

(19)
(12)

(KR)
(A)

(51) 。 Int. Cl.⁷
H05B 33/10

(11)
(43)

10-2005-0001614
2005 01 07

(21)

10-2003-0041855

(22)

2003 06 26

(71)

.

20

(72)

297-13301

2 382-3

(74)

:

(54)

, 1 , , 2

,

1

; 1 ; 1 ;

2 가 2

.

rmation)

,

(chain confo

.

3

1 EL .

2 EL .

3 EL .

4a 4c 2 (4b) , (4a) , (4c).

5 2 uv-visible spretra .

< >

10 : 1

20 : 2

(multi-step thermal treatment)

가 가 (Organic Electro luminescence Device : ' EL ')

EL ITO 가 (Ca, Li, Al : Li, Mg : Ag) EL 가 (ra

diative recombination) (exciton) ,

1000 ,

EL (HTL) (ETL) 가 (EML) 가 가

(HTL) Cu-PC (ETL) (HIL) 가 5 ~ 10

(EIL)) 가 LiF 가

(HTL) (EML) (ETL) (EI

L) , on-off speed가 EL

EL (EML) (spin-coating), (inkjet)

, EL
 ,
 , 가
 1 EL
 , (HTL), (EML), EL ,
 ITO , Ca/Al
 , 90
 , 1000nit 25 , (humidity) 50%
 1 EL
 ,
 , (LCD) 50,000hr 50% 가 () 300hr() ,
 (multi-step thermal treatment) ,
 1 , 2
 , EL
 , 1 ,
 , 2
 1 ; 1 ; 1 ;
 2 가 ; 2 ;
 (polyfluorene) , (xylene)
 , 1 (boiling point) , 1 가
 (boiling point) 가 , 1 가
 2 , 2 (Tg) ,
 2 가 150 ~ 200
 , 2 가 , 2 가
 (chain conformation) , (film morphology) , 2 가
 (Tg) 10 ~ 30

rmation) , , (chain confo
 .
 EL , EL 2
 .
 2 EL
 2 , EL (1), 1 (2), (3), (6), 2
 (9)
 , 2 (cathode)(9) Ca, Mg, Al , (9)
 (6) (barrier) (current density)
 , 가
 , 1 (anode)(2) 가
 , 가 ITO(indium tin oxide) , 30n
 m
 , (6) 1, 2 (2, 9) 가
 PPV(poly(p-phenylenevinylene)), PT(polythiophene)
 .
 , (3) 1 (2) (6)
 , (3) (3)
 , (3) 2 (3)
 .
 EL
 (spin-coating), (inkjet)
 .
 , 1
 , 가
 (multi-step thermal
 treatment) , 1 ,
 2 EL
 .
 3 EL
 3 EL
 .
 1 (T1) 1
 (boiling point) , 1
 (t1) 가 (10) .
 1 (t1 ~ t2)
 , 1 가 (t1 ~ t2)
 , t1 ~ t2 (boiling point) 가
 t1 ~ t2 가 .

2 (T2) (Tg) . , 2 (T2) .

2 (T2) (t3 ~ t4) .

2 (T2)가 (t3 ~ t4) 2 (T2) 가 (chain conformation) .

2 (T2) (Tg) (film morphology) .

2 (T2) (Macropacking) , t3 ~ t4 (Micropacking) .

2 (T2) (multi-step thermal treatment) , t3 ~ t4 (multi-step thermal treatment) 1 (10) 2 (20) .

2 (T2) (t3 ~ t4) , T2 (t4 ~ t5) 가 가 .

(chain conformation) 4 5 .

2 4a 4c 2 (4b) , (4a) , (4c) .

2 4a 4c (polyfluorene) , (xylenes) .

2 4a 4c 2 2 (20) , 2 (T2)가 (t3 ~ t4) 0 , 10 , 30 , 60 4 t3 ~ t4 0 (min) ~ 60 (min) .

0 4b , 0 (eff.(cd/A)) 9.84 (eff.(cd/A)) 9.21 , 10 (eff.(cd/A)) 9.04 , (eff.(cd/A)) 9.90 , 3 9.50 .

EL , EL 9.0 5% 가 .

10 (32), 30 (33) , 2 (T2)가 10 , 30 10% 가 .

2 4c 30 (33) 가 가 = +) 가 (thermal degradation)가 , (crystallization)가 .

2 4c 30 (32) 30 (33) .

