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(54) **EMITTING MATERIAL AND ORGANIC LIGHT EMITTING DIODE USING THE SAME**  
EMITTIERENDES MATERIAL UND ORGANISCHE LICHTEMITTIERENDE DIODE DAMIT  
MATERIAU D'EMISSION ET DIODE ELECTROLUMINESCENTE ORGANIQUE METTANT EN  
OEUVRE CELUI-CI

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## Description

## [Technical Field]

5 [0001] The present invention relates to a novel structure of a light emitting material and an organic light emitting device using the same.

[0002] This application claims priority benefits from Korean Patent Application No. 10-2005-111004, filed on November 18, 2005 and Korean Patent Application No. 10-2006-0044097, filed on May 17, 2006.

## 10 [Background Art]

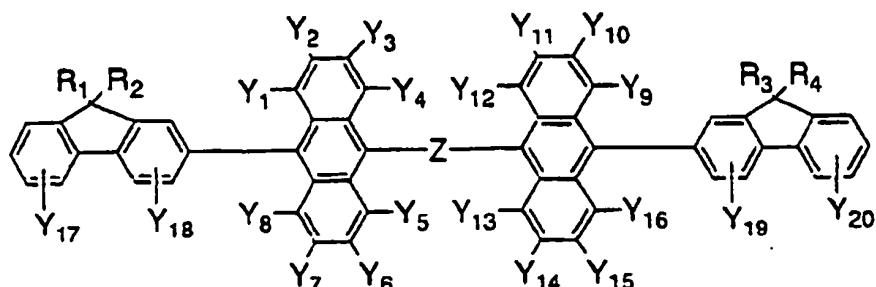
[0003] In general, the term "organic light emitting phenomenon" refers to a phenomenon in which electric energy is converted to light energy by means of an organic material. The organic light emitting diode using the organic light emitting phenomenon has a structure usually comprising an anode, a cathode and an organic material layer interposed there between. Herein, the organic material layer may be mostly formed in a multilayer structure comprising layers of different materials, for example, the hole injecting layer, the hole transporting layer, the light emitting layer, the electron transporting layer, the electron injecting layer and the like, in order to improve efficiency and stability of the organic light emitting diode. In the organic light emitting diode having such a structure, when a voltage is applied between two electrodes, holes from the anode and electrons from a cathode are injected into the organic material layer, the holes and the electrons injected are combined together to form excitons. Further, when the excitons drop to a ground state, lights are emitted. Such the organic light emitting diode is known to have characteristics such as self-luminescence, high brightness, high efficiency, low drive voltage, wide viewing angle, high contrast and high-speed response.

[0004] The materials used for the organic material layer of the organic light emitting diode can be classified into a light emitting material and a charge-transporting material, for example, a hole injecting material, a hole transporting material, an electron transporting material and an electron injecting material, according to their functions. Further, the light emitting material can be divided into a high molecular weight type light emitting material or a low molecular weight type light emitting material according to the molecular weights, which ranges from a fluorescent material derived from the electron in the singlet excitation state to a phosphorescent material derived from the electron in the triplet excitation state according to the light emitting mechanism. Further, the light emitting material can be divided into a blue, green or red light emitting material and a yellow or orange light emitting material required for giving more natural color, according to a light emitting color.

[0005] On the other hand, an efficiency of a device is lowered owing to maximum luminescence wavelength moved to a longer wavelength due to the interaction between the molecules, the deterioration of color purity and the reduction in light emitting efficiency when only one material is used for the light emitting material, and therefore a host/dopant system can be used as the light emitting material for the purpose of enhancing the color purity and the light emitting efficiency through energy transfer. It is based on the principle that if a small amount of a dopant having a smaller energy band gap than a host which forms a light emitting layer, excitons which are generated in the light emitting layer are transported to the dopant, thus emitting a light having a high efficiency. Here, since the wavelength of the host is moved according to the wavelength of the dopant, a light having a desired wavelength can be obtained according to the kind of the dopant.

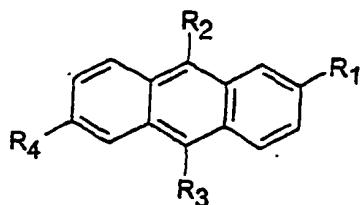
[0006] In order to allow the organic light emitting diode to fully exhibit the above-mentioned excellent characteristics, a material constituting the organic material layer in the device, for example, a hole injecting material, a hole transporting material, a light emitting material, an electron transporting material and an electron injecting material should be essentially composed of a stable and efficient material. However, the development of a stable and efficient organic material layer material for the organic light emitting diode has not yet been fully realized. Accordingly, the development of new materials is continuously desired.

[0007] JP 2005008559 A refers to compounds of the following formula

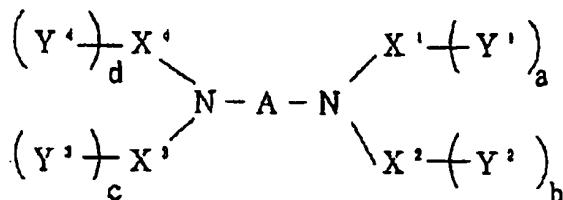


the groups corresponding to Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> of Formula 1 of the present application being anthracene groups.

[0008] WO 03/095445 A discloses components of the following formula



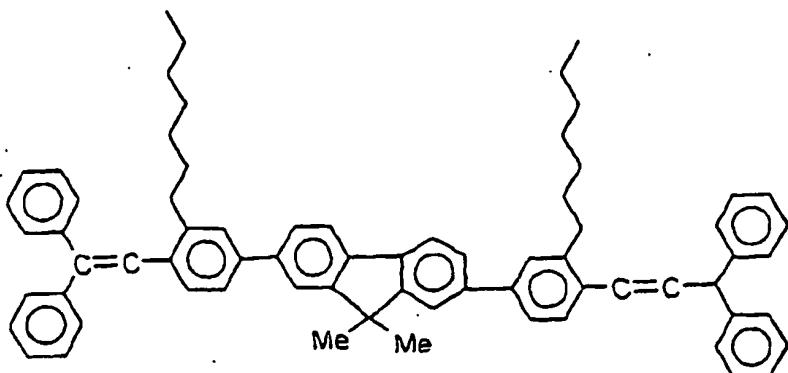
and JP2001131541 A discloses components of the following formula



the groups corresponding to Ar<sup>2</sup> of Formula 1 of the present application being in both cases phenyl groups, and the groups corresponding to R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> of Formula 1 of the present application being present at the para position relative to L.

[0009] EP 1 440 959 A discloses compounds of the following formula:

25



40 the groups corresponding to R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> of Formula 1 of the present application not comprising any double bond or triple bond.

[Disclosure]

45 [Technical Problem]

[0010] The present inventors have discovered a novel structure of a light emitting material, and have found out that this light emitting material can serve as materials for an organic material layer, and in particular as a light emitting material, in an organic light emitting diode.

50

[Technical Solution]

[0011] Therefore, it is an object of the present invention to provide a novel structure of a light emitting material and an organic light emitting diode using the same.

55

[Advantageous Effects]

[0012] The compound of the present invention is a novel structure of a light emitting material, which can not only serve

as a light emitting material alone, but also serve as a light emitting host in combination with a proper light emitting dopant, or a light emitting dopant in combination with a proper light emitting host, particularly in an organic light emitting diode.

5 [Description of Drawings]

[0013]

Fig. 1 is a diagram illustrating a structure of an organic light emitting diode according to one embodiment of the present invention.

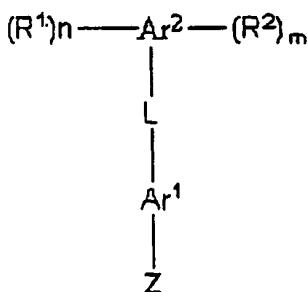
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[Best Mode]

[0014] The present invention provides a compound represented by the following formula 1:

15

[Formula 1]



as defined in claim 1.

30 [0015] In the compound of the formula 1, Ar<sup>1</sup> is a group selected from the group consisting of:

35



40 and these groups may be substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group and an asycamine group.

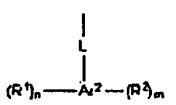
[0016] In the compound of the formula 1, Ar<sup>2</sup> is preferably a phenyl group, a biphenyl group or, a naphthalene group.

[0017] In the compound of the formula 1, L is preferably a direct bond, or is selected from the group consisting of arylene groups such as a phenylene group, a biphenylene group and a naphthalene group, or from the group consisting of heteroarylene groups such as a pyridylene group, a bipyridylene group, a carbazolene group, a thiophenylene group, a quinolylene group and an isoquinolylene group.

[0018] In the compound of the formula 1, Ar<sup>3</sup> is preferably selected from the group consisting of aryl groups such as a phenyl group, a biphenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthryl group, a pyrenyl group and a perylenyl group, or from the group consisting of heteroaryl groups such as a pyridyl group, a bipyridyl group, a carbazol group, a thiophenyl group, a quinolinyl group and an isoquinolinyl group.

50 [0019] In the compound of the formula 1, Z is preferably selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom,

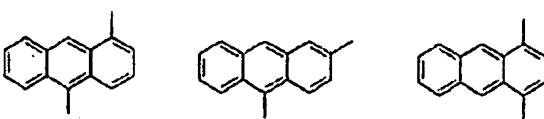
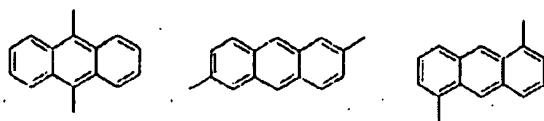
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aryl groups such as a phenyl group, a biphenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthryl group, a pyrenyl group, and a perylenyl group, or from the group consisting of heteroaryl groups such as a pyridyl group, a bipyridyl group, a carbazol group, a

thiophenyl group, a quinolinyl group and an isoquinolinyl group.

[0020] In the compound of the formula 1, Ar<sup>1</sup> is more preferably selected from the anthracenylene groups represented by the following structural formulas, and these groups may be substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group and a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group.



[0021] The definition of the substituents as used in the present invention is as follows.

[0022] The alkyl group preferably has 1 to 20 carbon atoms. Specific examples thereof include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an isopropyl group, a butyl group, a t-butyl group, a pentyl group, a hexyl group and a heptyl group, but are not limited thereto.

[0023] The alkenyl group preferably has 2 to 20 carbon atoms. Specific examples thereof include a methenyl group, an ethenyl group and a propenyl group, but are not limited thereto.

[0024] The cycloalkyl group preferably has 3 to 20 carbon atoms, and does not give steric hindrance. Specific examples thereof more preferably include a cyclopentyl group or a cyclohexyl group, but are not limited thereto.

[0025] The aryl group includes those selected from the group consisting of a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a biphenyl group, a pyrenyl group and a perylene group, but is not limited thereto.

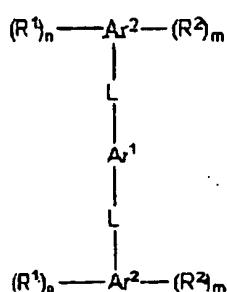
[0026] The heteroaryl group includes those selected from the group consisting of a pyridyl group, a bipyridyl group, an acridyl group, a thiophene group, an imidazole group, an oxazole group, a thiazole group and a quinolinyl group, but is not limited thereto.

[0027] The arylamine group is preferably an amine group which is substituted with a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, and the aryl group may be substituted with an arylalkenyl group, but is not limited thereto.

[0028] The compound of the formula 1 can be a compound represented by the following formula 2.

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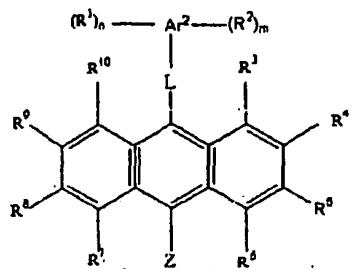
[Formula 2]



wherein Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n and m have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1.

[0029] Further, the compound of the formula 1 can be a compound represented by the following formula 3.

## [Formula 3]



wherein

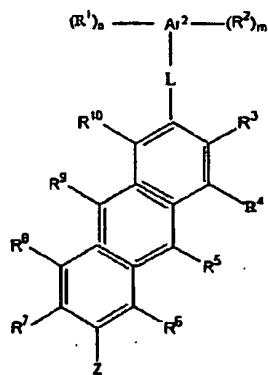
15 Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m and Z have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1,

R<sup>3</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

20 [0030] In the formula 3, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> to R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are hydrogen atoms, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are the same or different from each other, are preferably independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

25 [0031] Further, the compound of the formula 1 can be a compound represented by the following formula 4.

## [Formula 4]



45 wherein

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m and Z have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1,

R<sup>3</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

50 [0032] In the formula 4, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> to R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are the same or different from each other, are preferably independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

55 [0033] Specific examples of the compound of the formula 1 are presented in the following Tables 1 to 6, but are not

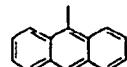
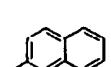
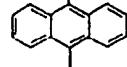
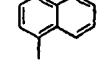
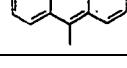
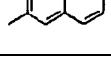
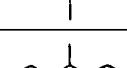
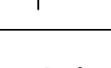
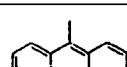
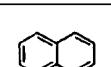
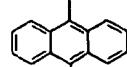
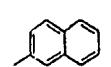
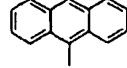
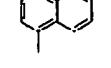
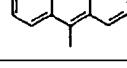
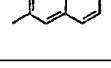
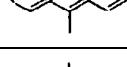
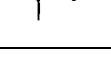
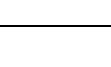
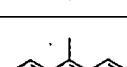
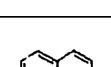
limited thereto.

**[0034]** The following Table 1 presents specific examples of the compound having an asymmetric structure, wherein in the formula 1, m is equal to 0.

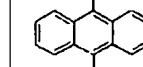
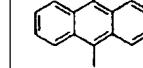
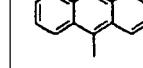
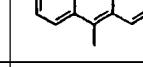
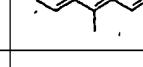
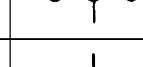
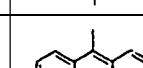
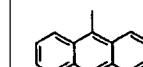
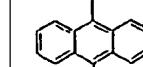
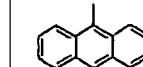
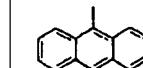
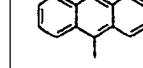
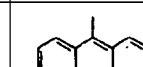
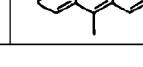
**[0035]** In Tables 1 to 6 and in the Examples compounds designated by an "\*" are provided for comparative purposes only.

5

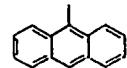
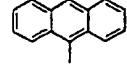
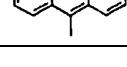
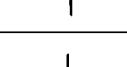
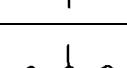
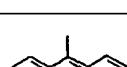
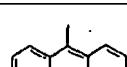
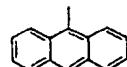
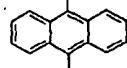
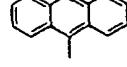
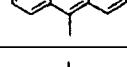
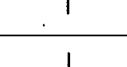
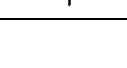
[Table 1]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
10		Direct bond				
15		Direct bond				
20		Direct bond				
25		Direct bond				
30		Direct bond				
35		Direct bond				
40		Direct bond				
45		Direct bond				
50		Direct bond				
55		Direct bond				
						
						

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	14 					
10	15 					
15	16 					
20	17 					
25	18 					
30	19 					
35	20 					
40	21 					
45	22 					
50	23 					
55	24 					
	25 					
	26 					
	27 					

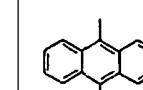
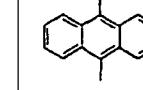
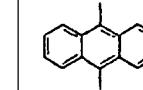
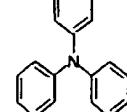
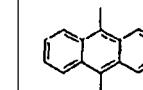
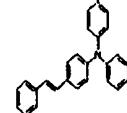
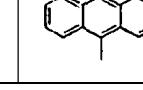
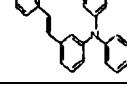
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	28					
10	29					
15	30					
20	31					
25	32					
30	33					
35	34					
40	35					
45	36					
50	37					
55	38					
	39					
	40					
	41					

(continued)

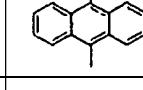
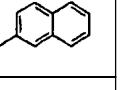
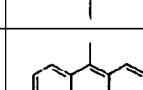
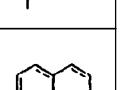
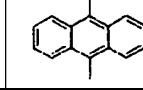
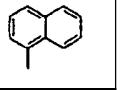
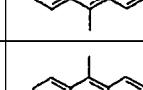
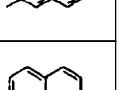
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	42						
10	43						
15	44						
20	45						
25	46						
30	47						
35	48						
40	49						
45	50		Direct bond				
50	51		Direct bond				
55	52		Direct bond				
55	53		Direct bond				
55	54		Direct bond				
55	55		Direct bond				

(continued)

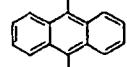
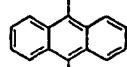
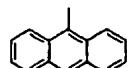
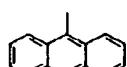
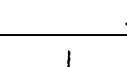
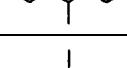
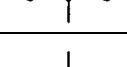
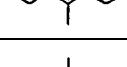
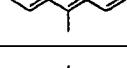
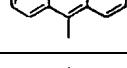
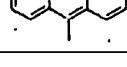
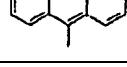
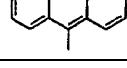
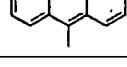
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	56 					
10	57 					
15	58 	Direct bond				
20	59 	Direct bond				
25	60 	Direct bond				

**[0036]** The following Table 2 presents specific examples of the compound having an asymmetric structure, wherein in the formula 1, neither n nor m is not 0.

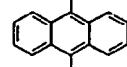
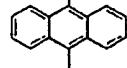
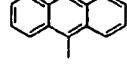
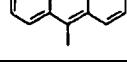
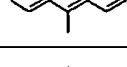
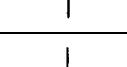
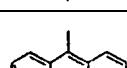
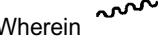
[Table 2]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
35	61 	Direct bond				
40	62 	Direct bond				
45	63 	Direct bond				
50	64 	Direct bond				
55	65 	Direct bond				
	66 	Direct bond				

(continued)

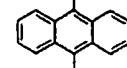
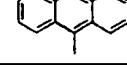
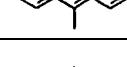
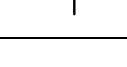
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	67		Direct bond				
10	68						
15	69						
20	70						
25	71						
30	72						
35	73						
40	74						
45	75						
50	76						
55	77						
	78		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
	79		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
	80		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

(continued)

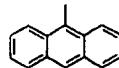
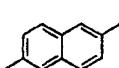
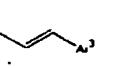
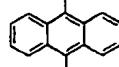
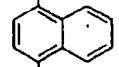
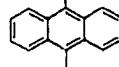
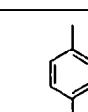
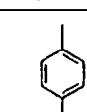
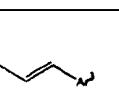
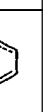
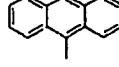
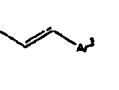
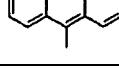
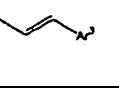
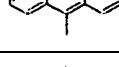
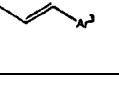
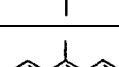
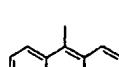
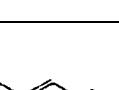
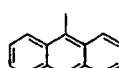
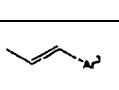
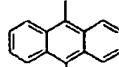
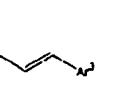
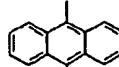
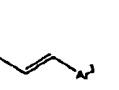
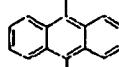
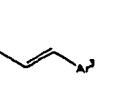
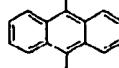
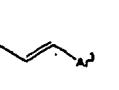
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	81		Direct bond				
10	82						
15	83						
20	84						
25	85						
30	86						
35	87						
40	88						
	Wherein  in Ar <sup>2</sup> represents a portion to which L is bonded.						

[0037] The following Table 3 presents specific examples of the compound having a symmetric structure, wherein in the formula 2, n+m is equal to 1.

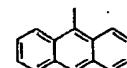
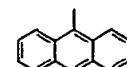
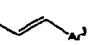
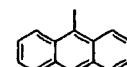
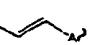
[Table 3]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
45	89		Direct bond			
50	90		Direct bond			
55	91		Direct bond			
60	92		Direct bond			

(continued)

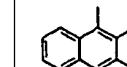
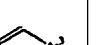
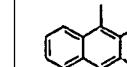
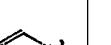
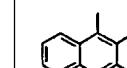
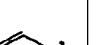
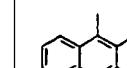
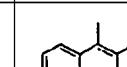
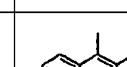
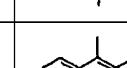
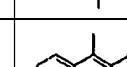
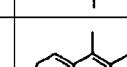
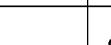
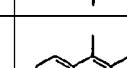
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	93 	Direct bond			
10	94 	Direct bond			
15	95 				
20	96 				
25	97 				
30	98 				
35	99 				
40	100 				
45	101 				
50	102 				
55	103 				
	104 				
	105 				
	106 				

(continued)

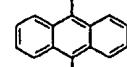
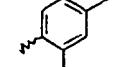
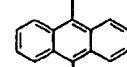
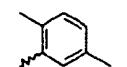
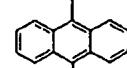
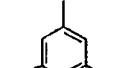
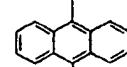
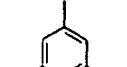
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	107 				
10	108 				
15	109 				

**[0038]** The following Table 4 presents specific examples of the compound having a symmetric structure, wherein in the formula 2, n is equal to 1 and m is equal to 1.

[Table 4]

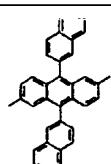
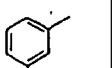
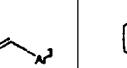
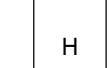
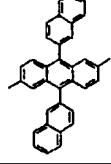
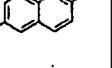
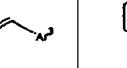
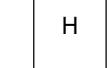
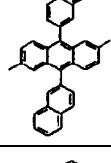
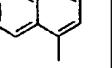
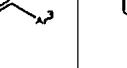
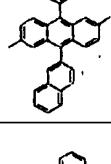
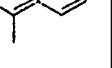
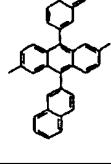
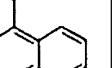
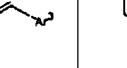
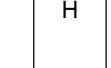
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
20	110 	Direct bond			
25	111 	Direct bond			
30	112 	Direct bond			
35	113 				
40	114 				
45	115 				
50	116 				
55	117 				
60	118 				
65	119 				

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	120 				
10	121 				
15	122 				
20	123 				

 Wherein in Ar<sup>2</sup> represents a portion to which L is bonded.

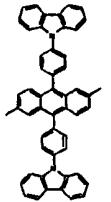
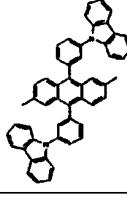
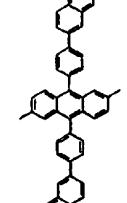
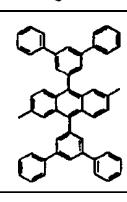
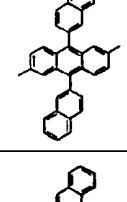
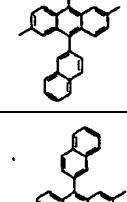
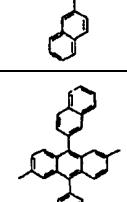
[Table 5]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
25	124 	Direct bond				H
30	125 	Direct bond				H
35	126 	Direct bond				H
40	127 	Direct bond				H
45	128 	Direct bond				H
50						
55						

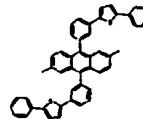
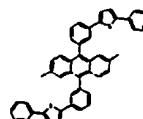
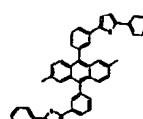
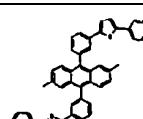
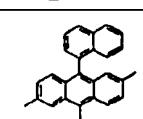
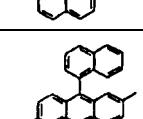
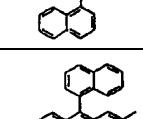
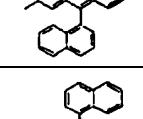
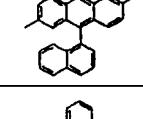
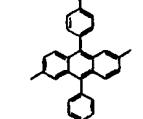
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	129		Direct bond				H
10	130		Direct bond				H
15	131		Direct bond				H
20	132		Direct bond				H
25	133		Direct bond				H
30	134		Direct bond				H
35	135		Direct bond				H
40	136		Direct bond				H

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	137 	Direct bond				H
10	138 	Direct bond				H
15	139 	Direct bond				H
20	140 	Direct bond				H
25	141 					H
30	142 					H
35	143 					H
40	144 					H

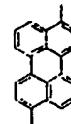
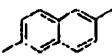
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	145						H
10	146						H
15	147						H
20	148						H
25	149						H
30	150						H
35	151						H
40	152						H
45	153						H
50	154						H
55							

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	155						H
10	156						H
15	157						H
20	158						H
25	159						H
30	160						H
35	*161		Direct bond				H
40	*162						H
45	*163		Direct bond				H
50							
55							

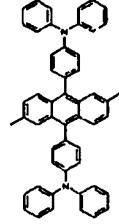
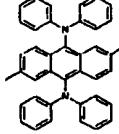
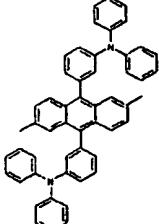
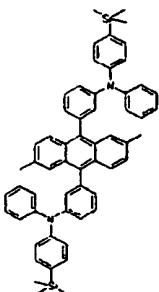
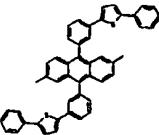
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
*164						H

\* Compound provided for comparative purposes only.

[0040] The following Table 6 presents specific examples of the compound having a symmetric structure, wherein in the formula 2, n+m is equal to 1, and Ar<sup>1</sup> has a substituent.

[Table 6]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
165		Direct bond			
166		Direct bond			
167		Direct bond			
168		Direct bond			
169		Direct bond			

5

10

15

20

25

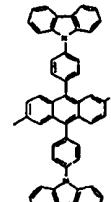
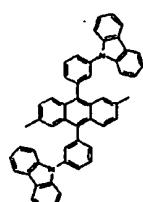
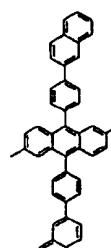
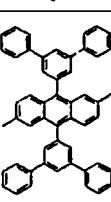
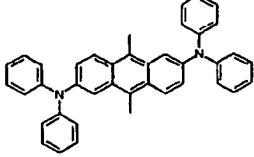
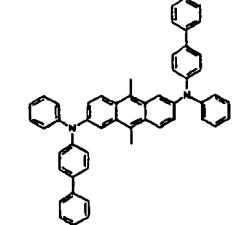
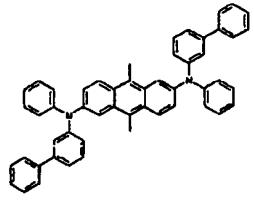
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(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	170 	Direct bond			
10	171 	Direct bond			
15	172 	Direct bond			
20	173 	Direct bond			
25	174 	Direct bond			
30	175 	Direct bond			
35	176 	Direct bond			

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	177	Direct bond			
10	178	Direct bond			
15	179	Direct bond			
20	180	Direct bond			
25	181	Direct bond			
30	182	Direct bond			
35	183	Direct bond			
40	184	Direct bond			
45	185	Direct bond			
50	186	Direct bond			
55	187				
	188				

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	189				
10	190				
15	191				
20	191				
25	192				
30	193				
35	194				
40	195		Direct bond		
45	196		Direct bond		
50	197		Direct bond		
55	198		Direct bond		
	199		Direct bond		
	200		Direct bond		
	201				

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	202				
10	203				
15	204				
20	205				
25	206				
30	207				
35	208				
40	209				
45	*210		Direct bond		
50	*211				
	*212		Direct bond		
	*213				

\* Compound provided for comparative purposes only.

55 [0041] The compounds of the formula 1 according to the present invention have such the characteristic structures that at least two fluorophores, that is, the substituted Ar<sup>1</sup> and the substituted Ar<sup>2</sup> are twisted at a large angle from each other, relative to L, and thus the conjugations are not connected or weakened. Further, if the light emitting wavelength gets too long, there is caused a problem that the energy transfer from a host material to a dopant material gets harder.

