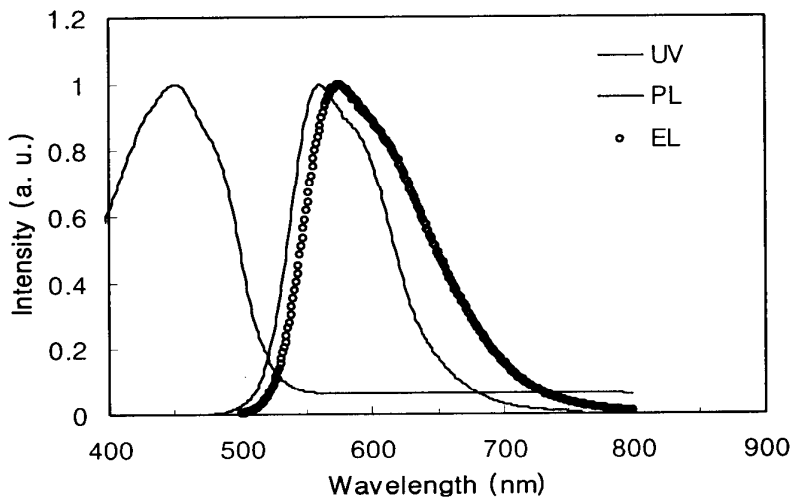


10

L - V Curve

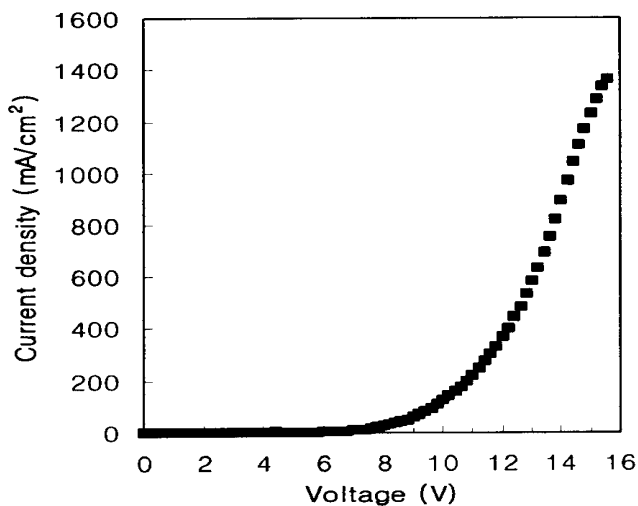


11



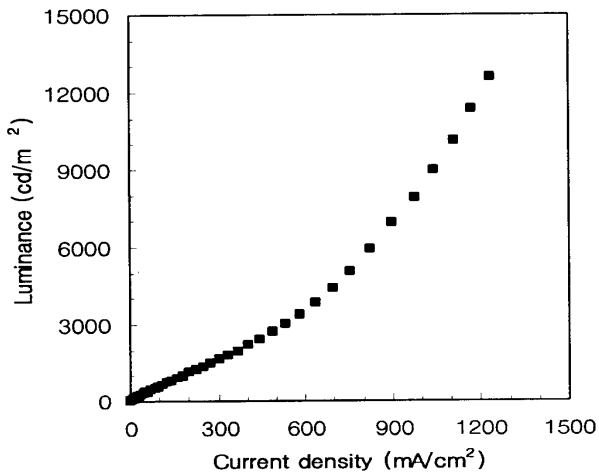
12

I-V Curve



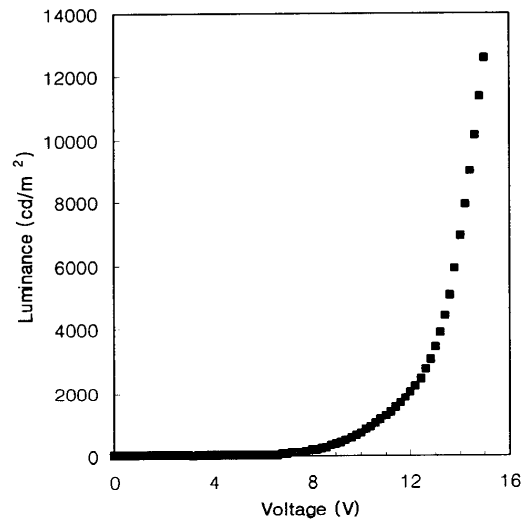
13

L-I Curve

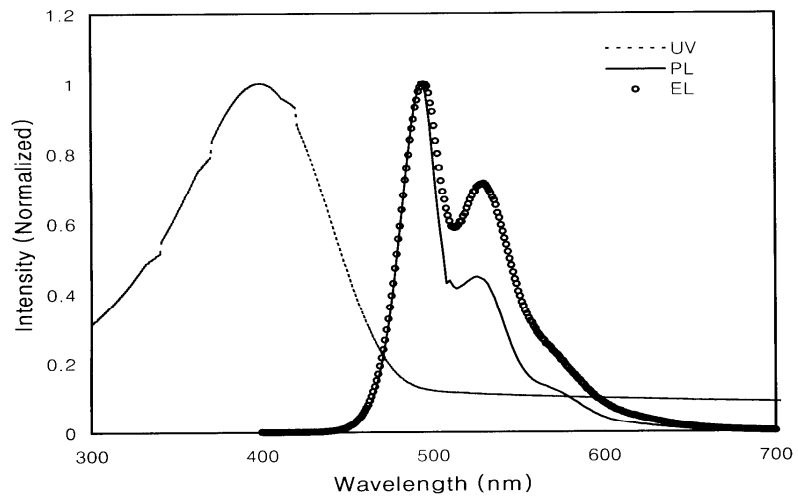


14

L-V Curve

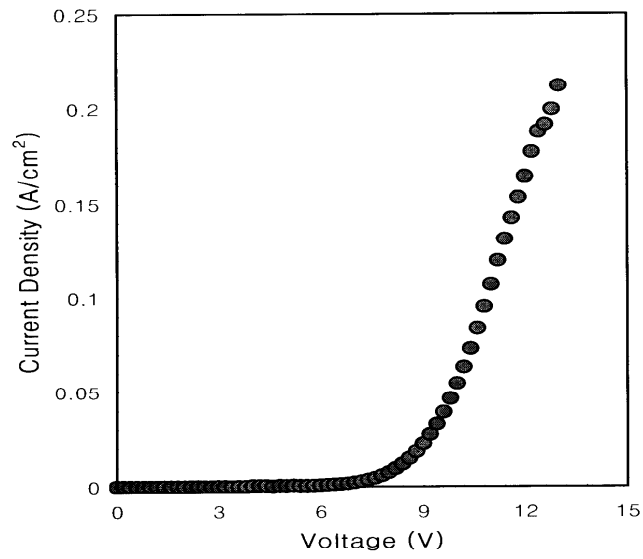


15



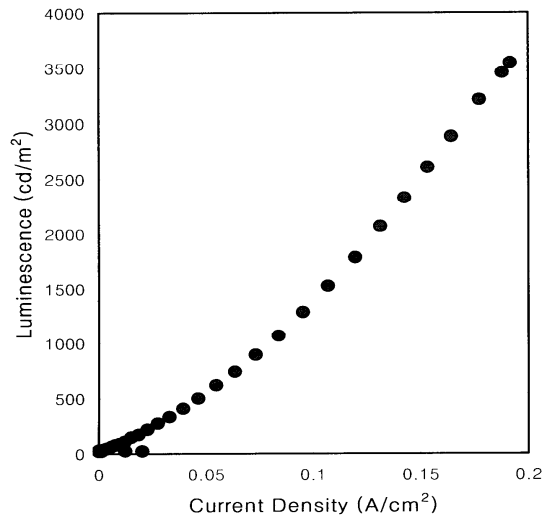
16

I-V Curve



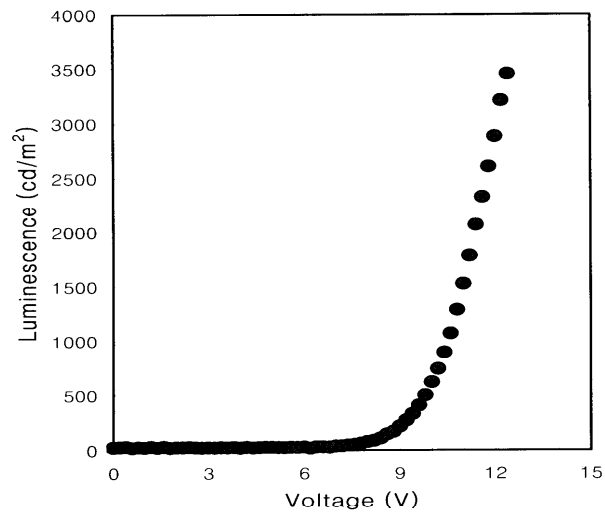
17

L-I Curve



18

L-V Curve



专利名称(译)	一种高官能度电致发光聚合物，包含具有四个取代基的亚苯基		
公开(公告)号	<a href="#">KR100394509B1</a>	公开(公告)日	2003-08-09
申请号	KR1020000003929	申请日	2000-01-27
申请(专利权)人(译)	三星SD眼有限公司		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	三星SD眼有限公司		
[标]发明人	KEE INSEO 기인서 LEE JIHOON 이지훈		
发明人	기인서 이지훈		
IPC分类号	C09K11/06		