2 4c 2 (T2)가 0 0 (31) 가 가 , 2 (T2)가 60 60 (34) 가 .

5 2 uv-visible spretra

5 2 (T2)가 (t3 ~ t4)
 t3 ~ t4 0 (min) ~ 60 (min) 0 (31), 10 (32), 30 (33)
 , 60 (34) 4 - (red-shift)

uv-visible spretra (red-shift) (inte
 rmolecular interaction) (chain) 가 π - (orbital) (overlap) 가
 (exciton) (hopping)

10 (32), 30 (33) 60 (34) 가 (spectra)가
 10 (32), 30 (33)

4 5 2 (T2) 150 ~ 200 2 (T2)가
 (t3 ~ t4) (T2)가 10 ~ 30

2 (T2)가 160 2 (T2)가 30

(chain conformation)

(57)

1.

1 , 2

1

,

1

,

1

,

2

,

2

가

2.

1 ,

(polyfluorene) ,

(xylen

es)

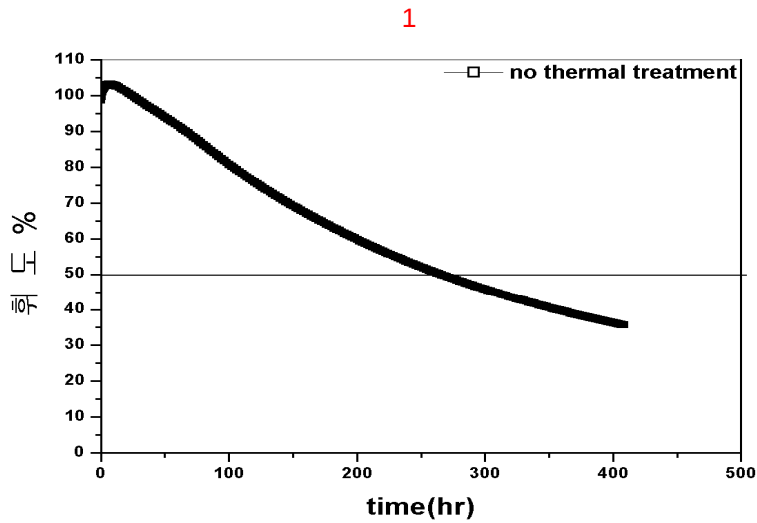
3.

1 ,

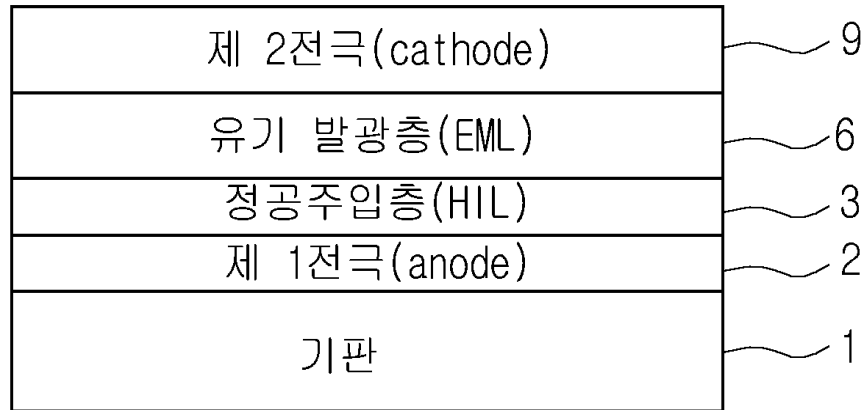
1

(boiling point)