However, for the compounds of the formula 1 according to the present invention, double bonds or triple bonds are at the positions where the light emitting wavelengths are not made longer, that is, ortho or meta positions, rather than para positions. Further, particularly, introduction of a monomerized styryl group, not of a dimerized styryl group gives structural flexibility of the styryl group, which can improve the stability of the film. By these characteristics, the formation of a layer which is contact with a hole transporting layer or an electron transporting layer improves the interfacial characteristics, and thus gives a structure playing an advantageous role in the life time of the device. Accordingly, if the compound of the formula 1 with a structure having a suitable energy level is used as a light emitting material such as a host and a dopant in an organic light emitting diode, the energy transfer from the host to the dopant can be efficiently performed, thus greatly improving the efficiency of the device.

[0042] Specifically, by an example of the structures of the compounds 1 of the formula 1 (see Table 1), the (2,5-styrenyl)-1-phenyl part and the 9-(2-naphthyl)anthracene part are twisted from each other at about 90 degrees, and they are chemically bonded to each other, but do not give great effect on the conjugation from each other, which can show light emitting spectrum at wavelength bands, which are each independently similar or the same to each other. That is, Ar1, for example, a substituent which is bonded to anthracene is characterized in that it not only gives an effect simply on the thermal stability and the film morphology, but also indirectly or directly on the energy transfer with an anthracene core to a dopant. Accordingly, the present invention is intended to use such the structure of the compound in an organic light emitting diode, thereby improving the efficiency and the life time of the device.

[0043] Further, the compound of the formula 1 according to the present invention can be prepared by subjecting an alkenyl group- or an alkynyl group-substituted bromobenzene, or an alkenyl group- or an alkynyl group-substituted iodobenzene, and anthracene boronic acid, as starting materials, to an aryl-aryl Suzuki coupling method for introduction of a substituent, in the presence of a palladium [II] catalyst and a base (for example, inorganic bases such as potassium acetate). Specific methods for preparing the compound of the formula 1 according to the present invention are illustrated in Examples.

[0044] Further, the present invention provides an organic light emitting diode comprising a first electrode, a second electrode, and at least one organic material layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein at least one layer of the organic material layer(s) comprises the compound of the formula 1.

[0045] The above-described compounds of the present invention can not only serve as a light emitting material alone, but also serve as a light emitting host in combination with a proper light emitting dopant, or a light emitting dopant in combination with a proper light emitting host, particularly in an organic light emitting diode.

[0046] The organic light emitting diode of the present invention can be prepared by using common methods and materials for preparing an organic light emitting diode as will be described later, except that the above-described compound according to the present invention is used to form an organic material layer, in particular, light emitting layer, of an organic light emitting diode.

[0047] According to one embodiment of the present invention, the organic light emitting diode can be configured to comprise a first electrode, a second electrode, and organic material layer(s) disposed therebetween, and the organic light emitting diode can be prepared by using common methods and materials for preparing an organic light emitting diode, except that the above-described compound according to the present invention is used in at least one layer of the organic material layer(s) of the organic light emitting diode. The structure of the organic light emitting diode according to the present invention is illustrated in Fig. 1.

[0048] For example, the organic light emitting diode according to the present invention can be prepared by depositing a metal, or a metal oxide having conductivity on a substrate using a PVD (physical vapor deposition) process such as sputtering and e-beam evaporation to form an anode; forming organic material layer(s) comprising a hole injecting layer, a hole transporting layer, a light emitting layer and an electron transporting layer on the anode; and depositing a material, which can be used as a cathode, thereon. Alternatively, an organic light emitting diode can be prepared by depositing a cathode material, an organic material layer, and an anode material in this order on a substrate (see PCT Patent Application Publication WO 2003/012890).

[0049] The organic material layer may be of a multilayer structure containing a hole injecting layer, a hole transporting layer, a light emitting layer, an electron transporting layer, and the like, but are not limited thereto, and may be of a monolayer structure. Further, the organic material layer can be produced to have a fewer number of layers, by using a variety of polymeric materials, by means of a solvent process other than a deposit process, such as spin coating, dip coating, doctor blading, screen printing, ink jet printing, and heat transfer process.

[0050] The anode material is preferably a material having a large work function to facilitate hole injection usually to an organic material layer. Specific examples of the anode material which can be used in the present invention include metals such as vanadium, chromium, copper, zinc and gold, or an alloy thereof; metal oxides such as zinc oxide, indium oxide, indium-tin oxide (ITO), and indium zinc oxide (IZO); a combination of a metal and an oxide such as ZnO:Al and SnO<sub>2</sub>:Sb; conductive polymers such as poly(3-methylthiophene), poly[3,4-(ethylene-1,2-dioxy)thiophene] (PEDT), polypyrrole and polyaniline, but are not limited thereto.

[0051] The cathode material is preferably a material having a small work function to facilitate electron injection usually

to an organic material layer. Specific examples of the cathode material include metals such as magnesium, calcium, sodium, potassium, titanium, indium, yttrium, lithium, gadolinium, aluminum, silver, tin and lead, or an alloy thereof; multilayer structure materials such as LiF/Al and LiO<sub>2</sub>/Al, but are not limited thereto.

[0052] The hole injecting material is a material facilitating hole injection from an anode at low voltage. The HOMO (highest occupied molecular orbital) level of the hole injecting material is preferably located between the work function of the anode materials and the HOMO level of its neighboring organic material layer. Specific examples of the hole injecting material include organic materials of metal porphyrin, oligothiophene and arylamine series, organic materials of hexanitrile hexaazatriphenylene and quinacridone series, organic materials of perylene series; and conductive polymers of anthraquinone, polyaniline, and polythiophene series, but are not limited thereto.

[0053] The hole transporting material is a material having high hole mobility, which can transfer holes from the anode or the hole injecting layer toward the light emitting layer. Specific examples thereof include organic materials of arylamine series, conductive polymers and block copolymers having both conjugated portions and non-conjugated portions, but are not limited thereto.

[0054] The light emitting material are a material capable of emitting visible light by accepting and recombining holes from the hole transporting layer and electrons from the electron transporting layer, preferably a material having high quantum efficiency for fluorescence and phosphorescence. Specific examples thereof include 8-hydroxyquinoline aluminum complex (Alq<sub>3</sub>); compounds of carbazole series; dimerized styryl compounds; BAlq; 10-hydroxybenzoquinoline-metal compounds; compounds of benzoxazole, benzthiazole and benzimidazole series; polymers of poly(p-phenylene-nevinylene) (PPV) series; spiro compounds; and compounds of polyfluorene and rubrene series, but are not limited thereto.

[0055] The electron transporting material is suitably a material having high electron mobility, which can transfer electrons from the cathode to the light emitting layer. Specific examples thereof include 8-hydroxyquinoline aluminum complex (Alq<sub>3</sub>); complexes including Alq<sub>3</sub>; organic radical compounds; and hydroxyflavone-metal complexes, but are not limited thereto.

[0056] The organic light emitting diode according to the invention may be of a front-side, back-side or double-sided light emission according to the materials used.

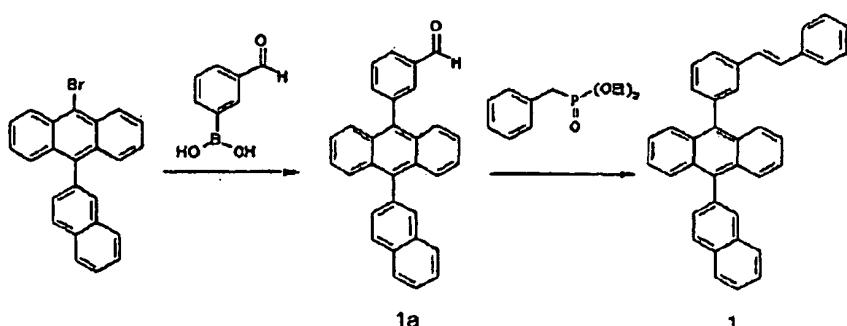
[0057] The compound according to the invention can function in an organic electronic device including an organic solar cell, an organic photoconductor and an organic transistor, according to a principle similar to that applied to the organic light emitting diode.

#### [Mode for Invention]

[0058] Hereinafter, the present invention will be described in more detail by means of Examples and Experimental Examples, but the scope of the invention is not limited thereto.

#### Example 1: Synthesis of Compound 1

##### [0059]



#### 1-A. Synthesis of Compound 1a

[0060] To a solution obtained by dissolving 9-bromo-10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (18 g, 46.1 mmol) in THF (150 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (8.4 g, 56.2 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (26 g, 187.6 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL) and added, finally Pd (PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (1.1 g, 0.9 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction

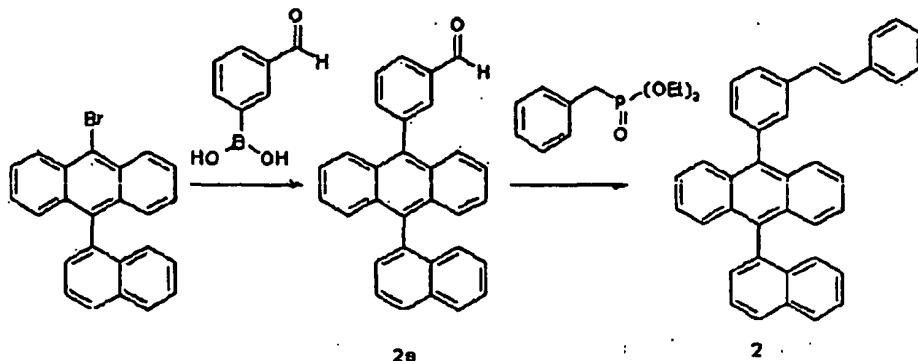
solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 1a (18.6 g, 97%): MS [M] = 408

1-B. Synthesis of Compound 1

[0061] **Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether** (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), **sodium hydride** (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), **18-crown-6** (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to **THF** (100 mL), and the compound **1a** (2 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 1-A was added to the mixture at 0°C, under **N<sub>2</sub>**. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, **THF** and **H<sub>2</sub>O** were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over **MgSO<sub>4</sub>**, and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from **THF/EtOH** to obtain a compound **1** (1.5 g, 65%). MS [M+ H] = 483

Example 2: Synthesis of Compound 2

[0062]



2-A. Synthesis of Compound 2a

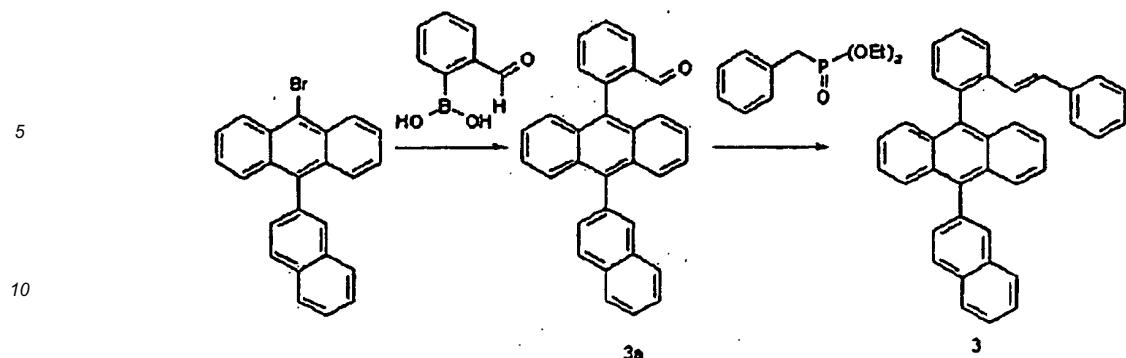
[0063] To a solution obtained by dissolving 9-bromo-10-(1-naphthyl)anthracene (5 g, 13 mmol) in **THF** (70 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (2.3 g, 15.6 mmol) in **EtOH** (40 mL) was added, under **N<sub>2</sub>**. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving **K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>** (7 g, 52 mmol) in **H<sub>2</sub>O** (25 mL), and finally **Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>** (0.23 g, 0.3 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in **THF** again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from **THF** and ethanol to obtain a compound **2a** (2.9 g, 55%). MS [M] = 408

2-B. Synthesis of Compound 2

[0064] **Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether** (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), **sodium hydride** (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), **18-crown-6** (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to **THF** (100 mL), and the compound **2a** (2 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 2-A was added to the mixture at 0°C, under **N<sub>2</sub>**. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, **THF** and **H<sub>2</sub>O** were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over **MgSO<sub>4</sub>**, and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from **THF/EtOH** to obtain a compound **2** (2.2 g, 96%). MS [M+H] = 483

Example 3: Synthesis of Compound 3

[0065]



## 3-A. Synthesis of Compound 3a

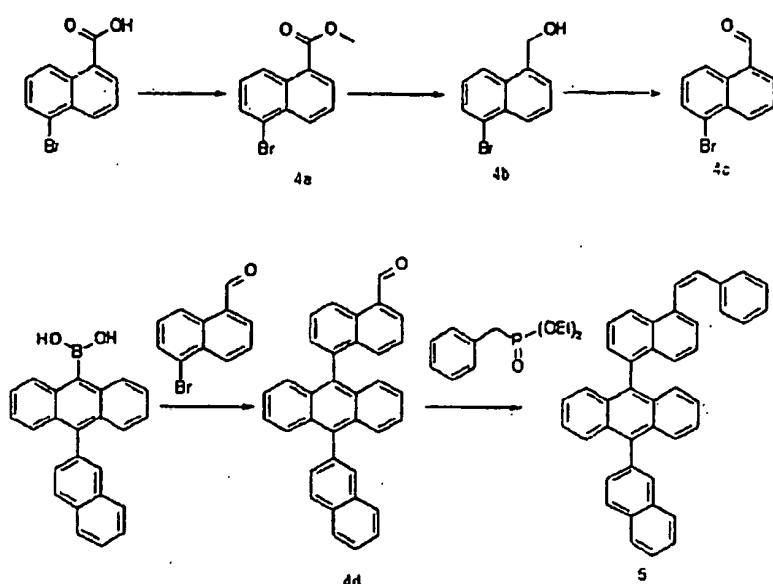
**[0066]** To a solution obtained by dissolving 9-bromo-10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (5 g, 13 mmol) in THF (70 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 2-formyl benzene boronic acid (2.3 g, 15.6 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (7 g, 52 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), and finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.23 g, 0.3 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 3a (2.9 g, 55%). MS [M] = 408

## 3-B. Synthesis of Compound 3

**[0067]** Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 3a (2 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 3-A was added to the mixture at 0°C, under N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 3 (2.2 g, 96%). MS [M+ H] = 483

## Example 4: Synthesis of Compound 5

## [0068]



## 4-A. Synthesis of Compound 4a

**[0069]** To a mixture obtained by adding 6-bromo-2-naphthoic acid (3 g, 11.95 mmol), iodomethane (MeI, 1.11 mL), and  $K_2CO_3$  (6.58 g, 47.61 mmol), 30 mL of DMF was added, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 5 hours. After observation of completion of the reaction by means of TLC, the reaction solution was filtered to remove  $K_2CO_3$ . About 20 mL of DMF was removed from the filtrate under reduced pressure, and water was poured to the residue to precipitate a solid. The obtained solid was filtered, and then the residue washed with ethanol, and dried to obtain a compound 4a (3.06 g, yield 97%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 264$ .

## 4-B. Synthesis of Compound 4b

**[0070]** A mixture obtained by adding LAH (Lithium aluminum hydride 0.86 g, 22.7 mmol) and anhydrous 10 mL of THF was cooled to a temperature of 0°C. The compound 4a (2.3 g, 8.67 mmol) as prepared in the process of 4-A was dissolved in 30 mL of anhydrous THF, and the solution was slowly added to a reaction flask and allowed for reaction at ambient temperature for 12 hours. 1 mL of water, 1 mL of an aqueous 15% NaOH solution, and 3 mL of water were sequentially added to the solution to complete the reaction, and then THF was removed from the filtrate under reduced pressure, and solid was precipitated with hexane, and refiltered to obtain a compound 4b (2.45 g, yield 91%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 238$

## 4-C. Synthesis of Compound 4c

**[0071]** The compound 4b (2.45 g, 10.3 mmol) as prepared in the process of 4-B was dissolved in 50 mL of dichloromethane. PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate, 3.34 g, 15.49 mmol) and 1 g of Celite were added to the solution, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution was passed through Celite, and filtered, and the filtrate was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 4c (0.87 g, yield 37%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 234$

## 4-D. Synthesis of Compound 4d

**[0072]** 10-(2-Naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid (3.6 g, 10 mmol), and the compound 4c (2 g, 8.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 4-C were dissolved in THF (80 mL). A 2 M  $K_2CO_3$  solution (60 mL) was added thereto, finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.23 g, 0.3 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and removed. The residue was dissolved in THF and recrystallized from ethanol to obtain a compound 4d (2.4 g, 62%). MS  $[M] = 458$

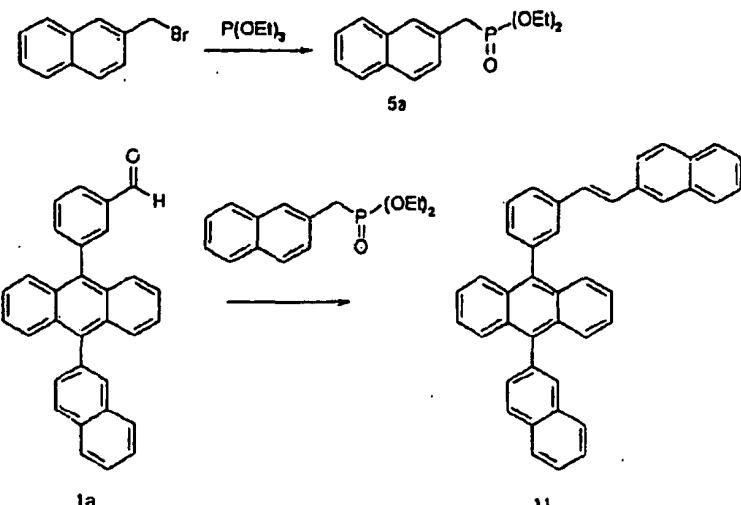
## 4-E. Synthesis of Compound 5

**[0073]** Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.35 g, 14.1 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.47 mmol) were added to THF (80 mL), and the compound 4d (2.2 g, 4.7 mmol) as prepared in the process of 4-D was added to the mixture at 0°C, under  $N_2$ . The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 5 (2.3 g, 90%). MS  $[M+ H] = 533$

Example 5: Synthesis of Compound 11**[0074]**

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## 5-A. Synthesis of Compound 5a

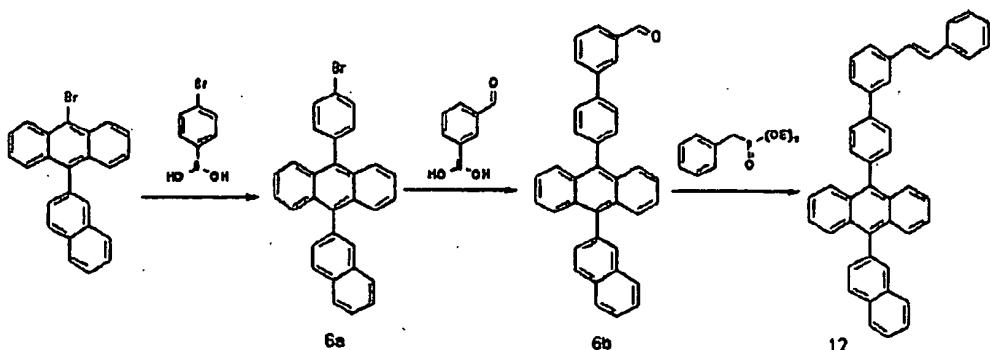
[0075] 2-(Bromomethyl)naphthalene (10 g, 45.2 mmol) was added to triethyl phosphite (30 mL, 180 mmol), and the mixture was stirred under reflux for 18 hours. The mixed reaction solution was slowly cooled, and the remaining triethyl phosphite was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a compound 5a (12 g, 96%) in the liquid form. MS  $[M+H]^+$  = 279

## 5-B. Synthesis of Compound 11

[0076] Sodium hydride (0.29 g, 12 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol), and the compound 5a (2 g, 7.2 mmol) as prepared in the process of 5-A were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 1a (2 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 1-A was added to the mixture at 0°C, under  $N_2$ . The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 4 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reduction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$  and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 11 (2.5 g, 98%). MS  $[M+H]^+$  = 533

## Example 6: Synthesis of Compound 12

## [0077]



## 6-A. Synthesis of Compound 6a

[0078] To a solution obtained by dissolving 9-bromo-10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (10 g, 26 mmol) in THF (200 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 4-bromophenylboronic acid (6.3 g, 31.2 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added, under  $N_2$ . To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (14 g, 104 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (100 mL), and finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.58 g, 0.5 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution,

and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 6a (7 g, 58%). MS [M] = 459

6-B. Synthesis of Compound 6b

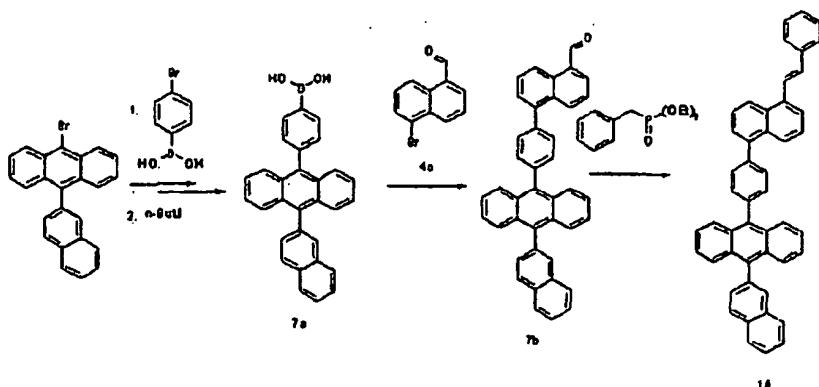
**[0079]** To a solution obtained by dissolving the compound 6a (5 g, 11 mmol) as prepared in the process of 6-A in THF (70 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (1.9 g, 13 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (6 g, 44 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), and finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.25 g, 0.2 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 6b (3.2 g, 60%). MS [M] = 484

6-C. Synthesis of Compound 12

**[0080]** Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 6b (2.3 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 6-B was added to the mixture at 0°C. under N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 12 (1.7 g, 65%). MS [M+H] = 559

Example 7: Synthesis of Compound 15

**[0081]**



7-A. Synthesis of Compound 7a

**[0082]** A mixture of the compound 6a (10 g, 22 mmol) as prepared in the same manner as in the process of 6-A, dehydrated ether (100 mL) and dehydrated toluene (100 mL) was cooled to -78°C in a dry ice bath. A 2.5 M butyl lithium/hexane solution (6 mL) was added dropwise thereto for 30 minutes, and the mixture was subject to reaction at -78°C for 2 hours. Boronic acid triisopropyl ester (10 mL) was added dropwise thereto for 30 minutes. After adding dropwise, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. To the mixture, 2N hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was added at 10°C or lower, and then toluene (80 mL) was added thereto. The mixture was subject to phase separation, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Hexane was added thereto to precipitate crystals, and the precipitated crystals were separated by filtration. The residue was dissolved in THF (100 mL), and to this solution, concentrated hydrochloric acid (10 mL) and tetrabutylammonium bromide (0.1 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred for 12 hours. The precipitated crystals were dried to obtain a compound 7a (6 g, 66%).

7-B. Synthesis of Compound 7b

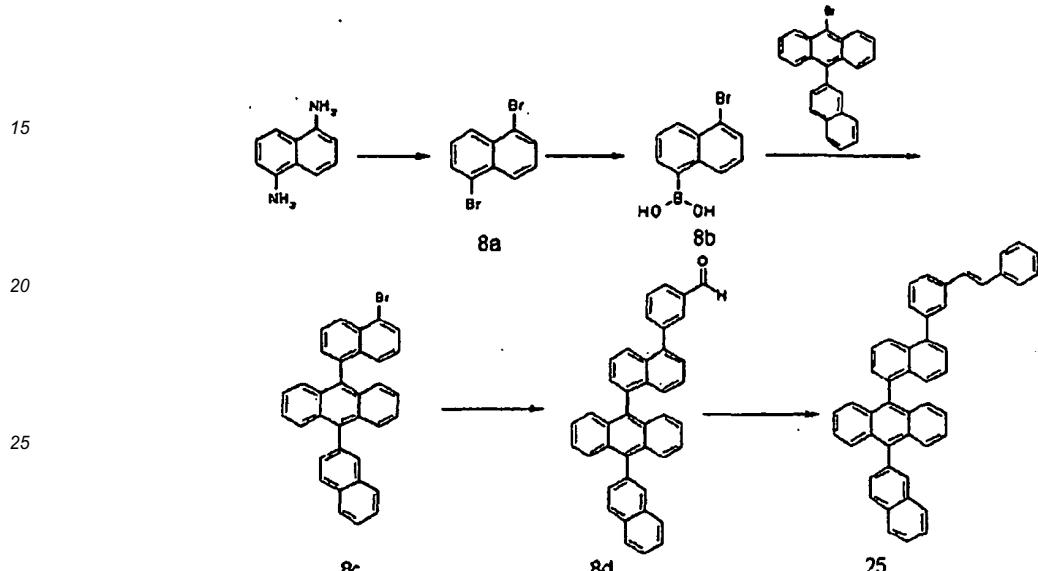
**[0083]** A compound 7b (3 g, 60%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 4-D of Example 4, except that the compound 7a as prepared in the process of 7-A was used instead of 10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid in the process of 4-D of Example 4. MS [M] = 534

## 7-C. Synthesis of Compound 15

**[0084]** A compound 15 (1 g, 65%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 4-E of Example 4, except that the compound 7b as prepared in the process of 7-B was used instead of the compound 4d in the process of 4-E of Example 4. MS  $[M+H] = 609$

Example 8: Synthesis of Compound 25**[0085]**

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## 8-A. Synthesis of Compound 8a

**[0086]** 1,5-Diaminonaphthalene (6 g, 75.9 mmol) was dissolved in water (150 mL) and concentrated sulfuric acid (10 mL) under ice cooling. A solution obtained by dissolving  $\text{NaNO}_2$  (5.8 g, 167 mmol) in water (50 mL) was slowly added thereto, and then the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 45 minutes. Thereafter, after filtering the reactants,  $\text{CuBr}_2$  (15 g, 52.3 mmol) was added to the filtrate, and 48% HBr (225 mL) and water (225 mL) were added to the mixture. Then, the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1 hour, at room temperature for 2 hours, and then at 70°C for 30 minutes, respectively. Then, the mixed reaction solution was extracted from benzene, and dried over sodium sulfate. Then, the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 8a (10 g). MS  $[M] = 286$

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## 8-B. Synthesis of Compound 8b

**[0087]** A mixture of the compound 8a (3.0 g, 10.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 8-A, magnesium (0.26 g, 10.7 mmol), dibromoethene (0.1 mL), and anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (60 mL) was stirred at 50°C for 7 hours, and then maintained at 0 to 5°C. To the reaction mixture, trimethylborate (2.6 mL, 25.2 mmol) was added dropwise, and then the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 12 hours. The reactants were maintained at 0 to 5°C, and then dilute sulfuric acid was added thereto. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour, extracted from diethyl ether, and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and then the solvent was distilled off. The formed white solid was purified in hexane to prepare a compound 8b (1.47 g, yield 49%).