CPC分类号	C09K11/06 C09K2211/1425 H01L51/0038 H01L51/0043 H01L51/50 H05B33/14 Y10S428/917		
代理人(译)	CHOI, DUK KYU		
其他公开文献	KR1020010076654A		
外部链接	<a href="#">Espacenet</a>		

摘要(译)

根据本发明高功能电致发光聚合物是聚(对-亚苯基亚乙烯基) (PPV) 作为主链，和长链(长链)的脂族烷基或烷氧基的四个取代基包括至少一个亚苯基环中并且由下面的公式(1)表示：“(1)”通式(1)其中R<sub>1</sub>，R<sub>2</sub>和R<sub>3</sub>各自独立地为具有1-20个碳原子的长链烷基或支链烷基，R<sub>4</sub>为长链烷基，L<sub>t</sub>; RT<sub>1</sub> = 0.0>烷氧基。此外，为了通过同时调整电发光聚合物OC<sub>1</sub>C<sub>10</sub>-PPV单体的比例和单体可以容易地制造电致发光聚合物表示由式(2)共聚合在两个颜色调节：式(2)其中R<sub>1</sub>，R<sub>2</sub>和R<sub>3</sub>各自独立地为具有1-20个碳原子的长链烷基或支链烷基，R<sub>4</sub>为长链烷基，至20，x为0.1至0.9，y为0.9至0.1。引入的四个取代基的PPV发光聚合物在普通有机溶剂中的缺陷(缺陷)可溶性不是，并能形成良好的薄膜，大约由单层装置产生的结果元件的驱动电压(电压)为3V是并且在504nm附近可以呈现蓝绿色。在与OC<sub>1</sub>OC<sub>10</sub>共聚的情况下，可以根据聚合物的比例进行颜色调整，发光器件的驱动电压为2.3V，最大发光亮度约为23,000 cd / m<sup>2</sup>，最大发光效率为1.22 lm / W. 1