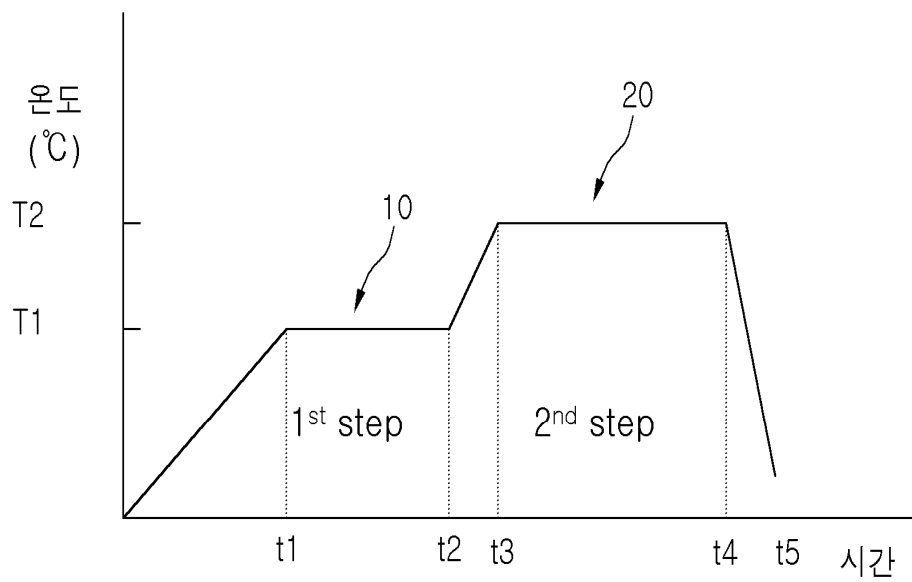
4. 1 가 1 가 (boiling point) 가 1
5. 1 2 (Tg)
6. 5 2 가 150 ~ 200
7. 1 2 conformation 가 (chain Tg) 2 가 (film morphology)
8. 7 2 가 10 ~ 30