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## 8-C. Synthesis of Compound 8c

**[0088]** A compound 8c (3 g, 60%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 6-A of Example 6, except that the compound 8b as prepared in the process of 8-B was used instead of 4-bromophenylboronic acid in the process of 6-A of Example 6. MS  $[M+H] = 509$

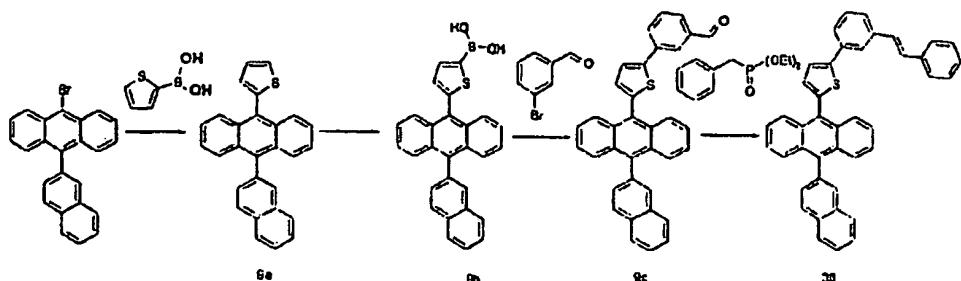
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## 8-D. Synthesis of Compound 8d

**[0089]** A compound 8d (2.9 g, 90%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 6-B of Example 6, except that the compound 8c as prepared in the process of 8-C was used instead of the compound 6a in the process of 6-B of Example 6. MS [M+ H] = 535

## 8-E. Synthesis of Compound 25

**[0090]** A compound 25 (2 g, 60%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 6-C of Example 6, except that the compound 8d as prepared in the process of 8-D was used instead of the compound 6b in the process of 6-C of Example 6. MS [M+ H] = 609

Example 9: Synthesis of Compound 3615 **[0091]**

## 9-A. Synthesis of Compound 9a

**[0092]** To a solution obtained by dissolving 9-bromo-10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene (10 g, 26 mmol) in THF (200 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 2-thiopheneboronic acid (4 g, 31 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (14 g, 104 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (100 mL), and finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.58 g, 0.5 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 9a (6 g, 60%). MS [M] = 386

## 9-B. Synthesis of Compound 9b

**[0093]** To a solution obtained by dissolving the compound 9a (6 g, 15.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 9-A in THF (100 mL), n-butyl lithium (7 mL, 31 mmol, 2.5 M hexane solution) was added dropwise at - 78°C over 30 minutes, under N<sub>2</sub>, and the mixture was subject to reaction at -78°C for 2 hours. Trimethylborate (3.5 mL, 31 mmol) was slowly added to the mixture for 30 minutes. After adding dropwise, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. To the mixture, 2 N hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was added at 10°C or lower, and then toluene (80 mL) was added thereto. The mixture was subject to phase separation, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Hexane was added thereto to precipitate crystals, and the precipitated crystals were separated by filtration. The residue was dissolved in THF (100 mL), and to this solution, concentrated sulfuric acid (10 mL) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for 12 hours. The precipitated crystals were dried to obtain a compound 9b (3.2 g, 50%). MS [M] = 386

## 50 9-C. Synthesis of Compound 9c

**[0094]** A compound 9c (3 g, 60%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 4-D of Example 4, except that the compound 9b as prepared in the process of 9-B was used instead of 10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid in the process of 4-D of Example 4. MS [M+ H] = 490

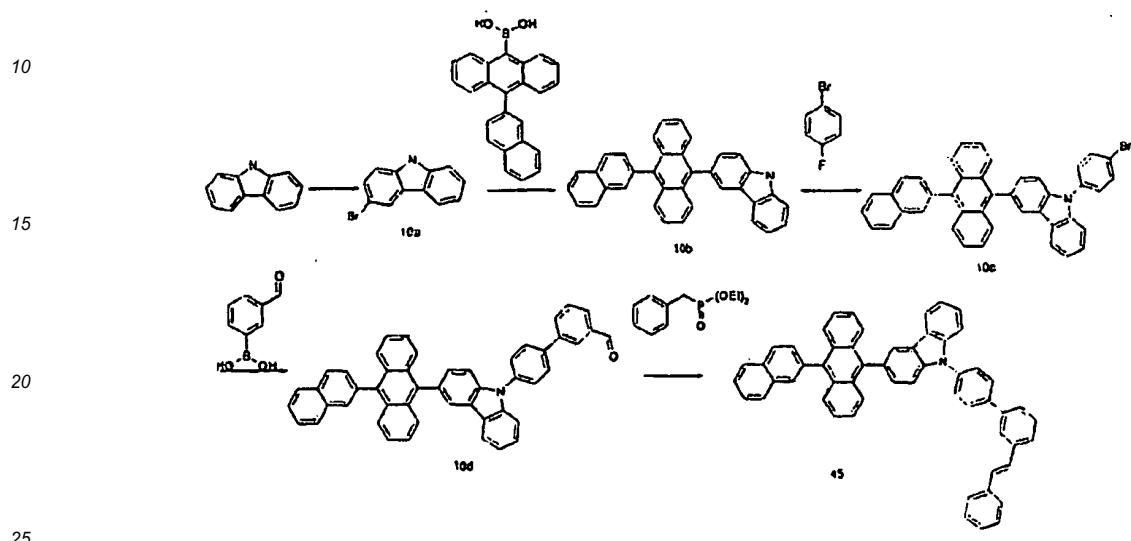
## 55 9-D. Synthesis of Compound 36

**[0095]** A compound 36 (1 g, 65%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 4-E of Example 4, except

that the compound 9c as prepared in the process of 9-C was used instead of the compound 4d in the process of 4-E of Example 4. MS [M+H] = 565

5 Example 10: Synthesis of Compound 45

[0096]



10-A. Synthesis of Compound 10a

30 [0097] Carbazole (10 g, 60 mmol), N-bromosuccinimide(5.4 g, 30 mmol), and silica gel (60 g) were dissolved in dichloromethane (200 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours, then silica gel was removed, and the solution was distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was recrystallized from dichloromethane/hexane to obtain a compound 10a (3.6 g, 50%). MS [M] = 246

35 10-B. Synthesis of Compound 10b

40 [0098] To a solution obtained by dissolving the compound 10a (3 g, 12 mmol) as prepared in the process of 10-A in THF (70 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid (5.0 g, 14.6 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (6.4 g, 48 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), and finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.5 g, 0.47 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 10b (4.2 g, 75%). MS [M] = 469

45 10-C. Synthesis of Compound 10c

50 [0099] The compound 10b (4.2 g, 8.9 mmol) as prepared in the process of 10-A, 1-bromo-4-fluorobenzene (1.2 mL, 10.7 mmol), KF-alumina (2.6 g, 17.8 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.24 g, 0.9 mmol) were dissolved in DMSO (75 mL) under N<sub>2</sub>, and the solution was stirred at 150°C for 24 hours. Alumina was filtered off at room temperature, the filtrate was subject to phase separation. The obtained organic phase washed with water, and then dried over magnesium sulfate. The residue was recrystallized from methanol, filtered, and then dried to obtain a compound 10c (3.3 g, 60%). MS [M] = 624

55 10-D. Synthesis of Compound 10d

[0100] To a solution obtained by dissolving the compound 10c (3 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 10-C in THF (50 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (1.1 g, 5.76 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added, under N<sub>2</sub>. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (2 g, 14 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), and finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.28 g, 0.24 mmol) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After

completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 10d (2.2 g, 70%). MS [M] = 649

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10-E. Synthesis of Compound 45

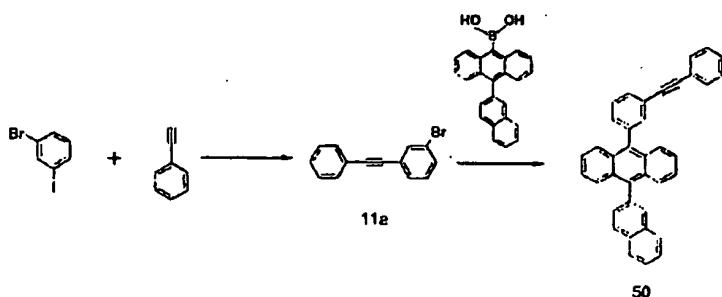
[0101] Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (0.8 mL, 3.7 mmol), sodium hydride (0.2 g, 9 mmol), and 18-crown-6 (0.08 g, 0.3 mmol) were added to THF (80 mL), and the compound 10d (2 g, 3 mmol) as prepared in the process of 10-D was added to the mixture at 0°C, under N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, to the mixed reaction solution, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added. The organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 45 (1.8 g, 85%). MS [M+ H] = 724

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Example 11: Synthesis of Compound 50

[0102]

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11-A. Synthesis of Compound 11a

[0103] To a reaction vessel, Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (372 mg, 0.53 mmol) and Cul (67 mg, 0.35 mmol) were put, and a solution obtained by dissolving 1-bromo-3-iodobenzene (5 g, 17.7 mmol) in triethylamine was slowly added thereto, and then a solution obtained by dissolving phenylacetylene (1.8 g, 17.7 mmol) in TEA was also added thereto. The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1 hour, and then washed with an aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution, and the organic phase was extracted from ethyl acetate. The moisture was removed over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the residue was filtered under reduced pressure, and then concentrated. Then, the solvent was removed therefrom, and the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 11a (4.5 g, 99%). MS [M+ H] = 258

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11-B. Synthesis of Compound 50

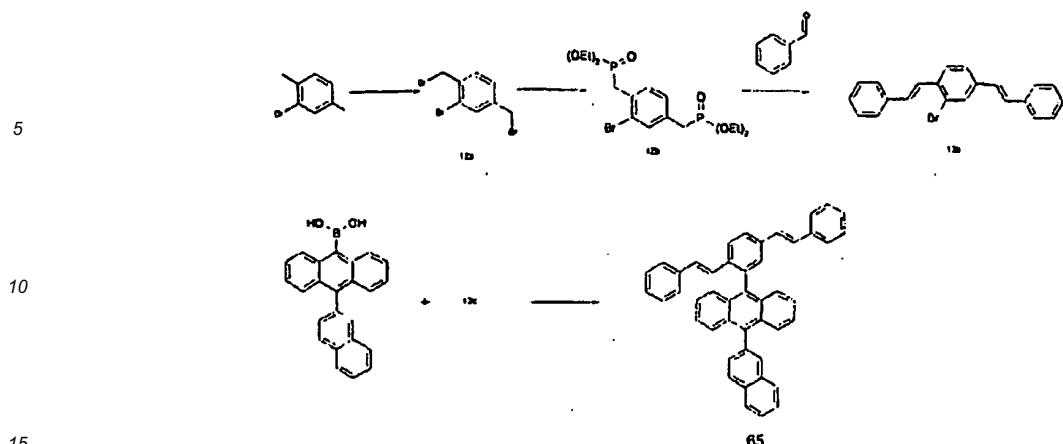
[0104] The compound 11a (1.23 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 11-A and 10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid (2 g, 5.76 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous THF (30 mL), Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.28 g, 0.24 mmol) and an aqueous K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (9.6 mL, 19.2 mmol) were added thereto, and the mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. The mixture was washed with brine, and the organic phase was extracted from ethyl acetate. The moisture was removed over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the residue was filtered under reduced pressure, and then concentrated. Then, the solvent was removed therefrom, and the residue was purified by column chromatography, and then recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 50 (0.9 g, 33%). MS [M+H] = 481

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Example 12: Synthesis of Compound 65

[0105]

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### 12-A. Synthesis of Compound 12a

**[0106]** 2-Bromo-p-xylene (2.7 g, 14.5 mmol) and NBS (6.2 g, 34.8 mmol) were added to  $\text{CCl}_4$  (70 mL), and the mixture was stirred under reflux for 17 hours. The mixed reaction solution was slowly cooled, succinimide was filtered off, and the filtrate was concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from 2-propanol to obtain a solid compound 12a (1.5 g, 30%). MS  $[\text{M}]^+ = 340$  ( $\text{Br} \times 3$ )

### 12-B. Synthesis of Compound 12b

**[0107]** The compound 12a (16.1 g, 46.9 mmol) as prepared in the process of 12-A was added to triethyl phosphite (31.5 mL, 187.6 mmol), and the mixture was stirred under reflux for 17 hours. The mixed reaction solution was slowly cooled, and the residual triethyl phosphite as concentrated under reduced pressure to a compound 12b (20 g, 95%) in the liquid form. MS  $[M + H]^+$  = 457

### 12-C. Synthesis of Compound 12c

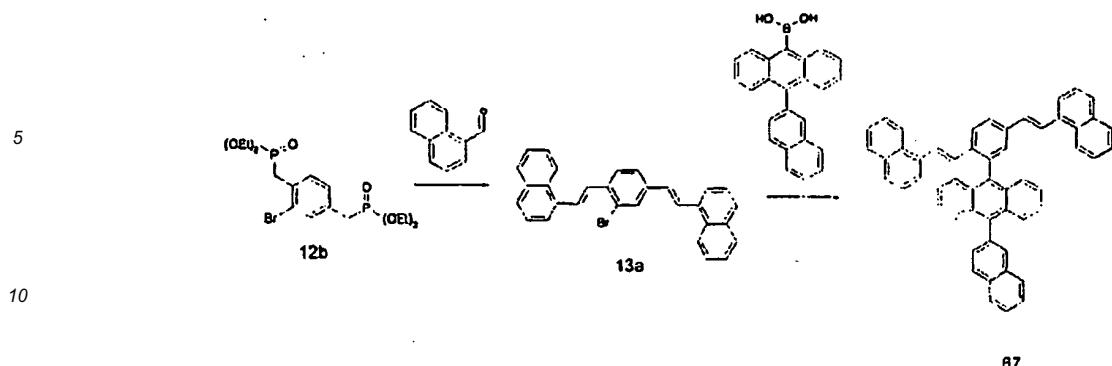
**[0108]** The compound 12b (11 g, 24.1 mmol) as prepared in the process of 12-B, and sodium hydride (5.9 g, 14.8 mmol), 18-crown-6 (1.3 g, 4.9 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and benzaldehyde (5 mL, 49.2 mmol) was added to the mixture at 0°C, under N<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. To the mixed reaction solution, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added. The organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 12c (5.2 g, 60%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 362

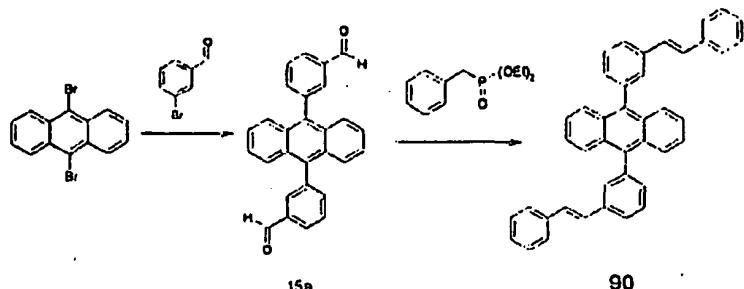
## 40 12-D. Synthesis of Compound 65

[0109] The compound 12c (1 g, 2.7 mmol) as prepared in the process of 12-C, 10-(2-naphthyl)anthracene-9-boronic acid (2.8 g, 8.1 mmol), and  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  (0.3 g, 0.3 mmol) were added to a 2 M aqueous  $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$  solution (200 mL) and THF (200 mL), and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 24 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 65 (1.1 g, 70%). MS [M+ H] = 585

### Example 13: Synthesis of Compound 67

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## 15-A. Synthesis of Compound 15a

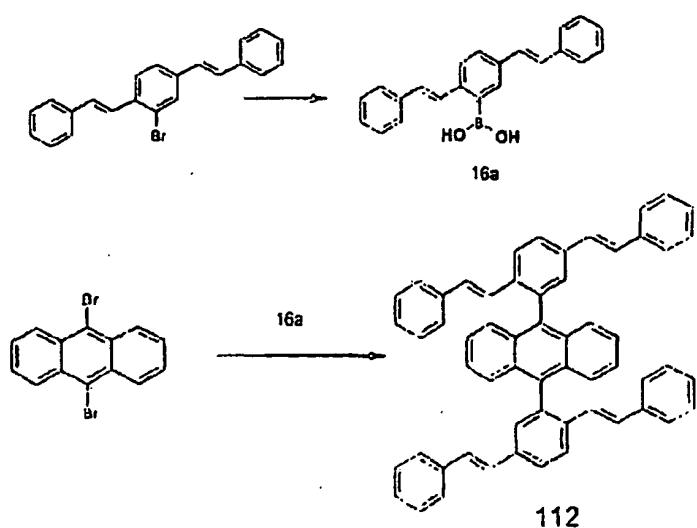
[0116] To a solution obtained by dissolving 9,10-dibromoanthracene (5 g, 14.8 mmol) in THF (50 mL), a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (5.5 g, 37.0 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added, under  $N_2$ . To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (8.1 g, 59.2 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (50 mL), and finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.3 g, 0.3 mmol) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 17 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 15a (5 g, 90%). MS [M] = 386

## 15-B. Synthesis of Compound 90

[0117] Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (3.2 mL, 15.3 mmol), sodium hydride (0.8 g, 20 mmol), and 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.5 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 15a (2 g, 5.1 mmol) as prepared in the process of 15-A was added to the mixture at 0°C, under  $N_2$ . The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 24 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 90 (2.6 g, 95%). MS [M+ H] = 534

Example 16: Synthesis of Compound 112

## [0118]



## 16-A. Synthesis of Compound 16a

[0119] To the reaction solution, which was added with magnesium (0.7 g, 27.6 mmol), dried in vacuo, and then added with ether (20 mL) which had been dried by dehydration, the compound 12c (5 g, 13.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 12-C of Example 12 in the solution form added with ether (50 mL) which had been dried by dehydration was added dropwise, under  $N_2$ . The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, and then trimethylborate (2.3 mL, 20.7

mmol) was added thereto for 30 minutes and then stirred again for 12 hours. To the mixture, 2 N hydrochloric acid (100 mL) was added at 10°C or lower, and then toluene (80 mL) was added thereto. The mixture was subject to phase separation, dried over sodium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Hexane was added thereto to precipitate crystals, and the precipitated crystals were separated by filtration and dried to obtain a compound 16a (2 g, 44%).

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#### 16-B. Synthesis of Compound 112

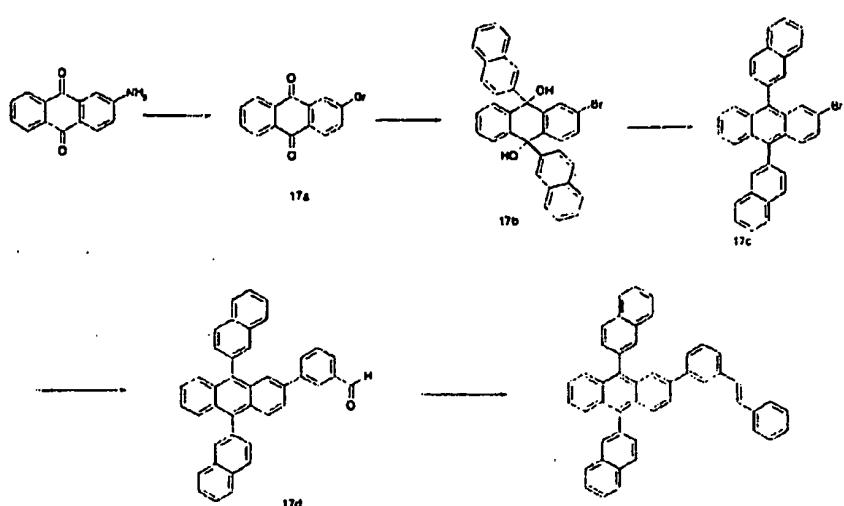
[0120] 9,10-Dibromoanthracene (1 g, 2.9 mmol), the compound 16a (2.1 g, 6.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 16-A, and  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.15 g, 0.14 mmol) were dissolved in THF (50 mL), and then the solution was added to a 2 M aqueous  $K_2CO_3$  solution (50 mL). The mixture was stirred under reflux for about 24 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 112 (1.5 g, 70%). MS  $[M+ H] = 739$

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#### Example 17: Synthesis of Compound 124

##### [0121]

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#### 17-A. Synthesis of Compound 17a

[0122] Copper bromide (18 g, 80.0 mmol) and t-butyl nitrite (12 mL, 101 mmol) were dispersed in acetonitrile (250 mL) at 65°C, and the dispersion was stirred, and then 2-aminoanthraquinone (15 g, 67.2 mmol) was slowly added over 5 minutes. After completion of gas generation, the reaction solution was cooled to ambient temperature, and the reaction solution was added to an aqueous 20% hydrochloric acid solution (1 L), and extracted from dichloromethane. Residual moisture was removed from the organic phase over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the residue was dried under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a pale yellow compound 17a (14.5 g, 75%). MS  $[M] = 287$

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#### 17-B. Synthesis of Compound 17b

[0123] 2-Bromonaphthalene (11.0 g, 53.1 mmol) was dissolved in dried THF (100 mL), t-butyl lithium (46.8 mL, 1.7 M pentane solution) was slowly added to the solution at -78°C, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, and then the compound 17a (6.36 g, 22.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-A was added thereto. The cooling vessel was removed out, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. An aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted from methylene chloride. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed. The obtained mixture was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl ether, petroleum ether was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for several hours to obtain a solid compound. The solid compound is filtered off, the residue was dried in vacuo to obtain a compound 17b (11.2 g, 93%).

## 17-C. Synthesis of Compound 17c

[0124] The compound 17b (11.2 g, 20.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-B was dispersed in acetic acid (200 mL), and to the dispersion, potassium iodide (34 g, 210 mmol), and sodium hypophosphite hydrate (37 g, 420 mmol) were added, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 3 hours under boiling. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed with water and methanol, and dried in vacuo to obtain a pale yellow compound 17c (7.2 g, 64%). MS [M] = 509

## 17-D. Synthesis of Compound 17d

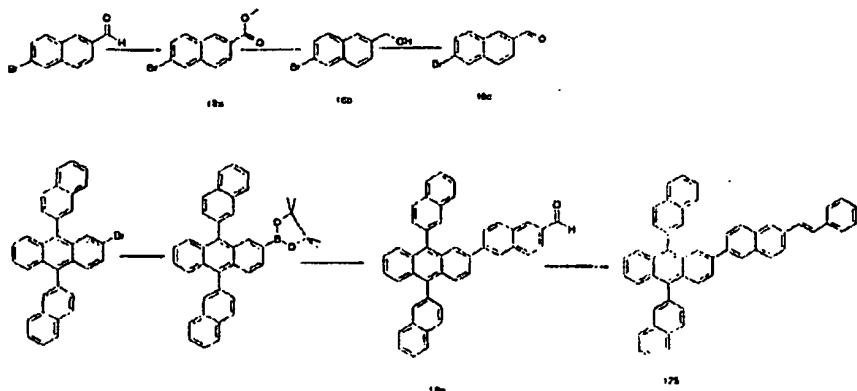
[0125] The compound 17c (7 g, 13.74 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-C was dissolved in THF (150 mL), and a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (2.47 g, 16.48 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added thereto, under nitrogen atmosphere. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (5.7 g, 41.2 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (100 mL), and finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.48 g, 0.41 mmol) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 17d (6.3 g, 86%). MS [M] = 534

## 17-E. Synthesis of Compound 124

[0126] Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), and 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 17d (2:57 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-D was added to the mixture at 0°C, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 124 (2.4 g, 82%). MS [M+ H] = 608

## Example 18: Synthesis of Compound 125

[0127]



## 18-A. Synthesis of Compound 18a

[0128] To a mixture of 6-bromo-2-naphthoic acid (3 g, 11.95 mmol), iodomethane (MeI, 1.11 mL), and  $K_2CO_3$  (6.58 g, 47.61 mmol), 30 mL of DMF was added, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 5 hours. After observation of completion of the reaction by means of TLC, the reaction solution was filtered to remove  $K_2CO_3$ . About 20 mL of DMF was removed from the filtrate under reduced pressure, and water was poured to the residue to precipitate a solid. The obtained solid was filtered, and then the residue washed with ethanol, and dried to obtain a compound 18a (3.06 g, yield 97%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 264

## 18-B. Synthesis of Compound 18b

[0129] A mixture of LAH (Lithium aluminum hydride, 0.86 g, 22.7 mmol) and anhydrous THF (10 mL) was cooled to

a temperature of 0°C. The compound 18a (2.3 g, 8.67 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-A was dissolved in 30 mL of anhydrous THF, and the solution was slowly put to a reaction flask, and subject to reaction at ambient temperature for 12 hours. 1 mL of water, 1 mL of an aqueous 15% NaOH solution, and 3 mL of water were sequentially added to the solution to complete the reaction, and then THF was removed from the filtrate under reduced pressure, and solid was precipitated with hexane, and refiltered to obtain a compound 18b (2.45 g, yield 91%). MS [M+H]<sup>+</sup> = 238

5 18-C. Synthesis of Compound 18c

[0130] The compound 18b (2.45 g, 10.3 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-B was dissolved in 50 mL of dichloromethane. PCC (pyridinium chlorochromate, 3.34 g, 15.49 mmol) and 1 g of Celite were added to the solution, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution was passed through Celite, and filtered, and the filtrate was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 18c (0.87 g, yield 37%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 234

10 18-D. Synthesis of Compound 18d

[0131] The compound 17c (5 g, 9.81 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-C, bis(pinacolato)diboron (2.75 g, 10.9 mmol), potassium acetate (2.89 g, 29.4 mmol), palladium(diphenylphosphinoferrocene)chloride (0.24 g, 3 mol%) were put to a 250-mL flask, and dioxane (50 mL) was added thereto, under nitrogen atmosphere, and then stirred at 80°C for 20 6 hours. The reaction solution was cooled to room temperature, and the distilled water (50 mL) was added thereto. The mixture was extracted from methylene chloride (50 mL X 3). Methylene chloride was removed under reduced pressure to obtain a pale yellow solid. This pale yellow solid was washed with ethanol and dried to obtain a compound 18d (5.46 g, 92%).

25 18-E. Synthesis of Compound 18e

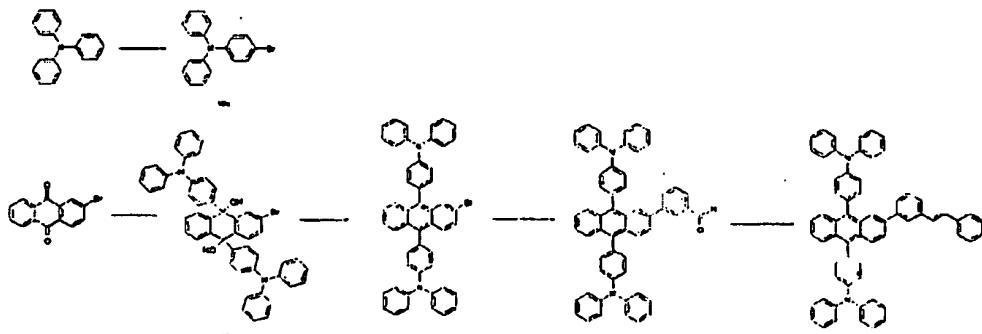
[0132] The compound 18d (5.6 g, 10 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-D, and the compound 18c (2 g, 8.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-C were dissolved in THF (120 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. A 2 M K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> solution (60 mL) was added thereto, finally Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (0.23 g, 0.3 mmol) was added to the mixture, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and removed. The residue was dissolved in THF and recrystallized from ethanol to obtain a compound 18e (4.1 g, 82%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 583

35 18-F. Synthesis of Compound 125

[0133] Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.2 mL, 5.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.29 g, 7.2 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 18e (2.8 g, 4.8 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-E was added to the mixture at 0°C, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 125 (2.7 g, 85%). MS [M+ H] = 659

45 Example 19: Synthesis of Compound 133

[0134]



## 19-A. Synthesis of Compound 19a

[0135] Triphenyl amine (5.0 g, 20.4 mmol) was dissolved in chloroform (25 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere, the mixed reaction solution was cooled to 0°C, and N-bromosuccinimide (3.6 g, 20.4 mmol) was divinely added thereto. Thereafter, when the mixed reaction solution turned green, the temperature of the solution was raised to 10°C, and stirred at room temperature four 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, water was added thereto, and the organic phase was separated and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Then, the organic solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and then the residue was recrystallized from methanol to obtain a compound 19a (4.0 g, 60%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 324

## 10 19-B. Synthesis of Compound 19b

[0136] The compound 19a (17.2 g, 53.1 mmol) as prepared in the process of 19-A was dissolved in dried THF (100 mL), and t-butyl lithium (46.8 mL, 1.7 M pentane solution) was slowly added to the solution at -78°C, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, and then the compound 17a (6.36 g, 22.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-A was added thereto. The cooling vessel was removed out, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. An aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted from methylene chloride. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed. The obtained mixture was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl ether, petroleum ether was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for several hours to obtain a solid compound. The solid compound is filtered off, the residue was dried in vacuo to obtain a compound 19b (15.9 g, 93%).

## 19-C. Synthesis of Compound 19c

[0137] The compound 19b (15.9 g, 20.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 19-B was dispersed in acetic acid (200 mL), and to the dispersion, potassium iodide (34 g, 210 mmol), and sodium hypophosphite hydrate (37 g, 420 mmol) were added, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 3 hours under boiling. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed with water and methanol, and dried in vacuo to obtain a pale yellow compound 19c (9.9 g, 65%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 743

## 30 19-D. Synthesis of Compound 19d

[0138] A compound 19d (11 g, 82%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-D of Example 17, except that the compound 19c as prepared in the process of 19-C was used instead of the compound 17c in the process of 17-D of Example 17. MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 768

## 35 19-E. Synthesis of Compound 133

[0139] A compound 133 (3.4 g, 85%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-E of Example 17, except that the compound 19d as prepared in the process of 19-D was used instead of the compound 17d in the process of 17-E of Example 17. MS [M+H]<sup>+</sup> = 842

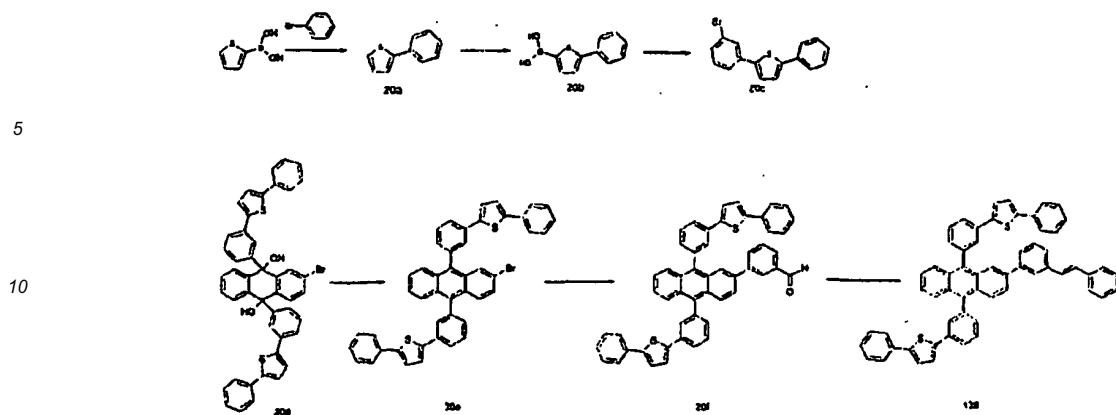
Example 20: Synthesis of Compound 136

## 40 [0140]

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## 20-A. Synthesis of Compound 20a

**[0141]** The compound of 2-thiophene boronic acid (10 g, 78.1 mmol) and bromobenzene (7.48 mL, 70.3 mmol) were dissolved in anhydrous THF (300 mL),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (4.51 g, 3.91 mmol) and an aqueous  $K_2CO_3$  solution (156 mL, 312.4 mmol) were added to the solution, and the mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. The organic phase was extracted from ethyl acetate, and moisture was removed over magnesium sulfate. The organic phase was filtered under reduced pressure, concentrated to remove the solvent, purified by column chromatography, and recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a white solid compound 20a (10 g, 80%). MS  $[M+ H]$  161

## 20-B. Synthesis of Compound 20b

**[0142]** The compound 20a (5 g, 31.3 mmol) as prepared in the process of 20-A was dissolved in anhydrous THF (200 mL), and cooled to a temperature of  $-10^\circ C$ , and n-butyl lithium (15 mL, 37.5 mmol) was slowly added dropwise to the solution. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour, and then cooled to  $-78^\circ C$  again. Then, boronic acid trimethylester (10.5 mL, 93.75 mmol) was slowly added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for 12 hours. The mixture was cooled to  $0^\circ C$ , and then an aqueous 10wt% sulfuric acid solution (16 mL) was added thereto to obtain a white precipitate. The organic phase was extracted from THF, dried over magnesium sulfate, and then filtered under reduced pressure. This filtrate was concentrated to remove the solvent, and the residue was dissolved in THF. An excessive amount of the aqueous solution was added thereto, and the organic phase was separated with dimethylchloromethane. To the separated aqueous solution layer, an aqueous hydrochloric acid solution was added to produce a precipitate, and the precipitate was filtered to obtain a compound 20b (2.7 g, 42%).

## 20-C. Synthesis of Compound 20c

**[0143]** 3-Bromoiodobenzene (3.5 g, 12.3 mmol) and the compound 20b (2.5 g, 12.3 mmol) as prepared in the process of 20-B were dissolved in anhydrous THF (100 mL),  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.71 g, 0.61 mmol) was added to the solution, and then a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (3.4 g, 24.6 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (50 mL) was added thereto. Then, the mixture was stirred under reflux. Three hours later, the mixture washed with brine, and the organic phase was extracted from ethyl acetate. The moisture was removed over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, the residue was filtered under reduced pressure, and then concentrated. Then, the solvent was removed therefrom, and the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 20c (2.9 g, 75%). MS  $[M+H]^+=315$

## 20-D. Synthesis of Compound 20d

**[0144]** The compound 20c (16.7 g, 53.1 mmol) as prepared in the process of 20-C was dissolved in dried THF (100 mL), and t-butyl lithium (46.8 mL, 1.7 M pentane solution) was slowly added to the solution at  $-78^\circ C$ , under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, and then the compound 17a (6.36 g, 22.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 17-A was added thereto. The cooling vessel was removed out, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. An aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted from methylene chloride. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed. The obtained mixture was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl ether, petroleum ether was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for several hours to obtain a solid compound. The solid compound is filtered off, the residue was dried in vacuo to obtain a compound 20d (15 g, 90%).

## 20-E. Synthesis of Compound 20e

[0145] The compound 20d (15.9 g, 20.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 20-D was dispersed in acetic acid (200 mL), and to the dispersion, potassium iodide (34 g, 210 mmol), and sodium hypophosphite hydrate (37 g, 420 mmol) were added, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 3 hours under boiling. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed with water and methanol, and dried in vacuo to obtain a pale yellow compound 20e (9.5 g, 64%). MS  $[M+ H]^+$  = 725

## 20-F. Synthesis of Compound 20f

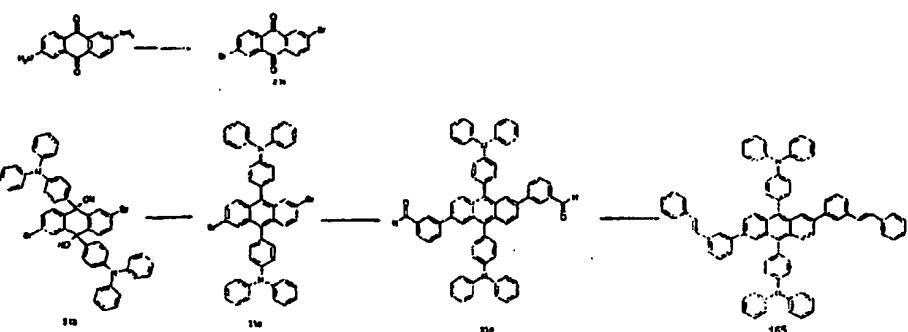
[0146] A compound 20f (8 g, 81%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-D of Example 17, except that the compound 20e as prepared in the process of 20-E was used instead of the compound 17c in the process of 17-D of Example 17. MS  $[M+ H]^+$  = 750

## 20-G. Synthesis of Compound 136

[0147] A compound 136 (3.0 g, 82%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-E of Example 17, except that the compound 20f as prepared in the process of 20-F was used instead of the compound 17d in the process of 17-E of Example 17. MS  $[M+ H]^+$  = 824

Example 21: Synthesis of Compound 165

## [0148]



## 21-A. Synthesis of Compound 21a

[0149] 2,6-diaminoanthraquinone (23.8 g, 100 mmol) was dispersed in an aqueous 48% hydrogen bromide solution, and sodium nitrite (14.1 g, 204 mmol) was slowly added to the dispersion at -20°C. After completion of gas generation, a solution obtained by dissolving copper bromide (29.5 g, 206 mmol) in the aqueous 48% hydrogen bromide solution (63 mL) was added to the dispersion, together with a small amount of ethanol (50 mL), and the reaction solution was warmed to ambient temperature, and refluxed for 1 hour. The reaction solution was cooled to ambient temperature, and water was added thereto to generate a precipitate, and the precipitate was filtered, washed with water, and dried in vacuo. The obtained product was purified by column chromatography, and then recrystallized from chloroform to obtain a pale yellow compound 21a (10 g, 27%). MS  $[M+ H]^+$  = 366

## 21-B. Synthesis of Compound 21b

[0150] The compound 19a (17.2 g, 53.1 mmol) as prepared in the process of 19-A was dissolved in dried THF (100 mL), and t-butyl lithium (46.8 mL, 1.7 M pentane solution) was slowly added to the solution at -78°C, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, and then the compound 21a (8.05 g, 22.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 21-A was added thereto. The cooling vessel was removed, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. An aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted from methylene chloride. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed. The obtained mixture was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl ether, petroleum ether was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for several hours to obtain a solid compound. The solid compound is filtered off, the residue was dried in vacuo to obtain a compound 21b (17.7 g, 94%). MS  $[M+ H]^+$  = 856

## 21-C. Synthesis of Compound 21c

[0151] The compound 21b (17.5 g, 20.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 21-B was dispersed in acetic acid (200 mL), and to the dispersion, potassium iodide (34 g, 210 mmol), and sodium hypophosphite hydrate (37 g, 420 mmol) were added, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 3 hours under boiling. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed with water and methanol, and dried in vacuo to obtain a pale yellow compound 21c (10.8 g, 64%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 822$

## 21-D. Synthesis of Compound 21d

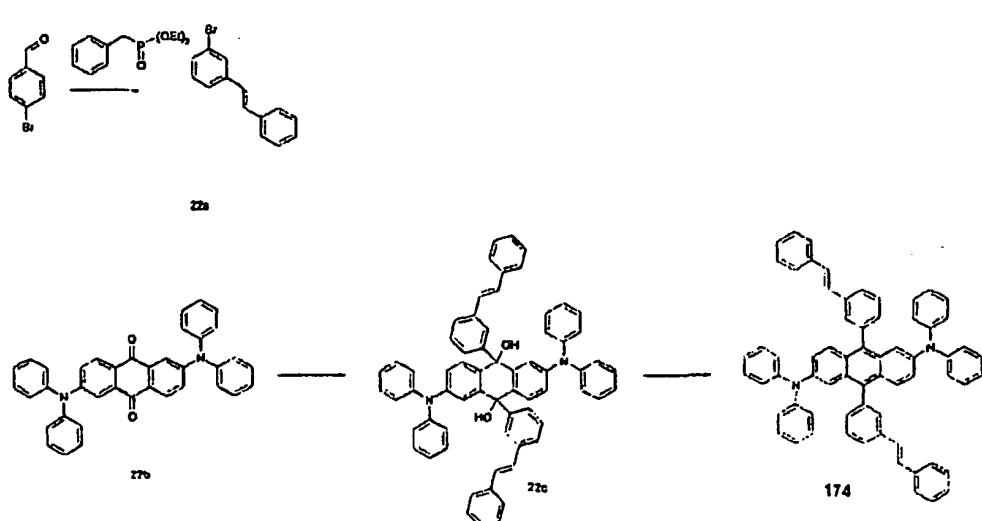
[0152] The compound 21c (4 g, 4.86 mmol) as prepared in the process of 21-C was dissolved in THF (150 mL), and a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (1.6 g, 10.69 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added thereto, under nitrogen atmosphere. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (3.3 g, 24.3 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (100 mL), and finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.28 g, 0.24 mmol) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 21d (3.7 g, 88%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 872$

## 21-E. Synthesis of Compound 165

[0153] Benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.8 mL, 8.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.38 g, 16 mmol), 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 21d (3.5 g, 4.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 21-D was added to the mixture at  $0^\circ C$ , under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 165 (3.3 g, 81%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 1021$

Example 22: Synthesis of Compound 174

## [0154]



## 22-A. Synthesis of Compound 22a

[0155]  $NaH$  (3 g, 75 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (1.43 g, 5.4 mmol) were dissolved in THF (100 mL), and benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (13.5 mL, 65 mmol) was added to the solution. While maintaining the cooling state ( $0^\circ C$ ), 4-bromobenzene aldehyde (10 g, 54 mmol) was slowly added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was extracted from ether, dried over magnesium sulfate, and distilled off under reduced pressure. The residue was recrystallized from ethanol to obtain a compound 22a (10 g, 75%). MS  $[M] = 295$

## 22-B. Synthesis of Compound 22b

[0156] The compound 21a (3.1 g, 8.5 mmol), diphenylamine(6.02 g, 20.4 mmol), pd(dba)<sub>2</sub> (0.097 g, 0.17 mmol), P(t-Bu)<sub>3</sub> (0.05 g, 0.255 mmol), and sodium t-butoxide (2.45 g, 25.5 mmol) were added to toluene (100 mL), and the mixture was refluxed for about 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the mixed reaction solution was added to a mixture of THF and H<sub>2</sub>O. The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and then concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 22b (3.0 g, 65%). MS [M+ H]<sup>+</sup> = 542

## 22-C. Synthesis of Compound 22c

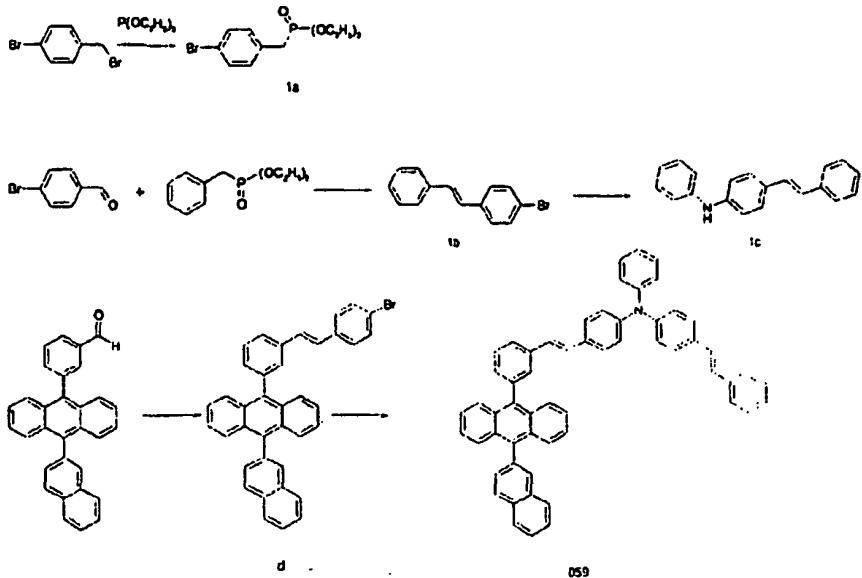
[0157] The compound 22a (3.9 g, 13.2 mmol) as prepared in the process of 22-A was dissolved in dried THF (100 mL), and t-butyl lithium (11.7 mL, 1.7 M pentane solution) was slowly added to the solution at -78°C. under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, and then the compound 22b(3 g, 5.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 22-B was added thereto. The cooling vessel was removed, and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 3 hours. An aqueous ammonium chloride solution was added to the reaction mixture, and the mixture was extracted from methylene chloride. An organic phase was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed. The obtained mixture was dissolved in a small amount of ethyl ether, petroleum ether was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for several hours to obtain a solid compound. The solid compound is filtered off, the residue was dried in vacuo to obtain a compound 22c(4.2 g, 85%).

## 22-D. Synthesis of Compound 174

[0158] The compound 22c (4.2 g, 5.6 mmol) as prepared in the process of 22-C was dispersed in acetic acid (50 mL), and to the dispersion, potassium iodide (9.4 g, 57.4 mmol), and sodium hypophosphite hydrate (10 g, 115 mmol) were added, under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 3 hours under boiling. The mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed with water and methanol, and dried in vacuo to obtain a pale yellow compound 174 (3.2 g, 65%). MS [M+H]<sup>+</sup> = 868

## 30 Example 23: Synthesis of Compound 59

## [0159]



## 23-A. Synthesis of Compound 23a

[0160] 4-Bromobenzyl bromide(20 g, 76 mmol) was added to triethyl phosphite (50 mL, 0.29 mol) under N<sub>2</sub>, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for 12 hours. The reactant was cooled to ambient temperature, and distilled under reduced pressure obtain a compound 23a (22 g, 98%) in the liquid form.

## 23-B. Synthesis of Compound 23b

[0161] Sodium hydride (3 g, 75 mmol), 18-crown-6 (1.43 g, 5.4 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and then benzylphosphoric acid diethyl ether (13.5 mL, 64.8 mmol) was added to the mixture, under  $N_2$ . 4-Bromobenzaldehyde (10 g, 54 mmol) was added to the mixture at 0°C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 23b (10.5 g, 75%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 259$

## 23-C. Synthesis of Compound 23c

[0162] The compound 23b (3.68 g, 14 mmol) as prepared in the process of 23-B, aniline (1.5 ml, 16.8 mmol), pd(dbu)<sub>2</sub> (0.125 g, 0.13 mmol), P(t-Bu)<sub>3</sub> (0.04 g, 0.2 mmol), and sodium t-butoxide (1.80 g, 18.7 mmol) were added to toluene (50 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere, and the mixture was refluxed for about 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the mixed reaction solution was added to a mixture of THF and  $H_2O$ . The organic phase was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 23c (2.2 g, 58%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 271$

## 23-D. Synthesis of Compound 23d

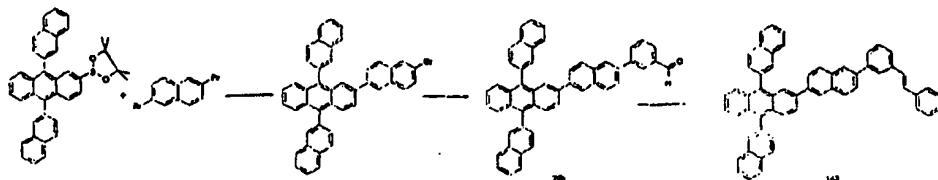
[0163] Sodium hydride (0.78 g, 19.4 mmol), and 18-crown-6 (0.26 g, 0.97 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 23a (6 g, 19.4 mmol) as prepared in the process of 23-A was added to the mixture, under  $N_2$ . The compound 1a (4 g, 9.7 mmol) as prepared in the process of 1-A was added to the mixture at 0°C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and  $H_2O$  were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over  $MgSO_4$ , and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 23d (5.2 g, 96%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 561$

## 23-E. Synthesis of Compound 59

[0164] The compound 23d (2 g, 3.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 23-D, the compound 23c (1.22 g, 4.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 23-C, pd(dbu)<sub>2</sub> (40.6 mg, 0.033 mmol), P(t-Bu)<sub>3</sub> (28.8 mg, 0.033 mmol), and sodium t-butoxide (0.84 g, 8.75 mmol) were added to toluene (120 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere, and the mixture was refluxed for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the mixed reaction solution was added to a mixed solution of THF and  $H_2O$ . The organic phase was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, and then concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 59 (2 g, 76%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 751$

Example 24: Synthesis of Compound 143

## 40 [0165]



## 50 24-A. Synthesis of Compound 24a

[0166] The compound 18d (4.7 g, 8.5 mmol) as prepared in the process of 18-D and 2,6-dibromo naphthalene (2.4 g, 8.5 mmol) were dissolved in THF (120 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. To the mixture, a 2M  $K_2CO_3$  solution (60 mL) was added, finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.23 g, 0.3 mmol) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and removed. And the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain a compound 24a (3.9 g, 45%). MS  $[M+ H]^+ = 556$

## 24-B. Synthesis of Compound 24b

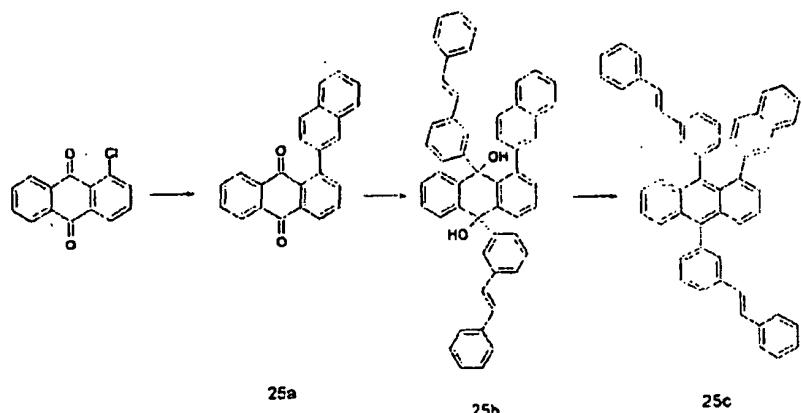
[0167] A compound 24b (8 g, 81%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-D of Example 17, except that the compound 24a as prepared in the process of 24-A was used instead of the compound 17c in the process of 17-D of Example 17. MS  $[M+H]^+$  = 635

## 24-C. Synthesis of Compound 143

[0168] A compound 143 (3.0 g, 82%) was obtained in the same manner as in the process of 17-E of Example 17, except that the compound 24b as prepared in the process of 24-B was used instead of the compound 17d in the process of 17-E of Example 17. MS  $[M+H]^+$  = 660

Example 25: Synthesis of Compound 195

15 [0169]



## 25-A. Synthesis of Compound 25a

[0170] 1-chloro anthraquinone (41.2 mmol, 10.0 g) was completely dissolved in THF (200 mL), and 2-naphthalene boronic acid (45.3 mmol, 7.80 g), 2M potassium carbonate solution (50 mL) and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium (0) (1.24 mmol, 1.43 g) were added thereto, and the mixture was refluxed for 19 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, and washed several times with water and ethanol to obtain a compound 25a (13.2 g, 96 %). MS  $[M]^+$  = 334

## 40 25-B Synthesis of Compound 25b

[0171] The compound 22a (20.4. mmol, 4.23 g) as prepared in the process of 22-A was dissolved completely in dried THF (100 mL), and n-butyl lithium (8.2 ml, 2.5 M hexane solution) was very slowly added to the solution at -78 °C. After an hour, the compound 25a (8.17 mmol, 2.73 g) as prepared in the process of 25-A was added to the above mixture. After 30 minutes, the cooling vessel was removed out, and the mixture was subject to reaction at ambient temperature for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, an aqueous  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  solution was added thereto and reactant was extracted from ethyl ether. The extracted reactant was dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , and then concentrated. To the extracted reactant, a small amount of ethyl ether was added, and the mixture was stirred. And then ethanol was added, the mixture was stirred. Thereafter, after filtering and drying the reactant, a dialcohol compound 25b (4.58g, 95%) was obtained. MS  $[M]^+$  = 676(-  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  form)

## 50 25-C Synthesis of Compound 195

[0172] The compound 25b (4.7 g, 6.77 mmol), potassium iodide (1.12 g, 6.77 mmol) and sodium hypophosphite (7.18 g, 67.7 mmol) were added to acetic acid (100 mL), and the mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. The above reactant cooled to ambient temperature, filtered, washed several times with water and ethanol, and then dried to obtain a compound 195 (2.77 g, 62%). MS  $[M]^+$  = 660

Example 26: Synthesis of Compound 12 Compound provided for comparative purposes only.

[0173] \* Compound provided for comparative purposes only.

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## 26-A Synthesis of Compound 26a

**[0174]** 3,9-bromo phenylene (2 g, 4.86 mmol) was dissolved in THF (120 mL), and a solution obtained by dissolving 3-formyl benzene boronic acid (1.6 g, 10.69 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added thereto, under nitrogen atmosphere. To the mixture, a solution obtained by dissolving  $K_2CO_3$  (3.3 g, 24.3 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (100 mL), and finally  $Pd(PPh_3)_4$  (0.28 g, 0.24 mmol) was added thereto, and then the mixture was stirred under reflux for about 12 hours. After completion of reaction, the mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, and the organic phase was separated from the mixed reaction solution, and filtered to obtain a solid. This solid was dissolved in THF again, and purified by column chromatography. Then, the residue was recrystallized from THF and ethanol to obtain a compound 26a (1.9 g, 85%). MS  $[M+H]^+ = 460$

### 30 26-B Synthesis of Compound 212

**[0175]** Benzilphosphoric acid diethyl ether (1.8 mL, 8.8 mmol), sodium hydride (0.38 g, 16 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (0.1 g, 0.48 mmol) were added to THF (100 mL), and the compound 26a (1.8 g, 4.0 mmol) as prepared in the process of 26-A was added to the mixture at 0°C. under nitrogen atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, THF and H<sub>2</sub>O were added to the mixed reaction solution. The organic phase was separated, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and then concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from THF/EtOH to obtain a compound 212 (1.97 g, 81%). MS [M+H]<sup>+</sup> = 608

### Experimental Example 1:

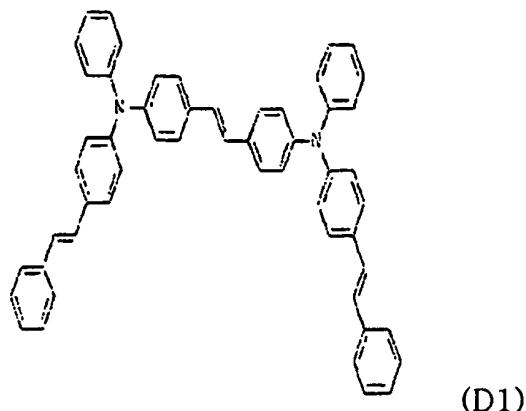
[0176] A glass substrate (Corning 7059 glass) on which a thin film of ITO (indium tin oxide) was coated to a thickness of 1000 Å was immersed in distilled water having a detergent dissolved therein, and the substrate washed with ultrasonic waves. The detergent was a product commercially available from Fisher Co. and the distilled water has been filtered previously by using a filter commercially available from Millipore Co. ITO washed with ultrasonic waves for 30 minutes, and then such washing was repeated twice for 10 minutes by using distilled water. After the completion of washing with distilled water, washing with ultrasonic waves was carried out by using isopropyl alcohol, acetone and methanol as the solvents in this order. The resultant product was dried.

[0177] On the ITO electrode thus prepared, 3,6-bis-2-naphthylphenylamino-N-[4-(2-naphthylphenyl)aminophenyl]carbazole (800 Å), 4,4'-bis[N-(1-naphthyl)-N-phenylamino]biphenyl(NPB) (300 Å), host materials as in the following Tables 7 and 8 (300 Å), and 9,10-bis-2-naphthyl-2-[4-(N-phenylbenzimidazoyl)phenyl]anthracene (300 Å) were sequentially subject to thermal vacuum deposition, thereby forming a hole injecting layer, a hole transporting layer, a light emitting layer and an electron transporting layer in this order. As the material for the dopant in the light emitting layer, styrylamine compound (D1) and the compound 59 in Table 1 were used.

[0178] On the electron transporting layer, lithium fluoride (LiF) and aluminum were sequentially vacuum-deposited to a thickness of 12 Å and 2000 Å, respectively, to form a cathode. Thus, an organic light emitting diode was produced.

**[0179]** In the above process, deposition rate of each organic material was maintained at 0.4 to 0.7 Å/sec and deposition rates of lithium fluoride and aluminum of the cathode were maintained at 0.3 Å/sec and 2 Å/sec, respectively.

**[0180]** The vacuum degree during deposition was maintained at  $2 \times 10^{-7}$  to  $5 \times 10^{-8}$  torr.



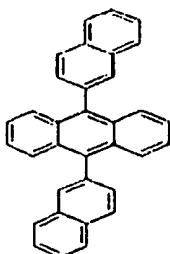
**[0181]** As currents were applied to the above-prepared device, the results in the following Tables 7 and 8 were obtained.

[Table 7]

Experimental Ex.	Host material	Dopant material	Doping conc. (wt%)	Voltage (V)	Current efficiency (cd/A)	Luminous efficiency (1m/W)	Color coordinate (x,y)
1-1	Compound 1	D1	8	8.5	5.4	2.0	(0.140, 0.156)
1-2	Compound 1	Compound 59	8	8.9	3.4	1.2	(0.148, 0.118)
1-3	Compound 1	Compound 59	10	8.8	3.7	1.3	(0.148, 0.122)
1-4	Compound 1	Compound 50	4	7.9	18.1	7.2	(0.309, 0.638)
1-5	Compound 2	D1	8	8.9	5.6	2.0	(0.139, 0.149)
1-6	Compound 2	Compound 59	10	8.8	3.9	1.4	(0.147, 0.118)
1-7	Compound 5	Compound 59	8	7.8	2.8	1.1	(0.149, 0.120)
1-8	Compound 11	Compound 59	8	7.9	3.1	1.3	(0.148, 0.124)
1-9	Compound 12	Compound 59	8	7.8	3.5	1.5	(0.148, 0.120)
1-10	Compound 65	D1	8	8.9	5.3	1.9	(0.149, 0.226)
1-11	Compound 90	Compound 59	10	8.5	3.8	1.4	(0.147, 0.119)
1-12	Compound 50	Compound 59	8	7.8	3.2	1.3	(0.150, 0.132)
1-13	Comp. Compound1	Compound 59	8	8.8	2.5	0.9	(0.150, 0.126)

[Comparative Compound 1]

[0182]



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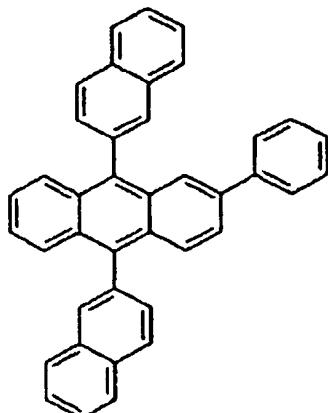
[0183] The values shown in the above Table 7 were those as measured at a current density of 100 mA/cm<sup>2</sup>.