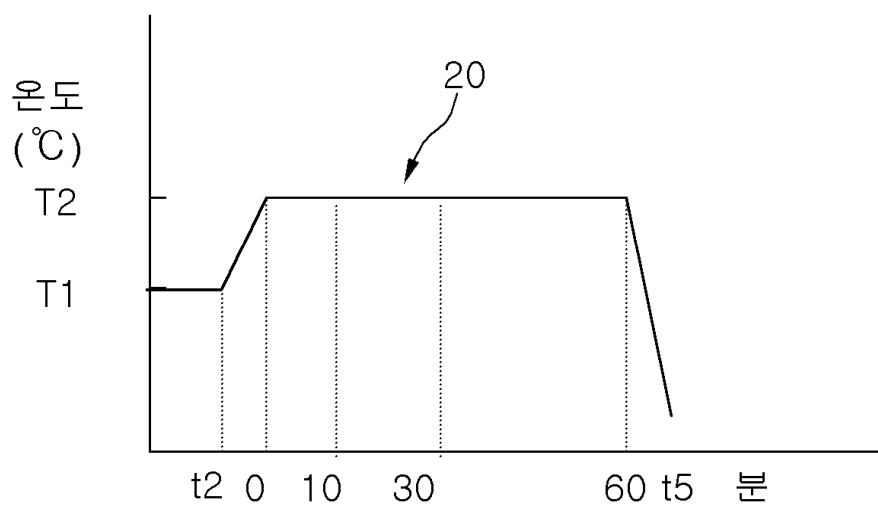
2



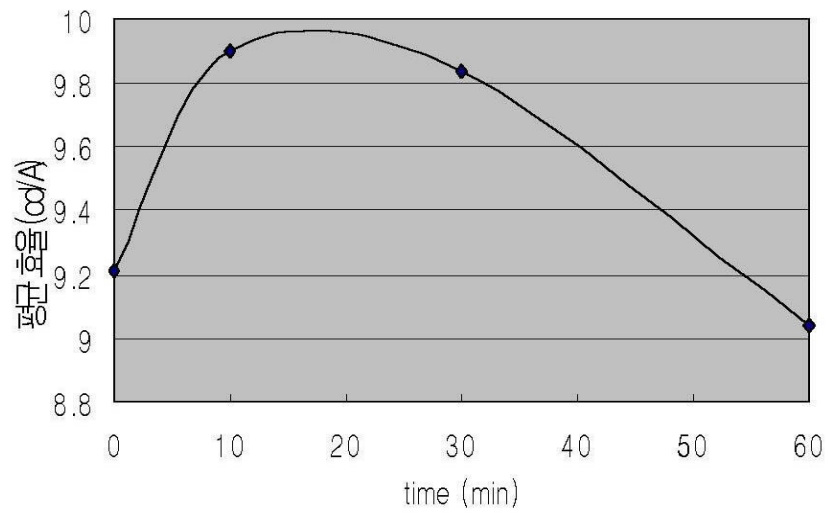
3



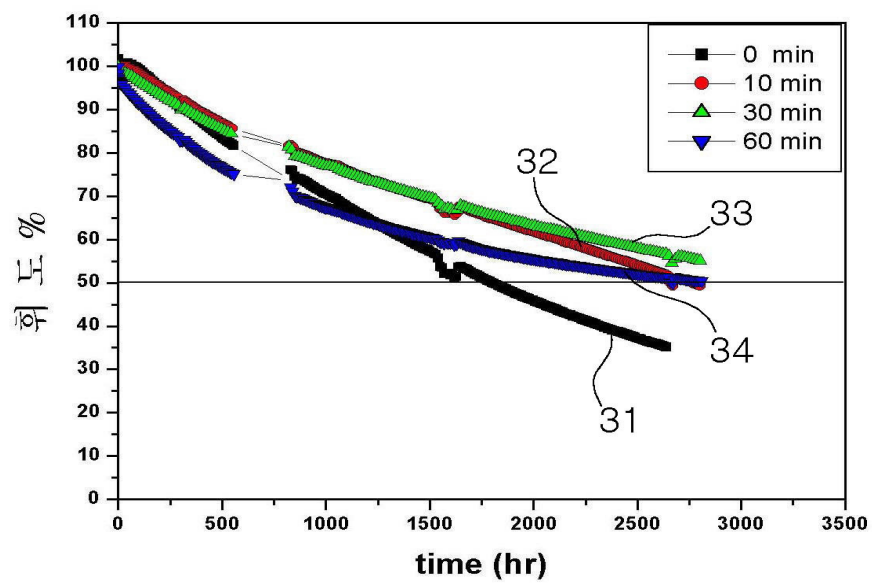
4a

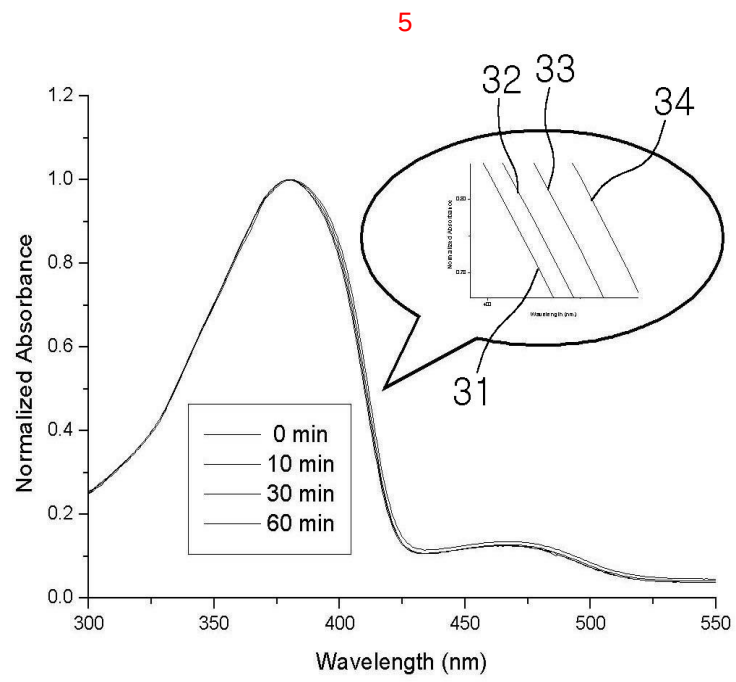


4b



4c





专利名称(译)	聚合物有机电致发光器件的制造方法		
公开(公告)号	KR1020050001614A	公开(公告)日	2005-01-07
申请号	KR1020030041855	申请日	2003-06-26
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	乐金显示有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	LG显示器有限公司		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	LG显示器有限公司		
[标]发明人	KIM JINOOK 김진욱 PARK JONGHYUN 박종현		
发明人	김진욱 박종현		
IPC分类号	H05B33/10		
CPC分类号	H01L51/0026 H01L51/0039 H01L2251/556		
其他公开文献	KR100591797B1		
外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

关于聚合物有机电致发光元件制造方法的第一电极上的有机发光层，其中根据聚合物有机电致发光元件制造方法依次形成第一电极，有机发光层和第二电极，包括：溶液的步骤是用溶解聚合物的溶剂和相应的膜状聚合物材料涂覆的：将温度升高到第一温度的步骤：将预定时间保持在第一温度的步骤：步骤再次将温度增加到第二温度：第二温度保持时间的步骤：超时后降低温度的步骤。它具有改善聚合物电致发光器件的寿命和效率的优点，有机发光层内部的链构象连续改变，根据本发明完成器件的热稳定性。