[Table 8]

15 Exper- imental Ex.	Host material	Dopant material	Doping conc. (wt%)	Voltage (V)	Current efficiency (cd/A)	Luminous efficiency (lmAV)	Color Coordinate (x, y)	Lifetime (T <sub>80</sub> ) @50mA /cm <sup>2</sup>
20 1-14	Compound 124	Compound 174	4%	7.45	19.6	8.25	(0.316,0.639)	210h
25 1-15	Compound 125	Compound 174	4%	7.55	20.5	8.52	(0.322,0.636)	200h
30 1-16	Compound 136	Compound 174	4%	7.62	18.5	7.63	(0.311,0.643)	245h
35 1-17	Comp. compounds 2	Compound 174	4%	7.66	18.3	7.51	(0.321,0.636)	95h

30 [Comparative Compound 2]

[0184]



50 Experimental Example 2

[0185] The same procedure as in Experimental Example 1 was carried out, except that as the material for a hole injecting layer, hexanitrile hexaazatriphenylene was used instead of 3,6-bis-2-naphthylphenylamino-N-[4-(2-naphthyl-phenyl)aminophenyl]carbazole, and as the materials for a light emitting host dopant, the materials shown in the following Table 9 were used. The results are shown in the following Table 9.

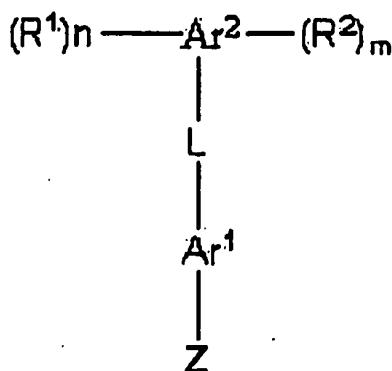
[Table 9]

5 Exper- imental Ex.	Host material	Dopant material	Doping conc. (wt%)	Voltage (V)	Current efficiency (cd/A)	Luminous efficiency (lm/W)	Color Coordinate (x, y)	Lifetime (T <sub>80</sub> ) @50mA /cm <sup>2</sup>
1.18	Compound 124	Compound 174	4%	6.76	18.2	8.45	(0.319,0.639)	520h
10 1-19	Compound 125	Compound 174	4%	6.77	18.3	8.48	(0.320,0.637)	550h
15 1-20	Compound 136	Compound 174	4%	6.84	17.0	7.79	(0.308,0.642)	450h
1-21	Comp. compound 2	Compound 174	4%	6.91	17.4	7.92	(0.323,0.633)	190h

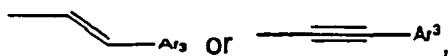
## Claims

1. A compound represented by the following formula 1:

[Formula 1]



wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> is an anthracenylene group, and the anthracenylene group may be substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group, Ar<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a phenyl group, a biphenyl group and a naphthalene group, which contains hydrogen atoms at the positions other than the positions bonded with -(R<sup>1</sup>)<sub>n</sub>, -(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub> and L, L is a direct bond; a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> arylene group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group and a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group; or a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroarylene group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group and a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each independently



and in the case where  $Ar^2$  is a  $C_6$  aryl group, are not present at a para position relative to L, wherein  $Ar^3$  is a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group, a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group and an arylamine group; or a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group,  
 5 Z is a hydrogen atom,

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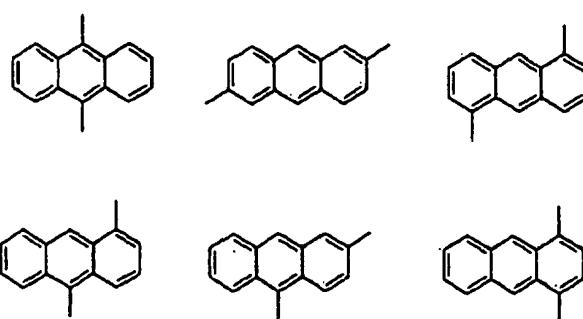


15 a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; or a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group which is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group; and  
 20 n and m are each an integer of 0 to 3, provided that  $n+m \geq 1$ .  
 25

30

2. The compound according to claim 1, wherein in the formula 1,  $Ar^1$  is selected from the anthracenylene groups represented by the following structural formulas, which may be substituted with at least one group selected from the group consisting of a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{20}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{20}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group and a  $C_5$ - $C_{20}$  heteroaryl group:

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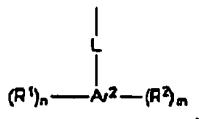
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3. The compound according to claim 1, wherein in the formula 1, L is a direct bond, or is selected from the group consisting of a phenylene group, a biphenylene group, a naphthalene group, a pyridylene group, a bipyridylene group, a carbazolene group, a thiophenylene group, a quinolylene group, and an isoquinolylene group.

4. The compound according to claim 1, wherein in the formula 1,  $Ar^3$  is selected from the group consisting of a phenyl group, a biphenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthryl group, a pyrenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pyridyl group, a bipyridyl group, a carbazol group, a thiophenyl group, a quinolyl group, and an isoquinolyl group.

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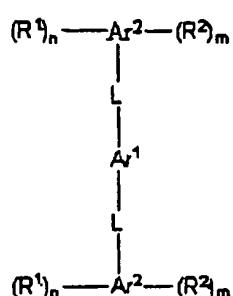
5. The compound according to claim 1, wherein in the formula 1, Z is selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom,



a phenyl group, a biphenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthryl group, a pyrenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pyridyl group, a bipyridyl group, a carbazol group, a thiophenyl group, a quinolinyl group, and an isoquinolinyl group.

10 6. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is the compound of the following formula 2:

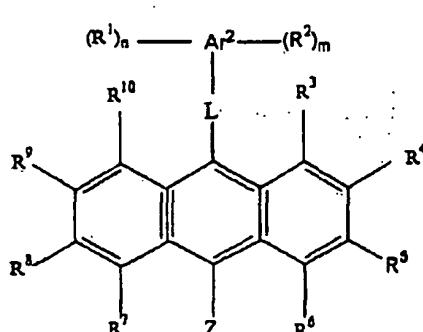
15 [Formula 2]



wherein Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n and m have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1.

30 7. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is the compound of the following formula 3:

35 [Formula 3]



wherein

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup> R<sup>2</sup>, n, m and Z have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1,

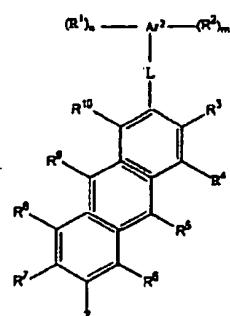
50 R<sup>3</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

55 8. The compound according to claim 7, wherein R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> to R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are hydrogen atoms, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

5 9. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is the compound of the following formula 4:

10 [Formula 4]



wherein

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m and Z have the same meanings as defined in the formula 1,

25 R<sup>3</sup> to R<sup>10</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

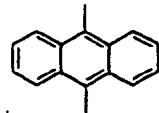
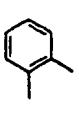
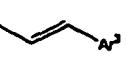
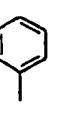
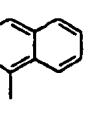
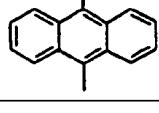
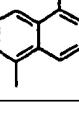
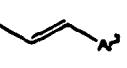
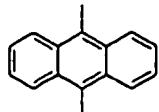
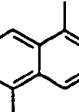
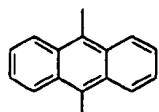
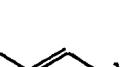
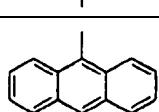
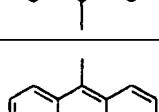
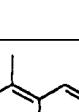
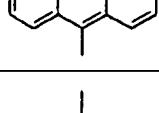
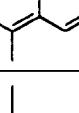
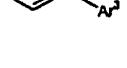
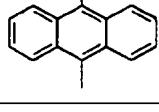
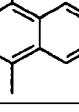
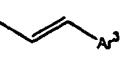
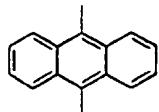
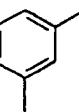
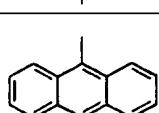
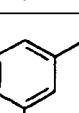
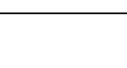
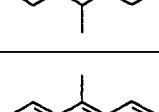
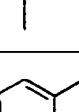
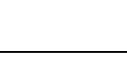
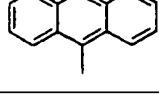
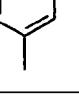
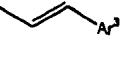
30 10. The compound according to claim 9, wherein R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> to R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are hydrogen atoms, and R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are the same or different from each other, are independently selected from the group consisting of a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, and a substituted or unsubstituted arylamine group.

35 11. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is selected from the compounds having an asymmetric structure, as described in the following Table 1, in which m is equal to 0 in the formula 1:

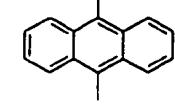
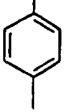
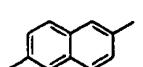
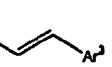
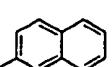
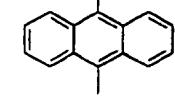
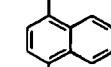
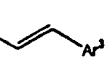
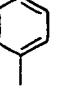
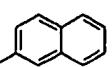
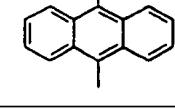
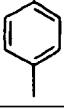
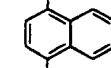
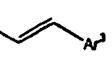
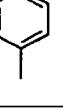
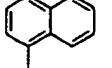
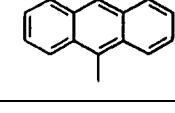
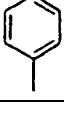
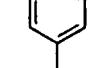
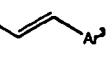
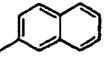
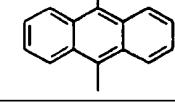
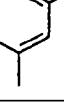
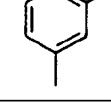
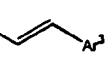
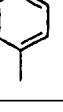
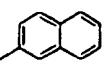
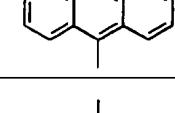
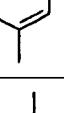
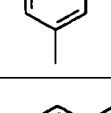
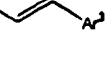
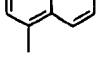
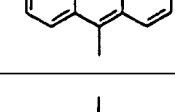
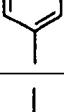
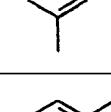
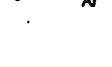
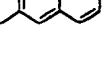
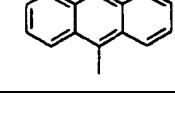
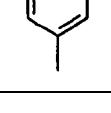
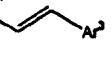
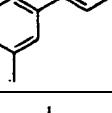
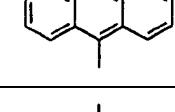
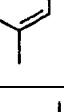
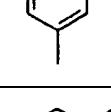
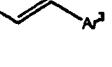
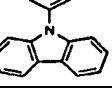
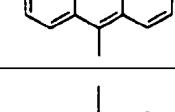
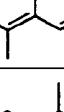
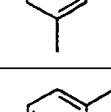
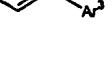
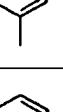
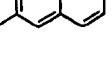
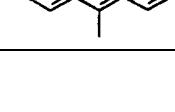
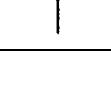
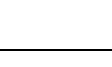
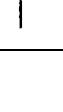
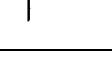
40 [Table 1]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
45 1		Direct bond				
50 2		Direct bond				
55 3		Direct bond				

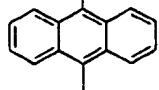
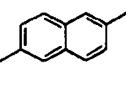
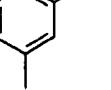
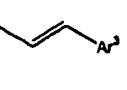
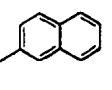
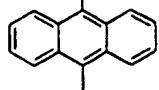
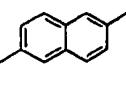
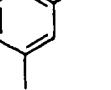
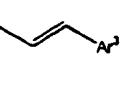
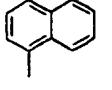
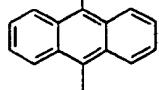
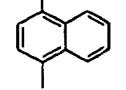
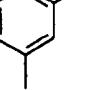
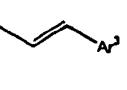
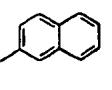
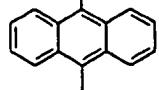
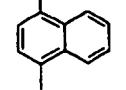
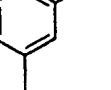
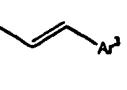
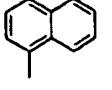
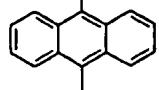
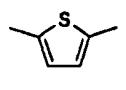
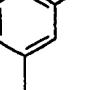
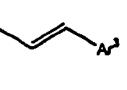
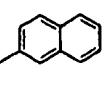
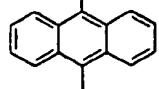
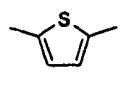
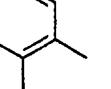
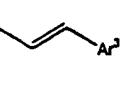
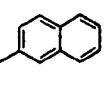
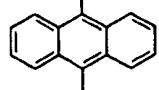
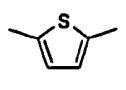
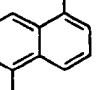
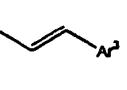
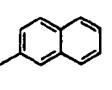
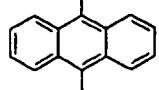
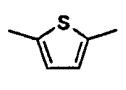
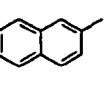
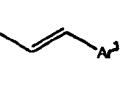
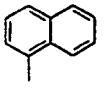
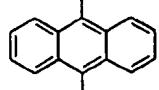
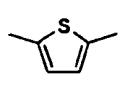
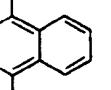
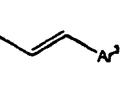
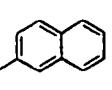
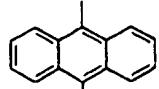
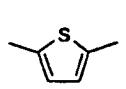
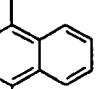
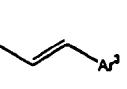
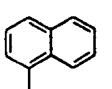
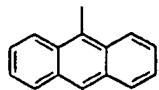
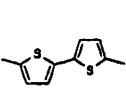
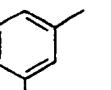
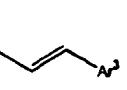
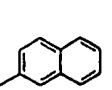
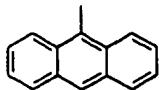
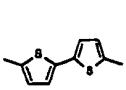
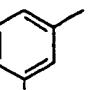
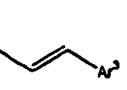
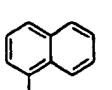
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	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	4		Direct bond				
10	5		Direct bond				
15	6		Direct bond				
20	7		Direct bond				
25	8		Direct bond				
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35	10		Direct bond				
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55	14						
	15						

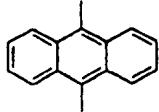
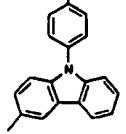
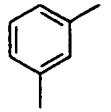
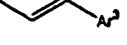
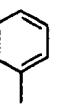
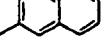
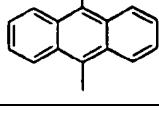
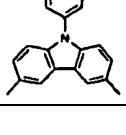
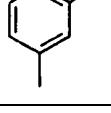
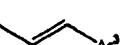
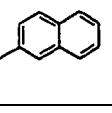
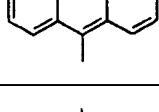
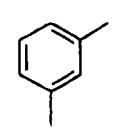
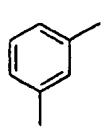
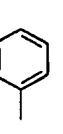
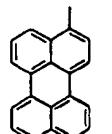
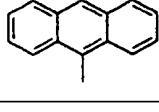
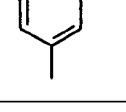
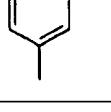
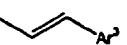
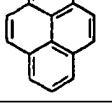
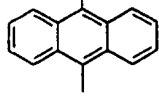
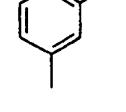
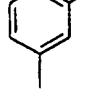
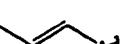
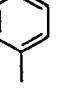
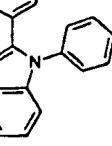
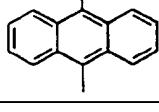
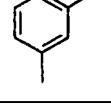
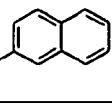
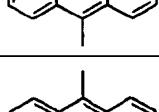
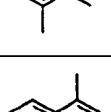
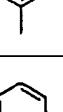
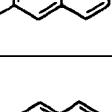
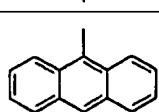
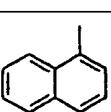
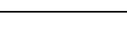
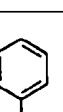
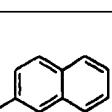
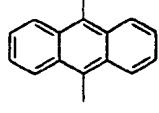
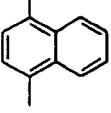
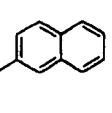
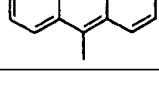
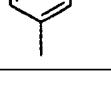
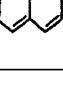
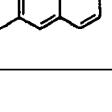
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	16 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	17 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	18 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	19 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	20 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	21 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	22 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	23 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	24 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	25 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	26 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

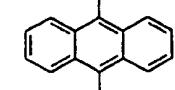
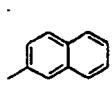
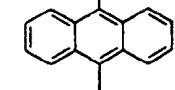
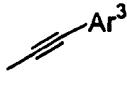
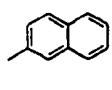
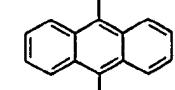
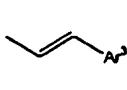
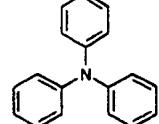
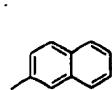
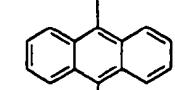
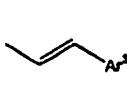
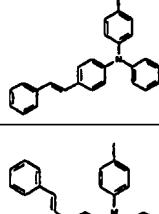
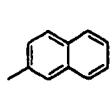
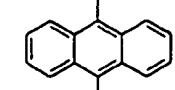
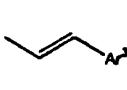
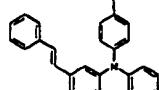
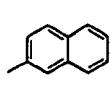
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	27						
10	28						
15	29						
20	30						
25	36						
30	38						
35	39						
40	40						
45	41						
50	42						
55	43						
	44						

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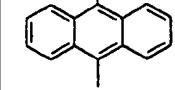
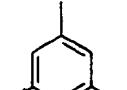
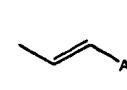
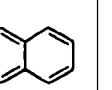
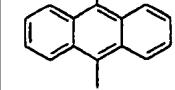
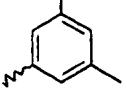
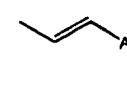
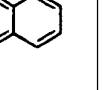
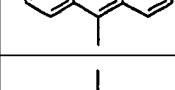
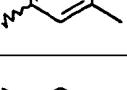
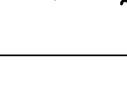
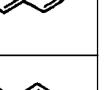
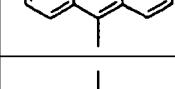
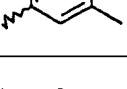
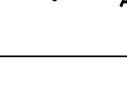
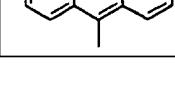
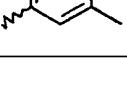
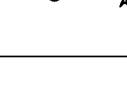
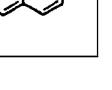
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	45				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	46				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	47				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	48				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	49				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	50		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	51		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	52		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
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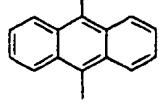
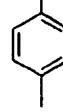
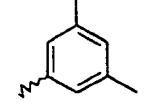
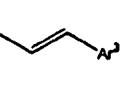
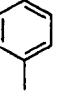
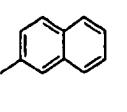
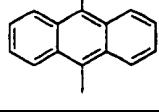
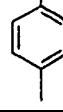
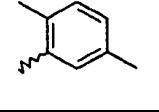
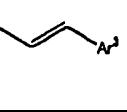
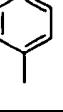
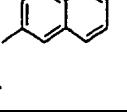
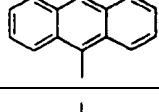
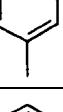
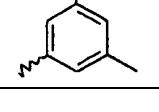
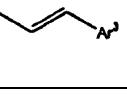
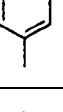
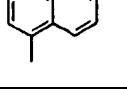
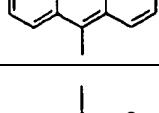
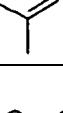
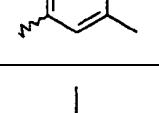
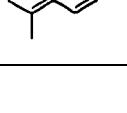
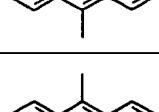
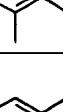
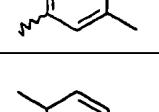
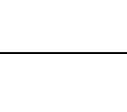
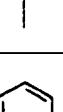
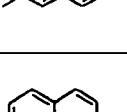
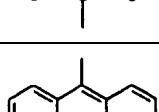
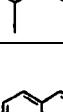
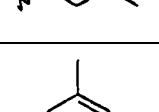
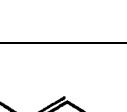
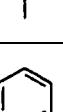
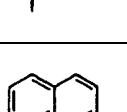
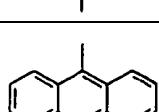
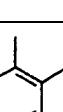
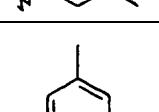
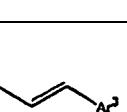
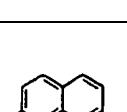
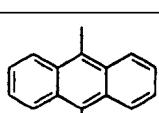
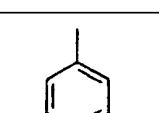
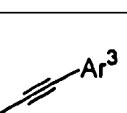
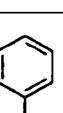
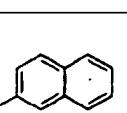
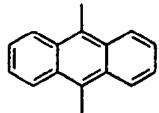
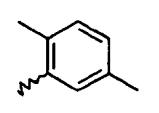
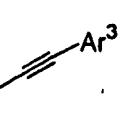
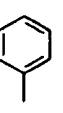
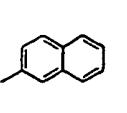
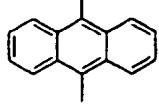
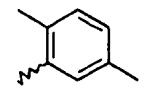
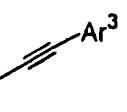
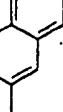
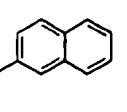
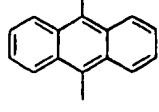
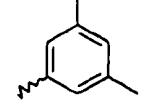
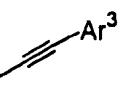
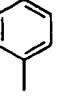
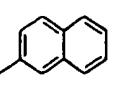
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	56 					
10	57 					
15	58 	Direct bond				
20	59 	Direct bond				
25	60 	Direct bond				

30 12. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is selected from the compounds having an asymmetric structure, as described in the following Table 2, in which neither n nor m is 0 in the formula 1:

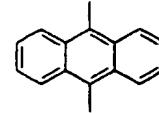
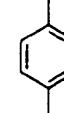
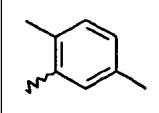
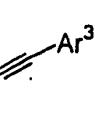
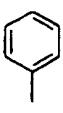
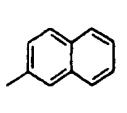
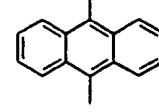
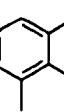
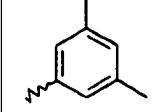
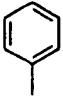
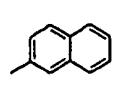
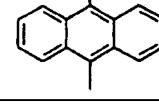
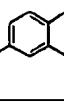
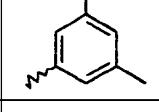
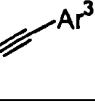
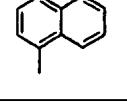
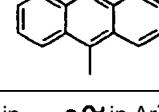
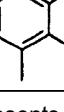
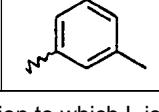
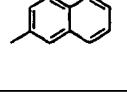
[Table 2]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
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40	62 	Direct bond				
45	65 	Direct bond				
50	66 	Direct bond				
55	67 	Direct bond				

(continued)

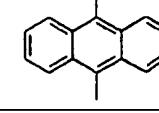
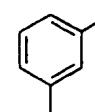
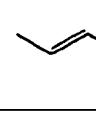
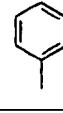
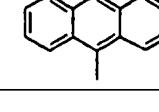
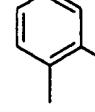
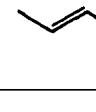
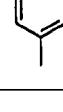
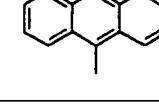
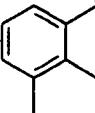
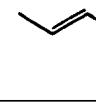
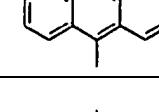
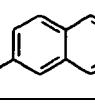
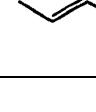
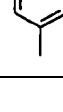
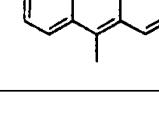
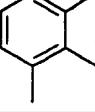
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	68				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	69				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	70				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	72				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	73				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	75				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	76				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	77				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	78		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	80		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	81		Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
	82				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

(continued)

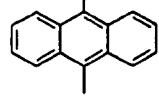
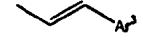
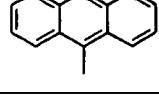
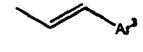
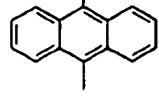
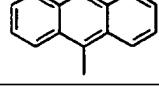
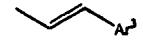
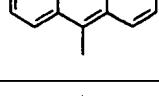
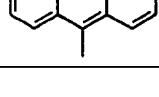
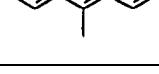
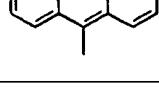
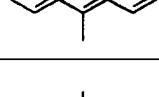
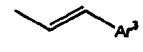
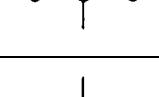
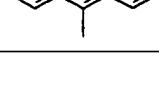
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	83						
10	85						
15	87						
20	88						
Wherein  in Ar <sup>2</sup> represents a portion to which L is bonded.							

25 13. The compound according to claim 6, wherein the compound of the formula 2 is selected from the compounds having a symmetric structure, as described in the following Table 3, in which n+m is equal to 1 in the formula 2:

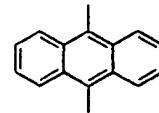
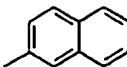
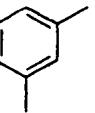
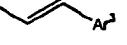
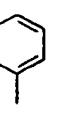
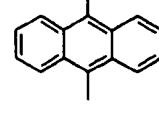
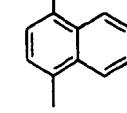
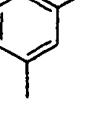
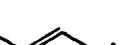
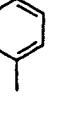
[Table 3]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
30	90		Direct bond			
35	91		Direct bond			
40	92		Direct bond			
45	93		Direct bond			
50	94		Direct bond			

(continued)

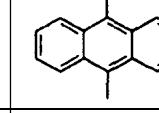
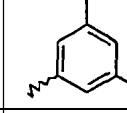
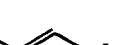
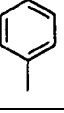
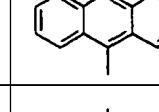
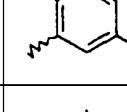
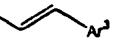
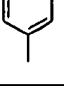
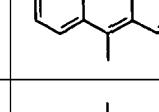
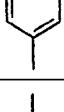
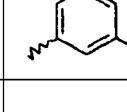
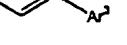
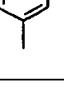
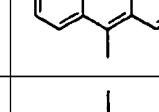
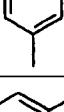
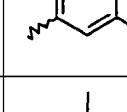
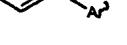
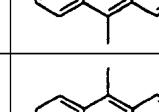
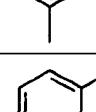
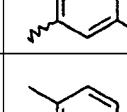
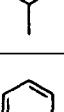
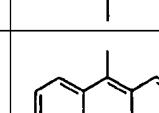
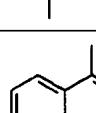
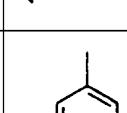
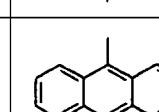
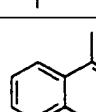
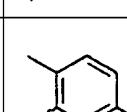
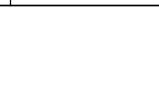
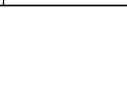
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	96					
10	97					
15	99					
20	100					
25	101					
30	102					
35	103					
40	104					
45	105					
50	106					
55	107					

(continued)

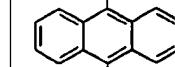
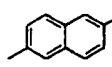
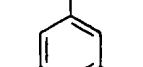
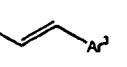
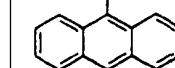
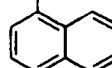
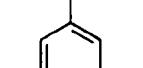
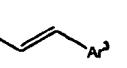
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	108 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
10	109 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	

14. The compound according to claim 6, wherein the compound of the formula 2 is selected from the compounds having a symmetric structure, as described in the following Table 4, in which n is equal to 1 and m is equal to 1 in the formula 2:

[Table 4]

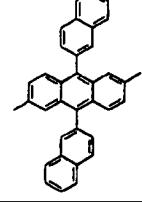
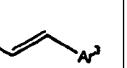
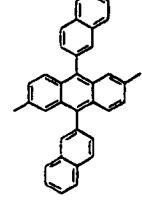
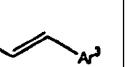
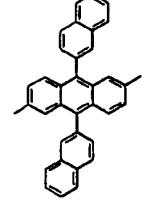
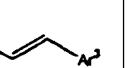
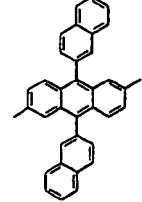
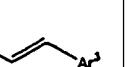
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
20	110 	Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
25	112 	Direct bond		 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
30	113 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
35	115 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
40	116 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
45	118 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
50	119 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
55	121 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>	

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> and R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	122 				
10	123 				

Wherein  in Ar<sup>2</sup> represents a portion to which L is bonded.

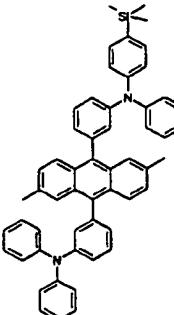
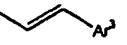
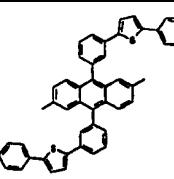
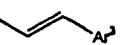
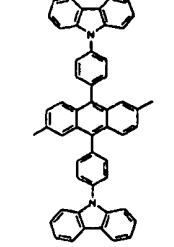
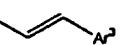
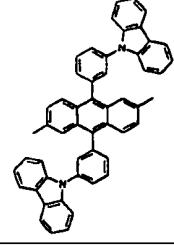
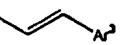
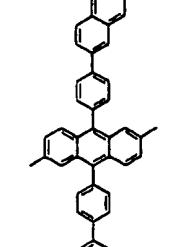
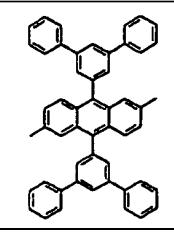
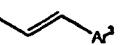
15 15. The compound according to claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula 1 is selected from the compounds having an asymmetric structure, as described in the following Table 5, in which m is equal to 0, and Ar<sup>1</sup> has a substituent:

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
20						
25	124 	Direct bond				H
30	125 	Direct bond				H
35	126 	Direct bond				H
40	127 	Direct bond				H
45						
50						

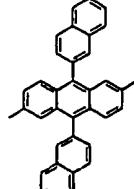
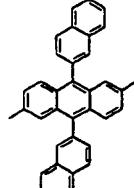
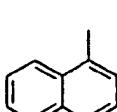
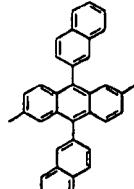
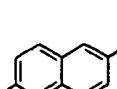
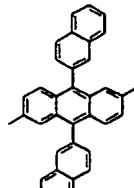
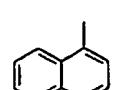
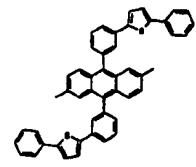
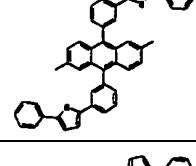
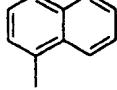
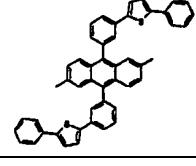
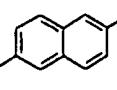
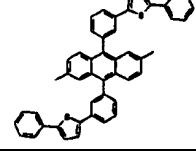
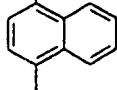
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	128		Direct bond				H
10	129		Direct bond				H
15	130		Direct bond				H
20	131		Direct bond				H
25	132		Direct bond				H
30	133		Direct bond				H
35	134		Direct bond				H
40							
45							
50							
55							

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5							
10	135		Direct bond				H
15							
20	136		Direct bond				H
25							
30	137		Direct bond				H
35							
40	138		Direct bond				H
45							
50	139		Direct bond				H
55							
	140		Direct bond				H

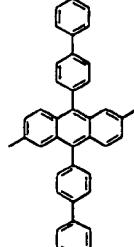
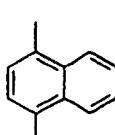
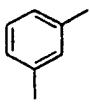
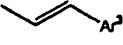
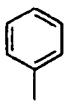
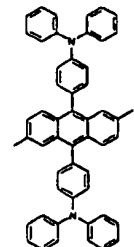
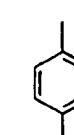
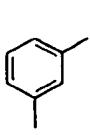
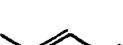
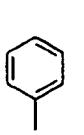
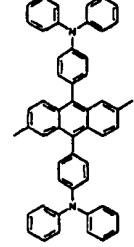
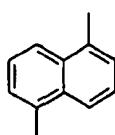
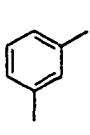
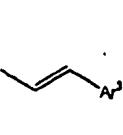
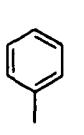
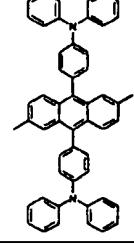
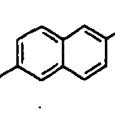
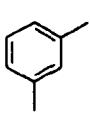
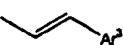
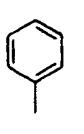
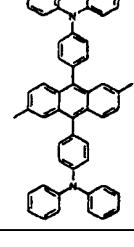
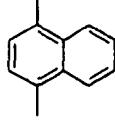
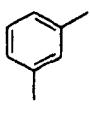
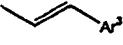
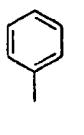
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	141						H
10	142						H
15	143						H
20	144						H
25	145						H
30	146						H
35	147						H
40	148						H

(continued)

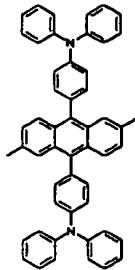
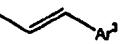
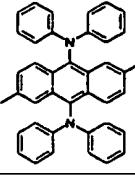
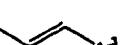
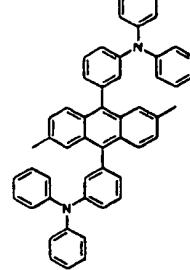
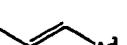
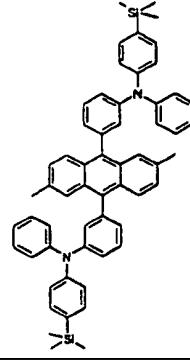
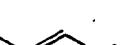
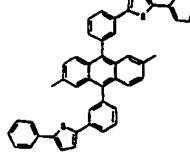
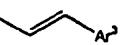
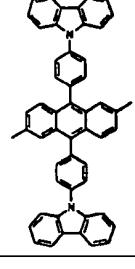
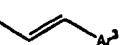
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	149						H
10	150						H
15	151						H
20	152						H
25	153						
30	153						H
35	154						H
40	154						H
45	155						H
50	155						H
55							

(continued)

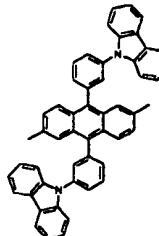
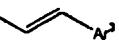
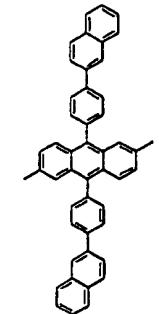
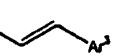
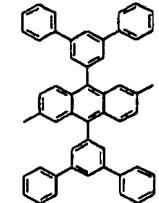
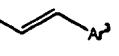
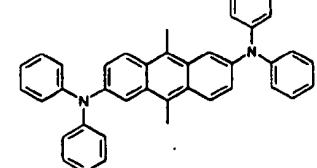
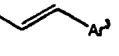
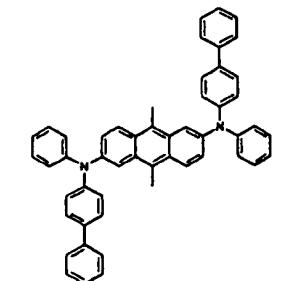
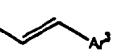
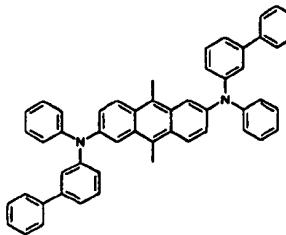
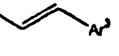
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	156						H
10	157						H
15	158						H
20	159						H
25	160						H
30							
35							
40							
45							

16. The compound according to claim 6, wherein the compound of the formula 2 is selected from the compounds having a symmetric structure, as described in the following Table 6, in which in the formula 2, n+m is equal to 1, and Ar<sup>1</sup> has a substituent:

[Table 6]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	165 	Direct bond			
10	166 	Direct bond			
15	167 	Direct bond			
20	168 	Direct bond			
25	169 	Direct bond			
30	170 	Direct bond			
35					
40					
45					
50					
55					

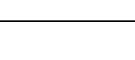
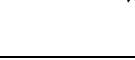
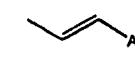
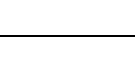
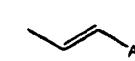
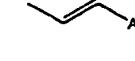
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	171 	Direct bond			
10	172 	Direct bond			
15	173 	Direct bond			
20	174 	Direct bond			
25	175 	Direct bond			
30	176 	Direct bond			

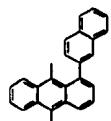
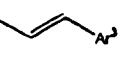
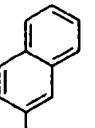
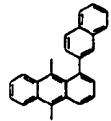
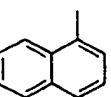
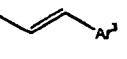
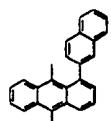
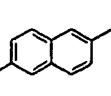
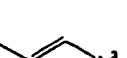
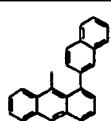
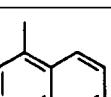
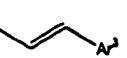
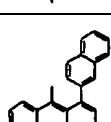
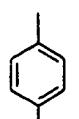
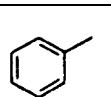
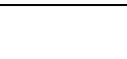
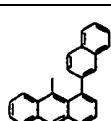
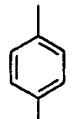
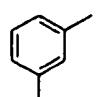
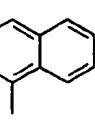
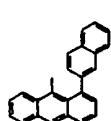
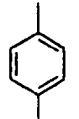
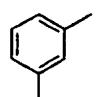
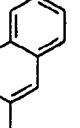
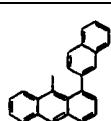
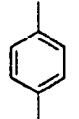
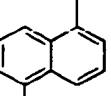
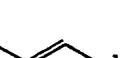
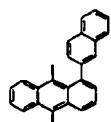
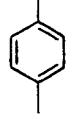
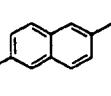
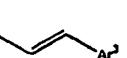
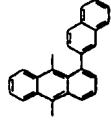
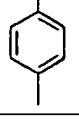
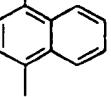
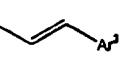
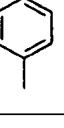
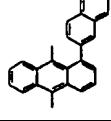
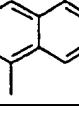
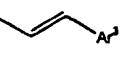
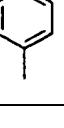
(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	177	Direct bond			
10					
15	178	Direct bond			
20					
25	179	Direct bond			
30					
35	180	Direct bond			
40					
45	181	Direct bond			
50					
55	182	Direct bond			
	183	Direct bond			
	184	Direct bond			
	185	Direct bond			
	186	Direct bond			

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
187					
188					
189					
190					
191					
191					
192					
193					
194					
195		Direct bond			
196		Direct bond			

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	197		Direct bond			
10	198		Direct bond			
15	199		Direct bond			
20	200		Direct bond			
25	201					
30	202					
35	203					
40	204					
45	205					
50	206					
55	207					

(continued)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	208 				
10	209 				

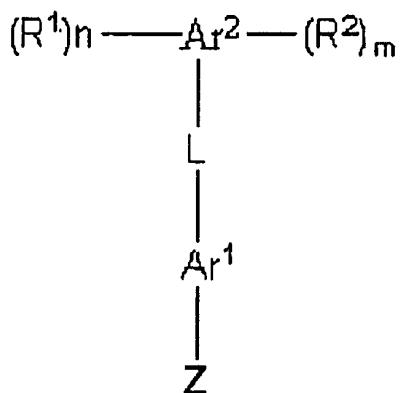
17. An organic light emitting diode comprising a first electrode, a second electrode, and at least one organic material layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein at least one layer of the organic material layer(s) comprises the compound according to any one of claims 1, 3 and 5 to 18.

18. The organic light emitting diode according to claim 17, wherein the organic material layer comprises a light emitting layer, and the light emitting layer comprises the compound according to any one of claims 1, 3 and 5 to 18.

### Patentansprüche

1. Verbindung, dargestellt durch die folgende Formel 1:

[Formel 1]

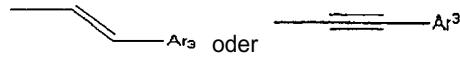
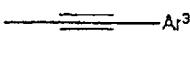


wobei Ar<sup>1</sup> eine Anthracenylengruppe ist und die Anthracenylengruppe mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert sein kann, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkinylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heteroarylgruppe und einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten Arylamingruppe,

Ar<sup>2</sup> ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer Phenylgruppe, einer Biphenylgruppe und einer Naphthalin-gruppe, die Wasserstoffatome an den Positionen enthält, die verschieden sind von den Positionen, die an -(R<sup>1</sup>)<sub>n</sub>, -(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>m</sub>, und L gebunden sind,

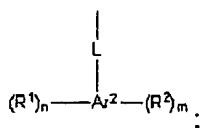
L eine direkte Bindung; eine C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylengruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer

5  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; oder eine  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylengruppe ist, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe,

10  $R^1$  und  $R^2$  jeweils unabhängig  oder  , sind und, in dem Fall, in dem  $Ar^2$  ein

15  $C_6$ -Arylgruppe ist, nicht in einer para-Position relativ zur Gruppe L vorliegen, wobei  $Ar^3$  eine  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe, einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe, und einer Arylaminogruppe; oder eine  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe ist, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe,

20 Z ein Wasserstoffatom,

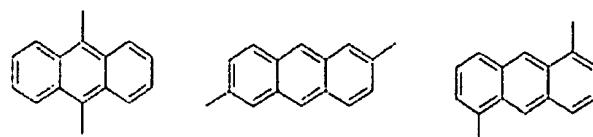


30 eine  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; eine  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; eine  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; eine  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; oder eine  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe ist, die unsubstituiert oder mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert ist, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe; und n und m jeweils eine ganze Zahl von 0 bis 3 sind, vorausgesetzt dass  $n + m \geq 1$ .

40

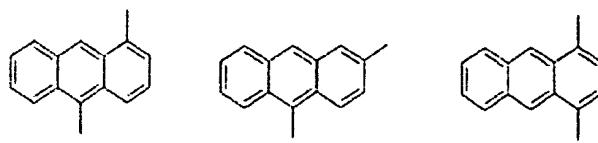
45

2. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei, in der Formel 1,  $Ar^1$  ausgewählt ist aus den durch die folgenden Strukturformeln dargestellten Anthracenylengruppen, die mit wenigstens einer Gruppe substituiert sein können, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer  $C_1-C_{20}$ -Alkylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkenylgruppe, einer  $C_2-C_{20}$ -Alkinylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Cycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_3-C_{20}$ -Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer  $C_6-C_{20}$ -Arylgruppe und einer  $C_5-C_{20}$ -Heteroarylgruppe;



55

5



10 3. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei, in der Formel 1, L eine direkte Bindung ist oder ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe,

bestehend aus einer Phenylengruppe, einer Biphenylengruppe, einer Naphthalengruppe, einer Pyridylengruppe, einer Bipyridylengruppe, einer Carbazolengruppe, einer Thiophenylengruppe, einer Chinolylengruppe und einer Isochinolylengruppe.

15 4. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei, in der Formel 1, Ar<sup>3</sup> ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer Phenylgruppe, einer Biphenylgruppe, einer Naphthylgruppe, einer Anthrylgruppe, einer Pyrenylgruppe, einer Perylenylgruppe, einer Pyridylgruppe, einer Bipyridylgruppe, einer Carbazolgruppe, einer Thiophenylgruppe, einer Chinolinygruppe und einer Isochinolinylgruppe.

20 5. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei, in der Formel 1, Z ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einem Wasserstoffatom,

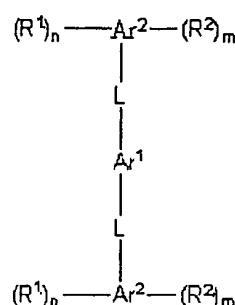
25 einer Phenylgruppe, einer Biphenylgruppe, einer Naphthylgruppe, einer Anthrylgruppe, einer Pyrenylgruppe, einer Perylenylgruppe, einer Pyridylgruppe, einer Bipyridylgruppe, einer Carbazolgruppe, einer Thiophenylgruppe, einer Chinolinygruppe und einer Isochinolinylgruppe.

30 6. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 die Verbindung der folgenden Formel 2 ist:

## [Formel 2]

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45

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wobei Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n und m dieselben Bedeutungen haben, wie definiert in der Formel 1.

7. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 die Verbindung der folgenden Formel 3 ist:

55

## [Formel 3]

5

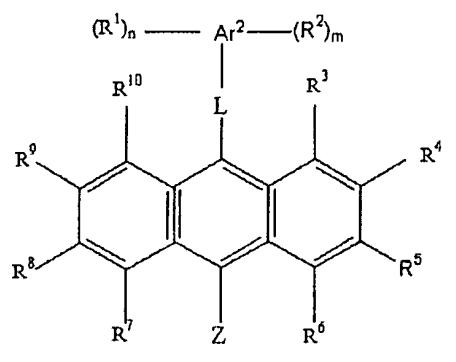
10

15

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,

wobei

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m und Z dieselben Bedeutungen haben, wie definiert in der Formel 1,

R<sup>3</sup> bis R<sup>10</sup> identisch oder verschieden voneinander sind, unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einem Wasserstoffatom, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkinylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heteroarylgruppe und einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten Arylamingruppe.

8. Verbindung nach Anspruch 7, wobei R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> bis R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> und R<sup>10</sup> Wasserstoffatome sind, R<sup>4</sup> und R<sup>8</sup> identisch oder verschieden voneinander sind, unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkinylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heteroarylgruppe und einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten Arylamingruppe.

9. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 die Verbindung der folgenden Formel 4 ist:

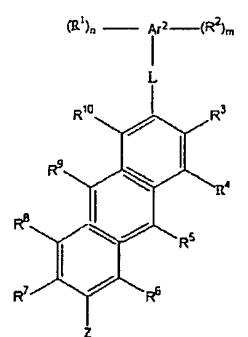
## [Formel 4]

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,

wobei

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m und Z dieselben Bedeutungen haben, wie definiert in der Formel 1,

R<sup>3</sup> bis R<sup>10</sup> identisch oder verschieden voneinander sind, unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einem Wasserstoffatom, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer substituierten

oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkinylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heteroarylgruppe und einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten Arylamingruppe.

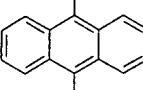
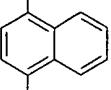
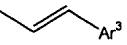
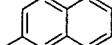
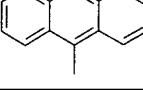
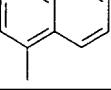
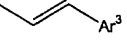
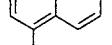
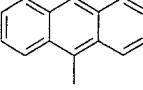
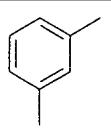
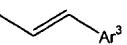
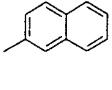
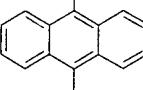
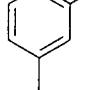
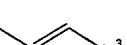
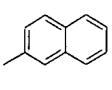
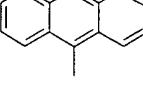
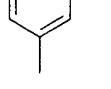
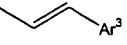
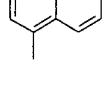
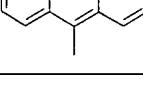
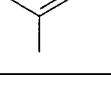
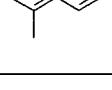
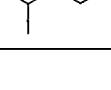
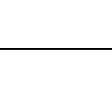
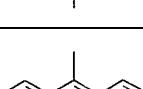
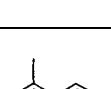
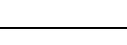
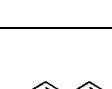
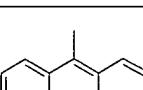
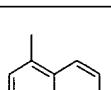
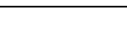
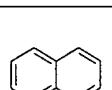
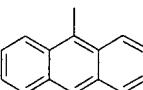
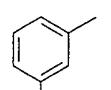
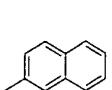
5 10. Verbindung nach Anspruch 9, wobei R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> bis R<sup>8</sup> und R<sup>10</sup> Wasserstoffatome sind und R<sup>5</sup> und R<sup>9</sup> identisch oder verschieden voneinander sind, unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe, bestehend aus einem Wasserstoffatom, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkenylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Alkinylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heterocycloalkylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Arylgruppe, einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-Heteroarylgruppe und einer substituierten oder unsubstituierten Arylamingruppe.

10 15. 11. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine asymmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 1, in der m gleich 0 in der Formel 1 ist:

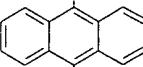
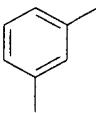
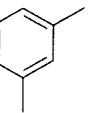
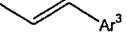
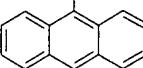
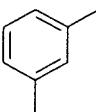
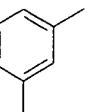
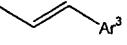
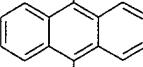
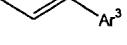
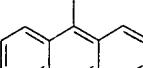
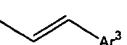
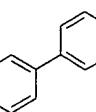
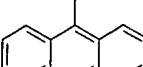
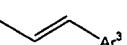
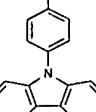
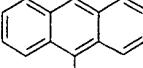
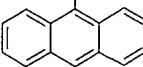
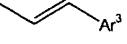
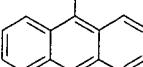
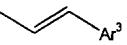
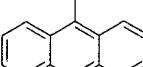
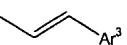
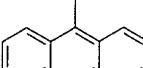
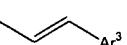
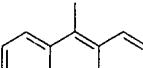
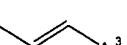
Tabelle 1

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
20 1		Direkte Bindung				
25 2		Direkte Bindung				
30 3		Direkte Bindung				
35 4		Direkte Bindung				
40 5		Direkte Bindung				
45 6		Direkte Bindung				
50 7		Direkte Bindung				
55 8		Direkte Bindung				

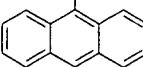
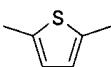
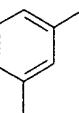
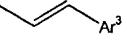
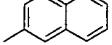
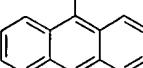
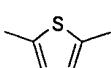
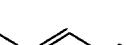
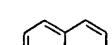
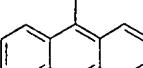
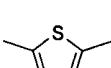
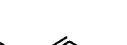
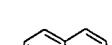
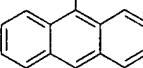
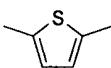
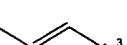
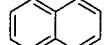
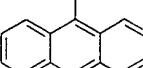
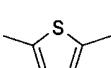
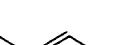
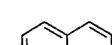
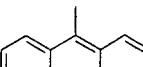
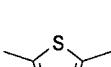
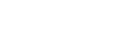
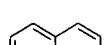
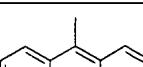
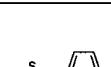
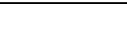
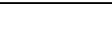
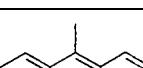
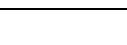
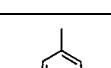
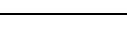
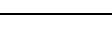
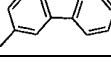
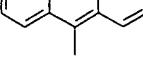
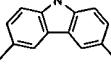
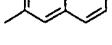
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	9		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	10		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	11		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	12				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	13				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	14				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	15				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	16				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	17				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	18				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	19				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	20				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	21				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	22				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	23				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	24				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	25				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	26				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	27				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	28				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	29				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	30				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

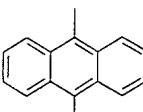
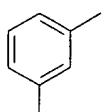
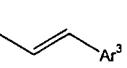
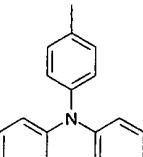
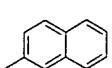
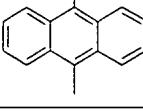
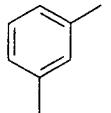
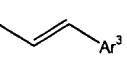
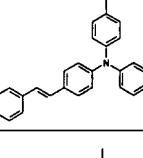
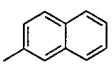
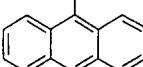
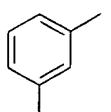
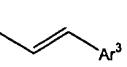
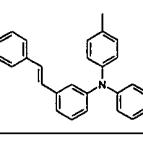
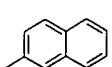
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
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10	38						
15	39						
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25	41						
30	42						
35	43						
40	44						
45	45						
50	46						
55	47						

(fortgesetzt)

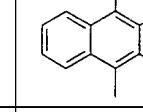
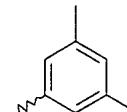
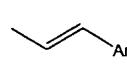
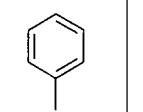
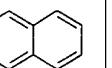
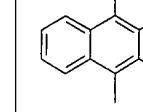
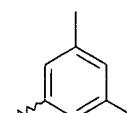
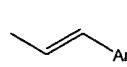
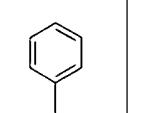
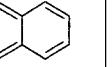
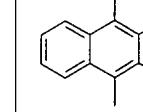
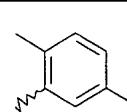
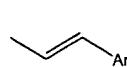
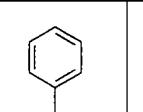
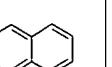
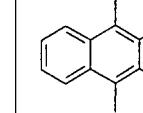
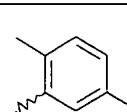
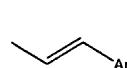
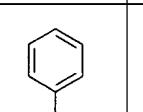
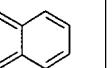
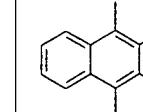
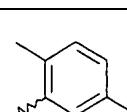
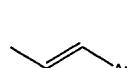
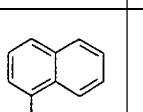
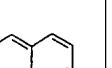
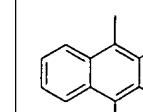
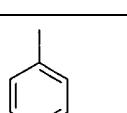
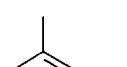
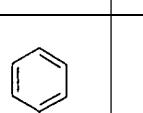
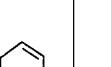
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	48						
10	49						
15	50		Direkte Bindung				
20	51		Direkte Bindung				
25	52		Direkte Bindung				
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35	54		Direkte Bindung				
40	55		Direkte Bindung				
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50	57						

(fortgesetzt)

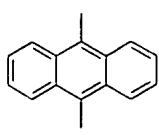
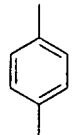
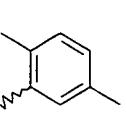
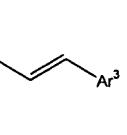
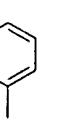
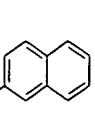
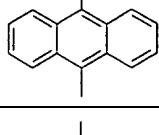
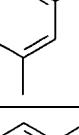
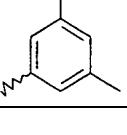
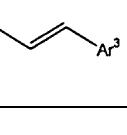
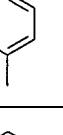
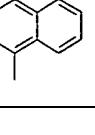
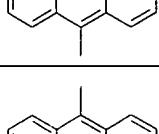
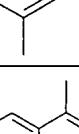
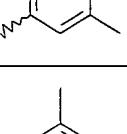
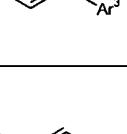
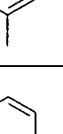
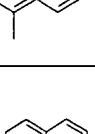
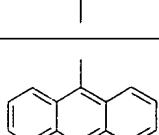
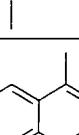
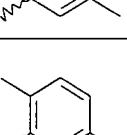
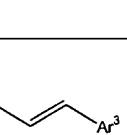
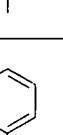
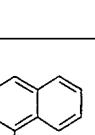
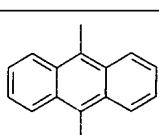
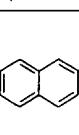
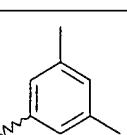
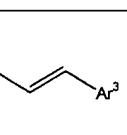
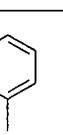
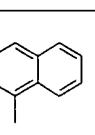
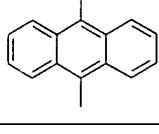
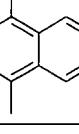
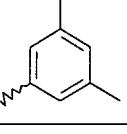
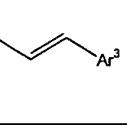
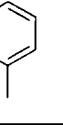
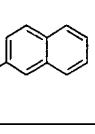
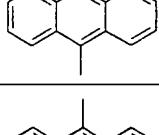
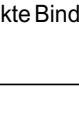
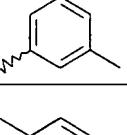
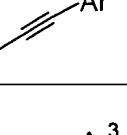
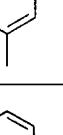
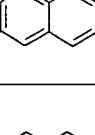
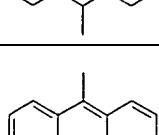
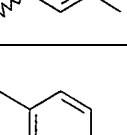
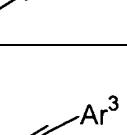
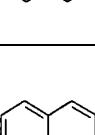
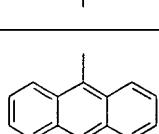
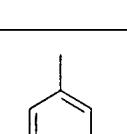
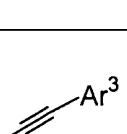
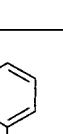
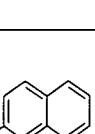
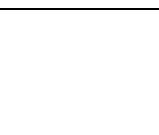
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	58 	Direkte Bindung				
10	59 	Direkte Bindung				
15	60 	Direkte Bindung				

20 12. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine asymmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 2, in der weder n noch m 0 ist in der Formel 1:

[Tabelle 2]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
30	61 	Direkte Bindung				
35	62 	Direkte Bindung				
40	65 	Direkte Bindung				
45	66 	Direkte Bindung				
50	67 	Direkte Bindung				
55	68 					

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	69						
10	70						
15	72						
20	73						
25	75						
30	76						
35	77						
40	78		Direkte Bindung				
45	80		Direkte Bindung				
50	81		Direkte Bindung				
55	82						

(fortgesetzt)

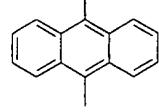
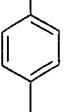
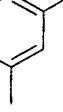
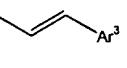
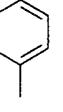
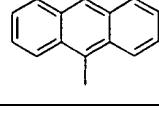
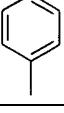
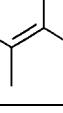
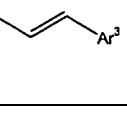
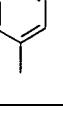
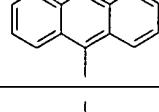
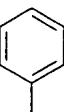
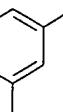
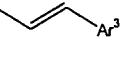
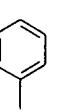
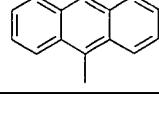
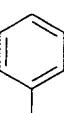
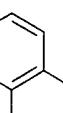
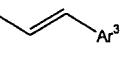
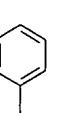
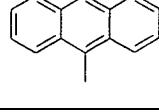
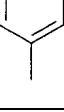
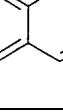
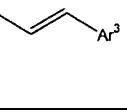
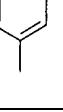
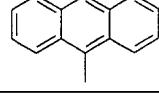
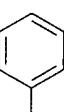
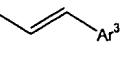
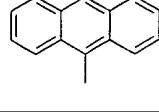
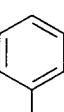
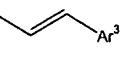
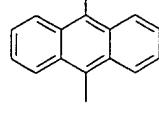
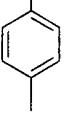
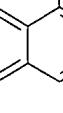
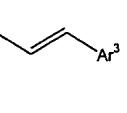
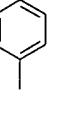
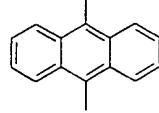
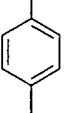
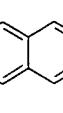
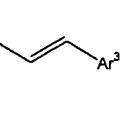
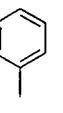
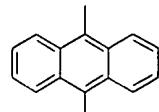
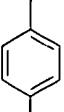
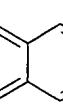
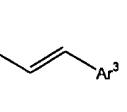
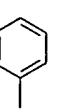
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	83						
10	85						
15	87						
20	88						
		wobei  in Ar <sup>2</sup> einen Teil darstellt, an den L gebunden ist.					

25 13. Verbindung nach Anspruch 6, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 2 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine symmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 3, in der n + m gleich 1 ist in der Formel 2:

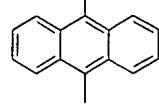
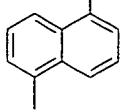
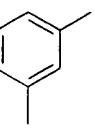
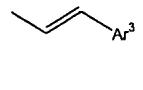
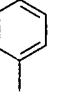
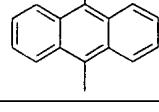
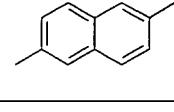
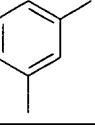
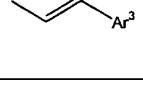
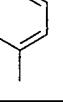
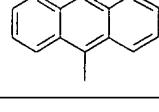
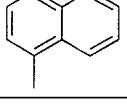
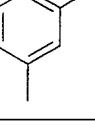
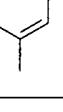
[Tabelle 3]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
30	90		Direkte Bindung			
35	91		Direkte Bindung			
40	92		Direkte Bindung			
45	93		Direkte Bindung			
50	94		Direkte Bindung			
55						

(fortgesetzt)

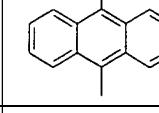
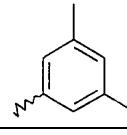
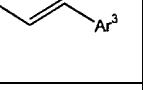
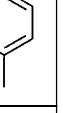
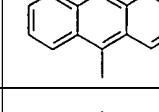
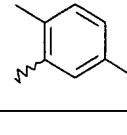
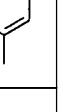
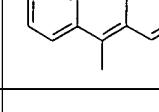
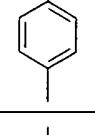
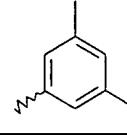
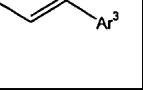
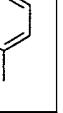
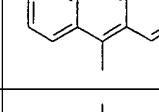
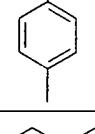
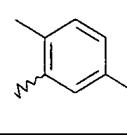
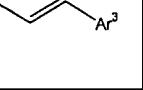
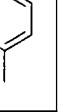
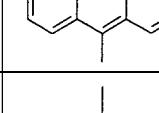
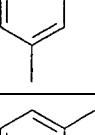
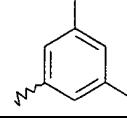
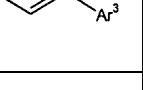
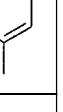
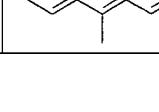
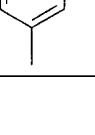
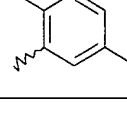
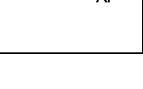
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	96					
10	97					
15	99					
20	100					
25	101					
30	102					
35	103					
40	104					
45	105					
50	106					

(fortgesetzt)

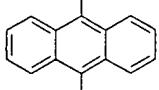
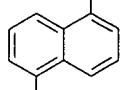
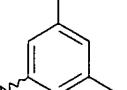
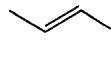
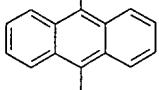
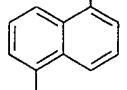
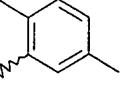
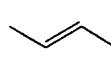
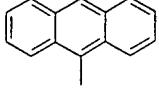
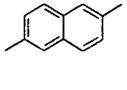
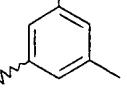
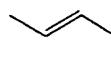
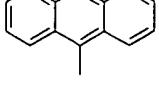
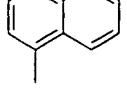
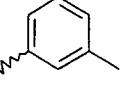
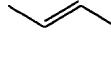
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	107					
10	108					
15	109					

20 14. Verbindung nach Anspruch 6, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 2 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine symmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 4, in der n=1 ist und m=1 ist in der Formel 2:

[Tabelle 4]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
25	110		Direkte Bindung			
30	112		Direkte Bindung			
35	113					
40	115					
45	116					
50	118					

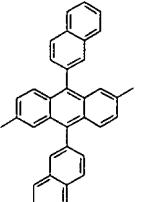
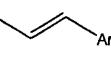
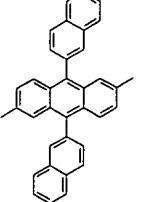
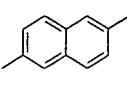
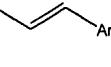
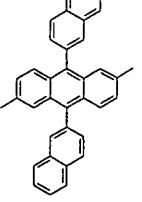
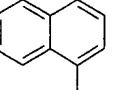
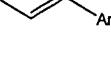
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	119				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
10	121				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
15	122				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
20	123				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
		wobei  in Ar <sup>2</sup> einen Teil darstellt, an den L gebunden ist.				

25 15. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 1 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine asymmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 5, in der m gleich 0 ist und Ar<sup>1</sup> einen Substituenten aufweist:

30

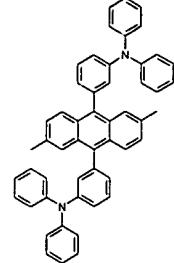
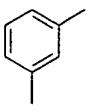
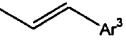
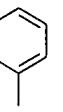
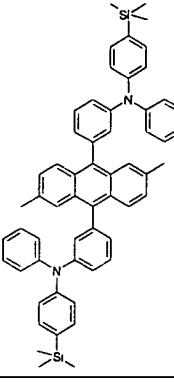
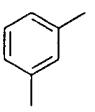
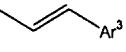
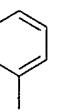
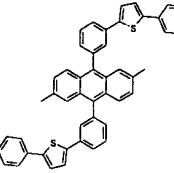
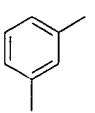
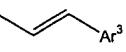
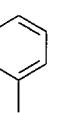
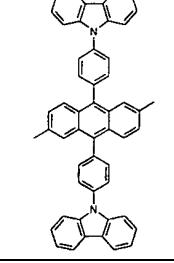
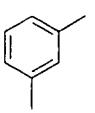
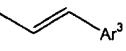
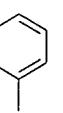
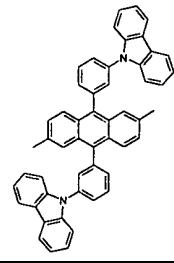
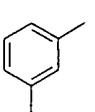
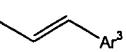
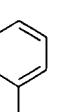
[Tabelle 5]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
35	124		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
40	125		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
45	126		Direkte Bindung		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	127		Direkte Bindung				H
10	128		Direkte Bindung				H
15	129		Direkte Bindung				H
20	130		Direkte Bindung				H
25	131		Direkte Bindung				H
30	132		Direkte Bindung				H
35	133		Direkte Bindung				H
40							
45							
50							
55							

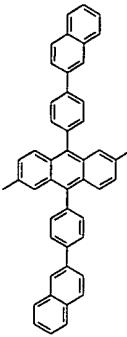
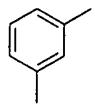
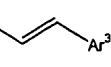
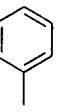
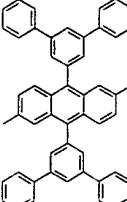
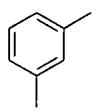
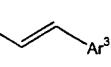
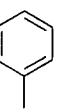
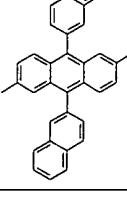
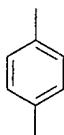
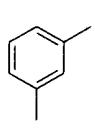
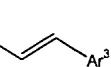
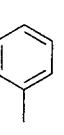
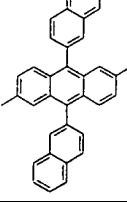
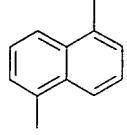
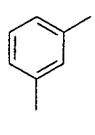
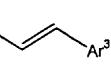
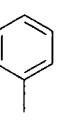
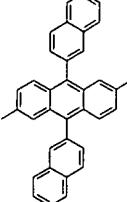
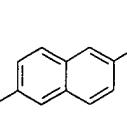
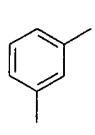
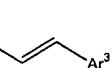
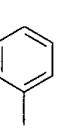
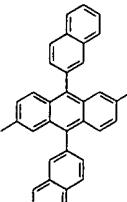
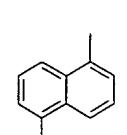
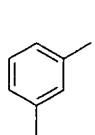
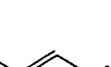
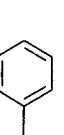
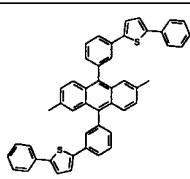
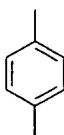
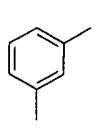
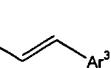
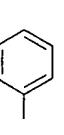
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	134 	Direkte Bindung				H
10	135 	Direkte Bindung				H
15	136 	Direkte Bindung				H
20	137 	Direkte Bindung				H
25	138 	Direkte Bindung				H

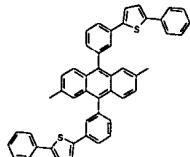
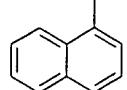
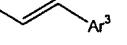
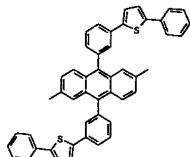
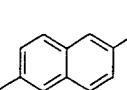
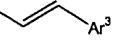
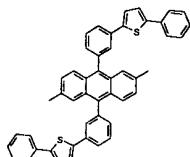
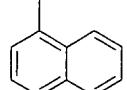
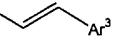
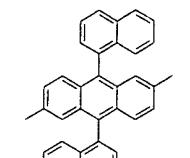
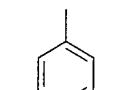
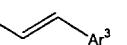
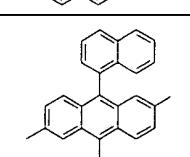
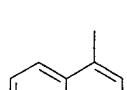
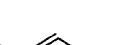
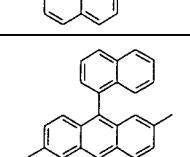
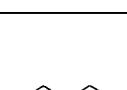
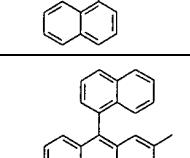
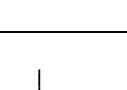
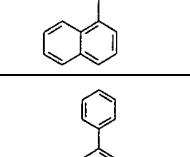
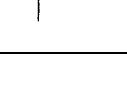
50

55

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5						
10	139 	Direkte Bindung				H
15						
20	140 	Direkte Bindung				H
25						
30	141 					H
35						
40	142 					H
45						
50	143 					H
55						
	144 					H
	145 					H

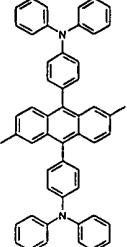
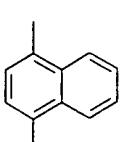
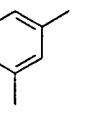
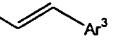
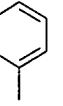
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	146						H
10	147						H
15	148						H
20	149						H
25	150						H
30	151						H
35	152						H
40	153						H
45							
50							
55							

(fortgesetzt)

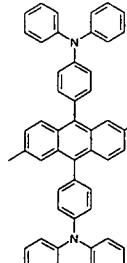
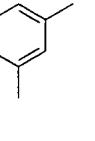
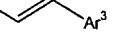
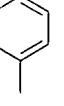
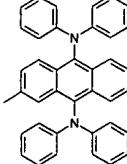
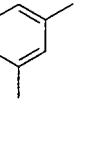
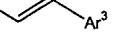
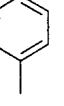
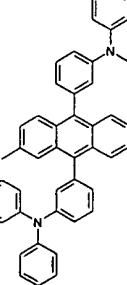
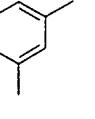
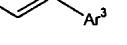
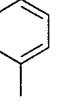
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5							
10	154						H
15	155						H
20	156						H
25	157						H
30	158						H
35	159						H

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	160						H

16. Verbindung nach Anspruch 6, wobei die Verbindung der Formel 2 ausgewählt ist aus den Verbindungen, die eine symmetrische Struktur aufweisen, wie beschrieben in der folgenden Tabelle 6, in der, in der Formel 2, n + m gleich 1 ist und Ar<sup>1</sup> einen Substituenten aufweist:

[Tabelle 6]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
20	165		Direkte Bindung			
25	166		Direkte Bindung			
30	167		Direkte Bindung			

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5					
10	168	Direkte Bindung			
15					
20	169	Direkte Bindung			
25					
30	170	Direkte Bindung			
35					
40					
45	171	Direkte Bindung			
50					
55	172	Direkte Bindung			
60					
65	173	Direkte Bindung			

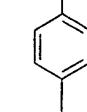
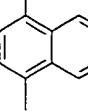
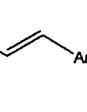
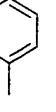
(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	174	Direkte Bindung			
10	175	Direkte Bindung			
15	176	Direkte Bindung			
20	177	Direkte Bindung			
25	178	Direkte Bindung			
30	179	Direkte Bindung			
35	180	Direkte Bindung			

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	181		Direkte Bindung			
10	182		Direkte Bindung			
15	183		Direkte Bindung			
20	184		Direkte Bindung			
25	185		Direkte Bindung			
30	186		Direkte Bindung			
35	187					
40	188					
45	189					
50	190					
55	191					

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	191					
10	192					
15	193					
20	194					
25	195		Direkte Bindung			
30	196		Direkte Bindung			
35	197		Direkte Bindung			
40	198		Direkte Bindung			
45	199		Direkte Bindung			
50	200		Direkte Bindung			
55	201					

(fortgesetzt)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	202				
10	203				
15	204				
20	205				
25	206				
30	207				
35	208				
40	209				

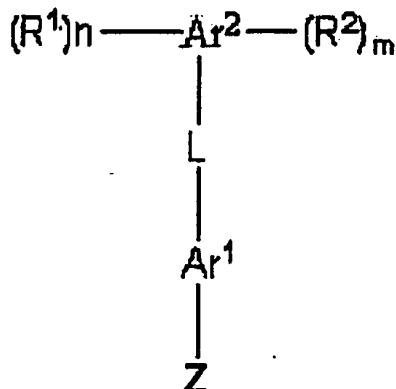
45 17. Organische lichtemittierende Diode, die eine erste Elektrode, eine zweite Elektrode und wenigstens eine organische Materialschicht, die zwischen der ersten Elektrode und der zweiten Elektrode angeordnet ist, umfasst, wobei wenigstens eine Schicht der organischen Materialschicht(en) die Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1, 3 und 5 bis 18 umfasst.

50 18. Organische lichtemittierende Diode nach Anspruch 17, wobei die organische Materialschicht eine lichtemittierende Schicht umfasst und die lichtemittierende Schicht die Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1, 3 und 5 bis 18 umfasst.

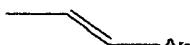
55 **Revendications**

1. Composé représenté par la formule 1 suivante :

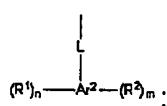
## [Formule 1]



où  $Ar^1$  désigne un groupe anthracénylène, et le groupe anthracénylène peut être substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle et d'un groupe arylamine substitué ou non,  
 20  $Ar^2$  est sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe phényle, d'un groupe biphenyle et d'un groupe naphtalène qui contient des atomes d'hydrogène à des positions autres que les positions liées à  $-(R^1)_n$ ,  $-(R^2)_m$  et  $L$ ,  
 25  $L$  est une liaison directe ; un groupe arylène en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  ; ou un groupe hétéroarylène en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$ ,  
 30  $R^1$  et  $R^2$  désignent chacun de manière indépendante

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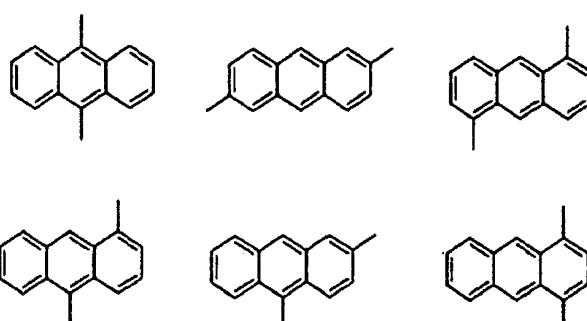
ou  $=-Ar^3$ , et dans le cas où  $Ar^2$  est un groupe aryle en  $C_6$ , ne sont pas présents à une position para relative à  $L$ , où  $Ar^3$  est un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe arylamine ; ou un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$ ,  
 45  $Z$  désigne un atome d'hydrogène,



55 un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  ; un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ ,

d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  ; un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  ; un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  ; ou un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  qui est non substitué ou substitué par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$ , et  
 5 n et m désignent chacun un nombre entier dont la valeur est de l'ordre de 0 à 3, pour autant que la somme de  $n+m \geq 1$ .

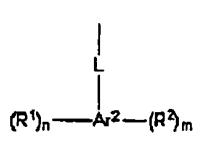
10 2. Composé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel dans la formule 1,  $Ar^1$  est sélectionné parmi les groupes anthracényle représentés par les formules structurales suivantes, qui peuvent être substitués par au moins un groupe sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en  $C_1$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcényle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe alcynyle en  $C_2$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe cycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en  $C_3$  à  $C_{20}$ , d'un groupe aryle en  $C_6$  à  $C_{20}$  et d'un groupe hétéroaryle en  $C_5$  à  $C_{20}$  :



35 3. Composé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel dans la formule 1, L désigne une liaison directe ou est sélectionné à partir du groupe constitué d'un groupe phényle, d'un groupe biphenyle, d'un groupe naphtalène, d'un groupe pyridylène, d'un groupe bipyridylène, d'un groupe carbazolène, d'un groupe thiophényle, d'un groupe quinolylène et d'un groupe isoquinolylène.

40 4. Composé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel dans la formule 1,  $Ar^3$  est sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe phényle, d'un groupe biphenyle, d'un groupe naphtyle, d'un groupe anthryle, d'un groupe pyrényle, d'un groupe perylenyle, d'un groupe pyridyle, d'un groupe bipyridyle, d'un groupe carbazol, d'un groupe thiophényle, d'un groupe quinolinyle et d'un groupe isoquinolinyle.

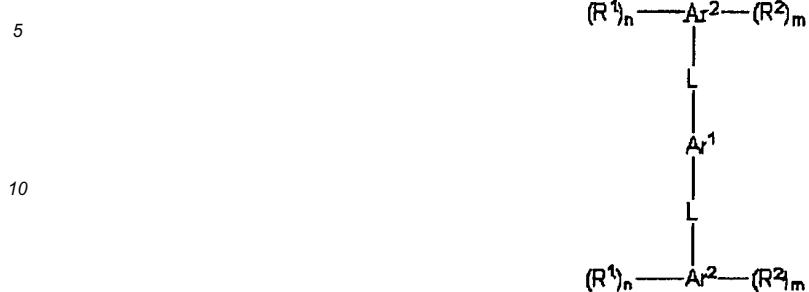
45 5. Composé selon la revendication 1, dans lequel dans la formule 1, Z est sélectionné parmi le groupe constitué d'un atome d'hydrogène,



d'un groupe phényle, d'un groupe biphenyle, d'un groupe naphtyle, d'un groupe anthryle, d'un groupe pyrényle, d'un groupe perylenyle, d'un groupe pyridyle, d'un groupe bipyridyle, d'un groupe carbazol, d'un groupe thiophényle, d'un groupe quinolinyle et d'un groupe isoquinolinyle.

55 6. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant le composé de la formule 2 suivante :

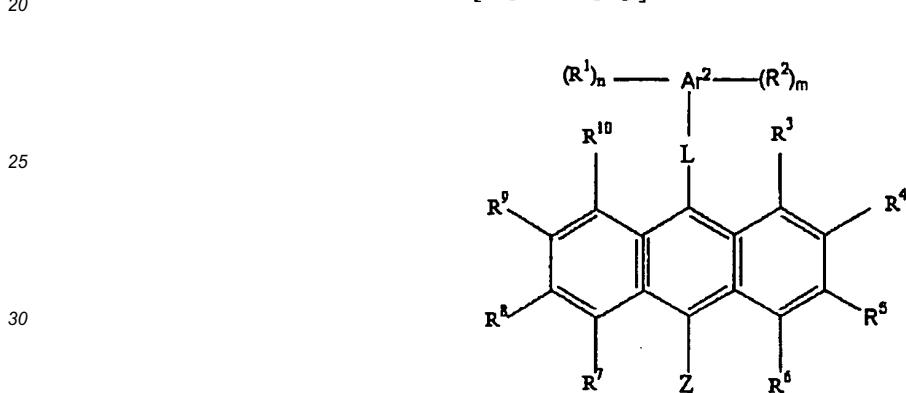
## [Formule 2]



où Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n et m ont les mêmes significations que celles définies dans la formule 1.

7. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant le composé de la formule 3 suivante :

## [Formule 3]



où

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m et Z ont les mêmes significations que celles définies dans la formule 1,

R<sup>3</sup> à R<sup>10</sup> sont identiques entre eux ou différents les uns des autres, sont sélectionnés de manière indépendante parmi le groupe constitué d'un atome d'hydrogène, d'un groupe alkyle en C<sub>1</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcényle en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcyne en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe cycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe aryle en C<sub>6</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle en C<sub>5</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non et d'un groupe arylamine substitué ou non.

8. Composé selon la revendication 7, dans lequel R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> à R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> et R<sup>10</sup> désignent des atomes d'hydrogène, R<sup>4</sup> et R<sup>8</sup> sont identiques entre eux ou différents l'un de l'autre, sont sélectionnés de manière indépendante parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcényle en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcyne en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe cycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe aryle en C<sub>6</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle en C<sub>5</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non et d'un groupe arylamine substitué ou non.

50 9. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant le composé de la formule 4 suivante : 1

## [Formule 4]

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10

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où

Ar<sup>2</sup>, L, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, n, m et Z ont les mêmes significations que celles définies dans la formule 1,

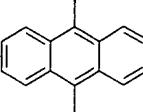
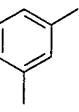
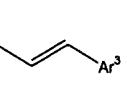
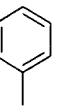
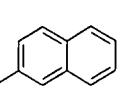
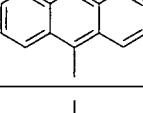
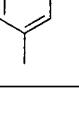
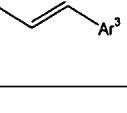
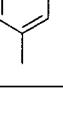
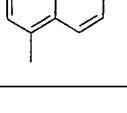
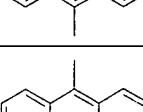
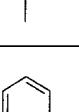
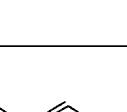
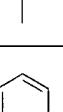
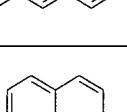
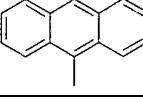
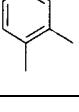
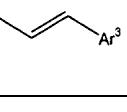
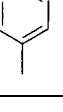
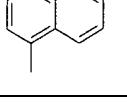
R<sup>3</sup> à R<sup>10</sup> sont identiques entre eux ou différents les uns des autres, sont sélectionnés de manière indépendante parmi le groupe constitué d'un atome d'hydrogène, d'un groupe alkyle en C<sub>1</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcényle en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcyne en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe cycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe aryle en C<sub>6</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle en C<sub>5</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non et d'un groupe arylamine substitué ou non.

25 10. Composé selon la revendication 9, R<sup>3</sup>, dans lequel R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> à R<sup>8</sup> et R<sup>10</sup> désignent des atomes d'hydrogène, et R<sup>5</sup> et R<sup>9</sup> sont identiques entre eux ou différents l'un de l'autre, sont sélectionnés de manière indépendante parmi le groupe constitué d'un groupe alkyle en C<sub>1</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcényle en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe alcyne en C<sub>2</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe cycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétérocycloalkyle en C<sub>3</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe aryle en C<sub>6</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non, d'un groupe hétéroaryle en C<sub>5</sub> à C<sub>20</sub> substitué ou non et d'un groupe arylamine substitué ou non.

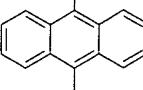
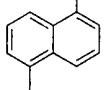
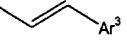
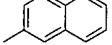
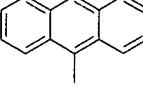
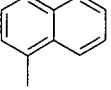
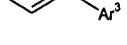
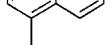
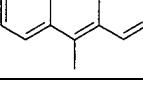
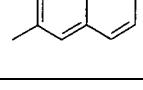
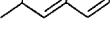
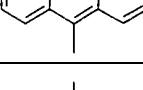
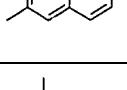
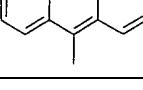
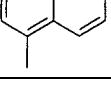
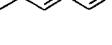
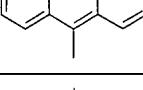
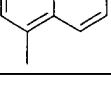
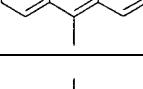
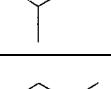
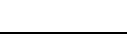
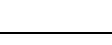
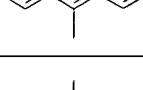
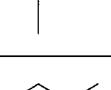
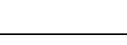
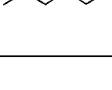
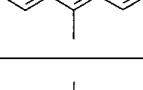
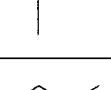
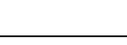
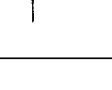
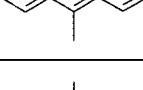
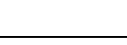
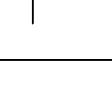
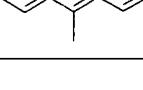
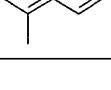
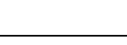
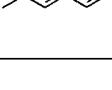
30 11. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure asymétrique, telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 1 suivant, dans laquelle m est égal à 0 dans la formule 1 :

35

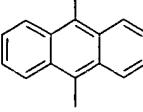
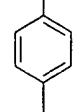
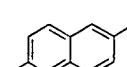
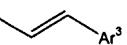
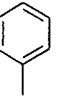
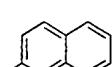
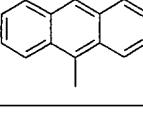
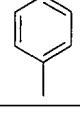
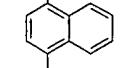
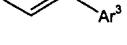
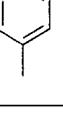
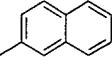
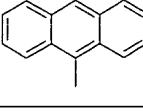
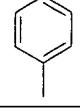
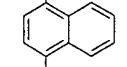
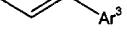
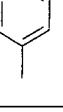
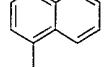
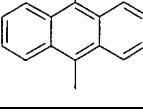
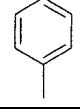
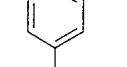
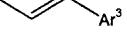
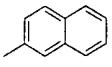
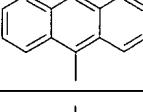
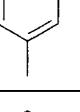
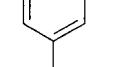
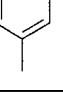
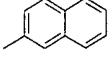
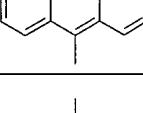
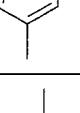
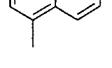
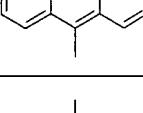
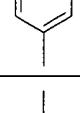
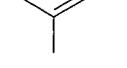
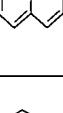
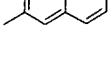
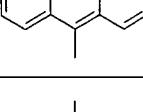
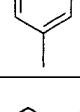
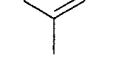
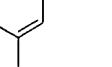
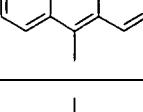
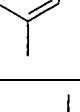
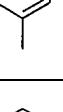
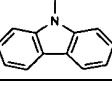
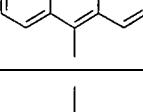
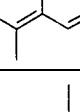
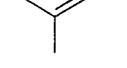
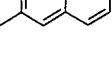
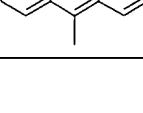
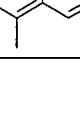
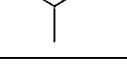
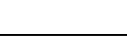
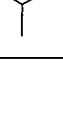
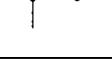
[Tableau 1]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
40 1		Liaison directe				
45 2		Liaison directe				
50 3		Liaison directe				
55 4		Liaison directe				

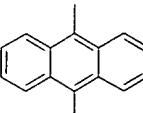
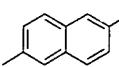
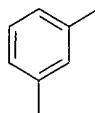
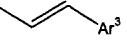
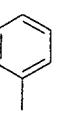
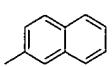
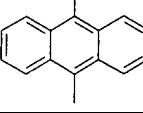
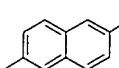
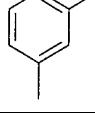
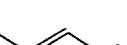
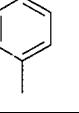
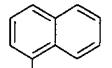
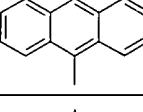
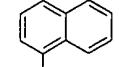
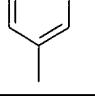
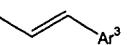
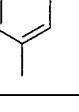
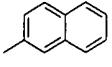
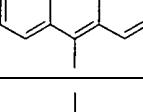
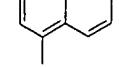
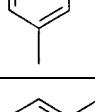
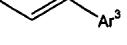
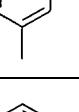
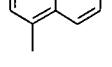
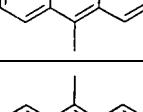
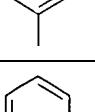
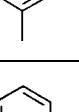
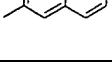
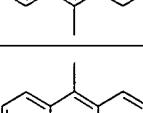
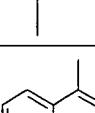
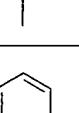
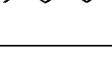
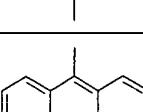
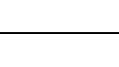
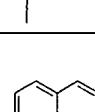
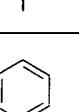
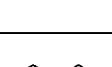
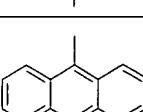
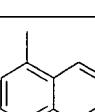
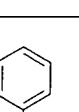
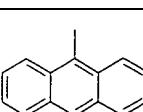
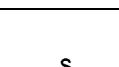
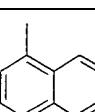
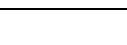
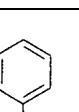
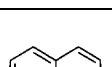
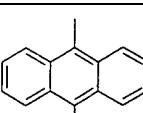
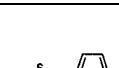
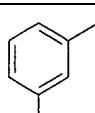
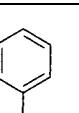
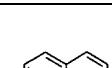
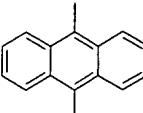
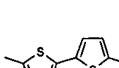
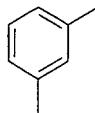
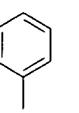
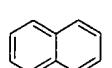
(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	16 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	17 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	18 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	19 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	20 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	21 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	22 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	23 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	24 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	25 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	26 			 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

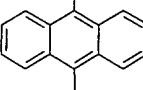
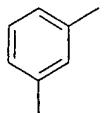
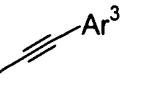
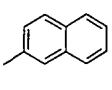
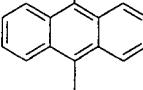
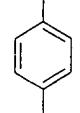
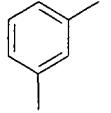
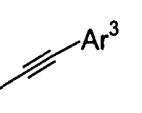
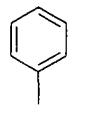
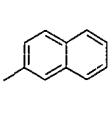
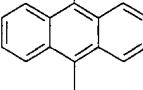
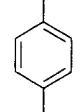
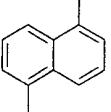
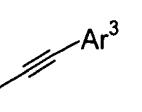
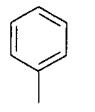
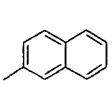
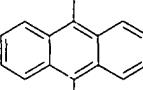
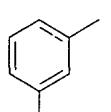
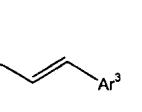
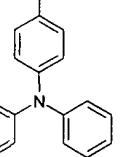
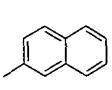
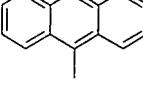
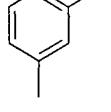
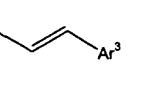
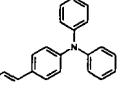
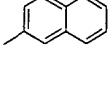
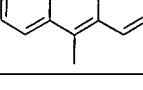
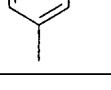
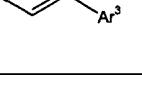
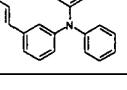
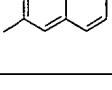
(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	27				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	28				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	29				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	30				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	36				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	38				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	39				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	40				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	41				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
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(suite)

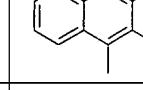
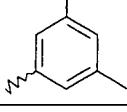
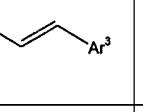
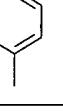
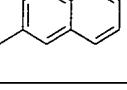
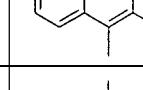
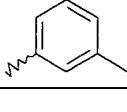
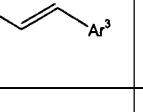
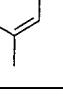
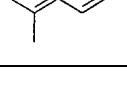
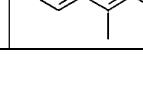
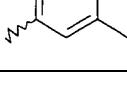
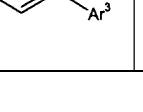
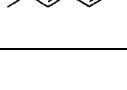
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	45					
10	46					
15	47					
20	48					
25	49					
30	50		Liaison directe			
35	51		Liaison directe			
40	52		Liaison directe			
45	53		Liaison directe			
50	54		Liaison directe			
55						

(suite)

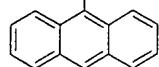
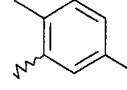
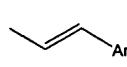
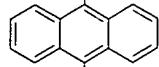
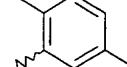
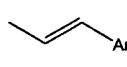
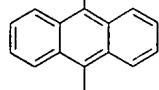
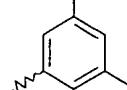
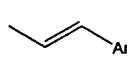
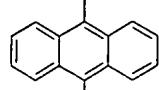
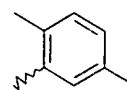
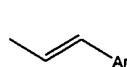
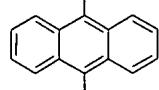
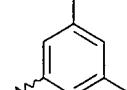
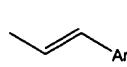
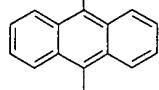
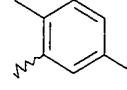
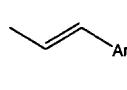
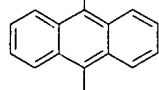
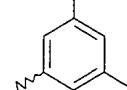
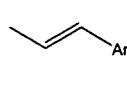
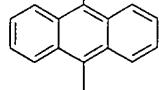
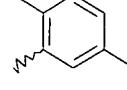
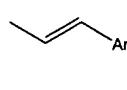
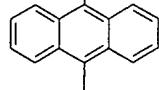
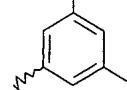
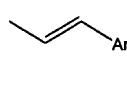
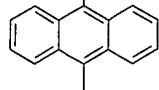
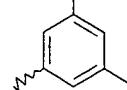
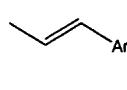
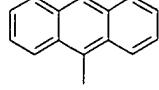
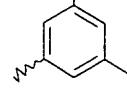
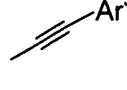
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	55 	Liaison directe				
10	56 					
15	57 					
20	58 	Liaison directe				
25	59 	Liaison bond				
30	60 	Liaison directe				

35 12. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure asymétrique telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 2 suivant, dans laquelle  $n$  ni  $m$  n'est égal à 0 dans la formule 1 :

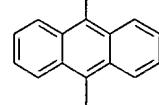
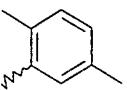
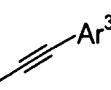
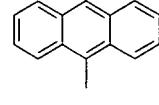
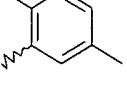
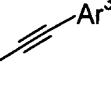
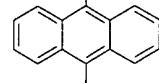
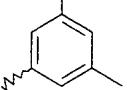
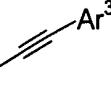
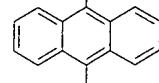
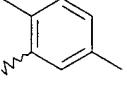
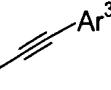
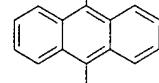
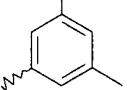
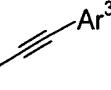
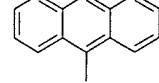
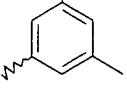
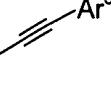
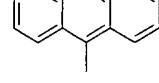
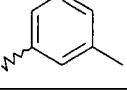
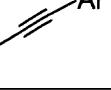
[Tableau 2]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
45	61 	Liaison directe				
50	62 	Liaison directe				
55	65 	D Liaison directe				

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z	
5	66		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
10	67		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
15	68				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
20	69				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
25	70				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
30	72				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
35	73				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
40	75				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
45	76				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
50	77				 Ar <sup>3</sup>		
55	78		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		

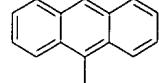
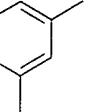
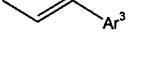
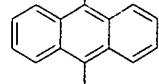
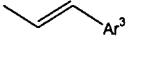
(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	Z
5	80 	Liaison directe				
10	81 	Liaison directe				
15	82 					
20	83 					
25	85 					
30	87 					
35	88 					
Où  dans Ar <sup>2</sup> représente une partie à laquelle L est lié.						

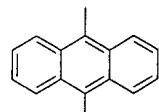
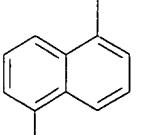
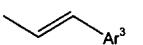
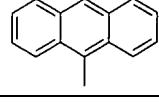
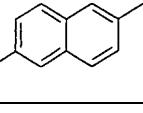
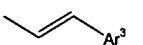
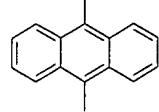
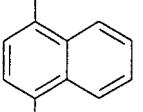
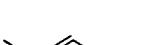
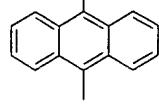
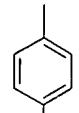
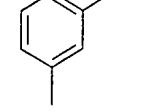
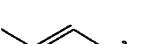
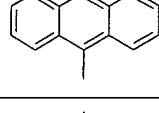
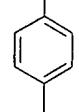
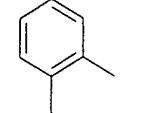
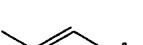
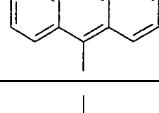
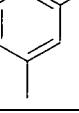
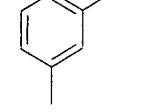
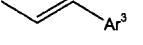
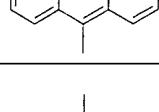
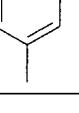
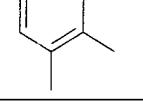
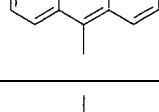
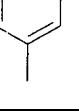
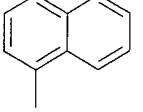
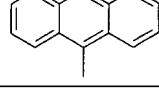
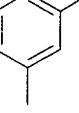
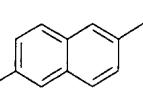
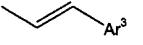
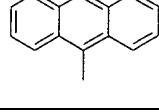
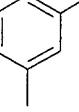
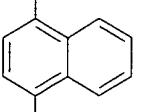
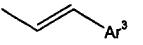
40 13. Composé selon la revendication 6, le composé de la formule 2 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure symétrique telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 3 suivant, dans laquelle la somme de n+ m est égale à 1 dans la formule 2 :

45

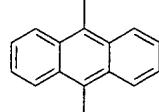
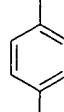
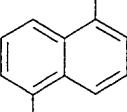
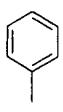
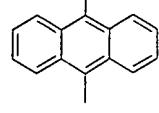
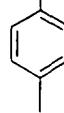
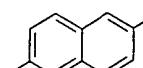
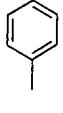
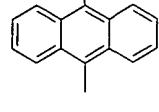
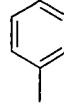
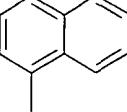
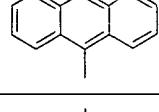
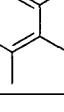
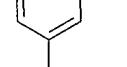
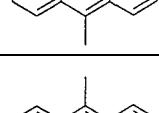
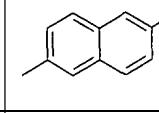
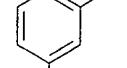
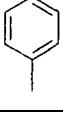
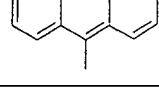
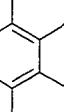
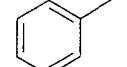
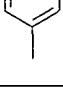
[Tableau 3]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
50	90 	Liaison directe			
55	91 	Liaison directe			

(suite)

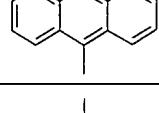
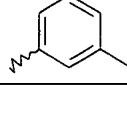
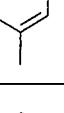
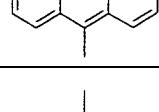
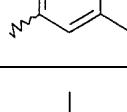
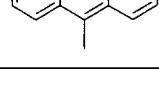
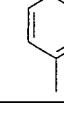
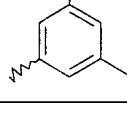
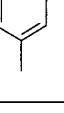
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	92		Liaison directe			
10	93		Liaison directe			
15	94		Liaison directe			
20	96					
25	97					
30	99					
35	100					
40	101					
45	102					
50	103					

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> ou R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	104				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
10	105				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
15	106				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
20	107				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
25	108				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
30	109				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	

35 14. Composé selon la revendication 6, le composé de la formule 2 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure symétrique telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 4 suivant, dans laquelle n est égal à 1 et m est égal à 1 dans la formule 2 :

40 [Tableau 4]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
45	110		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
50	112		Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>	
55	113				 Ar <sup>3</sup>	

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sub>2</sub>	R <sup>1</sup> et R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	115				
10	116				
15	118				
20	119				
25	121				
30	122				
35	123				
40	Où  dans Ar <sup>2</sup> représente une partie à laquelle L est lié.				

45 15. Composé selon la revendication 1, le composé de la formule 1 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure asymétrique telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 5 suivant, dans laquelle m est égal à 0 et Ar<sup>1</sup> possède un substituant :

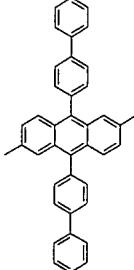
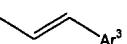
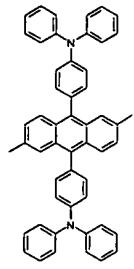
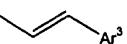
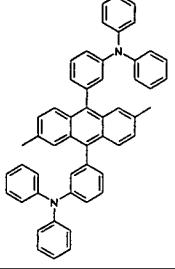
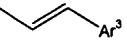
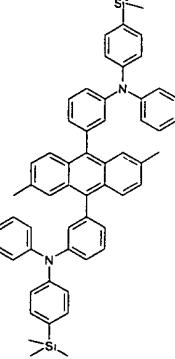
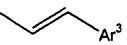
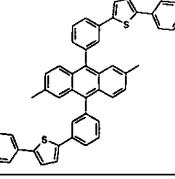
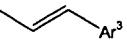
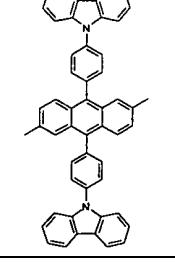
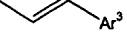
[Tableau 5]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z
50	124		Liaison directe			H

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z
5	125	Liaison directe				H
10	126	Liaison directe				H
15	127	Liaison directe				H
20	128	Liaison directe				H
25	129	Liaison directe				H
30	130	Liaison directe				H
35	131	Liaison directe				H
40						
45						
50						

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z
5						
10	132 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
15	133 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
20						
25	134 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
30						
35	135 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
40						
45	136 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H
50						
55	137 	Liaison directe		 Ar <sup>3</sup>		H

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z	
5	138		Liaison directe				H
10	139		Liaison directe				H
15	140		Liaison directe				H
20	141		Liaison directe				H
25	142						H
30	143						H
35							
40							
45							
50							

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z	
5	144						H
10	145						H
15	146						H
20	147						H
25	148						H
30	149						H
35	150						H
40	151						H
45							
50							

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z	
5	152						H
10	153						H
15	154						H
20	155						H
25	156						H
30	157						H
35							
40							
45							
50							
55							

(suite)

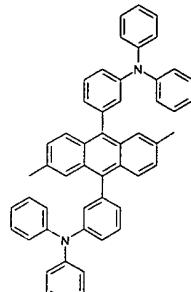
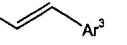
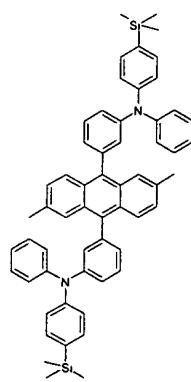
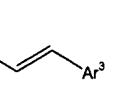
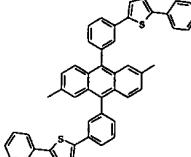
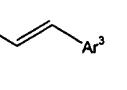
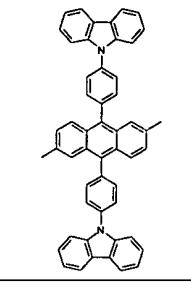
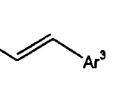
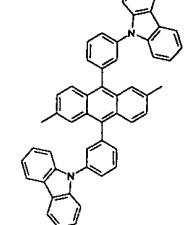
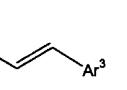
	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	z
5	158					H
10	159					H
15	160					H
20						
25						
30						

16. Composé selon la revendication 6, le composé de la formule 2 étant sélectionné parmi les composés ayant une structure symétrique telle que celle décrite dans le Tableau 6 suivant, dans laquelle dans la formule 2, la somme de n+ m est égale à 1 et Ar<sup>1</sup> possède un substituant :

[Tableau 6]

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
40	165	Liaison directe			
45	166	Liaison directe			
50					
55					

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	167		Liaison directe			
10	168		Liaison directe			
15	169		Liaison directe			
20	170		Liaison directe			
25	171		Liaison directe			
30						
35						
40						
45						
50						

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5					
10	172	Liaison directe			
15					
20	173	Liaison directe			
25					
30	174	Liaison directe			
35					
40	175	Liaison directe			
45					
50	176	Liaison directe			
55					
	177	Liaison directe			

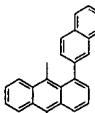
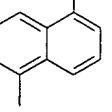
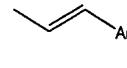
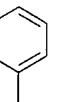
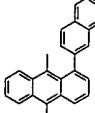
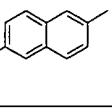
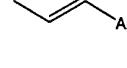
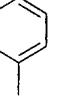
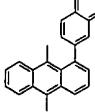
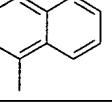
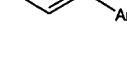
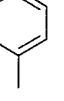
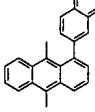
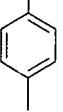
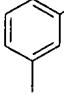
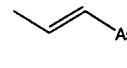
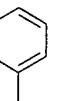
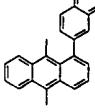
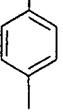
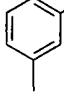
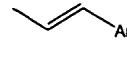
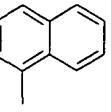
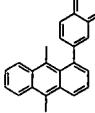
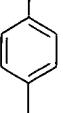
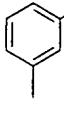
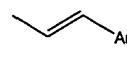
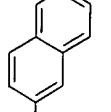
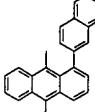
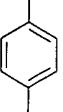
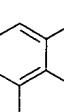
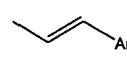
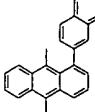
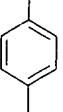
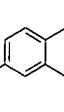
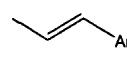
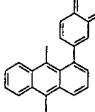
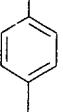
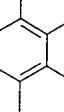
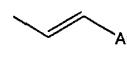
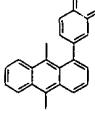
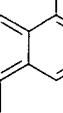
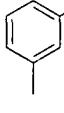
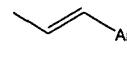
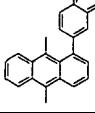
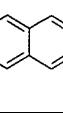
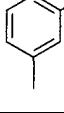
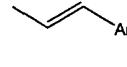
(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	178	Liaison directe			
10	179	Liaison directe			
15	180	Liaison directe			
20	181	Liaison directe			
25	182	Liaison directe			
30	183	Liaison directe			
35	184	Liaison directe			
40	185	Liaison directe			
45	186	Liaison directe			
50	187				

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5	188				
10	189				
15	190				
20	191				
25	191				
30	192				
35	193				
40	194				
45	195		Liaison directe		
50	196		Liaison directe		
55	197		Liaison directe		

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>	
5	198		Liaison directe			
10	199		Liaison directe			
15	200		Liaison directe			
20	201					
25	202					
30	203					
35	204					
40	205					
45	206					
50	207					
55	208					

(suite)

	Ar <sup>1</sup>	L	Ar <sup>2</sup>	R <sup>1</sup> or R <sup>2</sup>	Ar <sup>3</sup>
5 209					

10 17. Diode électroluminescente comprenant une première électrode, une deuxième électrode et au moins une couche de matériau organique disposée entre la première électrode et la deuxième électrode, **caractérisée en ce qu'au moins une couche de la(des) couche(s) de matériau organique comprend/comprennent le composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1, 3 et 5 à 18.**

15 18. Diode électroluminescente organique selon la revendication 17, **caractérisée en ce que** la couche de matériau organique comprend une couche électroluminescente et la couche électroluminescente renferme le composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1, 3 et 5 à 18.

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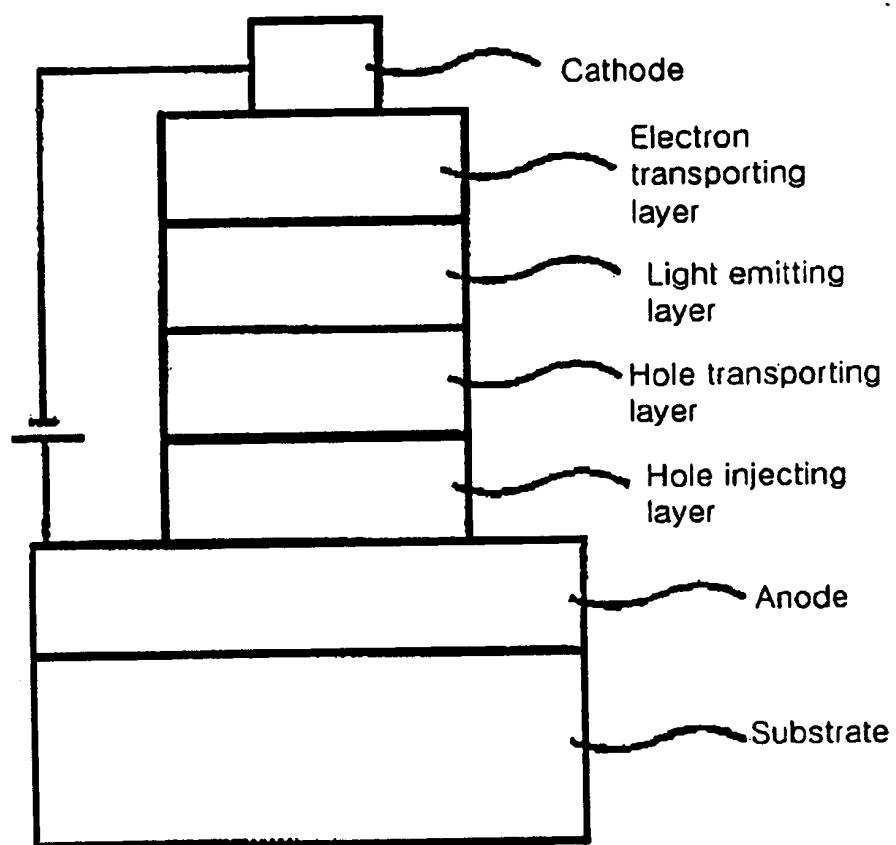
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55

【Figure 1】



**REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION**

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专利名称(译)	发光材料和使用其的有机发光二极管		
公开(公告)号	<a href="#">EP1948755B1</a>	公开(公告)日	2012-07-18
申请号	EP2006812640	申请日	2006-11-17
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	乐金化学股份有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	LG化学有限公司.		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	LG化学有限公司.		
[标]发明人	JANG HYE YOUNG HONG SUNG KIL JEON SANG YOUNG		
发明人	KIM, KONG-KYEOM LG CHEM. LTD. JANG, HYE-YOUNG HONG, SUNG-KIL YEO, SUNG-JIN LG CHEM.LTD. JEON, SANG-YOUNG		
IPC分类号	C09K11/06		
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优先权	1020060044097 2006-05-17 KR 1020050111004 2005-11-18 KR		
其他公开文献	<a href="#">EP1948755A4</a> <a href="#">EP1948755A1</a>		
外部链接	<a href="#">Espacenet</a>		

## 摘要(译)

本发明提供发光材料的新颖结构和使用该结构的有机发光二极管。

